**Reliance Communications Limited**
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai - 400 710, India

Tel : +91 022 3038 6286
Fax: +91 022 3037 6622
www.rcom.co.in

November 28, 2026

**The General Manager**
**Corporate Relationship Department**
**BSE Limited**
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers
Dalal Street, Fort,
Mumbai 400 001
**BSE Scrip Code: 532712**

**The Manager**
**National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.**
Exchange Plaza, C/1, Block G
Bandra - Kurla Complex, Bandra (East)
Mumbai 400 051

**NSE Symbol: RCOM**

Dear Sir(s),

**Sub: Notice of 22nd Annual General Meeting and Annual Report 2025-26**

This is to inform that the 22nd Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the members of the Company will be held on Monday, December 21, 2026 at 11:30 A.M. (IST) through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), in accordance with applicable circulars issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and SEBI.

The Annual Report for the financial year 2025-26, including the Notice convening the AGM, are enclosed herewith.

The Company will provide to its members the facility to cast their vote(s) on all resolutions set out in the Notice by electronic means ('e-voting'). The detailed process to join meeting through VC / OAVM and e-voting, are set out in Notice of the AGM. The cut-of-date is Friday, December 11, 2026 for the purpose of determining the eligible members to vote on resolutions set out in the Notice of AGM and to attend the AGM.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,
For **Reliance Communications Limited**

RAKESH GUPTA
Digitally signed by RAKESH GUPTA
Date: 2026.11.28 17:43:36 +05'30'

**Rakesh Gupta**
**Company Secretary**

**Encl.:** As above

*(Reliance Communications Limited is under corporate insolvency resolution process pursuant to the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. With effect from June 28, 2019, its affairs, business and assets are being managed by, and the powers of the board of directors are vested in, the Resolution Professional, Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, appointed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, vide order dated June 21, 2019 which was published on the website of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench on June 28, 2019).*

RELIANCE

Communications

# Annual Report 2025-26

## Profile

Reliance Communications Limited (RCOM) is a telecommunication service provider with businesses including National/ International Long Distance business.

**Board of Directors**

Ankita Jain*
Nishtha Pamnani*
*Appointed by Committee of Creditors w.e.f. 27.08.2026

**Resolution Professional**

Shri Anish Niranjan Nanavaty

**Key Managerial Personnel**

Shri. Srinivasan Gopalan – Chief Financial Officer

Shri Rakesh Gupta – Company Secretary and Compliance officer

**Statutory Auditor**

M/s. Pathak H. D. & Associates, LLP, Chartered Accountants

**Registered Office**

H Block, 1st Floor
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai 400 710
CIN: L45309MH2004PLC147531
Tel.: +91 22 3038 6286
E-mail: rcom.investors@rcom.co.in
Website: www.rcom.co.in

**Registrar and Transfer Agent**

KFin Technologies Limited
Unit: Reliance Communications Limited,
6,23,24,25th Floor, South Tower, Rajapushpa West
Avenue Survey No. 115 , Kokapet, Serilingampally
Mandal,Ranga Reddy District.Telangana – 500075
Website: www.kfintech.com

**Investor Helpdesk**

Toll free no. (India) : 1800 309 4001
E-mail : einward.ris@kfintech.com

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**22nd Annual General Meeting on Monday, December 21, 2026 at 11. 30AM (IST) through Video Conference (VC)/ Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM).**

This Annual Report can be accessed at www.rcom.co.in

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 22nd Annual General Meeting (**AGM**) of the Members of **Reliance Communications Limited ("Company" or "RCOM")**, a company undergoing corporate insolvency resolution process under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, will be held on **Monday, December 21,2026 at 11.30 A.M. (IST)** through Video Conference (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) facility to transact the business as herein contained;

**Background:**

Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the Hon'ble NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR process" or "CIRP") of the Company vide its order dated May 15, 2018 ("Admission Order"). The Hon'ble NCLT had, pursuant to the Admission Order, appointed an Interim Resolution Professional ("IRP") for the Company vide its order dated May 18, 2018. In terms of the Admission Order, *inter alia,* the management of the affairs of the Company was vested in the interim resolution professional ("IRP").

Subsequently, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT"), while adjudicating upon an appeal preferred against the Admission Order, vide its order dated May 30, 2018, *inter alia*, stayed the Admission Order and allowed the management of the Company to function ("Stay Order"). On April 30, 2019, the NCLAT, upon allowing the withdrawal of the aforesaid appeal, vacated all interim orders including the Stay Order. The Hon'ble NCLT vide order May 7, 2019, directed the IRP to proceed in the CIRP of the Company. Upon vacation of the Stay Order and the aforesaid order of the Hon'ble NCLT the CIR Process of the Company re-commenced.

Thereafter, the Committee of Creditors ("COC") of the Company pursuant to its meeting held on May 30, 2019 resolved with the requisite voting share, to replace the IRP with Shri. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, as the resolution professional for the Company ("RP" or "Resolution Professional"). Subsequently, the Hon'ble NCLT has appointed Shri. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the RP for the Company vide its order dated June 21, 2019, which was published on June 28, 2019. Accordingly, the management of the Company vests in the RP during the continuance of the CIR process period of the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Code, various resolution plans in respect of the Company were received by the RP. The COC, in their meeting held on March 02, 2020, has approved the resolution plan submitted by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("UVARCL") in respect of the Company in terms of the provisions of the Code which was subsequently submitted to the Hon'ble NCLT on March 6, 2020 in accordance with Section 30(6) of the Code. The same continues to remain sub-judice with the Hon'ble NCLT. In the interim, an application (IA No. 383 of 2023) was filed by UVARCL before NCLT Mumbai, inter alia, seeking substitution of itself as the resolution applicant in the resolution plan submitted by it in respect of the Company. Pursuant thereto, the NCLT vide its order dated December 12, 2023 has allowed the said application and approved the request for replacement of successful resolution applicant (i.e. UVARCL) with M/s. UV Stressed Assets Management Private Limited.

The Company is required to convene its 22nd Annual General Meeting for the Financial Year 2025-26 on or before September 30, 2026, in accordance with the provisions of Section 96 of the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company faced certain technical difficulties in filing the requisite application for extension of AGM (Form GNL-1) through the MCA V3 portal, as the Company's status was reflected as "Under CIRP" instead of "Active" in the MCA master data, resulting in the system not permitting the filing of said above mentioned Form. Accordingly, the Company submitted a physical application dated September 1, 2026, to the good office of Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, seeking an extension of three months for convening its AGM, i.e., up to December 31, 2026. As the said application remained pending, the Resolution Professional approached the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, seeking appropriate directions in the matter.The Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai Bench, vide its order dated October 16, 2026, passed in IA(I.B.C)/4489(MB)2026 in C.P. (IB)/1387(MB)2017, directed the Registrar of Companies to process the Company's pending physical application seeking extension of time for convening the AGM or, alternatively, facilitate its filing and processing through the backend of the MCA system. In view of the aforesaid circumstances and considering the time required for completing the necessary preparatory and statutory formalities for convening the AGM, the Company has undertaken the requisite steps to convene its 22nd Annual General Meeting on December 21, 2026, within the extended period of three months permissible under the third proviso to Section 96(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

In view hereof, this Annual General Meeting is being called and convened.

**Ordinary Business**

**1. To consider and adopt:**

a) the Audited Standalone Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon, and

b) the Audited Consolidated Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the report of the Auditors thereon.

NOTICE

**2. Appointment of M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 139, 142 and all other applicable provision , if any, of the Companies Act 2013 and rules framed thereunder and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 as amended from time to time or any other law for the time being in force (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force), upon the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Directors of the Company, M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.117371W/ W100092), be and are hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for a term of five (5) consecutive years commencing from the conclusion of the 22nd Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 27th Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2031 at such remuneration and terms and conditions as may be decided by the Audit Committee/ Board/ Resolution Professional/ Committee of Creditors and in consultation with the Statutory Auditors of the Company and who have confirmed their eligibility for the appointment pursuant to Section 141 of the Act, as Statutory Auditors of the Company be and is hereby appointed.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Resolution Professional of the Company or any other persons exercising the powers of the Audit Committee/ Board of Directors or Key Managerial Personnel in terms of the Resolution Plan approved by the NCLT, directly or through any person authorized in this behalf be and are hereby authorized to do all acts, deeds and things, including revise/ alter/ modification/ amend the terms and conditions and/or remuneration and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

**Special Business**

**3. Ratification of remuneration payable to Cost Auditor of the Company for the financial year ending March 31, 2027:**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and all other applicable provisions (if any) of the Companies Act, 2013, (including any statutory amendment(s) modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the remuneration payable to M/s. Shankar S. Dongare, Cost Accountants, who were appointed as Cost Auditors by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the Cost Records maintained by the Company for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2027 amounting to Rs. 50000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand only) plus applicable taxes, in addition to reimbursement of traveling and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred incidental to their functions, be and is hereby ratified.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Resolution Professional of the Company or any other persons exercising the powers of the Board of Directors in terms of the Resolution Plan approved by the Hon'ble NCLT, directly or through any person authorized in this behalf be and are hereby authorised to do all acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Shri Rakesh Gupta, Company Secretary and Shri Srinivasan Gopalan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, be and are hereby recommended to be severally authorised to do all such acts and things necessary in the matter."

**4. Appointment of Smt. Ankita Jain (DIN-11420250) as an Independent Director of the Company**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), read with Schedule IV to the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 17 and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "SEBI Listing Regulations"), as amended from time to time, and the Articles of Association of the Company, and based on the recommendation of the Committee of Creditors in its meeting held on 27th August 2026, Smt. Ankita Jain (DIN: 11420250), who was appointed as an Additional Director (Non-Executive Independent Director) of the Company and who holds office as such up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting, and who has submitted a declaration confirming that she meets the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with the rules made thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, and who is eligible for appointment as an Independent Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of five consecutive years commencing from 27th August, 2026 and ending on 26th August, 2031, upon the terms and conditions as may be determined in accordance with the

applicable provisions of the Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 197, and other applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, Smt. Ankita Jain shall be entitled to receive the remuneration/ fees/ commission as permitted to be received in the capacity of Non-Executive, Independent Director under the Act and Listing Regulations, as recommended by the Committee of Creditors and approved by the Board of Directors, from time to time.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Resolution Professional of the Company or any other persons exercising the powers of the Board of Directors in terms of the Resolution Plan approved by the Hon'ble NCLT, directly or through any person authorized in this behalf, be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, attend to such matters and things and take all steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to this resolution."

**5. Appointment of Smt. Nishtha Pamnani (DIN-10881910) as an Independent Director of the Company**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), read with Schedule IV to the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 17 and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the "SEBI Listing Regulations"), as amended from time to time, and the Articles of Association of the Company, and based on the recommendation of the Committee of Creditors in its meeting held on 27th August 2026, Smt. Nishtha Pamnani (DIN- 10881910) who was appointed as an Additional Director (Non-Executive Independent Director) of the Company and who holds office as such up to the date of the ensuing Annual General Meeting, and who has submitted a declaration confirming that she meets the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with the rules made thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, and who is eligible for appointment as an Independent Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of five consecutive years commencing from 27th August, 2026 and ending on 26th August, 2031, upon the terms and conditions as may be determined in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 197, and other applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, Smt. Nishtha Pamnani shall be entitled to receive the remuneration/ fees/ commission as permitted to be received in the capacity of Non-Executive, Independent Director under the Act and Listing Regulations, as recommended by the Committee of Creditors and approved by the Board of Directors, from time to time.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Resolution Professional of the Company or any other persons exercising the powers of the Board of Directors in terms of the Resolution Plan approved by the Hon'ble NCLT, directly or through any person authorized in this behalf, be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds, attend to such matters and things and take all steps as may be necessary, proper and expedient to give effect to this resolution."

For **Reliance Communications Limited**
(Company under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process)

**Rakesh Gupta**
**Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**
(Membership No.:F5951)

**Registered Office:**
H Block, 1st Floor
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai 400 710
CIN:L45309MH2004PLC147531
Website: www.rcom.co.in

Date: 14th November, 2026

## NOTICE

**Notes:**

1. Pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'), inter alia, vide its General Circular No(s). 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, 02/2022 dated May 5, 2022 and subsequent circulars issued in this regard, the latest being General Circular No. 03/2025 dated September 22, 2025 (collectively referred to as 'MCA Circulars'), has permitted the holding of the AGM through Video Conferencing ('VC') or through Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM'), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue.

   Further, the Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI'), vide Regulations 36(1), 44(4) and 58(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations have provided relaxations from compliance with certain provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations relating to the sending of Annual Report to security holders as well as appointing of proxy.

   In compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations and MCA Circulars, the 22nd AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM on **Monday, December 21, 2026, at 11:30 a.m. (IST)**.

2. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act setting out material facts concerning the business under Item Nos. 2 to 5 of the Notice is annexed hereto. The relevant details pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), in respect of Directors seeking appointment at this AGM are also annexed.

3. **PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT, A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE AGM IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON ITS BEHALF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. SINCE THIS AGM IS BEING HELD PURSUANT TO THE FRAMEWORK PROVIDED IN THE MCA CIRCULARS READ WITH THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND THE SEBI LISTING REGULATIONS, THROUGH VC/OAVM, PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH.**

   **ACCORDINGLY, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THIS AGM AND HENCE THE PROXY FORM, ATTENDANCE SLIP AND ROUTE MAP OF AGM ARE NOT ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.**

4. Members can join the AGM in VC/OAVM mode 30 minutes before the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice.

   Please note that, the facility for participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1,000 Members on a first come first served basis as per the MCA Circulars.

5. In accordance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2025-26 is being sent ONLY through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Registrar and Transfer Agent ('RTA')/ Depositories/ Depository Participants. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2025-26 will also be available on the Company's website at www.rcom.co.in and websites of the Stock Exchanges where the securities of the Company are listed, i.e. BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com respectively and also on the website of KFin Technologies Limited ("KFintech") at www.evoting.kfintech.com.

6. Members whose email address is not registered can register the same in the following manner so that they can receive all communications from the Company electronically:

   a. Members holding share(s) in physical mode can register their e-mail ID on the Company's website at https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/shareholdersregistration-2/ by providing the requisite details of their holdings and documents for registering their e-mail address; and

   b. Members holding share(s) in electronic mode are requested to register / update their e-mail address with their respective Depository Participants ("DPs") for receiving all communications from the Company electronically.

7. The Company has engaged the services of KFintech, as the authorized agency for conducting the AGM and providing e-voting facility.

8. The Annual General Meeting of the Company is scheduled to be held on **Monday, December 21, 2026 at 11:30 AM** through Video Conferencing/Other Audio-Visual Means ("VC/OAVM") in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the rules made thereunder, the circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") and the applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") from time to time.

9. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act, read with SEBI Master Circular dated February 6, 2026 issued to RTA the facility for making nomination is available to the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nominations are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. If a Member desires to opt-out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, the Member may submit the requisite application in Form ISR-3 or Form SH-14, as the case may be.

10. The Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.

11. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice calling the AGM are available on the website of the Company for inspection by the Members.

12. Members are advised to refer to the section titled "Investor Information" provided in the Annual Report.

13. Members are requested to fill in and submit online Feedback Form provided in the 'Investor Relations' section on the Company's website www.rcom.co.in to aid the Company in its constant endeavour to enhance the standards of service to investors.

## NOTICE

14. In accordance with Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, any new transfer, transmission or transposition requests for securities shall be processed in demat/electronic form only. Members holding shares of the Company in physical form are requested to kindly get their shares converted into demat/electronic form to get inherent benefits of dematerialisation. Members may please note that listed companies are mandated to issue securities in demat form only while processing any service requests viz. issue of duplicate securities certificate, claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account, renewal/exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division/splitting of securities certificate, consolidation of securities certificates/folios, transmission and transposition.
15. Members are requested to intimate changes, if any, about their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/ mobile numbers, PAN, power of attorney registration, Bank Mandate details, etc., to their DPs in case the shares are held in electronic form and to the RTA/Company in case the shares are held in physical form, in prescribed Form No. ISR-1 and other forms, quoting their folio number and enclosing the self-attested supporting document(s). Further, Members may note that SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN by every participant in the securities market.
16. To prevent fraudulent transactions, Members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any Member as soon as possible. Members are also advised to not leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified from time to time.
17. Dispute Resolution: SEBI has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ('ODR Portal') for resolution of disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market. Post exhausting the option to resolve their grievance with the RTA/Company directly and/or through the SEBI SCORES platform, the investors can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal (https://smartodr.in/login).
18. Pursuant to SEBI Circulars dated July 2, 2025 and January 6, 2026 read with SEBI Master Circular issued to RTAs dated February 6, 2026, Members who had submitted transfer deeds for physical shares before April 1, 2019, and whose requests were rejected, returned, or remained unprocessed due to deficiencies, have been provided a special re-lodgement window till February 4, 2027, to re-lodge the transfer requests.

    Transfers would be approved if all the requisite documents are in place. Transfer of shares under this window will be credited only in dematerialised form and will carry a one-year lock in period from the date of transfer registration. Members are requested to contact the Company or the RTA for assistance in this regard.
19. Members seeking any information with regard to the financial statements or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before one week of AGM through e-mail on mca.rocfiling@rcom.co.in The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
20. Members are requested to note that, dividends if not encashed for a period of 7 (seven) years from the date of transfer of unclaimed dividend to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ('IEPF'). The shares in respect of which dividend remain unclaimed for 7 (seven) consecutive years are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this, Members/Claimants are requested to claim their unclaimed dividends from the Company, within the stipulated timeline. The Members whose unclaimed dividends and/or shares have been transferred to IEPF may write to the Company/RTA and submit the required documents for issue of Entitlement Letter. The Members may then make an application to the IEPF Authority in web Form IEPF-5 (available on www.iepf.gov.in) by attaching the Entitlement Letter and other documents. The attention of Members is particularly drawn to the Corporate Governance Report forming part of the Annual Report, in case if any unclaimed dividends and transfer of dividends/shares to the IEPF.
21. Committee of Creditors in its meeting held on 27th August 2026, had appointed Smt. Ankita Jain and Smt. Nishtha Pamnani as Non-Executive Independent Directors of the Company.
22. Instructions for attending the AGM and e-voting are as follows:
    a. In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and Regulation 44 of the Listing Regulations, the Company is offering e-voting facility to all Members of the Company. A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners (in case of electronic shareholding) maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date i.e. Friday, December 11, 2026 only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting / e-voting at the AGM. KFintech will be facilitating remote e-voting to enable the Members to cast their votes electronically. Members can cast their vote online from 10.00 A.M. (IST) on Friday, December 18, 2026 to 5.00 P.M. (IST) on Sunday, December 20, 2026. At the end of remote e-voting period, the facility shall forthwith be blocked.
    b. Pursuant to SEBI circular No. SEBI/ HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on "e-voting facility provided by Listed Companies", which is effective from June 9, 2021, e-voting process has been enabled for all the individual demat account holders, by way of single login credential, through their demat accounts / websites of Depositories / DPs in order to increase the efficiency of the voting process.
    c. Individual demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the e-Voting Service Provider (ESP) thereby not only facilitating seamless authentication but also ease and convenience of participating in e-Voting process. Members are advised to update their mobile number and e-mail ID with their DPs to access e-Voting facility.
    d. The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to the number of share(s) held by them in the equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date being Friday, December 11, 2026.

## NOTICE

In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the AGM.

e. Any person holding shares in physical form and non individual shareholders, who become a member of the Company after sending of the Notice and hold shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request to KFintech at evoting@kfintech.com However, if he/she is already registered with KFintech for remote e-Voting, then he/she can use his/her existing User ID and password for casting the e-vote.

f. In case of Individual Members holding securities in demat mode and who become a member of the Company after sending of the Notice and hold share(s) as of the cut-off date may follow steps mentioned below under "Login method for remote e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode."

g. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend / participate in the AGM through VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

h. The details of the process and manner for remote e-Voting and e-AGM are explained herein below:

**Part A - E-voting**

**1. Access to Depositories e-Voting system in case of individual members holding shares in demat mode.**

| Type of shareholders | Login Method |
|---|---|
| Securities held in demat mode with **NSDL** | **1. User already registered for IDeAS facility:**<br>i. Visit URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com<br>ii. Click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" under 'IDeAS' section.<br>iii. On the new page, enter User ID and Password. Post successful authentication, click on "Access to e-Voting"<br>iv. Click on company name or e-VotingService Provider (ESP) and you will be re-directed to the ESP's website for casting the vote during the remote e-Voting period.<br>**2. User not registered for IDeAS e-Services**<br>i. To register click on link : https://eservices.nsdl.com<br>ii. Select "Register Online for IDeAS" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp<br>iii. Proceed with completing the required fields.<br>iv. Follow steps given in points 1<br>**3. Alternatively by directly accessing the e-Voting website of NSDL**<br>i. Open URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/<br>ii. Click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.<br>iii. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digits demat account number held with NSDL), Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.<br>iv. Post successful authentication, you will be requested to select the name of the Company and the ESP, i.e. KFintech.<br>v. On successful selection, you will be redirected to KFintech e-Voting page for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. |

| | |
|---|---|
| Securities held in demat mode with **CDSL** | **1. Existing user who have opted for Easi / Easiest**<br>i. Visit URL: https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or URL: www.cdslindia.com<br>ii. Click on New System Myeasi<br>iii. Login with your registered user id and password.<br>iv. The user will see the e-Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of ESP i.e. KFintech e-Voting portal.<br>v. Click on e-Voting service provider name to cast your vote.<br>**2. User not registered for Easi / Easiest**<br>i. Option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration<br>ii. Proceed with completing the required fields.<br>iii. Follow the steps given in point 1.<br>**3. Alternatively, by directly accessing the e-Voting website of CDSL**<br>i. Visit URL: www.cdslindia.com<br>ii. Provide your demat Account Number and PAN No.<br>iii. System will authenticate user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account.<br>iv. After successful authentication, user will be provided with the link for the respective ESP i.e. **KFintech** where the e- Voting is in progress. |
| Login Through their demat accounts/ Website of Depository Participants | i) You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your DP registered with NSDL /CDSL for e-Voting facility.<br>ii) Once logged-in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL / CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature.<br>iii) Click on options available against company name or ESP – **KFintech** and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of **KFintech** for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period without any further authentication. |

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID / Password are advised to use Forgot user ID and Forgot Password option available at respective websites.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

| Login type | Helpdesk details |
|---|---|
| Securities held with NSDL | Please contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 |
| Securities held with CDSL | Please contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@ cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542-43 |

**2. Access to KFintech e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.**

**(a) Members whose email IDs are registered with the Company/ DPs, will receive an email from KFintech which will include details of E-Voting Event Number (EVEN), USER ID and password. They will have to follow the following process:**

i. Launch internet browser by typing the URL: https://emeetings.kfintech.com/

ii. Enter the login credentials (i.e. User ID and password). In case of physical folio, User ID will be EVEN (E-Voting Event Number), followed by folio number. In case of Demat account, User ID will be your DP ID and Client ID. However,

if you are already registered with KFintech for e-voting, you can use your existing User ID and password for casting the vote.

iii. After entering these details appropriately, click on "LOGIN".

iv. You will now reach password change Menu wherein you are required to mandatorily change your password. The new password shall comprise of minimum 8 characters with at least one upper case (A- Z), one lower case (a-z), one numeric value (0-9) and a special character (@,#,$, etc.,). The system will prompt you to change your password and update your contact details like mobile number, email ID, etc. on first login. You may also enter a secret question and answer of your choice to retrieve your password in case you forget it. It is strongly recommended that you do not share your password with any other person and that you take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

v. You need to login again with the new credentials.

vi. On successful login, the system will prompt you to select the "EVEN" i.e., 'Reliance Communications Limited- AGM" and click on "Submit"

vii. On the voting page, enter the number of share(s) (which represents the number of votes) as on the Cut-off Date under "FOR/AGAINST" or alternatively, you may partially enter any number in "FOR" and partially "AGAINST" but the total number in "FOR/ AGAINST" taken together shall not exceed your total shareholding as mentioned herein above. You may also choose the option ABSTAIN. If the member does not indicate either "FOR" or "AGAINST" it will be treated as "ABSTAIN" and the shares held will not be counted under either head.

viii. Members holding multiple folios/demat accounts shall choose the voting process separately for each folio/ demat accounts.

ix. Voting has to be done for each item of the notice separately. In case you do not desire to cast your vote on any specific item, it will be treated as abstained.

x. You may then cast your vote by selecting an appropriate option and click on "Submit".

xi. A confirmation box will be displayed. Click "OK" to confirm else "CANCEL" to modify. Once you have voted on the resolution(s), you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

xii. During the voting period, members can login any number of times till they have voted on the Resolution(s).

xiii. Corporate/Institutional Members (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.) are also required to send scanned certified true copy (PDF Format) of the Board Resolution/Authority Letter etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM on its behalf and to cast its vote through remote e-voting together with attested specimen signature(s) of the duly authorized representative(s), to the Scrutinizer's email id scrutinizeragl@gmail .com with a copy marked to evoting@kfintech.com. The scanned image of the above-mentioned documents should be in the naming format "Corporate Name_Even No."

(b) Members whose email IDs are not registered with the Company/DPs, and consequently the Annual Report, Notice of AGM and e-voting instructions cannot be serviced, will have to follow the following process:

i. Temporarily get their email address and mobile number provided with KFintech, by sending an e-mail to evoting@kfintech.com.Members are requested to follow the process as guided to capture the email address and mobile number for sending the soft copy of the notice and e-voting instructions along with the User ID and Password. In case of any queries, member may write to einward.ris@kfintech.com.

ii. Alternatively, member may send an e-mail request at the email id einward.ris@kfintech.com along with scanned copy of the signed request letter providing the email address, mobile number, self-attested PAN copy and Client Master copy in case of electronic folio and copy of share certificate in case of physical folio for sending the Annual report, Notice of AGM and the e-voting instructions.

iii. After receiving the e-voting instructions, please follow all steps above to cast your vote by electronic means.

**Part B – Access to join virtual meetings (e-AGM) of the Company on KFintech system to participate in e-AGM and vote thereat.**

Instructions for all the shareholders for attending the AGM of the Company through VC/OAVM and e-Voting during the meeting.

i. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM platform provided by KFintech. Members may access the same at https://emeetings.kfintech.com/ by using the e-voting login credentials provided in the email received from the Company/ KFintech. After logging in, click on the Video Conference tab and select the EVEN of the Company. Click on the video symbol and accept the meeting etiquettes to join the meeting. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned above.

ii. Facility for joining AGM though VC/ OAVM shall open at least 15 minutes before the time scheduled for the Meeting.

iii. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / Desktops with Google Chrome (preferred browser), Safari, Microsoft Edge, Mozilla Firefox 22.

iv. Members will be required to grant access to the webcam to enable VC / OAVM. Further, Members connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid difficulties.

v. As the AGM is being conducted through VC / OAVM, for the smooth conduct of proceedings of the AGM, members are encouraged to express their views / send their queries in advance mentioning their name, demat account number / folio number, email id, mobile number at https://evoting. kfintech.com. Queries received by the Company till Friday, December 18, 2026 (5.00 P.M. IST) shall only be considered and responded during the AGM.

vi. The members who have not cast their vote through remote e-voting shall be eligible to cast their vote through e-voting system available during the e-AGM. E-voting during the AGM is integrated with the VC / OAVM platform. The members may click on the voting icon displayed on the screen to cast their votes.

vii. A member can opt for only single mode of voting i.e., through remote e-voting or voting at the AGM. Once the vote on a resolution(s) is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

viii. Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. However, the participation of members holding 2% or more shares, promoters, and Institutional Investors, directors, key managerial personnel, chairpersons of Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Resolution Professional, Advisors of Resolution Professional and Auditors are not restricted on first come first serve basis.

ix. The members who wish to speak during the meeting may register themselves as speakers for the AGM to express their views. They can visit and login through the user id and password provided by KFintech. On successful login, select 'Speaker Registration'. The Company reserves the right to restrict the speakers at the AGM to only those members who have registered themselves, depending on the availability of time for the AGM.

x. In case of any query and/or grievance, in respect of voting by electronic means, members may refer to the Help & Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) and E-voting user manual available at the download section of https:// evoting.kfintech. com (KFintech Website) or at evoting@ kfintech.com or call KFintech's toll free no. 1800-309-4001.

xi. In case a person has become a member of the Company after dispatch of AGM Notice but on or before the cut-off date for E-voting, he/she may obtain the User ID and Password in the manner as mentioned below:

  i. If the mobile number of the member is registered against Folio No./ DP ID Client ID, the member may send SMS: MYEPWD <space> E-Voting Event Number + Folio No. or DP ID Client ID to 9212993399

    1. Example for NSDL:

      MYEPWD <SPACE> IN12345612345678

    2. Example for CDSL:

      MYEPWD <SPACE> 1402345612345678

    3. Example for Physical:

    MYEPWD <SPACE> XXXX1234567890

  ii. If e-mail address or mobile number of the member is registered against Folio No. / DP ID Client ID, then on the home page of https://evoting.kfintech.com/ , the member may click "Forgot Password" and enter Folio No. or DP ID Client ID and PAN to generate a password.

xii. Members who may require any technical assistance or support before or during the AGM are requested to contact KFintech at toll free number 1800-309-4001 or write to them at evoting@kfintech.com.

23. The Resolution Professional on the recommendation of Management of the Company has appointed Shri. Anil Lohia, Partner or in his absence Shri. Khushit Jain, Partner, M/s. Dayal and Lohia, Chartered Accountants as the Scrutiniser to scrutinise the voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The Scrutiniser will submit their report to the Resolution Professional or any other person authorised by him after completion of the scrutiny and the results of voting will be announced after the AGM of the Company. Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the AGM. The result of the voting will be submitted to the Stock Exchanges, where the shares of the Company are listed and posted on the website of the Company at www.rcom.co.in and also on the website of Kfintech at https://evoting.kfintech.com.

24. In case of any query on e-voting, Members may refer to the "Help" and "FAQs" sections / e-voting user manual available through a dropdown menu in the "Downloads" section of KFin website for e-voting: https://evoting.kfintech. com or contact "KFin", (Unit: Reliance Communications Limited), 6,23,24,25th Floor, South Tower, Rajapushpa West Avenuesurvey No. 115 , Kokapet, Serilingampally Mandal,Ranga Reddy District.Telangana - 500075 at phone no. 1-800-309-4001 (toll free).

NOTICE

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULES MADE THEREUNDER (THE "ACT")

**Item No. 02 :**

**To appoint M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.117371W/W100092) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company:**

M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.117371W/W100092), were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company by the Board/ Resolution Professional in its meeting held on 29th May 2026, considering the experience and expertise and based on recommendation of the Audit Committee and Committee of Creditors after completion of two consecutive term of the previous auditor M/s Pathak H.D. & Associates, LLP, Chartered Accountants at the conclusion of this ensuing AGM, in accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, on payment of such remuneration as may be mutually agreed upon between the Resolution Professional /Board and the Statutory Auditors, from time to time.

It is now proposed to appoint M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a full term of five (5) consecutive years, commencing from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the AGM to be held in 2031, in accordance with the provisions of Section 139(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP have expressed their willingness to appointment as the Statutory Auditors of the Company and have furnished a certificate confirming that their appointment, if made, would be in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.

M/s. E. A. Patil & Associates LLP is a well-established firm with over four decades of experience in helping dynamic organizations achieve their strategic ambitions. Supported by a committed team of experts, the firm specializes in providing comprehensive Audit, Tax, Consulting, and Advisory Services.

Pursuant to Regulation 36(5) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the following details are mentioned below for the information of Members:

| Sr. No | Particulars | Details |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Proposed audit fee payable to auditors: | The fees proposed to be paid to M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP towards statutory audit and limited review (excluding applicable taxes and reimbursements) shall not be exceeding ₹ 35,00,000 per annum plus applicable taxes for the financial year. |
| 2 | Terms of Appointment | M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP Statutory Auditors of the Company, shall hold office for a full term of five (5) consecutive years, commencing from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the AGM to be held in 2031. |
| 3 | Material change in fee payable | No material change in fee for the proposed auditor. |
| 4 | Basis of recommendation and auditor Credentials | The Audit Committee and Board/ Resolution Professional of the Company recommended the appointment of M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants as the statutory auditors of the Company. |

None of the Directors, Resolution Professional or other Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives, are concerned or interested (financially or otherwise) in this Resolution. The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 02 for the approval of Members.

**Items No. 03 :**

The appointment and remuneration of M/s Shankar S. Dongare, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 100115) as the Cost Auditor to audit the cost accounting records of the Company for the financial year ending March 31, 2027, at a remuneration of Rs. 50,000 (Rupees fifty thousand only), excluding tax and out of pocket expenses, if any, was approved by the Resolution Professional (having the powers of the suspended board of Directors of the Company), based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the board of the Company at their meeting held on November 14, 2026.

In terms of the provisions of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor needs to be ratified by the members of the Company.

None of the Management, Key Managerial Personnel, RP and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution set out at Item no. 3 of this Notice, except to the extent of their shareholding in the Company.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the board of the Company, as noted and taken on record by the Resolution Professional, the said Ordinary Resolution set out at Item No. 03 of the accompanying Notice is recommended for the approval of the Members.

**Items 04:**

The Members are informed that Smt. Ankita Jain was proposed for appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company pursuant to the approval/recommendation of the Committee of Creditors ("CoC") at its meeting held on 27th August, 2026, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and rules made thereunder and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("IBC").

Pursuant thereto, Smt. Ankita Jain was proposed to be appointed as an Additional Director in the category of Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company under Section 161 of the Act, to hold office up to the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Company now proposes to appoint Smt. Ankita Jain as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive years commencing from 27th August, 2026 and ending on 26th August, 2031, subject to the approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution.

Smt. Ankita Jain has given her consent to act as a Director of the Company and has confirmed that she is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director under Section 164 of the Act and the rules made thereunder. She has also furnished the requisite declaration confirming that she fulfils the criteria of independence prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with the applicable rules made thereunder and Provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), as applicable. She has also confirmed that she is not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact her ability to discharge her duties with an objective and independent judgment.

Based on the declarations and confirmations received from Smt. Ankita Jain and after considering her qualifications, experience and expertise, the Board is of the opinion that she fulfils the conditions specified under the Act, the rules made thereunder and the applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations for appointment as an Independent Director and that she is independent of the management of the Company.

Smt. Ankita Jain is a Member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and has experience in the areas of corporate laws, FEMA, legal due diligence, corporate restructuring, intellectual property rights, stock audits, drafting and reviewing of agreements and other allied corporate and legal matters.

The Company has received the necessary consent, declarations, disclosures and other requisite documents from Smt. Ankita Jain in connection with her proposed appointment.

Smt. Ankita Jain shall be entitled to receive such sitting fees and other reimbursement of expenses as may be permissible under the applicable provisions of the Act, mutually agreed between the Directors and Committee of Creditors.

Except Smt. Ankita Jain, none of the Directors, Resolution Professional or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their respective relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the proposed resolution.

Smt. Ankita Jain may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice, to the extent of her proposed appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice for approval of the Members.

**Items 05:**

The Members are informed that Smt. Nishtha Pamnani was proposed for appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company pursuant to the approval/recommendation of the Committee of Creditors ("CoC") at its meeting held on 27th August, 2026, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 "Act") and rules made thereunder and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("IBC").

Pursuant thereto, Smt. Nishtha Pamnani was proposed to be appointed as an Additional Director in the category of Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company under Section 161 of the Act, to hold office up to the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Company now proposes to appoint Smt. Nishtha Pamnani as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company for a term of five (5) consecutive years commencing from 27th August, 2026 and ending on 26th August, 2031, subject to the approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution.

Smt. Nishtha Pamnani has given her consent to act as a Director of the Company and has confirmed that she is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director under Section 164 of the Act and the rules made thereunder. She has also furnished the requisite declaration confirming that she fulfils the criteria of independence prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Act read with the applicable rules made thereunder and Provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), as applicable. She has also confirmed that she is not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact her ability to discharge her duties with an objective and independent judgment.

Based on the declarations and confirmations received from Smt. Nishtha Pamnani and after considering her qualifications, experience and expertise, the Board is of the opinion that she

fulfils the conditions specified under the Act, the rules made thereunder and the applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations for appointment as an Independent Director and that she is independent of the management of the Company.

Smt. Nishtha Pamnani is a Member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and has experience in the areas of corporate laws, FEMA, legal due diligence, corporate restructuring, intellectual property rights, stock audits, drafting and reviewing of agreements and other allied corporate and legal matters.

The Company has received the necessary consent, declarations, disclosures and other requisite documents from Smt. Nishtha Pamnani in connection with her proposed appointment.

Smt. Nishtha Pamnani shall be entitled to receive such sitting fees and other reimbursement of expenses as may be permissible under the applicable provisions of the Act, mutually agreed between the Director and Committee of Creditors/ Resolution Professional of the Company.

Except Smt. Nishtha Pamnani, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their respective relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the proposed resolution.

Smt. Nishtha Pamnani may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the accompanying Notice, to the extent of her proposed appointment as a Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company.

## NOTICE

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the accompanying Notice for approval of the Members.

**BRIEF PROFILE OF DIRECTORS**

| Name of Director | SMT. ANKITA JAIN | SMT. NISHTHA H PAMNANI |
|---|---|---|
| Brief Resume | She is a Member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and has experience in the areas of corporate laws, FEMA, legal due diligence, corporate restructuring, intellectual property rights, drafting and reviewing of agreements and other allied corporate and legal matters. | She is a Member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and has experience in the areas of corporate laws, FEMA, legal due diligence, corporate restructuring, intellectual property rights, drafting and reviewing of agreements and other allied corporate and legal matters. |
| DIN | 11420250 | 10881910 |
| Date of Birth / Age | 10/12/1990 | 29/08/1993 |
| Date of First Appointment | 27/08/2026 | 27/08/2026 |
| Appointment in which Meeting | Director appointed in the Meeting of Committee of Creditors held at 27/08/2026 | Director appointed in the Meeting of Committee of Creditors held at 27/08/2026 |
| Shareholding in the Company | – | – |
| Relationship with other Director, Manager and other Key Managerial Personnel of the Company | – | – |
| No. of Board Meeting attended during the Financial Year 2025-2026 | – | – |
| Name of the other Companies / LLP in which Director/Partner | 1.EIGHTYEIGHT PICTURES CGTECH LIMITED | 1. PRASHANT INDIA LIMITED<br>2. KORE DIGITAL LIMITED<br>3. ACCRETION PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED<br>4. VIJETA PROJECTS & INFRASTUCTURES LIMITED |
| Chairman / Member of the Committee of Board of Directors of the Company or of Other Listed Company | – | – |

For **Reliance Communications Limited**
(Company under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process)

**Rakesh Gupta**
**Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**
**(Membership No.:F5951)**

**Registered Office:**
H Block, 1st Floor
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City
Navi Mumbai 400 710
CIN:L45309MH2004PLC147531
Website: www.rcom.co.in
Date: 14th November 2026

## Directors Report

**[Pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act 2013]**

Dear Shareowners

This 22nd Annual Report of the company together with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 is placed before the members.

Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("**NCLT**") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("**Code**"), the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR process" or "CIRP") of Reliance Communications Limited **("Company"/ "RCOM"/ "Corporate Debtor")** vide its order dated May 15, 2018 ("Admission Order"). The NCLT had, pursuant to the Admission Order, appointed an interim resolution professional ("IRP") of the Company *vide* its order dated May 18, 2018. In terms of the Admission Order, *inter alia*, the management of the affairs of the Company was vested with the IRP.

Subsequently, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT"), while adjudicating upon an appeal preferred against the admission of the insolvency application against the Company, vide its order dated May 30 2018, *inter alia*, stayed the Admission Order and allowed the management of the Company to function ("**Stay Order**"). On April 30, 2019, the NCLAT, upon allowing the director and shareholder of the Company to withdraw its aforesaid appeal, vacated all interim orders including the Stay Order. The NCLT, vide order May 7, 2019, directed the IRP to proceed in the CIRP of the Company.

Thereafter, the Committee of Creditors ("**CoC**") of the Company pursuant to its meeting held on May 30, 2019 resolved with the requisite voting share, to replace the IRP with Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, as the resolution professional of the Company ("**RP**" or "**Resolution Professional**"). Subsequently, the Hon'ble NCLT has confirmed Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the RP of the Company vide its order dated June 21, 2019, which order was published on June 28, 2019. Accordingly, the management of the Company vests in the RP during the continuance of the CIR process of the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Code, various resolution plans in respect of the Company were received by the RP. The CoC of the Company in its meeting held on March 02, 2020, had approved a resolution plan submitted by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("**UVARCL**") in respect of the Company in terms of the provisions of the Code which was subsequently submitted to the NCLT on March 6, 2020 in accordance with Section 30(6) of the Code. The same continues to remain sub-judice with the NCLT. In the interim, an application (IA No. 383 of 2023) was filed by UVARCL before NCLT Mumbai, *inter alia*, seeking substitution of itself as the resolution applicant in the resolution plan submitted by it in respect of the Company. Pursuant thereto, the NCLT vide its order dated December 12, 2023 has allowed the said application and approved the request for replacement of successful resolution applicant (i.e. UVARCL) with M/s. UV Stressed Assets Management Private Limited.

The Resolution professional appointed by the CoC and as further approved by the NCLT is managing the affairs of the Company as a going concern. As per Section 19 of the Code, the personnel, promoters and persons associated with the management of the company are required to extend all the assistance and cooperation to the RP for managing the affairs of the company. Further as per the provision of the Code, only the powers of the board of directors stand suspended, the directors and committees continue to hold the said designations and are not exempted from performing their duties and ensuring requisite compliances.

**Financial performance and state of the Company's affairs**

The standalone financial performance of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 is summarised below:

| **Particulars** | **Financial Year ended March 31st 2026** | | **Financial Year ended March 31st 2025** | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Rs in crore** | **US$ in million**** | **Rs in crore** | US$ in million** |
| Total income | **230** | **24** | **278** | 33 |
| Gross profit /(Loss) before depreciation, Amortisation and exceptional items | **(251)** | **(26)** | **(56)** | (7) |
| Less: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | **100** | **11** | **106** | 12 |
| Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax | **(351)** | **(37)** | **(162)** | (19) |
| Exceptional items: | | | | |
| Provision for credit impaired | **(179)** | **(19)** | | |
| Profit/ (Loss) before Tax | **(530)** | **(56)** | **(162)** | (19) |
| Current tax / Excess provision for Tax of earlier years | | | | |
| Deferred Tax charge/ (credit) | | | | |
| Profit / (Loss) after tax | **(530)** | **(56)** | **(162)** | (19) |
| Profit / (Loss) after tax from Discontinued Operations | **(9158)** | **(966)** | **(7963)** | (932) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | | |

| Particulars | Financial Year ended March 31st 2026 | | Financial Year ended March 31st 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs in crore | US$ in million** | Rs in crore | US$ in million** |
| Re-measurement Gain/ (Loss) of defined benefit plans (Net of tax) | | | | |
| Total Comprehensive Income | **(9688)** | **(1022)** | **(8125)** | (951) |
| Add : Balance brought forward from previous year | **(95783)** | **(10099)** | **(87658)** | (10255) |
| Profit available for appropriation | | | | |
| Balance carried to Balance Sheet | **(105471)** | **(11121)** | **(95783)** | (11206) |

*Figures of previous year have been regrouped and reclassified, wherever required.

** Exchange Rate Rs. 94.84 = US$ 1 as on March 31, 2026 (Rs 85.475 = US$ 1 as on March 31, 2025) as per https://mumbaiport.gov.in/show_content.php?lang=1&level=2&ls_id=1419&lid=1130.

**Financial Performance (Standalone)**

During the year under review, your Company has earned from Continuing Operations income of ₹ 230 crore against ₹ 278 crore in the previous year. The Company has incurred an operational loss of ₹ 9,688 crore (including loss from discontinuation of wireless business of ₹ 9,158 crore) and there is a Loss of ₹ 9688 crore for the year as compared to loss of ₹ 8,125 crore in the previous year.

The performance and financial position of the subsidiary companies and associate companies are included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and presented in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report forming part of this Annual Report.

**Dividend**

During the year under review, no dividend on the equity shares of the Company has been recommended. The dividend distribution policy of the Company is uploaded on the Company's website at the link https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

**Reserve**

Due to losses and ongoing CIR process, the Company has not proposed to carry any amount in reserve.

**Business Operations**

The Company provides Wireline Telecom services to the Business and Government segments. These include a comprehensive portfolio spanning Network Connectivity, Enterprise Voice, Cloud Telephony, Access Number Services, Collaboration Services, Wholesale Voice & Value Added Service (VAS). The Company serves nearly 2000 businesses of all sizes-from multinational conglomerates to SMEs-belonging to almost every vertical: BFSI, Manufacturing, Logistics, Healthcare, IT & ITeS, OTT and New Media, to name just a few.

There is no change in the nature of Business of the company.

**Management Discussion and Analysis**

Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review as stipulated under Regulation 34(2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), is presented in a separate section forming part of this Annual Report.

**Issue and Redemption of Non-Convertible Debentures**

The Company has not carried out any fresh issue of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) in the current financial year.

NCDs issued during the earlier years matured for final redemption during the financial year 2018-19, but remain unpaid in view of the ongoing CIR Process.

**Deposits**

The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public falling within the ambit of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. There are no unclaimed deposits, unclaimed/ unpaid interest, refunds due to the deposit holders or to be deposited with the Investor Education and Protection Fund as on March 31, 2026.

**Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments**

The Company has complied with provisions of Section 186 of the Act, to the extent applicable with respect to Loans, Guarantees or Investments during the year.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 186 of the Act, the details of the Investments made by the Company are provided in the standalone financial statements under Notes No. 2.03 and 2.07.

**Subsidiary and Associate Companies**

**Reliance Telecom Limited:**

Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the Hon'ble NCLT in terms of Section 9 of the Code, the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of CIR process of Reliance Telecom Limited, subsidiary company of the Company, vide its order dated May 15, 2018. Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty had been appointed as the resolution professional of Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL).

For RTL, in accordance with the provisions of the Code, various resolution plans were received by the RP. The Committee of Creditors (CoC) of RTL, in their meeting held on March 02, 2020, had approved a resolution plan submitted by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("**UVARCL**"), which was subsequently submitted to the NCLT on March 6, 2020 in accordance with Section 30(6) of the Code. The same continues to remain sub-judice with the Hon'ble NCLT.

Further, a substitution application of the resolution applicant (IA No 749 of 2023) has been filed in RTL, wherein NCLT had directed the resolution professional of RTL to place on record necessary declaration(s) in relation to compliance with the provision of Section 29A after getting the confirmation of CoC of RTL in relation thereto. By order dated January 21, 2025, NCLT has dismissed the IA filed by UVARCL thereby rejecting the request for substitution of the resolution applicant. An appeal bearing Company Appeal (AT) (Insolvency) No. 422 of 2025 has been filed by UVARCL before NCLAT, which is presently sub-judice.

Further, pursuant to the discussions with the CoC members, the RP has filed an application bearing number IA 2719 of 2025 before Hon'ble NCLT seeking necessary clarification/ appropriate directions on the way ahead in the CIRP of RTL. This application is presently pending and subj-judice.

**Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited:**

Pursuant to an application filed by State Bank of India under Section 7 of the Code, the Hon'ble NCLT vide order dated September 25, 2019, had ordered the commencement of CIR process in terms of the Code in respect of Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and had appointed Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the resolution professional of Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited. A resolution plan submitted by a resolution applicant, Reliance Projects and Property Management Services Limited in respect of RCIL, was approved by the committee of creditors of RCIL pursuant to the meeting dated August 5, 2021, and in this regard, an application was filed by the resolution professional of RCIL under Section 30(6) of the Code on August 31, 2021.

Pursuant to the order dated December 19, 2023 passed by the NCLT, the resolution plan dated July 17, 2020 (as amended from time to time until June 21, 2021) read with the Addendum dated August 9, 2021 (collectively the "RCIL Plan") submitted by Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited through its division Infrastructure Projects, in respect of RCIL was approved by the Hon'ble NCLT ("Approval Order") and the CIRP of RCIL was concluded. Pursuant to the publication of the Approval Order, Mr. Anish Nanavaty has ceased to be the resolution professional of RCIL and has accordingly demitted office. Pursuant to the terms of the RCIL Plan, a monitoring committee ("MC") is required to be constituted, which is required to oversee management of the affairs of RCIL from the date of the Approval Order until the Effective Date (as defined under the RCIL Plan). The MC has since been constituted which has assumed its office and is undertaking its roles and responsibilities, in accordance with the terms of the RCIL Plan to effectuate the implementation of the RCIL Plan.

**Foreign Subsidiaries of the Company:**

**Bonn Investment Inc. ("Bonn"),** a US entity and a subsidiary of Reliance Infocomm Inc. ("RII"), USA, a step-down subsidiary of RCOM, held an apartment at 400 W 12th Street #4E New York, NY 10014 (Property). In August 2023, the director of Bonn, sold the Property to a third party, without any authorization from or intimation to its shareholders (including RCOM) for a value of USD 8.3 million. The Resolution Professional noted this transaction in the financial statements of Bonn for the period ended September 30, 2023 received from the director for consolidation purposes. Further, on April 23 2024, through the Auditor of Bonn, the Resolution Professional and Company was made aware of an investment agreement between Bonn and AZCO Realty, UAE, it is observed that vide said investment agreement, Bonn (through its director) agreed to invest USD 25 million in AZCO Realty ("AZCO") and Bonn has already made investment of USD 8.2 million which is reflected as Capital Advance (1st Tranche) from the sale proceeds of the Property. As per the terms of agreement, Bonn has agreed to invest remaining amount before May 26, 2024 with AZCO. The Agreement further states that, if Bonn fails to remit the remaining amount to AZCO on or before May 26, 2024, the investment agreement shall be automatically nullified and Bonn shall have no rights to claim back the amount already invested, i.e. USD 8.2 million which formed part of the sale proceeds of the Property. The said sale transaction and the investment were carried out without approval of or intimation to the shareholders (including RCOM). The Company has sent a notice to the concerned director seeking clarification regarding the said transactions but has not received any explanation so far. The Company is in the process of examining the legal remedies for the actions taken by the director suo-moto, including recovery of the advance given to AZCO.

Furthermore, Bonn (through the newly appointed director) had also commissioned a digital analysis of the various email correspondence exchanged by the erstwhile director of Bonn, with the erstwhile director / erstwhile management of the Company, to further investigate the unauthorised and potentially fraudulent sale and investment transaction undertaken by the erstwhile director of Bonn (including the circumstances / motive behind the same) as well as to ascertain the role of any other individuals involved in the matter. The final report in this regard has been received and the entire report was examined by the relevant stakeholders and their advisors, for any further action to be taken pursuant to the findings in the report. In particular, this report highlighted the involvement of a director of RCOM (powers suspended) in authorizing the sale of the said Property, Based on the same, RP has issued an email communication dated February 6, 2025 to the said director of RCOM, seeking his response on his involvement in the above potentially fraudulent transaction. On February 14, 2025, the director vide his email denied the allegations without providing any further justification. On February 21, 2025, the said director of RCOM vide his email requested copies of all information and correspondence relied upon by the RP in connection with the email communication dated February 6, 2025 sent by the RP. The same were provided by the RP via email communication dated March 03, 2025 along with a suitable reply to the said director of RCOM. The said director of RCOM vide his letter dated April 1, 2025 has tendered his resignation. Meanwhile, the RP has also made his determination on March 25, 2025 regarding the action of the said director of RCOM amounting to fraudulent trading under Section 66(1) of the Code. Thereafter, the RP has filed an application (bearing IA No. 2842/2025) under Section 66(1) of the Code on March 26, 2025 before the Hon'ble NCLT seeking appropriate relief against the said director of RCOM. By way of order dated March 10, 2026, the Hon'ble NCLT dismissed the said application observing that

the alleged transaction cannot be impugned in terms of section 66 of the Code, and no order can be passed by this tribunal in view of its limitation to deal with misconduct of suspended board members, if any, in the affairs of subsidiary company of a Corporate Debtor after commencement of CIRP. Aggrieved by the order, the RP has filed an appeal before the Hon'ble NCLAT (bearing Company Appeal (AT) (Ins) No. 843 of 2026), which appeal is currently pending before the Hon'ble NCLAT.

Among foreign subsidiaries of the Company, no company were deregistered during the financial year 2025-26. Further Reliance Communications (UK) Limited was deregistered on June 10, 2026.

The summary of the performance and financial position of the each of the subsidiary and associate companies are presented in Form AOC – 1 and in Management Discussion and Analysis Report forming part of the Annual Report. Also, a report on the performance and financial position of each of the subsidiary companies and associate companies as per the Act is provided in the consolidated financial statements.

The Policy for determining material subsidiary companies can be accessed on the Company's website at the link https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

**Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements**

The audited financial statements of the Company are drawn up, both on standalone and consolidated basis, for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules and other accounting principles. The Consolidated Financial Statements has been prepared in accordance with Ind-AS and relevant provisions of the Act based on the financial statements received from subsidiaries, associates as approved by their respective Board of Directors.

As RTL being a subsidiary of the Company is under CIR Process, financial statements of RTL are approved and received from RTL and accordingly the Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared.

In the case of RCIL, the financial statements are approved by Monitoring Committee of the Company on basis of recommendation of the Directors of the Company.

**Directors**

During the year under review, the Members are requested to note that Shri Suresh Rangachar resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 13 November 2019, and Shri Anil D. Ambani resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 15 November 2019. Further, both Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar filed their respective e-Form DIR-11 with the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The aforesaid resignations were placed before the Committee of Creditors ("CoC") of the Company for its consideration in accordance with Section 28(1)(j) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. The CoC, at its meeting held on 20th November, 2019, considered the resignations tendered by the aforesaid directors and expressed a unanimous view that the resignations could not be accepted. Accordingly, the Resolution Professional was instructed to convey to the directors to continue discharging their duties and responsibilities as directors and to extend all cooperation in the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIRP") of the Company, at least until completion of the CIRP of the Company.

Further, the Resolution Professional had filed Interlocutory Application bearing Miscellaneous Application No. 232 of 2020 before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal Mumbai Bench ("NCLT"), inter alia, seeking directions against Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar to continue as Directors on the Board of the Company and to declare their resignations as null and void.

Thereafter, the Hon'ble NCLT vide its order dated 23rd April, 2025 (published on 27th May, 2025), partly allowed the aforesaid Miscellaneous Application No. 232 of 2020 and after observing the relevant section of the Companies Act, 2013 inter alia held that Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar could not be compelled to continue as Directors of the Company and their resignations could not be declared null and void. The Hon'ble NCLT also observed that the Registrar of Companies ought not to have registered the e-Form DIR-11 filed by Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar after commencement of CIRP without due authorization of the Resolution Professional of the Company. Accordingly, the Hon'ble NCLT directed the Registrar of Companies to de-register the aforesaid DIR-11 forms.

Pursuant to the aforesaid events and the order of the Hon'ble NCLT dated 23rd April, 2025, the Company has accepted the resignations of Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar with effect from their respective original dates of resignation and has filed the requisite e-Form DIR-12 with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in this regard.

During the financial year 2025-26, Shri Punit Garg resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 1 April 2025, citing the reason that the resignation was "in line with his resignation from all the board positions in all the companies." However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, Smt. Priyanka Agarwal resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 1 December 2025, citing "personal and unavoidable circumstances" as the reason for her resignation. However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, Smt. Grace Thomas resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 14 May 2026, citing "personal reasons" as the reason for her resignation. However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Following the resignation of above said Director of the Company with effect from 15 May 2026, the Company ceased to have any director on its Board.

However, in view of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) of the Company, the affairs of the Company continue to be managed by Shri Anish Nanavaty, Resolution Professional, who exercises the powers of the Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. Accordingly, the quarterly meetings of the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee of the Company are being convened and chaired by Shri Anish Nanavaty, Resolution Professional, in exercise of the powers vested in him under the Code.

The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has framed policy for Appointment and Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Other Employees in compliance with Section 178 (3) of the Act and same are available on the Company website and can be accessed through the link: https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/.

The details of programme for familiarization of Independent Directors with the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates and related matters are placed on the website of the Company at the link https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

**Key Managerial Personnel**

During the year under review there was no change in the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

**Evaluation of Directors, Board and Committee:**

The Company is under CIRP pursuant to the provisions of the Code. With effect from June 28, 2019, its affairs, business and assets are being managed by, and the powers of the board of directors are vested in Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, the Resolution Professional of the Company who has been appointed by Hon'ble NCLT.

Hence, no formal annual evaluation has been done for the Directors performance and that of the Committees and individual directors as required under the provisions of Section 134 of the Act read with Rule 8 (4) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

**Policy on appointment and remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board has devised a policy for selection, appointment and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Employees. The Committee has also formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director, which has been put up on the Company's website at https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

Currently, as the Company is under CIR Process, the approval of CoC is necessary for the appointment and remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial personnel of the Company, in terms of Section 28 of the Code.

**Directors' Responsibility Statement**

Pursuant to the requirements under Section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 read with Section 17 (1) and Section 23 of Insolvency of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, the powers of the board of directors of the corporate debtor stand suspended and are exercised by the Resolution professional hence it is hereby confirmed:

i In preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, the applicable Accounting Standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;

ii The Board/ Resolution Professional had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026 and of the profit/loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;

iii The Board/ Resolution Professional had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

iv The Board/ Resolution Professional had prepared the annual financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 on a 'going concern' basis;

v The Board/ Resolution Professional had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively, and

vi The Board/ Resolution Professional had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

**Note:** Since the Company is under CIR Process, the management of the affairs of the Company is vested with Resolution Professional and the Directors of the Company are required to continue performing their duties and roles and extend necessary cooperation and support to the Resolution Professional. Accordingly, the above mentioned duties and responsibility of Directors have been performed by directors under the overall supervision/direction of RP of the Company.

Further, as on 31st March 2026, only one Non-Executive Non Independent Director on the Board of Company who also resigned with effect from 14 May 2026, citing "personal reasons" as the reason for her resignation.

Following the resignation of above said Director of the Company with effect from 15 May 2026, the Company ceased to have any director on its Board.

**Contracts and Arrangements with Related Parties**

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year under review with related parties were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There were no materially significant related party

transactions made by the Company with its Existing Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons, which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

During the year under review, the Company has not entered into any contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties which could be considered material in accordance with the policy of Company on materiality of related party transactions.

During the year under review, as the Company is under CIR Process, in terms of Section 28(1)(f) of the Code, approval of the CoC was taken for all new related party transactions in CoC meeting(s).

The new transactions entered into were reviewed and statements giving details of all new related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

The policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board is uploaded on the Company's website at the link https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/.

None of the Board/Resolution Professional has any pecuniary relationships or transactions vis-à-vis the Company.

During the year under review, there are no transactions entered by the Company with persons / entities as mentioned in Regulation 34 (3), 53 (f) and in Part A, Part 2A of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Members may refer to Note no 2.49 of the Standalone Financial Statement which set out related party disclosure pursuant to Ind AS.

**Material Changes and Commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company**

Except as disclosed in this report, there were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

**Meetings of Directors**

A calendar of Meetings is prepared and circulated in advance to the Board/Resolution Professional. During the financial year ended March 31, 2026, the Board/Resolution Professional held 4 meetings on May 27, 2025, August 13, 2025, November 14, 2025 and February 13, 2026. The maximum time gap between any two meetings was 92 days and the minimum gap was 77 days.

**Audit Committee**

During the year under review, the composition of the Audit Committee underwent changes, pursuant to the resignation of Smt. Priyanka Agarwal as on 01st December 2025.

The Audit Committee of the Directors consists of Smt. Grace Thomas, as members as financial year ended on March 31, 2026.

During the year, all the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Directors and noted and taken on record by the RP of the Company.

The Audit Committee held its meetings on May 27, 2025, August 13, 2025, November 14, 2025 and February 13, 2026. The maximum time gap between any two meetings was 92 days and the minimum gap was 77 days.

Details of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship committee and Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is given in the Corporate Governance Report of this Annual Report.

**Auditors and Auditors' Report**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Act and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s. Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors of the Company have been appointed as Auditors in the 17th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company held on September 25, 2021, for for the 2nd term of 5 consecutive years, till the conclusion of the 22nd AGM of the Company.

Your Board/Resolution Professional, in their meeting held on May 29th 2026, recommended appointment of M/s. E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the company for term of 5 (five) years until the conclusion of 27th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2031 subject to the approval of members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Company has received letter from M/s E.A. Patil & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants to the effect that their appointment, if made, would be within the prescribed limits under Section 141(3) of the Act and that they are not disqualified from being appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

The Auditors, M/s. Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, in their report to the members have given a qualified opinion and the response of the Company with respect to it is as follows:

**Qualifications in present audit report:**

The observations and comments given by the Auditors in their report read together with notes on financial statements are self explanatory particularly Note No. 2.14, 2.31, 2.47, 2.48 & 2.53 (standalone financials) and Note No. 2.16, 2.36, 2.40, 2.51, 2.52 &, 2.59 (consolidated financials) and hence the same to be treated as explanation provided under Section 134 of the Act.

The audited financial statements are drawn up both on standalone and consolidated basis for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, in accordance with the requirements of the Ind-AS Rules.

**Fraud reported by Statutory Auditor**

As per the provisions of Clause (ca) of Sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act, the auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act of your Company during the Financial Year 2025-26 under review.

**Cost Auditors**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Resolution Professional on the recommendation of Management, have appointed M/s Shankar Shripad Dongare, Cost Accountants, as the Cost Auditors to conduct cost audit for the telecommunications businesses of the Company for the financial year ending March 31, 2027 and their remuneration is subject to ratification by the Members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act are applicable to the Company and accordingly the Company has maintained cost accounts and records in respect of the applicable products for the year ended March 31, 2026.

**Secretarial Standards**

During the year under review, the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

**Secretarial Audit & Secretarial Compliance Report**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 24A of the Listing Regulations, as introduced by the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024, every listed entity is required to appoint a Secretarial Auditor for a term of five consecutive years, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Accordingly, the Company received the consent and eligibility confirmation from M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, for their appointment as the Secretarial Auditors of the Company for a term of five consecutive financial years commencing from FY 2025–26 to FY 2029–30. The Audit Committee, at its meeting held on 13 August 2025, considered and recommended their appointment, which was subsequently approved by Shri Anish Nanavaty, Resolution Professional, exercising the powers of the Board of Directors, and thereafter approved by the Members at the Annual General Meeting held on 30th September 2025.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31 March 2026, issued by M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, is annexed to this Report as **Annexure A**.

Pursuant to Regulation 24A of the Listing Regulations, the Company has obtained the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for the financial year ended 31 March 2026 from M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, confirming compliance with the applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued thereunder. The said report has been submitted to the Stock Exchanges within the prescribed timeline.

The observations and comments contained in the Secretarial Audit Report are self-explanatory and, therefore, do not call for any further comments pursuant to Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Annual Return**

As required under Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return for the financial year 2025-26 is available on the Company's website and can be accessed through the link: https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/annual-return/

**Particulars of Employees and related disclosures**

Pursuant to the provisions of second proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report, excluding the information required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (the Rules), as amended, is being sent to all the members of the Company and others entitled thereto. Any member interested in obtaining the same may write to the Company Secretary and the same will be furnished on request.

**Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo**

As the Company does not carry on any manufacturing activity, being a telecommunications service provider, most of the information of the Company as required under Section 134(3) of the Act read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are not applicable. However, the information as applicable has been given in the **Annexure B** forming part of this Report.

**Corporate Governance**

The Company has adopted the "Reliance Group-Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" which sets out the systems, process and policies confirming to the international standards. The report on Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulation 34(3) read with Para C of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations is presented in separate section forming part of this Annual Report.

A Certificate from, M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, confirming compliance to the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Para E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, is enclosed to this Report.

**Whistle Blower Policy and Vigil Mechanism**

In accordance with Section 177(9) of the Act, read with the Rules made thereunder and the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated and adopted Whistle Blower Policy for Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns and to provide adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who may use such mechanism. The details of the same have been stated in the Report on Corporate Governance and the policy can also be accessed on the Company's website at https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

**Risk Management**

The Board of the Company had constituted a Risk Management Committee in their meeting held on 14th November, 2014 consisting of majority of directors and senior managerial personnel of the Company; however, due to ongoing CIRP, provisions of Regulation 21 of Listing Regulations are not applicable to the Company. The Board of Directors of the Company has previously dissolved the Risk Management Committee in its meeting held on 3rd November, 2018. The Audit Committee of Directors looks after the functions of the Risk Management Committee.

The Company is currently under CIRP pursuant to the provisions of the Code and considering these developments including, in particular, the respective Resolution Professionals having taken over the management and control of the Company and its specific subsidiaries which are also under CIR process i.e. Reliance Telecom Limited and Reliance Communication Infrastructure Limited, inter alia with the objective of running them as going concerns. The Company continues to incur loss, current liabilities exceed current assets and prior to the initiation of CIRP, the Group has defaulted in repayment of borrowings, payment of regulatory and statutory dues. The Auditors have drawn qualification in their Audit Report for the year ended March 31, 2026 that these events indicate material uncertainty on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Further, the Company has a robust Business Risk Management framework to identify, evaluate business risks and opportunities. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on the business objectives and enhances Company's competitive advantage. The business risk framework defines the risk management approach across the enterprise at various levels including documentation and reporting.

The risk framework has different risk models which helps in identifying risks trend, exposure and potential impact analysis at a Company level as also separately for business segments.

**Compliance with provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013**

The Company is committed to upholding and maintaining the dignity of women employees and has in place a policy for the prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at the workplace. The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee in accordance with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The details of complaints received and disposed of during the financial year 2025–26 are as under:

| Particulars | Number |
|---|---|
| Number of complaints of sexual harassment received during the year | Nil |
| Number of complaints disposed of during the year | Nil |
| Number of cases pending for more than ninety days | Nil |

**Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company has constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company. However, Section 135 of the Companies Act,2013 and rules made there under are not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2025-26.

The CSR policy may be accessed on the Company's website at the link; https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/.

The CSR Committee as on March 31, 2026, consists of Smt Grace Thomas, as member of the committee.

**Orders, if any, passed by Regulators or Courts or Tribunals**

Except as disclosed in this report, no orders have been passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operation.

**Internal Financial Controls and their adequacy**

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls across the organization. The same is subject to review periodically by the Internal Audit Cell and by the Audit Committee for its effectiveness. Except as disclosed in auditors report, during the year under review, such controls were tested and no further reportable material weaknesses in the design or operation were observed.

**Business Responsibility Report**

Business Responsibility Report is not applicable to the Company pursuant to the regulation 34(2)(f) of SEBI's (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

**Proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016**

The Company is under CIRP pursuant to the provisions of the Code. Various resolution plans in respect of the Company were received by the Resolution Professional of the Company. The COC of the Company in their meeting held on March 02, 2020, had approved a resolution plan submitted by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited which was subsequently submitted to the NCLT on March 6, 2020 in accordance with Section 30(6) of the Code. The same continues to remain sub-judice with the NCLT. The detailed background of the proceeding is provided at the beginning of this report.

Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai bench, pursuant to its order dated 12th December, 2023, has allowed to replace successful resolution applicant of the Company M/s. UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited with M/s. UV stressed Assets management Private Limited

**Compliance with the Provisions relating to the Maternity Benefits Act, 1961.**

Your Company complies with the provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, extending all statutory benefits to eligible women employees, including paid maternity leave, continuity of salary and service during the leave period, and post-maternity support such as nursing breaks and flexible return-to-work options, as applicable. Your company remains committed to fostering an inclusive and supportive work environment that upholds the rights and welfare of its women employees in accordance with applicable laws.

**General**

**Issue of Equity Shares with Differential Rights, Sweat Equity Shares and One-Time Settlement:**

Except as disclosed in this report, during the year under review, there were no reportable event in relation to issue of equity shares with differential right as to dividend, voting or otherwise, issue of sweat equity shares to Director or Employee and one time settlement with any bank or financial institution.

## Directors Report

**Fraud Classification by Lenders**

During the year, your company has received various fraud notices related to company's accounts and its subsidiary from various banks during the financial year 2025-2026.

| Sr. | Company Name | Relationship | Bank Name | Wilful Defaulter/ Fraud Declared | Notice date |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | SBI Limited | Fraud declared | 23.06.2025 |
| 2 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Bank of India | Fraud declared | 08.08.2025 |
| 3 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Bank of Baroda | Fraud declared | 02.09.2025 |
| 4 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | UCO Bank | Fraud declared | 26.09.2025 |
| 5 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Central Bank of India | Fraud declared | 04.10.2025 |
| 6 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Bank of Maharashtra | Fraud declared | 04.10.2025 |
| 7 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | IDBI Bank Ltd | Fraud declared | 29.10.2025 |
| 8 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Union Bank of India | Fraud declared | 04.12.2025 |
| 9 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Canara Bank | Fraud declared | 27.02.2026 |
| 10 | Reliance Communication Limited | Parent Company | Canara Bank | Fraud declared | 27.02.2026 |
| 11 | Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | Bank of India | Fraud Declared | 08-08-2025 |
| 12 | Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | Union Bank of India | Fraud Declared | 04-12-2025 |
| 13 | Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | Central Bank of India | Fraud Declared | 17-12-2025 |
| 14 | Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | Canara Bank | Fraud Declared | 27-02-2026 |
| 15 | Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | State Bank of India | Fraud Declared | 11-03-2026 |

Further, during the year, the Company also received notices from various regulatory and enforcement authorities, and certain search and investigation proceedings were conducted at the Company's and certain directors' premises. In compliance with Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has made the requisite disclosures to the Stock Exchanges within the prescribed timelines. Members may access the relevant disclosures on the Company's website at: https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/press-release-stock-exchange-disclosures-2-2/

**Acknowledgement**

Your Board/Resolution Professional express their sincere appreciation for the cooperation and assistance received from Shareholders, Debenture Holders, Bankers, Financial Institutions, Regulatory Bodies, government Authorities, debenture trustee, customers and other business constituents during the year under review. The Directors express their sincere thanks to the Resolution Professional and Committee of Creditors of the Company for continuous support during the year. Your Board/Resolution Professional also wish to place on record their deep sense of appreciation for the commitment displayed by all executives, officers and staff and look forward to their continued support in future.

**By the Order of the**

**Resolution Professional**

Place : Navi Mumbai
Date : May 29, 2026

**Annexure – A**

**FORM NO. MR-3**

**SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2026**

**[Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014)**

To
The Members,
Reliance Communications Limited
H Block 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City,
Navi Mumbai - 400710, Maharashtra, India,

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Reliance Communications Limited** having CIN: L45309MH2004PLC147531 (hereinafter called "the company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 (hereinafter referred to as ("the Audit Period") complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner applicable to it and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2026, accordingly to the provisions of:

i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;

ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;

iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

v. The Following regulations and guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):

   a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

   b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

   c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; **(Not applicable during the year under review)**

   d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; **(Not applicable during the year under review)**

   e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 ; **(Not applicable during the year under review)**

   f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 2025 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with Company;

   g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; **(Not applicable during the year under review)**

   h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations, 2018 ; **(Not applicable during the year under review)**

   i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We have also examined compliance with applicable clauses of the following:

1. Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India;

2. Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited, and Singapore Stock Exchange.

We report that the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (ORP) pursuant to the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. With Effect from 28th June, 2019, its Affairs, Business and Assets are being Managed by, and the powers of the board of directors are vested in, the Resolution Professional (RP), Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, appointed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, vide its order dated June 21, 2019.

During the period under Review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:-

a) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 168 read with Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 15 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Company was required to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies within

the prescribed time for the resignation of Mr. Punit Garg, Director of the Company. However, the Company informed that they are not able to record the aforesaid resignations form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies due to non-availability of minimum number of directors in the company required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

b) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 168 read with Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 15 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Company was required to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies within the prescribed time for the resignation of Ms. Priyanka Agarwal, Director of the Company. However, the Company informed that they are not able to record the aforesaid resignations form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies due to non-availability of minimum number of directors in the company required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

c) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company is not duly constituted, as the Company does not have the minimum required number of directors and proper composition of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The Board presently comprises no active director as against the minimum requirement of three directors for a public company.

d) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, every listed company and such other prescribed classes of companies are required to constitute an Audit Committee comprising a minimum of three directors, with a majority of Independent Directors. During the course of audit, it was observed that the constitution of the Audit Committee of the Company is not in compliance with the aforesaid provisions, as the required composition of the Committee has not been duly maintained.

e) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, every listed company and such other prescribed classes of companies are required to constitute a Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of three or more non-executive directors, out of which not less than one-half shall be Independent Directors. During the course of audit, it was observed that the constitution of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company is not in compliance with the aforesaid provisions, as the required composition of the Committee has not been duly maintained.

f) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, every company having more than one thousand shareholders, debenture-holders, deposit-holders and any other security holders at any time during a financial year is required to constitute a Stakeholders' Relationship Committee consisting of a Chairperson who shall be a non-executive director and such other members as may be decided by the Board. During the course of audit, it was observed that the constitution of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of the Company is not in compliance with the aforesaid provisions, as the required composition of the Committee has not been duly maintained.

g) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 121(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 31(2) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, every listed public company is required to file a report on the Annual General Meeting in Form MGT-15 with the Registrar within 30 days of the conclusion of the AGM. During the course of audit, it was observed that the Company filed Form MGT-15 beyond the prescribed time limit along with additional fees. The Company has stated that the delay was attributable to technical issues on the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) portal.

h) Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 during the course of audit, it was observed that the Company has received cautionary emails from the stock exchanges, namely National Stock Exchange of India and BSE Limited, with respect to delayed submissions. The Company has represented that the delays occurred due to internal approval constraints, particularly in light of the ongoing proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), and that the necessary disclosures were subsequently made to the exchanges.

i) The Company has not recorded the names of the recipient(s) and informant(s) pertaining to the financial information in the Structured Digital Database (SDD) for the quarter ended September 2025. Further, as informed by the Company, the financial information was shared directly during the Board Meeting.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is not properly constituted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws, as the composition of the Board does not meet the prescribed requirements relating to Executive/Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings and its Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Necessary consents from the Directors were obtained to hold Board Meeting at shorter notices, if any.

Details of fraud declaration notices of company's accounts received by RCOM from various banks during the financial year 2025-2026.

| Sr. | Bank Name | Wilful Defaulter/ Fraud Declared | Notice date |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | SBI Limited | Fraud declared | 23.06.2025 |
| 2 | Bank of India | Fraud declared | 08.08.2025 |
| 3 | Bank of Baroda | Fraud declared | 02.09.2025 |
| 4 | UCO Bank | Fraud declared | 26.09.2025 |
| 5 | Central Bank of India | Fraud declared | 04.10.2025 |
| 6 | Bank of Maharashtra | Fraud declared | 04.10.2025 |
| 7 | IDBI Bank Ltd | Fraud declared | 29.10.2025 |
| 8 | Union Bank of India | Fraud declared | 04.12.2025 |
| 9 | Canara Bank | Fraud declared | 27.02.2026 |
| 10 | Canara Bank | Fraud declared | 27.02.2026 |

In this regard, the Company has also received the Forensic Audit Reports from Central Bank of India pertaining to the subject loan accounts during the year under review.

We further report that based on the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorised representatives during the conduct of the audit, there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records on a test-check basis, the Company has complied with the applicable laws specifically related to the Telecom Regulatory framework.

We further report that the records and information pertaining to proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("IBC Code"), were made available to us on a limited basis by the management of the Company and, accordingly, our observations are restricted to the extent of such records and information so provided.

As informed, the Company has responded to notices for demands, claims, penalties, etc. levied by various statutory/ regulatory authorities and initiated actions for corrective measures, whenever necessary.

With effect from 15th May 2018, Listed Entity is under corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) pursuant to the Provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. Its Affairs, business and assets are being managed by, and the powers of the board of directors are vested in, the Resolution Professional (RP), Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty from June 28th 2019, appointed by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench, vide its order dated June 21, 2019.

In FY 2019-20, Shri Anil D Ambani, had resigned with effect from 15th November, 2019; and Shri Suresh Rangachar had resigned with effect from 13th November, 2019 as Directors of the Company. Shri Anil D Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar also filed their respective DIR-11 forms with the Registrar of Companies. The aforementioned resignations were put up to the CoC of the Company for their consideration in accordance with Section 28(1)0) of the Code. However, CoC of the Company at its meeting held on November 20, 2019 considered the resignations tendered by the above directors and expressed a unanimous view that the resignations cannot be accepted and instructed the Resolution Professional to convey to the directors to continue with their duties and responsibilities as directors and provide all cooperation in the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, at least until the completion of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process of the Company. Further, the Resolution Professional (RP) filed an Interlocutory Application bearing Miscellaneous Application No. 232 of 2020 before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) seeking directions against Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar to continue as Directors on the Board of the Company and to declare their resignations as null and void. However, the Hon'ble NCLT, vide order dated April 23, 2025 (published on May 27, 2025), held that Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar cannot be mandated to continue as Directors of the Company and their resignations cannot be declared null and void.

We state that the provisions relating to Audit of Accounts and the related financial records including Income Tax Laws, Central Excise, Sales Tax (GST) Laws, Customs Laws etc., and other connected Rules, Regulations, Orders, Circulars and Notifications have not been dealt with in any manner in our Secretarial Audit Report.

**For Ashita Kaul & Associates**
Practicing Company Secretaries

**Ashita Kaul**
Proprietor
FCS 6988/ CP 6529
Peer Review 1718/2022
UDIN: F006988H000434580

Place: Thane
Date:21/05/2026

**ANNEXURE TO THE SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT**

To,
The Members,

**Reliance Communications Limited**
H Block 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City,
Kopar Khairane, Navi Mumbai – 400710,

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company. The compliance by the Company of the applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit, since the same have been subject to review by the other designated professionals.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For Ashita Kaul & Associates**
Practicing Company Secretaries

**Ashita Kaul**
Proprietor
FCS 6988/ CP 6529
Peer Review 1718/2022
UDIN: F006988H000434580

Place: Thane
Date:21/05/2026

**Annexure – B**

**Disclosure under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **I.** | **Conservation of Energy:** | The Company requires energy for its operations and the Company is making all efforts to conserve energy by monitoring energy costs and periodically reviews of the consumption of energy. It also takes appropriate steps to reduce the consumption through efficiency in usage and timely maintenance / installation / up gradation of energy saving devices. |
| | The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy | |
| | The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy | |
| | The capital investment on energy conservation equipments | |
| **II.** | **Technology Absorption, Adoption and Innovation:** | |
| i. | The efforts made towards technology absorption | The Company uses latest technology and equipments in its business. Further the Company is not engaged in any manufacturing activities. |
| ii. | The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution | |
| iii. | In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) | |
| | a. The details of technology imported | |
| | b. The year of import | |
| | c. Whether technology been fully absorbed? | |
| | d. If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof. | |
| iv. | The expenditure incurred on Research and development | The Company has not spent any amount towards research and developmental activities and has been active in harnessing and tapping the latest and the best technology in the industry. |
| **III.** | **Total foreign exchange earnings and outgo:** | |
| a. | Total Foreign Exchange earnings | : ₹ 81.93 Crore |
| b. | Total Foreign Exchange outgo | : ₹ 18.10 Crore |

## Management Discussion and Analysis

**Forward-looking statements**

*Statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations of the Company describing the Company's objectives, expectations or predictions may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Forward looking statements are based on certain assumptions and expectations of the future events.*

*The Company cannot guarantee that these assumptions and expectations are accurate or will be realized. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statements. Important factors that could influence the Company's operations include interconnect usage charges, determination of tariff and such other charges and levies by the regulatory authority, changes in government regulations, tax laws, economic developments within the country and such other factors globally.*

*The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention, on accrual basis of accounting, and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and comply with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Act. The management of Reliance Communications Limited has used estimates and judgments relating to the financial statements on a prudent and reasonable basis, in order that the financial statements reflect, in a true and fair manner, the state of affairs for the year.*

*The following discussions on our financial conditions and results of operations should be read together with our audited consolidated financial statements and the notes to these statements included in the Annual Report.*

*Unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires, all references herein to "we", "us", "our", "the Company", "Reliance", "RCOM", "RCOM Group" or "Reliance Communications" are to Reliance Communications Limited and its subsidiary companies, joint ventures and associate companies.*

*The Company is in Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR Process" or "CIRP") under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 hence outlook, opportunity and threats, developments, risk and concerns and ratios has not been provided separately as required under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015* ***("Listing Regulations")***.

**Indian Telecom Industry**

India continues to be the one of the largest telecommunications market in the world with appx 1348.07 Million subscribers. During FY 2025-26 we saw the continuation of the consolidation of the Indian mobile telecommunications market into three private players, besides the two PSUs. India has transformed from multi-player hyper competitive market to an Oligopoly and possibly moving towards a duopoly. Given the legal and financial complications around selling of spectrum, pending AGR dues, and the ongoing tax disputes with the government authorities, the industry players balance sheet is stretched with unsustainable debt, continued hyper price competition and upcoming demands for high capex on account of 5G and fiber expansion.

The consolidation has also led to the coming of specialist B2B strengths into sharp focus. Now that Reliance Communications is a pure play B2B operator, the Company is able to better utilize its resources towards focused delivery of its services to the enterprise segment.

**Industry statistics**

- Total number of telephone subscribers (Wireless and Wireline) in India is 1348.07 million at the end of March 2026.
- Wireless subscribers accounted for 96.43% of the overall telecom subscriber base.
- The Internet subscriber base is 1092.79 Million. Wireless internet continued to remain the preferred medium of access and accounted for nearly 1046.26 million nearly 96% of the subscriber base.

**Company Overview**

**Business Areas**

Reliance Communications Limited (RCOM) is a telecommunication service provider with businesses in India National / International Long Distance (NLD) business.

RCOM currently serve nearly 2000 Indian corporations, including, regional and domestic carriers.

**India Operations**

**India Enterprise services**

In India, RCOM provides wireline telecom services to the business and government segments. These include a comprehensive portfolio spanning Network Connectivity, Cloud Networking, , Enterprise Voice, Cloud Telephony, Access Number Services, Collaboration Services, Wholesale Voice & Value Added Service (VAS). The Company currently serves nearly 2000 businesses of all sizes-from multinational conglomerates to SMEs-belonging to almost every vertical: BFSI, Manufacturing, Logistics, Healthcare, IT & ITeS, OTT and New Media, to name just a few.

**Global Operations**

**Overview**

RCOM provide Wholesale Voice services to Mobile Network Operators (MNOs), Fixed Network Operators (FNOs), Tier 1 Carriers, Calling Card Companies and Over-the-Top (OTT) players across the world. Using our global Next-Generation Network (NGN), multiple international Voice PoPs, and established relationships with Carriers across the globe, we help carry Voice to almost every possible destination on the planet.

**Analysis Business Strategy**

**a. Network Infrastructure Enhancement**

We will continue to enhance our network infrastructure footprint across India in order to master the combination of Cloud Orchestration, Network Ubiquity Doing so will establish our strategic building blocks as we continue to move towards becoming the technology infrastructure company of the next decade. Our infrastructure plan will focus on these key areas:

- Connecting new towns with high business potential as part of "City Connect" Initiative

- Identify high potential areas in large cities and expand network footprint to serve customers in these areas
- Leverage Sales effort through comprehensive Channel Partner Program

**b. Continue to Focus on Enhancing Products and Services Portfolio**

We aim to continue to grow our revenue streams through the expansion of our portfolio of service offerings and specific sales and marketing initiatives aimed at increasing our Enterprise customer base across India and globally. Such efforts include focus on new products and enhancements of our solutions portfolio, including VPN, Next-Generation Enterprise Networking, Branch Connect, IP Centrex, SIP Trunk, Mobile SIP trunk and SIP Toll-Free Service.

**c. Focus on Reduction of Operating Costs**

In line with our growth, we also focus on cost management and margin expansion through various measures to reduce our operating costs and achieve cost optimization. We have entered into sharing agreements also to lower our regulatory cash outflows as well as future capex expansion needs.

**Financial Performance - Overview**

The Company's standalone financial performance is disclosed under the head 'Financial Performance' in the Directors' Report. The consolidated performance of the Company is given below:

**Revenues and operating expenses**

On a consolidated basis, in the continuing operations, the Company earned total revenues of ₹ 314 crore (US $ 33 million). The net loss after tax recorded by the Company was (-) ₹ 11,075 crore (US $ (1,168)million). Total operating expenditure stood at ₹ 549 crore (US $ 58 million).

**Operating profit of the continuing operations before finance charges, depreciation and amortisation, exceptional items and provision against fixed assets (EBITDA)**

EBITDA was of ₹ (-) 159 crore (US $ (-) 17 million). The EBITDA margin for the year was (-) 46%.

**Depreciation and amortization**

The Depreciation and Amortization charges were ₹ 111 crore (US $ 12 million)

**Loss before / after tax**

The Loss before exceptional item was ₹ (-) 311 crore (US $ (-) 33 million. Tax credit was to the tune of ₹ 5 crore (US $ 0.53 million). The Loss after tax before exceptional items was ₹ ( 316) crore (US $ (-) 33 million).

**Balance Sheet**

As on March 31, 2026, the Company had total assets of ₹36,338 crore (US $ 3,832 million). Stakeholders' equity was negative (-) ₹1,02,571 crore (US $ 10,816 million), while net debt (i.e. net of excluding cash and cash equivalents) was ₹46,361 crore (US $ 4,931 million), giving a net debt to equity ratio of ((-)0.46 ) times.

**Other financial information:**

(i) Debtors Turnover in days – 348

(ii) Inventory Turnover – NIL*

(iii) Interest Coverage Ratio – NIL*

(iv) Current Ratio – 0.05

(v) Debt Equity Ratio – NIL*

(vi) Operating Profit Margin (%) (continuing operations) : (-) 158

(vii) Net Profit Margin (%) (continuing operations): (-) -381

(viii) details of change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous Financial year : 2026 (₹ 11,075) as compared to (₹ 9,357) in previous year.

**Segment-wise Review**

**1. India Operations Overview**

RCOM's 'India Operations' segment comprises the following businesses-voice, long-distance services and broadband access to enterprise customers; and managed Internet data centre services.

**Revenues and Profit**

The revenues for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 were 345 crore (US $ 36.38 million). The EBITDA during the same period was (-) ₹ 264 crore (US $ 28 million), while the EBIT (Earnings before Interest and Tax) was (loss) (-) ₹ 264 crore (US $ 28 million loss).

**2. Global Operations Overview**

The Global Business Unit offers the International long-distance voice, our business segments Carrier Business units. We provide carrier voice Services.

**Revenues and Profit**

The Revenues for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 in this segment were ₹ 4 crore (US $ 0.42 million). While the EBITDA was ₹ _(-) 5 crore (US$ (-) 0.53million), the EBIT ₹ (-) 5 crore (US $ (-) 0.53 million).

**Strategic Business Units**

**1. Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL)**

RCIL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, offers other marketing services.

**Revenues and Operating Expenses**

RCIL earned total revenues of ₹14 crore (US $ 1 million) during the year, compared to ₹ 12 crore (US $ 1 million) for the previous year. RCIL incurred total operating expenses of ₹ 5 crore (US $1million), compared to 6 crore (US $ 1 million) in the previous year.

**Net Profit / (Loss)**

The net Profit after tax recorded by RCIL was ₹9 crore (US $ 1 million), compared to Profit of ₹ 52 crore (US $ 6.06 million) in the previous year.

**Balance Sheet**

As on March 31, 2026, RCIL had total assets (net) of ₹ 3670 crore (US $ 387 million) and shareholders' fund negative amounting to ₹ 2577 crore (US $ 272 million).

**2. Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL)**

RTL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, holding telecom license in Madhya Pradesh, West Bengal, Himachal Pradesh, Odisha, Bihar, Assam, Kolkata and North East service areas.

**Revenues and Operating Expenses**

RTL earned total revenues of ₹ 0.64 crore (US $ 0.07 million) during the year, compared to ₹0.24 crore (US $ 0.03 million) in the previous year. RTL incurred total operating expenses of ₹ 485 crore (US $ 51 million), compared to ₹ 429 crore (US $ 45 million) in the previous year.

**Net Profit / (Loss)**

The net loss after tax recorded by RTL was ₹ 1, 478 crore (US $155 million), compared to net loss of ₹ 1,287 crore (US $ 151 million) in the previous year

**Balance Sheet**

As on March 31, 2026, RTL had total assets of ₹ 3,802 crore (US $ 400 million) and shareholders' fund negative amounting to ₹16678 crore (US $1,758 million).

**Adequacy of Internal Control and Systems**

The Company has internal controls aimed at achieving efficiency in operations, optimum utilization of resources, effective monitoring and compliance with all applicable laws. The Management Audit Team undertakes extensive checks, process reviews and also conducts internal audits. The Audit Committee of the Board reviews major findings in the internal audit reports as well as the adequacy of internal controls.

**Risk Management Framework**

The Company has instituted a Risk Management framework based on identification of potential risk areas, evaluation of risk intensity, and clear-cut risk mitigation policies, plans and procedures both at the enterprise and operating levels. The framework seeks to facilitate a common organizational understanding of the exposure to various risks and uncertainties at an early stage, followed by timely and effective mitigation. The Audit Committee of the Board reviews the risk management framework at periodic intervals.

**Corporate Governance**

The Company's 'Code of Conduct' policy which has set out the systems, process and policies conforming to international standards are reviewed periodically to ensure their continuing relevance, effectiveness and responsiveness to the needs of investors both local and global and all other stakeholders. We maintained the highest standards of corporate governance principles and best practices.

**Human Resource and Employees Relations**

In the area of HR and Talent Management, the prime focus for the company has been on development of people and process efficiencies.

Under people efficiency improvements, teams across various functions underwent in-house tailor-made trainings anchored by functional SPOCs, and team managers underwent trainings on managing performance through effective feedback process. As part of creating process efficiencies in this field, several process (both online and offline) were analyzed and revamped to make these more effective and impactful. Team structures and roles were closely analyzed and aligned in order to create efficiencies within teams. In addition, changes were made in some key policies to make these more effective and efficient.

**Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company has constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee in compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company. However, Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under are not applicable to the Company for the Financial year 2025-26.

The CSR policy may be accessed on the Company's website at the link; http://www.rcom.co.in/Rcom/about-us/investor-relations/corporate-governance.html.

The CSR Committee as on March 31, 2026, consists of Smt. Grace Thomas as member.

## Corporate Governance Report

**Background:**

Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIR process" or "CIRP") of the Reliance Communication Limited ("Company") vide its order dated May 15, 2018 ("Admission Order"). The NCLT had, pursuant to the Admission Order, appointed an interim resolution professional ("IRP") for the Company vide its order dated May 18, 2018. In terms of the Admission Order, *inter alia*, the management of the affairs of the Company was vested in the interim resolution professional.

Subsequently, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi ("NCLAT"), while adjudicating upon an appeal preferred against the admission of the insolvency application against the Company, vide its order dated May 30, 2018, *inter alia*, stayed the Admission Order and allowed the management of the Company to function ("Stay Order"). On April 30, 2019, the NCLAT, upon allowing the director and shareholder of the Company to withdraw its aforesaid appeal, vacated all interim orders including the Stay Order. The NCLT vide order dated May 7, 2019 directed the interim resolution professional to proceed in the CIRP of the Company.

Thereafter, the Committee of Creditors of the Company ("COC") pursuant to its meeting held on May 30, 2019 resolved with the requisite voting share, to replace the interim resolution professional with Shri. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, as the resolution professional for the Company ("RP" or "Resolution Professional"). Subsequently, the NCLT has appointed Shri. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the RP for the Company vide its order dated June 21, 2019, which was published on June 28, 2019. Accordingly, the management of the Company vests in the RP during the continuance of the CIR process period of the Company.

Accordingly, as per Section 17 of the Code, the powers of the Board of Directors of the Company stand suspended and the same are vested in and are exercised by the RP. However, while the powers of the board of directors stand suspended, the directors continue to hold their respective positions/ designations in the Company and are required to extend all assistance and cooperation to the RP as required in managing the affairs of the Company. Meetings of the directors and committees are called in compliance with the provisions of applicable laws governing the Company, where matters are discussed and the recommendations of the Directors are taken note of by the RP for the purpose of managing the operations of the Company as a going concern to ensure Company remains in compliance and for good corporate governance.

Further, as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time ("Listing Regulations"), the provisions specified in Regulations 17, 18,19, 20 and 21 of the Listing Regulations shall not be applicable during the CIRP of the Company and the roles and responsibilities of the board of directors and the committees, as specified in the respective regulations of the Listing Regulations, are exercised by the RP during the CIRP of the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the Code, various resolution plans in respect of the Company were received by the RP. The CoC, in its meeting held on March 02, 2020, has approved a resolution plan submitted by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("UVARCL") in respect of the Company in terms of the provisions of the Code ("**Resolution Plan**") which was subsequently submitted to the Hon'ble NCLT on March 6, 2020 in accordance with Section 30(6) of the Code. The same continues to remain sub-judice with the Hon'ble NCLT.

In the interim, an application (IA No. 383 of 2023) was filed by UVARCL before NCLT Mumbai, **inter alia**, seeking substitution of itself as the resolution applicant in the resolution plan submitted by it in respect of the Company. Pursuant thereto, the NCLT *vide* its order dated December 12, 2023 has allowed the said application and approved the request for replacement of successful resolution applicant (i.e. UVARCL) with UV Stressed Assets Management Private Limited.

**Our Corporate governance philosophy**

The Company follows the highest standards of corporate governance principles and best practices by adopting the "Reliance Group – Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" as is the norm for all constituent companies in the group. These policies prescribe a set of systems and processes guided by the core principles of transparency, disclosure, accountability, compliances, ethical conduct and the commitment to promote the interests of all stakeholders. The policies and the code are reviewed periodically to ensure their continuing relevance, effectiveness and responsiveness to the needs of our stakeholders.

**Governance Practices and Policies**

The Company, in compliance with applicable laws, has formulated number of policies and introduced several governance practices as follows to comply with the applicable statutory and regulatory requirements with most of them introduced long before they were made mandatory.

**A. Values and commitments**

We have set out and adopted a policy document on 'values and commitments' of the Company. We believe that any business conduct can be ethical only when it rests on the nine core values viz. honesty, integrity, respect, fairness, purposefulness, trust, responsibility, citizenship and caring.

**B. Code of ethics**

Our policy document on 'Code of Ethics' demands that our employees conduct the business with impeccable integrity and by excluding any consideration of personal profit or advantage.

**C. Business policies**

Our 'Business Policies' cover a comprehensive range of issues such as fair market practices, insider information, financial

records and accounting integrity, external communication, work ethics, personal conduct, policy on prevention of sexual harassment, health, safety, environment and quality.

**D. Separation of the Chairman's supervisory role from the executive management**

In line with the best global practices, we have adopted the policy to ensure that the Chairman of the Board shall be a Non-executive Director. However, there is no chairman in the company as on 31st March 2026.

**E. Policy on Prohibition of insider trading**

This document contains the policy on prohibiting trading in the securities of the Company, based on insider or privileged information.

**F. Policy on prevention of sexual harassment**

Our policy on prevention of sexual harassment aims at promoting a productive work environment and protects individual rights against sexual harassment.

**G. Whistle blower Policy / vigil mechanism**

Our Whistle Blower policy encourages disclosure in good faith of any wrongful conduct on a matter of general concern and protects the whistle blower from any adverse personal action. The vigil mechanism has been overseen by the Audit Committee.

It is affirmed that no person has been denied direct access to the chairperson of Audit Committee.

**H. Environment Policy**

The Company is committed to achieve excellence in environmental performance, preservation and promotion of clean environment. These are the fundamental concern in all our business activities.

**I. Risk management**

Our risk management procedures ensure that the management controls various business related risks through means of a properly defined framework.

**J. Boardroom practices**

**a. Chairman**

In line with the highest global standards of corporate governance, the Board has separated the Chairman's role from that of an executive in managing day to day business affairs. However, there is no chairman in the company as on 31st March 2026.

**b. Board charter**

The Company has a comprehensive charter, which sets out clear and transparent guidelines on matters relating to the composition of the Board, scope and function of the Board and its Committees, etc.

**c. Board committees**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and Listing Regulations the Board had constituted Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of Directors.

Currently, as the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, the approval of COC is necessary for appointment & remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial personnel of the Company, in terms of Section 28 of the Code. There is no meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee held during the financial year ending 31stMarch, 2026.

As on March 31, 2026, there was only one Non-Executive – Non-Independent Director Smt. Grace Thomas, on the Board of the Company. She was also a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Subsequently, Smt. Grace Thomas resigned from the office of Director with effect from May 14, 2026. Consequently, Presently there is no Director on the Board of the Company and accordingly, the requisite Board Committees also do not have the necessary composition.

**d. Selection of independent directors**

Considering the requirement of skill sets on the Board, eminent people having an independent standing in their respective field / profession, and who can effectively contribute to the Company's business and policy decisions are considered by Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for appointment, as Independent Directors on the Board. The Committee, *inter alia*, considers qualification, positive attributes, area of expertise and number of directorships and memberships held in various committees of other companies by such persons. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation, and takes appropriate decision.

Every Independent Director, at the first meeting of the Board in which she/he participates as a Director and thereafter at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year or whenever there is any change in the circumstances which may affect his/her status as an independent director, gives a declaration that she/he meets the criteria of independence as provided under law.

**e. Tenure of independent directors**

Tenure of Independent Directors on the Board of the Company shall not exceed as the time period as per provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations amended from time to time.

**f. Independent Director's interaction with stakeholders**

Member(s) of Stakeholders Relationship Committee interacts with the stakeholders on their suggestions and queries, if any, which are forwarded to the Company Secretary.

**g. Familiarisation of board members**

The Board members are periodically given formal orientation and training with respect to the Company's vision, strategic direction, core values including ethics, corporate governance practices, financial matters and business operations. The Directors are facilitated to get familiar with the Company's functions at the

operational levels. Periodic presentations are made at the Board and Committee Meetings, on business and performance updates of the Company, global business environment, business strategy and risks involved. The Board members are also provided with necessary documents / brochures, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarize with the Company's procedures and practices.

Periodic updates for members are also given out on relevant statutory changes and on important issues impacting the Company's business environment.

The details of program for familiarisation of independent directors is put up on the website of the Company at the link https://www.rcom.co.in/download/rcom-familiarisation-program-for-directors/

**h. Meeting of Independent Directors with operating team**

The independent directors of the Company can meet in executive sessions with the various operating teams as and when they deem necessary. These discussions may include topics such as, operating policies and procedures, risk management strategies, measures to improve efficiencies, performance and compensation, strategic issues for Board consideration, flow of information to directors, management progression and succession and others as the independent directors may determine. During these executive sessions, the independent directors have access to members of management and other advisors, as the independent directors may determine and deem fit.

As the Company is currently under CIRP pursuant to the provisions of the Code and since the powers of Board of Directors stood suspended, no such meeting of Independent Directors with operating team was held during the year under review.

**i. Subsidiaries**

All the subsidiaries of the Company are managed by their respective boards except Reliance Telecom Limited which is under CIRP and is under the management and control of its resolution professional; and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL) which was under CIRP and pursuant to approval of its resolution plan by the NCLT Mumbai, is presently under the management and control of a monitoring committee constituted in terms of the resolution plan of RCIL. In all other subsidiaries, their boards have the rights and obligations to manage their companies in the best interest of their stakeholders. The Company monitors performance of subsidiary companies.

Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was admitted by Hon'ble NCLT on September 25, 2019 under CIRP in terms of the Code and Shri. Anish Nanavaty has been appointed as the Resolution Professional of RCIL by the Hon'ble NCLT. Pursuant to the order dated December 19, 2023 passed by the Hon'ble NCLT, the resolution plan dated July 17, 2020 (as amended from time to time until June 21, 2021) read with the Addendum dated August 9, 2021 (collectively the "RCIL Plan") submitted by Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited through its division Infrastructure Projects, in respect of RCIL, has been approved by the Hon'ble NCLT ("Approval Order") and the CIRP of RCIL stood concluded.

Pursuant to the publication of the Approval Order, Shri. Anish Nanavaty has ceased to be the resolution professional of RCIL and has accordingly demitted office. Pursuant to the terms of the RCIL Plan, a monitoring committee ("MC") is required to be constituted, which is required to oversee management of the affairs of RCIL from the date of the Approval Order until the Effective Date (as defined under the RCIL Plan).The MC has since been constituted and has assumed office and is undertaking its roles and responsibilities, in accordance with the terms of the RCIL Plan to effectuate the implementation of the RCIL Plan.

Further, as on 31st March 2026, refer note no 2.03 of the Standalone Financial Statements showing list of Subsidiaries and Associates Companies of the Company.

Further, among foreign subsidiaries, as on 31st March 2026, following below Active and Deregistered companies are:

| Sr. No | Active Companies | Current Status |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Reliance Communications (Hong Kong) Limited (RCHK) | There are no operations, directors and employees in the company. |
| 2 | Aircom Holdco B.V. (Netherland) | There are no operations, directors and employees in the company. |
| 3 | Reliance Communications (Singapore) Pte. Limited | There are no operations & employees in the company. |
| 4 | Reliance Flag Pacific Holdings Limited, Bermuda | There are no operations, directors and employees in the company. |
| 5 | Reliance Infocom, Inc., USA | Active |
| 6 | Reliance Communications, Inc., USA | Active |
| 7 | Bonn Investment, Inc., USA | Active |
| 8 | Reliance Communications International, Inc., USA | Active |
| 9 | Reliance Communications Canada, Inc., USA | Active |
| 10 | Reliance Communications (UK) Limited | Deregistered on 10 June, 2026 |

**Note:** Since the Company is under CIR process, all practices and policies framed related to Board Room are subject to the provisions of the Code.

**J. Role of the Company Secretary in Governance Process**

The Company Secretary plays a key role in ensuring that the Board (including committees thereof) procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the Resolution Professional, Directors and Senior Management for effective decision making at the meetings. The Company Secretary is primarily responsible to assist and advice the Board/ Resolution Professional in the conduct of affairs of the Company and to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and Secretarial Standards to provide guidance to directors and to facilitate to convening of meetings and is the interface between the management and regulatory authorities for governance matters. All the Board/Resolution Professional of the Company have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

**K. Independent Statutory Auditors**

The Company's Financial Statements for the year 2025-26 have been audited by an independent audit firm M/s. Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, who were appointed by the members of the company for a term of five consecutive years until the conclusion of the 22nd Annual General Meeting of the Company.

**L. Compliance with the rules of Singapore Stock Exchange**

6.5 percent Senior Secured Notes due in 2020 are listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange (SGX).

**M. Compliance with the Listing Regulations**

During the year under review, the Company is fully compliant with the mandatory requirements of the Listing Regulations except provision relating to Board of Directors and its committees.

We present our report on compliance of governance conditions specified in Listing Regulations as follows:

**I. Board of Directors**

The Board Composition as on 31st March, 2026 was as follows:

**1. Board composition – Board strength and representation**

As on March 31, 2026, the Board comprised of One director .i.e. Smt. Grace Thomas.

Shri Anil D. Ambani tendered his resignation as a Director of the Company vide letter dated November 15, 2019, on account of the Company being admitted into CIRP. Further, Shri Suresh Rangachar resigned from his position as Director on November 13, 2019; however, no reason for his resignation was provided. Both Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar had filed their respective Form DIR-11 with the Registrar of Companies for recording their resignations.

Subsequently, the Committee of Creditors of the Company ("CoC"), in its meeting held on November 20, 2019, did not accept the said resignations and instructed the Resolution Professional ("RP") to advise the directors to continue discharging their duties and extend necessary cooperation during the CIRP period.

Thereafter, the RP filed an interlocutory application being Miscellaneous Application No. 232 of 2020 before the Hon'ble NCLT, seeking directions to require Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar to continue as Directors and to declare their resignations as null and void. The Hon'ble NCLT, vide its order dated April 23, 2025 (published on May 27, 2025), partly allowed the application. It observed that the Registrar of Companies ought not to have registered Form DIR-11 filed by the aforesaid directors after commencement of CIRP without due authorization from the RP, and accordingly directed the Registrar of Companies to de-register the said forms. However, the Hon'ble NCLT also inter alia held that the directors cannot be compelled to continue on the Board and their resignations cannot be declared null and void.

In view of the above, the Company has taken on record the resignations of Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar with effect from their respective original resignation dates and has filed Form DIR-12 with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in this regard.

During the financial year 2025–26, Shri Punit Garg resigned as a Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director of the Company with effect from 1 April 2025, citing the reason that the resignation was "in line with his resignation from all the board positions in all the companies." However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, Smt. Priyanka Agarwal resigned as a Independent Director of the Company with effect from 1 December 2025, citing "personal and unavoidable circumstances" as the reason for her resignation. However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, Smt. Grace Thomas resigned as a Non-Executive Non Independent Director of the Company with effect from 14 May 2026, citing "personal reasons" as the reason for her resignation. However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Presently there is no director in the Company.

**Notes:**

a. None of the directors are related to any other director and none of the directors has any business relationship with the Company.

b. None of the directors has received any loans and advances from the Company during the financial year.

c. The Company and its subsidiaries have not provided loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested.

As per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the Listing Regulation, the provisions of Regulation 17 to 21 of Listing Regulations are not applicable to the Company during its ongoing CIR Process.

**2. Conduct of Board proceedings**

As the Company is under CIR process, the powers of the board of directors of the Company stand suspended and the same are vested in and are being exercised by the RP. However, while the powers of the board of directors stand suspended, the directors continue to hold their respective positions/ designations in the Company and are required to extend all assistance and cooperation to the RP as required in managing the affairs of the Company and ensuring compliance with applicable laws, given that the directors are well versed with the business of the Company.

The Directors held at least minimum four meetings every year to review and discuss the performance of the Company, its future plans, strategies and other pertinent issues relating to the Company. During the year under review, due to ongoing CIR process, the meetings of the Directors/Committees were chaired by Resolution Professional of the Company.

Meetings of the directors and committees are called in compliance as much as possible with the provisions of applicable laws governing the Company, where the following matters are discussed and the recommendations of the Directors are noted and taken on record by the RP for the purpose of managing the operations of the Company as a going concern and to ensure company remains in compliance and for good corporate governance.

a. Reviewing and guiding corporate strategy, major plans of action, risk policy, annual budgets and business plans; setting performance objectives; monitoring implementation and corporate performance; and overseeing major capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestments.

b. Monitoring the effectiveness of the Company's governance practices and making changes as needed.

c. Selecting, compensating, monitoring and, when necessary, replacing key executives and overseeing succession planning.

d. Aligning key executive and Board remuneration with the longer-term interests of the Company and its shareholders.

e. Ensuring a transparent Board nomination process to the Board of Directors with the diversity of thought, experience, knowledge, perspective and gender in the Board.

f. Monitoring and managing potential conflicts of interest of management, board members and shareholders, including misuse of corporate assets and abuse in related party transactions.

g. Ensuring the integrity of the Company's accounting and financial reporting systems, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in particular, systems for risk management, financial and operational control, and compliance with the law and relevant standards.

h. Overseeing the process of disclosure and communications.

**3. Directors meetings**

The Directors of the Company held 4 meetings during financial year 2025-26 on May 27, 2025, August 13, 2025, November 14, 2025 and February 13, 2026. The maximum time gap between any two meetings was 92 days and the minimum gap was 77 days.

The Company periodically reviews compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company.

**4. Legal Compliance Monitoring**

The Company monitors statutory compliances and delay or non-compliance are escalated and reported for remedial action. A compliance report from the various departments of the Company, pertaining to the laws applicable to the Company is placed before the Directors in their meetings. Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, the Directors periodically reviews the legal compliances mechanism.

**5. Attendance of Directors**

Attendance of directors at the Directors meetings held during financial year 2025-26 and the last Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2025 and the details of directorships (calculated as per provisions of Section 165 of the Act), Committee Chairmanships and memberships held by the directors as on March 31, 2026 were as under:

| Name of the Director | Number of Board/ Directors meetings attended out of Four meetings held | Attendance at the last AGM held on September 30, 2025 | Number of directorship (including RCOM) | Committee(s) membership (including RCOM) | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | Membership | Chairmanship |
| Shri Punit Garg* | 0 | Absent | - | None | None |
| Smt. Grace Thomas | 4 | Present | 1 | 4 | None |
| Smt. Priyanka Agarwal** | 3 | Absent | - | None | None |

*The details of directorships, committee memberships, and chairmanships provided in this report are based on the best available information with the Company. In the absence of requisite disclosures from the Directors, the Company is not in a position to comment on the number of directorships held by Shri Punit Garg and Smt. Priyanka Agarwal.

Further, Shri Punit Garg resigned as a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director, citing that his resignation was in line with his resignation from all board positions across companies, and the same has been taken on record by the Company and the RP. Smt. Priyanka Agarwal was appointed as a Director with effect from December 09, 2024 and subsequently resigned with effect from December 01, 2025.Further, due to citing personal reason Smt Grace Thomas also resigned with the effect from 14th May 2026 who appointed as Non-Executive Non Independent Director of the company.

However, in order to comply with the requirement of maintaining the minimum number of directors as prescribed under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is presently unable to file Form DIR-12 for recording the cessation of directorship of Shri Punit Garg, Smt. Priyanka Agarwal and Smt. Grace Thomas.

Further, as the Company is undergoing the CIRP, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors, as required under Regulation 25(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, was not held during the year.

**Notes:**

a. None of the directors hold directorships in more than 20 companies of which directorship in public companies does not exceed 10 in line with the provisions of Section 165 of the Act.

b. Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 17A(1) of the Listing Regulations, none of the Director holds directorship in more than 7 listed companies.

c. None of the directors hold membership of more than 10 committees of board, nor, is a Chairman of more than 5 committees of across board of all listed entities.

d. None of the independent director holds the position of the Independent Director in more than seven listed companies as required under the Listing Regulations.

e. None of the Director has been appointed as Alternate Director for Independent Director.

f. The information provided above pertains to the following committees in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 26(1) (b) of Listing Regulations:

   (i) Audit Committee, and

   (ii) Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

g. The Committee membership and chairmanship above excludes membership and chairmanship in private companies, foreign companies and Section 8 companies.

h. Membership of Committees includes chairmanship, if any.

i. No Non-Executive Director of the Company has attained the age of 75 years.

**6. Directorships in other listed entities:**

The details of directorships held by the directors of the Company in other listed entities as on March 31, 2026 are as follows:

| Name of Director | Other directorships in listed entities | Category | Date of Resignation |
|---|---|---|---|
| Shri Punit Garg | None* | None* | 01/04/2025 |
| Smt. Grace Thomas | None* | None* | 14/05/2026 |
| Smt. Priyanka Agarwal | None* | None* | 01/12/2025 |

*The details of other directorships in listed entities provided in this Report are based on the best available information with the Company as on the date of resignation of the respective Director. In the absence of requisite disclosures from the Directors, the Company has relied upon the information available with it.

**7. Core Skills / Expertise / Competencies available with the Board**

The board comprises of highly qualified members who possess required skills, expertise and competence that allow them to make effective contributions to the Board and its Committees.

The core skills/ expertise/ competencies required in the Board in the context of the Company's Businesses and sectors functioning effectively as identified by the Board of Directors of the Company are tabulated below:

| Core skills/ | Name of the Directors | |
|---|---|---|
| Competencies/ Expertise | Smt. Priyanka Agarwal | Smt. Grace Thomas |
| Business Strategy | - | - |
| Business Policy | √ | √ |
| Business Development | - | - |
| Risk Management | √ | √ |
| Legal | √ | √ |
| Commercial | √ | √ |
| Project Management | - | - |
| Procurement | - | - |
| Engineering | - | - |
| Finance | √ | √ |
| Human Resource | - | √ |

*The details of other directorships in listed entities provided in this Report are based on the best available information with the Company as on the date of resignation of the respective Director. In the absence of requisite disclosures from the Directors, the Company has relied upon the information available with it.

**8. Brief Profile of Director as on 31st March 2026**

**Smt. Grace Thomas**

Smt. Grace Thomas, is a post graduate, M.Sc. in Physics (Electronics) from Mumbai University. She has more than 40 years experience in taxation and administration. She has worked with Income Tax Dept in various capacities for 22 years and has retired as Asst. Commissioner of Income Tax (IRS). She is associated with RCOM, as a Consultant / employee since last 18 years.

Smt. Grace Thomas is the only member of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and CSR Committee of the Company as on 31st March 2026.

After the financial year end, Smt. Grace Thomas resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from 14 May 2026, citing "personal reasons" as the reason for her resignation. However, the Company has not been able to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies to record the said resignation due to the non-availability of the minimum number of directors required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

**II. Audit Committee**

Since the Company is under CIR process, as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the Listing Regulations, Regulations 17, 18,19, 20 and 21 of the Listing Regulations relating to various committees including Audit Committee are not applicable to the Company during the CIR Process.

The Audit Committee currently consists of Smt. Grace Thomas, Director, as a member as on 31st March 2026.

The Audit Committee, *inter-alia*, advises the management on the areas where systems, processes, measures for controlling and monitoring revenue assurance, internal audit and risk management can be improved.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee in normal circumstances, *inter-alia*, comprises the following:

1. Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
2. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company;
3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
    a. matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
    b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same

c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management

d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings

e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements

f. Disclosure of any related party transactions

g. Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report

5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
7. Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
8. Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
10. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the company, wherever it is necessary;
11. Review the Company's established system and processes of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
12. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
13. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
14. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
15. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
16. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
17. To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
18. To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
19. Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
20. Review of utilization of loans and/or advances from/ investment by the holding Company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans/ advances/investments existing as on the date of coming into force of the provision.
21. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
22. consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.

However, considering that the Company is undergoing CIR Process under the Code, the Audit Committee acts on its terms of reference subject to the provisions of the Code.

The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

1. management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
2. management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
3. internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
4. the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee.
5. statement of deviations:
   i. quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the listing regulations.
   ii. annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of the listing regulations.

However, as the Company is under CIRP, the powers of the board of directors of the Company stand suspended and the same are vested in and are exercised by the RP. The directors continue to hold their respective positions/ designations in the Company and are required to extend all assistance and cooperation to the RP as required in managing the affairs of the Company.

Meetings of the Audit Committee are called in compliance with the provisions of applicable laws governing

the Company, where matters are discussed and the recommendations of the members of the Audit Committee are taken note of by the Directors and the RP for the purpose of managing the operations of the Company as a going concern, ensure company remains in compliance and for good corporate governance, subject to the provisions of the Code.

The minutes of the meetings of Audit Committee are placed before the Board/Resolution Professional of the Company.

The Board/Resolution Professional have confirmed that during the financial year, they have accepted all recommendations of Audit Committee which are mandatorily required.

Attendance at the meetings of the Audit Committee held during financial year 2025-26.

The Audit Committee held its meetings on May 27, 2025, August 13, 2025, November 14, 2025 and February 13, 2026. The maximum time gap between any two meetings was 92 days and the minimum gap was 77 days.

Attendance at the meeting of the Audit Committee held during financial year 2025-26, is as follows:

| Name of the Director | Number of Meeting held | Number of Meeting Attended |
|---|---|---|
| Shri Punit Garg* | 0 | 0 |
| Smt. Grace Thomas* | 4 | 4 |
| Smt. Priyanka Agarwal* | 3 | 3 |

*During the financial year Shri Punit Garg resigned 01st April, 2025, Smt. Priyanka Agarwal resigned on 01st December 2025 and Smt. Grace Thomas resigned on 14th May 2026 respectively.

As on 31st March 2026, only one member in the Audit Committee i.e. Smt. Grace Thomas who is also resigned 14th May 2026 hence thereafter no member in Audit Committee.

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee.

During the financial year, the Audit Committee discussed with the Company's Auditors the overall scope and plans for the independent audit. The Management represented to the Committee that the Company's financial statements were prepared in accordance with prevailing laws and regulations. The Committee discussed the Company's audited financial statement, the rationality of significant judgments and the clarity of disclosures in the financial statements. Based on the review and discussions conducted with the Management and the auditors, the Audit Committee believes that the Company's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with prevailing laws and regulations in all material aspects.

The Committee has also reviewed the internal controls put in place to ensure that the accounts of the Company are properly maintained and that the accounting transactions are in accordance with the prevailing laws and regulations. In conducting such reviews, the Committee found no material discrepancy or weakness in the internal control systems of the Company. The Committee also reviewed the financial policies of the Company and expressed its satisfaction with the same. The Committee, after review expressed its satisfaction on the independence of both the internal as well as the statutory auditors.

The Company has appointed Cost Auditors pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, the cost audit reports were placed and discussed at the Audit Committee Meeting.

**III. Nomination and Remuneration Committee**

Since the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the Listing Regulations, Regulations 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of the Listing Regulations relating to various committees including Nomination and Remuneration Committee are not applicable to the Company during the CIR Process. Despite the abovementioned exemption, the Company has a Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the terms of reference of Nomination and Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations. The Committee consist of one member as on 31st March, 2026, viz; Smt. Grace Thomas.

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference, *inter alia* comprises the following:

i. To formulate process for selection and appointment of new directors and succession plans.

ii. Recommend to the Board from time to time, a compensation structure for directors, key managerial personnel and the senior management personnel.

iii. Identifying persons who are qualified to be appointed as directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend their appointment and/or removal to the Board.

iv. Formulation the criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors, the Board and the committees thereof.

v. To assess whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent directors, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;

vi. Devising a policy on board diversity.

vii. Performing functions relating to all share based employees benefits;

viii. Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of

a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.

ix. Recommending to the Board, all remunerations, in whatever form, payable to senior Management of the Company.

As mentioned above, the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process and as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the Listing Regulations, the provisions specified in Regulations 19 of the Listing Regulations relating to Nomination and Remuneration Committee are not applicable to the Company during CIRP and thus There was no meeting of Nomination and Remuneration Committee held during FY 2025-26.

Currently as the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, the approval of CoC is necessary, in terms of Section 28 of the Code, for the appointment and remuneration/sitting fees of Director and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

**Criteria for making payments to non executive directors**

The remuneration to non executive directors is benchmarked with the relevant market and performance oriented, balanced between financial and sectoral market, comparative scales, aligned to Corporate goals, role assumed and number of meetings attended.

Details of sitting fees paid to the Directors during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026.

| Name of the Directors | Designation | Sitting Fee Paid (Rs. In Lakhs) |
|---|---|---|
| Shri Punit Garg | Non-Executive Non Independent Director | 0 |
| Smt. Grace Thomas | Non-Executive Non Independent Director | 3.20 |
| Smt. Priyanka Agarwal | Non-Executive Independent Director | 2.40 |

**Notes:**

a. There were no other pecuniary relationships or transactions of non-executive directors vis-à-vis the Company.

b. The Company has so far not issued any stock options to its non-executive directors.

c. Pursuant to the limits approved by the Board/ COC eligible non-executive directors were paid sitting fees of Rs.40,000 (excluding taxes as applicable) for attending each meeting of the Board and its committees.

d. No remuneration by way of Commission to the non-executive directors is proposed for the financial year 2025-26.

**Disclosure as required under Schedule V of the Act with respect to the remuneration paid to Shri Rakesh Gupta, as Manager as under:**

| | | (In Crore) |
|---|---|---|
| (i) | All elements of remuneration package such as salary, benefits, bonuses, stock options, pensions etc - | NIL |
| (ii) | Details of fixed component and performance linked incentives along with the performance criteria: | |
| | Fixed component – (Including PF and Gratuity which shall be excluded for the purpose of Schedule V ceiling limit) | NIL |
| | Perquisites - | NIL |
| | Performance linked incentive - | - |
| (iii) | Service contracts - | 3 years* |
| | Notice Period - | One Month |
| | Severance fees – | - |
| (iv) | Stock option details, if any – | Not Applicable |

*Shri Rakesh Gupta appointed Manager as on 03rd Feb 2024.

**IV. Stakeholders Relationship Committee**

Since the Company is under CIRP, as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the Listing Regulations 17, 18,19, 20 and 21 of the Listing Regulations relating to various committees including Stakeholders Relationship Committee are not applicable to the Company during the CIR Process. Despite the abovementioned exemption, the Company has a Stakeholders Relationship Committee ('**SRC**') in terms of Section 178 of the Act and Listing Regulations. The terms of reference of SRC are in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act, Listing Regulations and other applicable laws.

As on March 31, 2026, the Committee consisted of Smt. Grace Thomas as member.

The terms of reference, *Inter alia*, comprises the following:

a. To resolve the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer / transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new / duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.

b. To review and approve the transfer, transmission and transposition of securities of the Company or to sub delegate such powers;

c. To approve the issue of new/duplicate certificates for shares/debentures or such other securities;

d. To review the transfer of amount and shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund;

e. review periodical reports which may be in the interest of the stakeholders of the Company;

f. To review the measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.

g. To review the adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar and Transfer Agent.

h. To review various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants / annual reports / statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

As mentioned above, the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process and as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B) of the Listing Regulations, the provisions specified in Regulations 20 of the Listing Regulations relating to Stakeholders Relationship Committee is not applicable to the Company during the CIR Process and thus there was no meeting of Stakeholders Relationship Committee held during FY 2025-26.

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Stakeholders Relationship Committee. Shri Rakesh Gupta is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company.

The Chairman of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee was not present at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company as there is no chairman in the Committee.

**Investors' Grievances Attended**

| Received from | Received during | | Redressed during | | Pending as on | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 2025-26 | 2024-25 | 2025-26 | 2024-25 | 31.3.2026 | 31.3.2025 |
| SEBI | 11 | 10 | 11 | 10 | NIL | NIL |
| Stock Exchanges | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | NIL | NIL |
| NSDL / CDSL | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NIL | NIL |
| Direct from investors | 374 | 321 | 374 | 321 | NIL | NIL |
| **Total** | **385** | **332** | **385** | **332** | **NIL** | **NIL** |

**Analysis of Grievances**

| Nature of Grievances | 2025-26 | | 2024-25 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Numbers | % | Numbers | % |
| Non-receipt of Annual Report | 165 | 42.86 | 185 | 55.72 |
| Non-receipt of dividend | 185 | 48.05 | 94 | 28.31 |
| Non receipt of share certificates | 24 | 6.23 | 42 | 12.66 |
| Others | 11 | 2.86 | 11 | 3.31 |
| **Total** | **385** | **100.00** | **332** | **100.00** |

There was no complaint pending as on March 31, 2026.

**Notes:**

1. The shareholder base was 15,76,653 as of March 31, 2026 and 15,63,854 as of March 31, 2025.
2. Investors' queries / grievances are normally attended within a period of three working days from the date of receipt thereof, except in cases involving external agencies or compliance with longer procedural requirements specified by the authorities concerned. There was no complaint pending as on March 31, 2026.

**V. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee**

The Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee. The terms of reference of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee are in compliance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws. The CSR Committee as on March 31, 2026 consists of Smt Grace Thomas as member.

However Section 135 and rules made there under are not applicable to the Company for the financial year 2025-26.

The Committee's prime responsibility is to assist the Board in discharging its social responsibilities by way of formulating and monitoring implementation of the framework of 'Corporate Social Responsibility Policy'. The CSR Committee has formulated a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR policy) indicating the activities to be undertaken by the Company.

The Committee's terms of reference meet with the requirements of the Act and rules made thereunder.

During the year under review, no meeting of the CSR Committee was held.

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to CSR Committee.

**VI. Risk Management Committee**

Currently as the Company is under CIR process, the mandatory requirement under Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations to constitute a separate Risk Management Committee is not applicable to the Company and thus, the Audit Committee looks after the functions of the Risk Management Committee and Management presents risk and mitigation of the current businesses of the Company at Audit Committee Meetings. As and when require in future, said Committee will be constituted.

**VII. Compliance Officer**

Shri Rakesh Gupta is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company. The Compliance Officer is entrusted with the role of complying with the requirements of various provisions of the laws and regulations impacting the Company's business including the Listing Regulations and the Uniform Listing Agreements entered into with the Stock Exchanges.

**IX. General Body Meetings**

The Company held its General Meetings in last three years as under:

| Financial Year and type of meeting | Date and time | Whether Special Resolution passed or not |
|---|---|---|
| 2024-25 | September 30th 2025 at 11:30 AM | Yes |
| 2023-24 | September 28, 2024 At 11.30 AM | No |
| 2022-23* | September 30, 2023 At 11.30 AM | No |

* The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") had vide its circular dated September 22nd 2025, read with circulars dated September 19, 2024, September 25, 2023, May 05. 2022, May 5, 2020, dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 and (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars" permitted the Company for holding of the "AGM" through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. Accordingly, in compliance with the provisions of the Act, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company dated September 30, 2025, September 28, 2024 and September 30, 2023 were held through VC / OAVM.

During the year, there was no Extra-ordinary General Meeting held by the Company.

**X. Postal Ballot**

The Company had not conducted any business through Postal Ballot during the financial year 2025-26.

None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuing Annual General Meeting require passing of a special resolution through postal ballot.

**XI. Details of utilisation**

During the year, the Company has not raised any funds through Preferential Allotment or Qualified Institutional Placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A) of the Listing Regulations.

**XII. Means of Communication**

a. Quarterly Results: Quarterly Results in ordinary course are published in Financial Express, English newspaper circulating in substantially the whole of India and in Pratahkal (Marathi) vernacular newspaper and are also posted on the Company's website www.rcom.co.in.

b. Media Releases and Presentations: Official media releases are sent to the Stock Exchanges before their release to the media for wider dissemination. Presentations made to media, analysts, institutional investors, etc., if any, are posted on Company's website.

c. Company Website: The Company's website www.rcom.co.in contains a separate dedicated section 'Investor Relations/Disclosure under Regulation 46 and 62 of LODR'. It contains comprehensive database of information of interest to our investors including the financial statements and Annual Report of the

Company, information on dividend declared by the Company, MOA and AOA of the Company and any price sensitive information disclosed to the regulatory authorities from time to time, business activities and the services rendered / facilities extended by the Company to our investors, in a user friendly manner. The basic information about the Company as called for in terms of Listing Regulations is provided on Company's website and the same is updated regularly.

d. Annual Report: The Annual Report containing, Inter alia, Notice of Annual General Meeting, Audited Financial Statements, Consolidated Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to members and others entitled thereto. The Management Discussion and Analysis Report and Corporate Governance Report forms part of the Annual Report and are displayed on the Company's website.

   The Act read with the Rules made thereunder and the Listing Regulations facilitate the service of documents to Members through electronic means. In compliance with the various relaxations provided by SEBI and MCA, the Company E-mails the soft copy of the Annual Report to all those Members whose E-mail Ids are available with the Company / depositories or Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company and has urged the other Members to register their E-mail Ids to receive the communication electronically.

e. NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS) and NSE Digital Exchange Portal: The NEAPS and NSE Digital Exchange Portal are web based systems designed by NSE for corporates. The Shareholding Pattern, Corporate Governance Report, Corporate announcements, media releases, financial results, Annual Report etc. are filed electronically thereon.

f. BSE Corporate Compliance and Listing Centre ("the Listing Centre"): The Listing Centre is web based application designed by BSE for corporates. The Shareholding Pattern, Corporate Governance Report, Corporate Announcement, Media Release, Results etc. are filed electronically on the Listing Centre.

g. Unique Investor Helpdesk: Exclusively for investor servicing, the Company has set up a unique investor helpdesk with multiple access modes as under:

   Toll free no. (India) : 1800 309 4001
   E-mail : einward.ris@kfintech.com

h. Designated E-mail-id: The Company has also designated the E-mail-id rcom(dot)investors@rcom(dot)co(dot)in exclusively for investor servicing.

i. SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES): The investors' complaints are also being processed through the centralized web base complaints redressal system. The salient features of SCORES are availability of centralised data base of the complaints, uploading online action taken reports by the Company. Through SCORES the investors can view online, the actions taken and current status of the complaints. In its efforts to improve ease of doing business, SEBI has launched a mobile app "SEBI SCORES", making it easier for investors to lodge their grievances with SEBI, as they can now access SCORES at their convenience of a smart phone.

**XIII. Management Discussion and Analysis**

A Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of this Annual Report and includes discussions on various matters specified under Regulation 34(2)(e) and Schedule V of the Listing Regulations.

**XIV. Subsidiaries**

All the subsidiaries of the Company are managed by their respective boards except Reliance Telecom Limited which is under CIRP and RCIL which was under CIRP and is now at stage of implementation of its resolution plan. In all other subsidiaries, their boards have the rights and obligations to manage their companies in the best interest of their stakeholders. The Company monitors performance of subsidiary companies.

Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company was admitted by Hon'ble NCLT on September 25, 2019 under CIRP in terms of the Code and Shri. Anish Nanavaty has been appointed as the Resolution Professional of RCIL by the Hon'ble NCLT. Pursuant to the order dated December 19, 2023 passed by the Hon'ble NCLT, the resolution plan dated July 17, 2020 (as amended from time to time until June 21, 2021) read with the Addendum dated August 9, 2021 (collectively the "RCIL Plan") submitted by Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited through its division Infrastructure Projects, in respect of RCIL has been approved by the Hon'ble NCLT and the CIRP stood concluded.

Pursuant to the publication of the order dated 19 December, 2023 passed by the Hon'ble NCLT with respect to RCIL, Shri. Anish Nanavaty has ceased to be the resolution professional of RCIL and has accordingly demitted office. Pursuant to the terms of the RCIL Plan, a monitoring committee ("MC") is required to be constituted, which is required to oversee management of the affairs of RCIL from the date of the Approval Order until the Effective Date (as defined under the RCIL Plan). MC has since been constituted which has assumed its office and is undertaking its roles and responsibilities, in accordance with the terms of the RCIL Plan to effectuate the implementation of the RCIL Plan.

Among foreign subsidiaries of the Company, no company were deregistered during the financial year 2025-26. Further Reliance Communications (UK) Limited has Deregistered on 10 June, 2026.

The Company monitors performance of subsidiary companies, inter *alia*, by the following means:

a. Financial statement, in particular the investments made by unlisted subsidiary companies are reviewed quarterly by the Audit Committee of the Company.

b. Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors of all Indian subsidiary companies are placed before the Company's Board regularly.

c. A statement containing all the significant transactions and arrangements entered into by the unlisted subsidiary companies are placed before the Company's Board / Audit Committee.

d. Quarterly review of Risk Management process by Audit Committee / Board.

The policy for determination of material subsidiary is put on the website of the Company at the link https://www.rcom.co.in/our-company/investor-relations/corporate-governance/

**XV. Disclosures**

**A.** There has been no non-compliance by the Company markets during last three years. During the last three financial year, no penalties or strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any other statutory Authority except as follows:

During the financial year 2023-24, for late filing of shareholding pattern of quarter ended June 2023, within prescribed due date pursuant to Regulation 31, of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**B. Related party transactions**

As the Company is under CIRP, in terms of Section 28(1)(f) of the Code, the approval of the CoC of the Company was taken for related party transactions in CoC meeting(s) during the financial year 2025-26.

During the financial year 2025-26, no transactions of material nature had been entered into by the Company that may have a potential conflict with interest of the Company.

The details of related party transactions are disclosed in Notes to Accounts. The policy on dealing with related party transactions is placed on the Company's website at www.rcom.co.in

**C. Accounting treatment**

In preparation of financial statements, the Company has followed the Accounting Standards as prescribed under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 ('Ind AS') 'prescribed under Section 133 of the Act and other recognized accounting practices and policies. The Accounting Policies followed by the Company to the extent relevant, are set out elsewhere in this Annual Report.

**D. Code of conduct**

The Company has adopted the code of conduct and ethics for directors and senior management. The code has been circulated to all the members of the Board and senior management and the same has been posted on Company's website www.rcom.co.in. The Directors and senior management have affirmed their compliance with the code and a declaration signed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company appointed in terms of the Act is given below:

"It is hereby declared that the Company has obtained from Directors and senior management personnel of the Company affirmation that they have complied with the Code of Conduct for directors and senior management for the year 2025-26.

**E. CEO and CFO certification**

Shri Srinivasan Gopalan Chief Financial Officer of the Company has provided certification on financial reporting and internal controls to the Board as required under Regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations.

**F. Review of Directors' Responsibility Statement**

The Directors in its report have confirmed that the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2026 have been prepared as per applicable accounting standards and policies and that sufficient care has been taken for maintaining adequate accounting records.

**G. Certificate from a Company Secretary in Practice**

Pursuant to the provisions of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, the Company has obtained a certificate from M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates, Company Secretaries in practice confirming that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other statutory authority. The copy of the same forms part of this Annual Report.

**H. Payment to Statutory Auditors**

The details of fees paid to M/s. Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors by the Company and its subsidiaries during the year ended March 31, 2026 are as follows:

| Particulars | Amount (Rs In Lakhs) |
|---|---|
| Audit Fees | 75 |

I. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

As reported by Internal Complaint Committee, the details of Complaints are as under:

| S. No. | Particulars | Details |
|---|---|---|
| 1. | Number of complaints filed during the financial year | 0 |
| 2. | Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year | 0 |
| 3. | Number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year | 0 |

**XVI. Policy on prohibition of insider trading**

The Company has formulated the "Reliance Communications Limited - Code of Practices and Procedures and Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report trading in securities and fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information" (Code of Practices) in accordance with the guidelines specified under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.

The Board has appointed Company Secretary as the Compliance Officer under the Code of Practices responsible for complying with the procedures, monitoring adherence to the rules for the preservation of price sensitive information, preclearance of trade, monitoring of trades and implementation of the Code of Practices under the overall supervision of the Board. The Company's Code of Practices, inter-alia, prohibits purchase and/or sale of securities of the Company by an insider, while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and also during certain prohibited periods. The Company's Code of Practices is available on the website of the Company.

Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Trading Window for dealing in the securities of the Company by the designated persons shall remain closed during the period from end of every quarter / year till the expiry of 48 hours from the declaration of quarterly / yearly financial results of the Company.

**XVII. Compliance of Regulation 34(3) and Para F of Schedule V of Listing Regulations**

As per Regulation 34(3) and Para F of Schedule V of Listing Regulations, the details in respect of equity shares lying in "Unclaimed Suspense Account – Reliance Communications Limited" were as follows:

| | Particulars | No. of Shareholders | No. of Shares |
|---|---|---|---|
| a. | Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in suspense account as on April 1, 2025 | 233 | 19495 |
| b. | Number of shareholders who approached issuer for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year | 00 | 00 |
| c. | Less: Number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year. | 00 | 00 |
| d. | Number of shares transferred to IEPF | 00 | 00 |
| e. | Aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares lying in suspense account as on March 31, 2026 | 233 | 19495 |

The voting rights on the shares outstanding in the suspense account as on March 31, 2026 shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.

Wherever shareholders have claimed the shares, after proper verification, the share certificates were dispatched to them or credited the shares to the respective beneficiary account.

**XVIII. Compliance with discretionary requirements**

**1. The Board**

Our Chairman is a non-executive Chairman and is entitled to maintain Chairman's office at the Company's expense and also allowed reimbursement of expenses incurred in performance of his duties. However, as on 31st March 2026, there is no designated Chairman in the Company.

**2. Audit Qualifications**

The qualification and management response to it are mentioned in Directors Report forming part of this report

**3. Separate posts of Chairman and CFO/KMP**

The Company maintains separate posts of Chairman and CFO/KMP. Shri Srinivasan Gopalan is appointed as the CFO and Shri Rakesh Gupta is appointed as Manager(KMP) of the Company. However, as on 31st March 2026, there is no designated Chairman in the Company.

**4. Reporting of Internal Auditor**

The internal auditor directly report to the Audit Committee of the Company.

**XIX. General shareholder information**

The mandatory and various additional information of interest to investors are voluntarily furnished in a separate section on investor information in this annual report.

**Practicing Company Secretary's Certificate on Corporate Governance**

The Certificate from Company Secretary in Practice on compliance of Regulation 34(3) of the Listing Regulations relating to corporate governance is published in this Annual Report.

## Corporate Governance Report

**Review of governance practices**

We have in this report attempted to present the governance practices and principles being followed at Reliance Communications Limited, as evolved over a period, and as best suited to the needs of our business and stakeholders.

Our disclosures and governance practices are continually revisited, reviewed and revised to respond to the dynamic needs of our business and ensure that our standards are at par with the globally recognized practices of governance, so as to meet the expectations of all our stakeholders.

**Compliance of Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulation 17 to 27 and Regulation 46(2)(b) to (i) of the Listing Regulations**

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Regulations | Compliance Status | Compliance Observed |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Board of Directors | 17* | As Company into CIRP, LODR Regulation 17 is not Applicable | • Composition & Meetings<br>• Review of compliance reports & compliance certificate<br>• Plans for orderly succession for appointments<br>• Code of Conduct<br>• Fees / compensation to Non-Executive Directors<br>• Minimum information to be placed before the Board<br>• Compliance Certificate<br>• Risk assessment and management<br>• Recommendation of the Board |
| 2. | Maximum number of Directorship | 17A* | Yes | • Directorship in listed entities |
| 3. | Audit Committee | 18* | As Company into CIRP, LODR Regulation 18 is not Applicable | • Composition & Meetings<br>• Power of the Committee<br>• Role of the Committee and review of information by the Committee |
| 4. | Nomination and Remuneration Committee | 19* | As Company into CIRP, LODR Regulation 19 is not Applicable | • Composition<br>• Meetings of the Committee<br>• Role of the Committee |
| 5. | Stakeholders Relationship Committee | 20* | As Company into CIRP, LODR Regulation 20 is not Applicable | • Composition<br>• Meetings of the Committee<br>• Role of the Committee |
| 6. | Risk Management Committee | 21* | As Company into CIRP, LODR Regulation 21 is not Applicable | As per the relaxation provided by Regulation 15 (2A) of the Listing Regulations for Companies under CIR Process |
| 7. | Vigil Mechanism | 22 | Yes | • Review of Vigil Mechanism for Directors and employees |

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Regulations | Compliance Status | Compliance Observed |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8. | Related Party Transactions | 23 | Yes | • Direct access to Chairperson of Audit Committee As the Company is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, in terms of Section 28(1)(f) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, during the financial year 2025-26 approval of the committee of creditors of the Company has been taken for all related party transactions.<br>• Policy of Materiality of Related Party Transactions and dealing with Related Party Transactions:<br>• Approval including omnibus approval of Audit Committee;<br>• Review of Related Party Transactions;<br>• No material Related Party Transactions;<br>• Disclosure of Related Party Transactions on consolidated basis<br>Disclosure to stock exchanges and on website. |
| 9. | Subsidiaries of the Company | 24 | Yes | • Appointment of Company's Independent Director on the Board of material subsidiary – N.A.<br>• Review of financial statements of subsidiary by the Audit Committee<br>• Minutes of the Board of Directors of the subsidiaries are placed at the meeting of the Board of Directors<br>• Significant transactions and arrangements of subsidiary are placed at the meeting of the Board of Directors. |
| 10. | Secretarial Compliance Report | 24A | Yes | Secretarial Compliance Report<br>Secretarial Audit Report |
| 11. | Obligations with respect to Independent Directors | 25 | Yes | Maximum directorships and tenure<br>• Meetings of Independent Directors Cessation and appointment of Independent Directors- NIL<br>• Familiarisation of Independent Directors<br>• No alternate Director for Independent Directors Declaration by Independent Directors<br>• D&O Insurance – Company has not renewed D&O Insurance since 01st April, 2019. |
| 12. | Obligations with respect to employees including Senior Management, Key Managerial Personnel, Directors and Promoters | 26 | Yes | • Memberships / Chairmanships in Committees<br>• Affirmation on compliance of Code of Conduct by Directors and Senior Management<br>• Disclosures of Shareholding by Non-Executive Directors<br>• Disclosures by Senior Management about potential conflicts of interest<br>• No agreement with regard to compensation or profit sharing in connection with dealings in securities of the Company by Key Managerial Personnel, Director and Promoter. |

## Corporate Governance Report

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Regulations | Compliance Status | Compliance Observed |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 13. | Other Corporate Governance requirements | 27 | Yes | • Compliance with discretionary requirements<br>• Filing of quarterly compliance report on Corporate Governance |
| 14. | Website | 46(2) (b) to (i) and (t) | Yes | • Terms and conditions for appointment of Independent Directors<br>• Composition of various Committees of the Board of Directors<br>• Code of Conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel<br>• Details of establishment of Vigil Mechanism / Whistle-blower policy<br>• Criteria of making payment to Non-executive Director<br>• Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions<br>• Policy for determining material subsidiaries<br>• Details of familiarization programmes imparted to Independent Directors<br>• Secretarial Compliance Report as per regulation 24A (2). |
| 15. | Schedule V | Para C,D,E | Yes | • Corporate Governance Report<br>• A declaration signed by the Chief Financial Officer confirming that the Board of Directors and Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct.<br>• A compliance certificate from the auditors or a practicing Company Secretary confirming adherence to corporate governance requirements is annexed to the Directors' Report. |

*As the Company is under CIR Process under IBC Code, 2016, Regulation 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of the Listing Regulations are not applicable to the Company and all the other regulations are complied with under the supervision and direction of Resolution Professional of the Company.

As on 31st March 2026, Board of Directors comprises only one director hence requirement of minimum number of directors in Board and Committee are not met and same has been informed to the Resolution Professional of the Company.

**CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10) (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015)

To,
The Members,
**Reliance Communications Limited,**
H Block,1st Floor,
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City,
Navi Mumbai 400710

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors except from Shri Anil D Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar directors of Reliance Communications Limited having CIN: L45309MH2004PLC147531 and having registered office at H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City, Navi Mumbai 400710 (herein after referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated in the table below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2026 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other Statutory Authority.

**List of Directors of Reliance Communications Limited as on 31st March, 2026:**

| Sr. No | Name of the Director | DIN | Date of appointment | Date of Resignation |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Shri Punit Garg | 00004407 | 05/04/2019 | 01/04/2025 |
| 2 | Ms. Grace Thomas | 07079566 | 03/02/2024 | 14/05/2026 |
| 3 | Ms. Priyanka Agarwal | 08089006 | 09/12/2024 | 01/12/2025 |

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This Certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company or of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

The Resolution Professional (RP) filed an Interlocutory Application bearing Miscellaneous Application No. 232 of 2020 before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), seeking directions against Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar to continue as Directors on the Board of the Company and to declare their resignations as null and void. However, the Hon'ble NCLT, vide order dated April 23, 2025 (published on May 27, 2025), held that Shri Anil D. Ambani and Shri Suresh Rangachar cannot be mandated to continue as Directors of the Company and their resignations cannot be declared null and void.

(Reliance Communications Limited is under corporate insolvency resolution process pursuant to the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, vide order of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT"), dated May 15, 2018. Its affairs, business and assets are being managed by the Resolution Professional, Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, appointed by the Hon'ble NCLT vide order dated June 21, 2019, which was published on the website of the NCLT on June 28,2019.)

For **M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates**
Practicing Company Secretaries

**Ashita Kaul**
Proprietor
FCS 6988/ CP 6529
Peer Review No:-1718/2022
UDIN: F006988H000434701

Place: Thane
Date: 21.05.2026

**CEO / CFO CERTIFICATE**

Under Regulation 17(8) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India
(Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To,
The Board of Directors,
**Reliance Communications Limited.**

We hereby certify that:

1. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement of **Reliance Communications Limited** ("the Company") for the year ended **March 31, 2026** and, to the best of our knowledge and belief:
   i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
   ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal control systems pertaining to financial reporting. We have not come across any reportable deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls.
4. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee that:
   i. there are no significant changes in internal controls over financial reporting during the year;
   ii. there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year; and
   iii. there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware.

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

**Shri Srinivasan Gopalan**
Chief Financial Officer

Date: 29th May 2026,
Place: Navi Mumbai.

## Investor Information

**Annual General Meeting**

The 22nd Annual General Meeting (AGM) is convened to be held, as mentioned in the notice of AGM attached with this Annual Report, through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM).

**E-voting**

The Members can cast their vote online through remote e-voting from 10.00 A.M. (IST) on Friday, December 18, 2026 to 5.00 P.M. (IST) on Sunday, December 20, 2026. At the end of remote e-voting period, the facility shall forthwith be blocked. However, the e-voting facility shall also be made available to the shareholders present at the meeting through VC/OAVM who have not cast their vote on resolution through remote e-voting.

The Members who have cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the Meeting may also attend the Meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again at the Meeting.

Pursuant to Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020, effective from June 9, 2021, SEBI has revised the procedure for e-voting facilities to be provided by listed entities for individual shareholders holding security in demat form. Members are requested to follow the procedure/ instructions provided in the Notes to Notice for the Annual General Meeting pursuant to the aforesaid circular.

**Financial year of the Company**

The financial year of the Company is from April 1 to March 31 every year.

**Website**

The Company's website www.rcom.co.in contains a separate dedicated section called 'Investor Relations'. It contains comprehensive data base of information of interest to our investors including the financial results, annual reports, dividends declared, any price sensitive information disclosed to the regulatory authorities from time to time, business activities and the services rendered / facilities extended to our investors.

**Dedicated e-mail id for investors**

For the convenience of our investors, the Company has designated an e-mail id i.e. rcom.investors@rcom.co.in.

**Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA)**

KFin Technologies Limited
6,23,24,25th Floor, South Tower, Rajapushpa West
Avenuesurvey No. 115 , Kokapet, Serilingampally
Mandal,Ranga Reddy District.Telangana - 500075

Toll Free No.: 1800 309 4001

RTA Search: https://www.registrarsassociation.com/search

KPRISM (Mobile Application): https://kprism.kfintech.com/signup

KFINTECH Corporate Website: https://www.kfintech.com

RTA Website: https://ris.kfintech.com

Investor Support Centre (DIY Link): https://kprism.kfintech.com/

E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

Shareholders / investors are requested to forward share transfer documents, dematerialisation requests (through their Depository Participant) and other related correspondence directly to Company's RTA for speedy response.

**Dividend announcements**

In view of ongoing corporate insolvency resolution process of the Company in terms of the order dated 7th May 2019 passed by the Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai Bench, the Board/Resolution Professional of the Company do not recommend any dividend for the financial year 2025-26.

**Unclaimed dividends / shares**

The provisions of Sections 124 and 125 on unclaimed dividend and Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) under the Act and the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (IEPF Rules) have come into force with effect from September 7, 2016.

The Company has transferred the dividend for the years 2006-07 to 2012-13 remaining unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of declaration to IEPF. Further, the Company has also transferred to the IEPF Authority equity shares, in respect of which dividend had remained unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven consecutive years or more as on due date of transfer.

Members are requested to note that no claims shall lie against the Company in respect of their shares or the amounts so transferred to IEPF and no payment shall be made in respect of any such claim. Any shareholder whose equity shares and unclaimed dividends has been transferred to the Fund, may claim the equity shares or apply for claiming the dividend transferred to IEPF by making an application in Form IEPF 5 available on the website www.iepf.gov.in along with the applicable fee.

The voting rights on the share transferred to IEPF authority shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the same.

## Investor Information

**Shareholding Pattern**

| | Category of Shareholders | As on 31.03.2026 | | As on 31.03.2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Number of Shares | % | Number of Shares | % |
| (A) | Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group | | | | |
| | (i) Indian | 21421277 | 0.77 | 21421277 | 0.77 |
| | (ii) Foreign | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| | **Total shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group** | **21421277** | **0.77** | **21421277** | **0.77** |
| (B) | Public Shareholding | | | | |
| | (i) Institutions | 124135784 | 4.48 | 123988700 | 4.48 |
| | (ii) Non-Institutions | 2598696989 | 93.96 | 2598844073 | 93.96 |
| | **Total Public Shareholding** | **2722832773** | | **2722832773** | **98.46** |
| (C) | Shares held by Custodians and against which Depository Receipts have been issued | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| (D) | ESOS Trust* | 21279000 | 0.77 | 21279000 | 0.77 |
| | **GRAND TOTAL (A)+(B)+(C)+(D)** | **2765533050** | **100.00** | **2765533050** | **100.00** |

* Shares held by ESOS Trust have been shown as Non-Promoter Non-Public as per the Listing Regulations w.e.f. December 1, 2015 and percentage of shareholding roundoff to the nearest two digit.

**Distribution of Shareholding as on 31.03.2026**

| Number of Shares | Number of Shareholders as on 31.03.2026 | | Total equity Shares as on 31-03-2026 | | Number of Shareholders as on 31.03.2025 | | Total equity Shares as on 31-03-2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % |
| Up to 500 | 1234713 | 78.31 | 119612378 | 4.33 | 1222018 | 78.14 | 121188091 | 4.38 |
| 501 to 5000 | 274927 | 17.44 | 474167400 | 17.14 | 277280 | 17.73 | 478055458 | 17.29 |
| 5001 to 100000 | 64396 | 4.08 | 1104662228 | 39.94 | 62149 | 3.97 | 1053350192 | 38.09 |
| Above 100000 | 2617 | 0.17 | 1067091044 | 38.59 | 2407 | 0.16 | 1112939309 | 40.24 |
| **Total** | **1576653** | **100.00** | **2765533050** | **100.00** | **1563854** | **100.00** | **2765533050** | **100.00** |

**Dematerialisation of Shares and Liquidity**

The Company has admitted its shares to the depository system of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for dematerialisation of shares. The International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company is INE330H01018. The equity shares of the Company are compulsorily traded in dematerialised form as mandated by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

**Status of dematerialisation of shares**

As on March 31, 2026, **99.41** per cent of the Company's equity shares are held in dematerialised form.

**Legal proceedings**

There are certain pending cases relating to disputes over title to shares, in which the Company has been made a party. These cases are, however, not material in nature.

**Commodity Price Risk or Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging Activities**

The Company does not have any material exposure to the commodity price risks. The Company has revenues in foreign currency which acts as a 'natural hedge' to a certain extent. However, the foreign exchange exposure and the interest rate risk have not been hedged by any derivative instrument or otherwise.

## Investor Information

**Equity History**

| Sr No. | Date | Particulars | Issue Price per equity share Rs. | No. of Shares | Cumulative Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 16.07.2004 | Allotted upon Incorporation | 10 | 10000 | 10000 |
| 2 | 25.07.2005 | Additional issue of equity shares | 10 | 40000 | 50000 |
| 3 | 11.08.2005 | Sub division of equity shares of Rs.10 into 5 per share | N.A. | 100000 | 100000 |
| 4 | 27.01.2006 | Allotment pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement | N.A. | 1223130422 | 1223230422 |
| 5 | 27.01.2006 | Cancelled pursuant to Scheme | N.A. | (100000) | 1223130422 |
| 6 | 14.09.2006 | Allotment pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement | N.A. | 821484568 | 2044614990 |
| 7 | 18.10.2007 to 31.01.2008 | Conversion of FCCBs | 480.68/ 661.23 | 19411891* | 2064026881 |
| 8 | 02.07.2014 | Allotment to Qualified Institutional Buyers | 142.14 | 338286197 | 2402313078 |
| 9 | 20.01.2015 | Preferential allotment | 150 | 86666667 | 2488979745 |
| 10 | 31.10.2017 | Allotment to SSTL | 5 | 276553305 | 2765533050 |

* of above 667,090 shares were converted @ ₹ 661.23 on 31.10.2007.

**Credit Rating**

| Rating Agency | Type of Instrument | Rating as on April 1, 2025 | Rating as on March 31, 2026 |
|---|---|---|---|
| ICRA Limited | Non-Convertible Debentures, Long term Instruments (NCD) | ICRA D | ICRA D |
| CARE Ratings | Non-Convertible Debentures, Long term Instruments (NCD) | CARE D | CARE D |

**Stock price and volume**

| 2025-26 | BSE Limited | | | National Stock Exchange of India Limited | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | High ₹ | Low ₹ | Volume Nos. | High ₹ | Low ₹ | Volume Nos. (In Lakhs) |
| April, 2025 | 1.77 | 1.47 | 3,94,90,938 | 1.75 | 1.45 | 562.65 |
| May, 2025 | 1.95 | 1.34 | 4,19,26,136 | 1.95 | 1.34 | 744.64 |
| June, 2025 | 1.86 | 1.61 | 28,01,960 | 1.85 | 1.57 | 192.48 |
| July, 2025 | 1.55 | 1.33 | 22,04,084 | 1.49 | 1.26 | 93.44 |
| August, 2025 | 1.89 | 1.33 | 5,36,74,571 | 1.90 | 1.32 | 925.98 |
| September, 2025 | 1.54 | 1.30 | 4,83,49,005 | 1.55 | 1.29 | 1358.04 |
| October, 2025 | 1.51 | 1.33 | 1,85,75,134 | 1.51 | 1.33 | 843.98 |
| November, 2025 | 1.38 | 1.16 | 1,67,37,673 | 1.38 | 1.14 | 733.71 |
| December, 2025 | 1.29 | 1.05 | 1,41,58,449 | 1.29 | 1.05 | 821.03 |
| January, 2026 | 1.16 | 0.95 | 1,59,83,075 | 1.16 | 0.95 | 590.54 |
| February,2026 | 1.12 | 0.87 | 1,10,84,371 | 1.11 | 0.86 | 750.89 |
| March,2026 | 1.06 | 0.76 | 2,26,51,225 | 1.06 | 0.75 | 779.54 |

(Source: This information is compiled from the data available on the websites of BSE and NSE and same can be accessed through below link

**BSE:** https://www.bseindia.com/markets/equity/eqreports/stockprchistori?expandable=7&scripcode=532712&flag=sp&Submit=G

**NSE :** https://www.nseindia.com/get-quote/equity/RCOM/Reliance-Communications-Limited)

## Investor Information

**Stock Exchange listings**

The Company's equity shares are actively traded on BSE Limited (BSE) and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE), the Indian Stock Exchanges.

**Listing of equity shares on Indian Stock Exchanges**

BSE Limited
PhirozeJeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001
Website :www.bseindia.com

**National Stock Exchange of India Limited**

Exchange Plaza, Plot No. C / 1, G Block
Bandra-Kurla Complex,
Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051
Website :www.nseindia.com

**Stock Codes and ISIN details:**

| Instrument | Stock Code | ISIN Details |
|---|---|---|
| BSE (Equity shares) | 532712 | INE330H01018 |
| NSE (Equity shares) | RCOM | INE330H01018 |
| Non convertible | 946049 | INE330H07015 |
| Debentures (BSE) | 947795 | INE330H07064 |
| Non convertible | RCOM19 | INE330H07015 |
| Debentures (NSE ) | RCOM19 | INE330H07064 |

**Debt Securities**

1. **The following Debt Securities of the Company are listed on the Wholesale Debt Market (WDM) Segment of BSE and NSE.**
   a. 11.20 per cent Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures (ISIN INE330H07015)
   b. 11.25 per cent Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures, Series - 1 (ISIN INE330H07064)
   c. **Debenture Trustee**
      Axis Trustee Services Limited The Ruby, 2nd Floor, SW, 29, Senapati Bapat Marg, Dadar West, Mumbai- 400 028 Website: www.axistrustee.com
      (NCD matured for final redemption during the FY 2018-19, but remains unpaid due to ongoing CIR process)
2. **6.5 per cent Senior Secured Notes due 2020 is listed on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, Singapore**
   ISIN XS1216623022
   Common Code 121662302
   Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX-ST) 2 Shenton Way #19-00 SGX Centre 1 Singapore 068804
   Website: www.sgx.com

**Senior Secured Notes Trustee**

Madison Pacific Trust Limited
1720, 17th Floor, Tower One, Admiralty Centre,
18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong

**Payment of Listing Fees**

Annual listing fee for the year 2026-27 is yet to be paid to stock exchanges.

**Payment of depository fees**

The Annual custody / issuer fee as due for the year 2026-27 is yet to be paid to NSDL and CDSL.

**Share Price Performance in comparison to broad based indices - BSE Sensex and NSE Nifty**

| Period | RCOM (%) | Sensex (%) | Nifty (%) |
|---|---|---|---|
| FY 2025-26 | (45.71) | (7.06) | (5.05) |

**Key financial reporting tentative dates for the financial year 2026-27**

| | |
|---|---|
| Unaudited results for the first quarter ended June 30, 2026 | : On or before August 14, 2026 |
| Unaudited results for the second quarter and half year ended September 30, 2026 | : On or before November 14, 2026 |
| Unaudited results for the third quarter and Nine months ended December 31,2026 | : On or before February 14, 2027 |
| Audited results for the financial year 2026-27 | : On or before May 30, 2027 |

**Depository services**

For guidance on depository services, shareholders may write to the Company's RTA or Depositories at the address:

**National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL)**

Trade World, A wing 4th Floor,
Kamala Mills Compound,
Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel
Mumbai 400 013,
Website: www.nsdl.co.in

**Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL)**

Marathon Futurex, 25th Floor,
Mafatlal Mill Compounds,
N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (E),
Mumbai 400 013,
Website: www.cdslindia.com

**Communication to Members**

The Company's quarterly financial statements, audited accounts, corporate announcements, media releases and details of significant developments are made available on Company's website: www.rcom.co.in.

**Reconciliation of Share Capital audit**

The Securities and Exchange Board of India has directed that all issuer companies shall submit a report reconciling the total shares held in both the depositories, viz. NSDL and CDSL and in

## Investor Information

physical form with the total issued / paid up capital. The said certificate, duly certified by a qualified chartered accountant / company secretary is submitted to the stock exchanges where the securities of the Company are listed, within 30 days of the end of each quarter and the certificate is also placed before the Board/Resolution Professional of the Company.

**Investors' correspondence may be addressed to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company**

Shareholders/Investors are requested to forward documents related to share transfer, dematerialisation requests (through their respective Depository Participant) and other related correspondences directly to KFin Technologies Limited at the below mentioned address for speedy response:

**KFin Technologies Limited**

6,23,24,25th Floor, South Tower,
Rajapushpa West Avenuesurvey No. 115 ,
Kokapet, Serilingampally Mandal,
Ranga Reddy District.Telangana - 500075
Toll Free Number :1800 309 4001

WhatsApp Number :+91 91000 94099

Email ID: einward.ris@kfintech.com

Investor Support Centre: https://kprism.kfintech.com/

KFINTECH Corporate Website: HYPERLINK "https://www.kfintech.com/"https://www.kfintech.com

RTA Website: HYPERLINK "https://ris.kfintech.com/"https://ris.kfintech.com

KPRISM (Mobile Application): https://kprism.kfintech.com/signup

RTA Search: https://www.registrarsassociation.com/search

**Shareholders / Investors may send the above correspondence at the following address;**

| **Queries relating to financial statement of the Company may be addressed to:** | **Correspondence on investor services may be addressed to:** |
|---|---|
| Chief Financial Officer<br>Reliance Communications Limited<br>H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City<br>Navi Mumbai400710.<br>Telephone no. : +9122 3038 6286<br>Fax: +9122 3037 6622<br>E-mail: rcom.investors@rcom.co.in | The Company Secretary<br>Reliance Communications Limited<br>H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City Navi Mumbai 400 710.<br>Telephone no. : +91 22 3038 6286<br>Fax: +91 22 3037 6622<br>E-mail : rcom.investors@rcom.co.in |

**Plant Locations**

The Company is engaged in the business of providing telecommunications services and as such has no plant.

**Investor Centre**

As an ongoing endeavour to enhance Investor experience and leverage new technology, Company's RTA has been continuously developing new applications, a list of is given below:

(i) Investor Support Centre: A webpage accessible via any browser-enabled system, Investors can use a host of services like Post a query, Raise a service request, Track the status of their DEMAT and REMAT request, Dividend status, Interest and Redemption status, Upload Tax exemption forms (TDS), Download all ISR and other related forms URL: https://ris.kfintech.com/

(ii) KYC Status: Shareholders can access the KYC status of their folio. The webpage has been created to ensure that shareholders have requisite information regarding the folios: URL: https://ris.kfintech.com/clientservices/isc/kycqry.aspx

(iii) KPRISM: A mobile application as well as a webpage which allows users to access Folio details, Interest and Dividend status, FAQs, ISR Forms and a full suite of other investor services. URL: https://kprism.kfintech.com/signin.aspx

(iv) Senior Citizens - To enhance the investor experience for Senior Citizens, a Senior Citizens investor cell has been newly formed to assist exclusively the Senior Citizens in redressing their grievances, complaints and queries which shall closely monitor the complaints coming from Senior Citizens through this channel. This service can be availed by sending email to "senior.citizen@kfintech.com.

**Members holding shares in physical mode**

SEBI through its various circular had mandated the RTA to freeze the folios of all shareholders holding physical securities if they do not furnish the details of PAN, Nomination, Contact details, Bank A/c details and Specimen signature by September 30, 2023. SEBI vide circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/ MIRSD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/158 dated September 26,2023, extended the due date for submission of above documents from September 30,2023 to December 31, 2023.

Shareholders are requested to note that pursuant to SEBI circulars dated November 03, 2021 (subsequently amended by circulars dated December 14, 2021, March 16, 2023 and November 17, 2023) those holding securities in physical form, whose folio(s) were not updated with PAN,KYC details, Bank Account Details, signature, choice of nomination, shall be eligible for any payment including dividend, interest or redemption in respect of such folios, only through electronic mode with effect from April 01, 2024.

Further, based on feedback from investors and to mitigate unintended challenges, provision of freezing of folios and referring it to the administering authority under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act,1988 and/or Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 has been done away with immediate effect. vide SEBI circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/ MIRSDPoD-1/P/CIR/2023/181 dated November 17, 2023. In view of the above. Members are urged to submit their aforesaid details to the Company/RTA at einward.ris@kfintech.com if not already done.

## Investor Information

Shareholders are requested to register/update their email address and mobile numbers with Company/KFintech for receiving all communications from the Company electronically and to register the nomination details in respect of their shareholding in the Company by submitting the prescribed forms.

The security holder(s), whose folio(s) do not have PAN or Choice of Nomination or other Contact Details shall be eligible to lodge grievance or avail any service request from the RTA only after furnishing the same and for any payment including dividend, interest or redemption in respect of such folios, only through electronic mode with effect from April 01, 2024.

**Register for SMS alert facility**

Investor should register with their Depositary Participant (DP) for the SMS alert facility. Both Depositories viz. NSDL and CDSL alert investors through SMS of the debits and credits in their demat account.

**Intimation of mobile number**

Shareholders are requested to intimate their mobile number and changes therein, if any, to KFintech, if shares are held in physical form or to their DP if the holding is in electronic form, to receive communications on corporate actions and other information of the Company.

**Register e-mail address**

Investors should register their email address with the Company/ DPs/RTA. This will help them in receiving all communication from the Company electronically at their email address. This also avoids delay in receiving communications from the Company. Prescribed form for registration may please be downloaded from the Company's and Kfintech website.

**Facility for a Basic Services Demat Account (BSDA) for small investors**

SEBI has stated that all the Depository Participants (DPs) shall make available a BSDA for the shareholders unless otherwise opted for regular demat account with (a) No Annual Maintenance charges if the value of holding is up to Rs. 50,000/- and (b) Annual Maintenance charges not exceeding Rs. 100/- for value of holding from Rs. 50,001 to Rs. 2,00,000/-

**SEBI Complaint Redressal System (SCORES 2.0)**

The investors' complaints are also being processed through the centralized web based complaint redressal system. The salient features of SCORES include availability of centralised database of the compliants and provision for the Company to upload online action taken reports. Through SCORES, the investors can view online, the actions taken and current status of the complaints. In its efforts to improve ease of doing business, SEBI has launched a mobile app "SEBI SCORES", making it easier for investors to lodge their grievances with SEBI, as they can now access SCORES at their convenience.

SEBI has launched the new version of the SEBI Complaint Redress System (SCORES 2.0) Investors can lodge complaints only through new version of SCORES i.e. https:// scores.sebi.gov.in.

**Online Dispute Resolution (ODR) Mechanism**

SEBI vide Circular Nos. SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/131 dated July 31, 2023, and SEBI/HO/OIAE/OIAE_IAD-1/P/CIR/2023/135 dated August 4, 2023, read with Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/ OIAE/OIAE_IAD- 1/P/CIR/2023/145 dated July 31, 2023 (updated as on August 11, 2023), has established a common Online Dispute Resolution Portal ("ODR Portal") for resolution of disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market.

Pursuant to above-mentioned circulars, the Company has enrolled on the ODR Portal and the investors can initiate dispute resolution through the ODR Portal (https://smartodr.in/login). This option can be exercised by the investor after exhausting other options like lodging direct compliant with the Company or escalating the same through SCORES Portal.

## Investor Information

**Practicing Company Secretary's Certificate Regarding Compliance of Conditions of Corporate Governance**

To
The Members of

**Reliance Communications Limited**
H Block, 1st Floor,
Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City,
Navi Mumbai – 400710.

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Reliance Communications Limited ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2026, as stipulated under regulations 22 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub regulation (2) of regulation 46 and para C, D & E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('The Listing Regulations').

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the review of procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and the representations made by the directors and the management, "We certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2026, except qualification/ observation stated herein below:

During the period under Review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above except as follows:

a. Pursuant to Regulation 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has complied with the applicable requirements to the extent feasible, considering that the Company is currently undergoing Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP).

b. Pursuant to Regulation 25(7) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the listed entity is required to familiarise the Independent Directors through various programmes about the Company, including its business model, industry, roles, rights and responsibilities. The Company informed that, due to the Company being under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP), Ms. Priyanka Agarwal was appointed as an Independent Director; however, she resigned w.e.f. 01st December 2025. Accordingly, the Company is in the process of appointing a suitable candidate as an Independent Director, and therefore no familiarisation programme was conducted during the period under review.

c. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 168 read with Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 15 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Company was required to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies within the prescribed time for the resignation of Mr. Punit Garg. However, the Company informed that they are not able to record the aforesaid resignations form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies due to non-availability of minimum number of directors in the company required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

d. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 168 read with Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 15 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Company was required to file e-Form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies within the prescribed time for the resignation of Ms. Priyanka Agarwal. However, the Company informed that they are not able to record the aforesaid resignations form DIR-12 with the Registrar of Companies due to non-availability of minimum number of directors in the company required under Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

e. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company is not duly constituted, as the Company has does not have minimum required number of directors and proper composition of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The Board presently comprises no active directors as against the minimum requirement of three directors for a public company.

f. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, every listed company and such other prescribed classes of companies are required to constitute an Audit Committee comprising a minimum of three directors, with a majority of Independent Directors. During the course of audit, it was observed that the constitution of the Audit Committee of the Company is not in compliance with the aforesaid provisions, as the required composition of the Committee has not been duly maintained.

g. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 121(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 31(2) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, every listed public company is required to file a report on the Annual General Meeting in Form MGT-15 with the Registrar within 30 days of the conclusion of the AGM. During the course of audit, it was observed that the Company filed Form MGT-15 beyond the prescribed time limit along with additional fees. The Company has stated that the delay was attributable to technical issues on the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) portal.

h. Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 during the course of audit, it was observed that the Company has received cautionary emails from the stock exchanges, namely National Stock

Exchange of India and BSE Limited, with respect to delayed submissions. The Company has represented that the delays occurred due to internal approval constraints, particularly in light of the ongoing proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), and that the necessary disclosure were subsequently made to the exchanges.

i. Pursuant to Regulation 74(5) of the SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018, the Company is required to ensure submission of a quarterly compliance certificate to the stock exchanges within the prescribed time limit. During the course of audit, it was observed that the compliance certificate under Regulation 74(5) for the relevant period was duly submitted to stock exchange by the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) on behalf of the Company.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is not properly constituted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws, as the composition of the Board does not meet the prescribed requirements relating to Executive/Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings and its Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Necessary consents from the Directors were obtained to hold Board Meeting at shorter notices, if any.

As the Company is under CIRP under IBC Code, 2016, therefore as per Regulation 15(2A) and (2B), of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the provisions as specified in Regulations 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 shall not be applicable to the Company. We further report that the records and information pertaining to proceedings under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("IBC Code"), were made available to us on a limited basis by the management of the Company and, accordingly, our observations are restricted to the extent of such records and information so provided."

Further, the roles and responsibilities of the board of directors and committees as specified in Regulation 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 are fulfilled by the Resolution Professional ('RP') of the Company.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

The certificate is solely issued for the purpose of complying with the aforesaid Regulations and may not be suitable for any other purpose.

For **M/s. Ashita Kaul & Associates**
Practicing Company Secretaries

**Ashita Kaul**
Proprietor
FCS 6988/ CP 6529
Peer Review No:-1718/2022
UDIN: F006988H000434679

Place: Thane
Date: 21.05.2026

## Independent Auditor's Report

**Independent Auditors' Report**

**To the Members of Reliance Communications Limited**

**Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Corporate Insolvency Proceedings as per Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC)**

The Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") admitted an insolvency and bankruptcy petition filed by an operational creditor against Reliance Communications Limited ("the Company") and appointed Resolution Professional (RP) who has been vested with management of affairs and powers of the Board of Directors with direction to initiate appropriate action contemplated with extant provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 and other related rules.

**Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Reliance Communications Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information ("the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies ( Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and its loss (including other comprehensive loss), its changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Qualified Opinion**

a) We draw attention to Note nos. 2.14, 2.31 and 2.39.2 (b) of the standalone financial statements regarding, "Assets Held for Sale (AHS)" regarding Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Fibre and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) along with liabilities continues to be classified as held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018, for the reasons referred to in the aforesaid notes and impact of the non payment of spectrum instalments due to Department of Telecommunication (DOT). Non determination of fair value of Assets Held for Sale as on the reporting date is not in compliance with Ind AS 105 "Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any, on the carrying amount of Assets Held for Sale and on the reported losses for the year ended March 31, 2026.

b) We draw attention to Note nos. 2.31 and 2.48 of the standalone financial statements regarding admission of the Company and its two subsidiaries into Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIRP"), and pending determination of obligations and liabilities with regard to various claims submitted by the Operational/financial/other creditors and employees including interest payable on loans during CIRP. We are unable to comment the accounting impact thereof pending reconciliation and determination of final obligation.

The Company, accordingly, has not provided interest on borrowings amounting to ₹ 5,600 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026 and ₹ 33,478 crore up to previous financial year calculated based on the basic rate of interest as per the terms of the loan. The Company further has not provided net foreign exchange loss amounting to ₹ 1,888 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026 and net foreign exchange loss of ₹ 4,095 crore up to previous financial year. Had such interest and foreign exchange variation as mentioned above been provided, the reported loss for the year ended March 31, 2026 would have been higher by ₹ 7,488 crore and Net worth of the Company would have been lower by ₹ 45,061 crore as at March 31, 2026 and ₹ 35,573 crore as at March 31, 2025. Non provision of interest and non-recognition of foreign exchange variation is not in compliance with Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Costs" and Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

c) We draw attention to Note nos. 2.31 and 2.55 of the standalone financial statements, regarding pending comprehensive review of carrying amount of all assets (including investments, receivables and balances lying under Goods and Service Tax) & liabilities and non-provision for impairment of carrying value of the assets and write back of liabilities if any, pending completion of the CIRP and various irregularities reported by the forensic auditor M/s BDO India LLP, appointed by one of the lenders, in their forensic audit report for the period from April 01, 2013 to March 31, 2017 as communicated by certain banks and communication received from certain banks with respect to willful defaulter and fraud. In the absence of comprehensive review as mentioned above for the carrying value of all the assets and liabilities and unable to determine of potential impact of communications from banks in respect of willful default / fraud, we are unable to comment that whether any adjustment is required in the carrying amount of such assets and liabilities and consequential impact, if any, on the reported losses for the year ended March 31, 2026. Non determination of fair value of financial assets & liabilities and impairment of carrying amount for other assets and liabilities are not in compliance with Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets" and Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets".

d) We draw attention to Note no. 2.59 of the standalone financial statements, wherein during the year ended March 31, 2024, erstwhile director of Bonn Investment Inc. ("Bonn") had sold its property for an amount of USD 8.34 million (approx. ₹78.94 Crore) and invested the same with AZCO Real Estate Brokers LLC ("AZCO") without the authorisation / permission of the Management and Resolution Professional (RP) of the Company. As explained in detail in the aforesaid note, the Management of Bonn has taken certain steps and will take all necessary steps as required to be undertaken including recovery of the advance given to AZCO. The Management of Bonn is hopeful that the steps taken and discussion with AZCO will result in recovering the said advance and accordingly, no provision has been made in the financial statements for

the year ended March 31, 2026 against the said advance. Also, the Company has filed a petition against the erstwhile Director of the Company based on the digital analysis report for his involvement in the aforesaid transactions. Further, the financial statements of Bonn for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, considered for consolidation is unaudited and certified by the Management.

Further, we have sought an update on the action taken by the management as on date, however we have not received any update or details of any action taken by the management in the aforesaid matters till date.

Based on the matters fully described in the aforesaid note, we are unable to determine on the potential impact if any in the unaudited financial statements of Bonn in relation to unauthorised sale made by the erstwhile director of Bonn and involvement of erstwhile director of RCOM if any on the said transactions.

e) We draw attention to Note no. 2.60 of the standalone financial statements, regarding searches carried out by Directorate of Enforcement (ED) and the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) at the premises of Reliance Communications Limited based on FIRs registered with CBI. Further, certain properties of the Company and subsidiary Companies have also been provisionally attached in terms of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 by ED which has been further extended for a period of 365 days by the Adjudicating Authority. As stated by the Management, the actions taken by the agencies may adversely affect the value of investments of the Company, however no adjustment has been carried out in the books of account. Based on the matters stated in aforesaid note, we are unable to determine the potential impact if any, in respect of the pending investigation and provisional attachment by the regulatory agencies that may be required in the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

f) We draw attention to Note no. 2.53 of the standalone financial statements regarding non adoption of Ind AS 116 "Leases" effective from April 01, 2019 and the consequent impact thereof. The aforesaid accounting treatment is not in accordance with the relevant Indian Accounting Standard Ind AS 116.

g) We draw attention to Note no. 2.31 of the standalone financial statements, regarding continuous losses incurred by the Company, current liabilities exceeding its current assets, default in repayment of borrowings and default in payment of regulatory and statutory dues and pending application of renewal of telecom licenses and potential impact of the matters stated in note no 2.55 and no. 2.60. This situation indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accounts however have been prepared by the management on a going concern basis for the reason stated in the aforesaid note. We however are unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the standalone financial statements, in view of ongoing CIRP and matters pending before regulatory authorities, the outcome of which cannot be presently ascertained.

The Networth of the Company excludes the effect of qualification under (a), (c), (e), (f) and (g) above which are non-quantifiable as referred therein.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for qualified opinion on the standalone financial statements.

**Emphasis of Matter Paragraph**

a) We draw attention to Note no. 2.39.2 (a) of the standalone financial statements, regarding provision of license fee and spectrum usage charges based on management estimates pending special audit from Department of Telecommunications, pursuant to the judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, vide its order dated October 24, 2019 and status of payment thereof which may undergo revision based on any development in the said matter.

b) We draw attention to Note no. 2.61 of the standalone financial statements, wherein during the year ended March 31, 2026, the Company and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, has received notice from Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO), New Delhi and the SFIO had sought details / documents for the time period FY 2008-09 to FY 2024-25 and FY 2008-09 to FY 2023-24 respectively. As stated by the Management, information asked for has been provided by the Company and RCIL.

c) We draw attention to note no. 2.44 (b) of the standalone financial statements, wherein during the previous year ended March 31, 2025, the Committee of Creditors (CoC) of the Company had approved a loan of ₹ 9.60 crore to the Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL), a wholly owned subsidiary company, at an interest rate of MCLR + 2%. During the year ended March 31, 2026, the RTL has sought an additional loan from the Company of ₹ 3.89 crore for which approval was sought from CoC, which has been approved / ratified by the CoC of the Company and RTL in their respective meeting held on May 27, 2026.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters stated in our Basis for Qualified opinion paragraph, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## Independent Auditor's Report

For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter |
|---|---|
| **1. Revenue Recognition** | |
| The accuracy and completeness of revenue amounts recorded is an inherent industry risk. The revenue is categorised broadly into service and wholesale revenue. Service revenue mainly consists of income from fixed line, broadband, rentals and installations. Wholesale revenue comprises revenue from interconnection, external administration, capacity sales and from resellers.<br><br>We considered revenue recognition as a key audit matter as the amount involved is material to the financial statements and due to the complexity of the systems and processes used to record revenue. The accounting policy and relevant disclosures relating to revenue are set out in notes 1.12 and 2.24 respectively, to the standalone financial statements. | Our audit procedures included, amongst others, the following:<br>• Testing the end-to-end reconciliation from business support systems to billing and to the general ledger;<br>• Performing tests on the accuracy of customer bill generation process on a sample basis and testing of a sample of the credits and discounts applied to such customer bills;<br>• Performed substantive analytical procedures over the significant revenue streams;<br>• Involving verification of controls surrounding revenue invoicing;<br>• Assessed transactions taking place before and after year-end to ensure that revenue was recognised in the appropriate period;<br>• Performing specific procedures to test the accuracy and completeness of adjustments, and performing procedures to ensure that the revenue recognition criteria adopted by the Company is in line with the company's accounting policies. |
| **2. Valuation and disclosure of accrual estimates for legal claims, litigations, regulatory matters and contingencies and deposits against the same legal matters including provision of license fee and spectrum usage charges, pursuant to the judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, vide its order dated October 24, 2019** | |
| The Company is involved as a party in legal proceedings, including regulatory and other governmental proceedings. The Company has also deposited substantial amounts with regulatory authorities against the demands in dispute, which has been classified as deposit.<br><br>This area is significant to our audit, since the accounting and disclosure for (contingent) legal liabilities is complex and judgmental (due to the difficulty in predicting the outcome of the matter and estimating the potential impact if the outcome is unfavourable), and the amounts Involved are, or can be, material to the standalone financial statements as a whole. Further reference is made to Note no. 2.36 Contingent Liabilities and note no. 2.39.2(a) on provision of Licence fees and Spectrum Usage Charges. | Our audit procedures included, amongst others, testing the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls around the identification and evaluation of claims/provisions, proceedings and investigations at different levels in the Company, and the recording and continuous re-assessment of the related (contingent) liabilities and provisions and disclosures. We inquired with both internal legal staff including Resolution Professional (RP) as well as with the Company's financial staff in respect of ongoing investigations or claims, proceedings and investigations, inspected relevant correspondence, inspected the minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee and requested a confirmation from the group's in-house responsible officials and RP.<br><br>We also assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosure around legal claims, litigations, regulatory matters and contingencies as included in Note no. 2.36, Contingent Liabilities.<br><br>We consider management's conclusion on the predicted outcome and estimation of potential impact reasonable, and we assessed that the disclosures in Note no. 2.36 and 2.39.2(a) are reasonable. |

## Independent Auditor's Report

**Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements**

The standalone financial statements, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management is relied upon by the Resolution Professional based on the assistance provided by the Directors and taken on record by the Resolution Professional as fully described in Note no. 2.63 of standalone financial statements. The Company's Management is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income/(loss), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, Directors / Resolution Professional (RP) is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Director / RP either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Director /RP are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Director's and Resolution Professional use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors (i) in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**Other Matters**

(a) Pursuant to applications filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd. before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the applications and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIRP") of Reliance Communications Limited ("the Company") and two of its subsidiaries namely Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL, ceased w.e.f December 22, 2022) and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) (collectively, the "Corporate Debtors") vide its orders dated May 15, 2018. The committee of creditors ("CoC") of the Corporate Debtors, at the meetings of the CoC held on May 30, 2019, in terms of Section 22 (2) of the Code, resolved with the requisite voting share, to replace the Interim Resolution Professionals with the Resolution Professional ("RP") for the Corporate Debtors, which has been confirmed by the NCLT in its orders dated June 21, 2019 (published on the website of the NCLT on June 28, 2019).

(b) During an earlier year, Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL) a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, had been admitted by NCLT for resolution process under the Code and Mr. Anish Nanavaty was appointed as the Resolution Professional by the NCLT. On December 19, 2023, Hon'ble NCLT has approved the resolution plan submitted by a resolution applicant as approved by CoC, accordingly Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty has ceased to be the RP of RCIL, and RCIL is currently under the supervision of a Monitoring Committee (of which the erstwhile RP is a member) constituted under the provisions of the approved resolution plan. The implementation of the approved resolution plan is currently pending.

(c) The standalone financial statements of the Company shall be signed by the Chairperson or Managing Director or Whole Time Director or in absence of all of them, it should be signed by any Director of the Company who is duly authorized by the Board of Directors to sign the standalone financial statements. As mentioned in Note No 2.63 of the standalone financial statements, in view of the ongoing Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, the powers of the Board of Directors stand suspended and are exercised by the Resolution Professional.

**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

   (a) Except for the matters stated in Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

   (b) Except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis of Qualified opinion paragraph above and matter stated in paragraph 2(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

   (c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

   (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, except requirement of Ind AS 105 "Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Cost" , Ind AS 21 "Effects of Changes in foreign exchanges", Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets", Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" and Ind AS 116 "Leases" with regard to matters described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph above.

   (e) The matters described under the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above and Qualified Opinion paragraph of "Annexure B" to this report, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on functioning of the Company and on the amounts disclosed in standalone financial statements of the Company;

   (f) On the basis of the written representations received from a directors of the Company as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors and based on legal opinion obtained by the Company with regard to non-payment of debenture holder's due, a director is not disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act. Further as mentioned in Note no. 2.52 of the standalone financial statements, directors of

the Company have resigned.

(g) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above and paragraph 2(b) on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act above and paragraph 2(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).

(h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

(i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the managerial remuneration has been paid / provided in accordance with the requisite approval by shareholders as mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V of the Act.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

(j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements;

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;

iv. (a) The Management has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on our audit procedure that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company uses accounting software SAP and other peripheral applications for maintaining its books of account for the financial year ended March 31, 2026, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has generally been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except, as stated in Note No. 2.58, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) at the database level was not enabled/maintained throughout the year in respect of SAP and Billing applications, as audit logs for certain periods were not available/ retrievable due to backup restoration / retrieval issues. Further, in case of ICARE and Interconnect application, the database-level audit trail was not appropriately enabled/configured to capture critical DDL and DML activities.

Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated, the audit trail feature has not been tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail of prior years has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention, except for ICARE application logs available from January 2024, Billing / Single View database logs enabled from August 2024 / during FY 2024-25, and SAP database logs partially enabled from June 2024. Further, in case of Interconnect application, database-level audit trail logs were not available for retention as the said audit trail feature was not appropriately enabled/configured.

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No: 161851
UDIN: 26161851EHZYOU4204

Date: May 29, 2026
Place: Mumbai

**'Annexure A' to the Independent Auditor's Report – March 31, 2026**

**Referred to in paragraph1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report in the Independent Auditors Reports of even date to the members of Reliance Communications Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026**

(i)(a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment including Assets Held for Sale.

(B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.

(b) We are informed that the Company physically verifies its assets over a three year period. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this policy, the Company has physically verified some of the Property, Plant and Equipment including Asset Held for Sale on sample basis which is not under electronic surveillance and certain assets which are under electronic surveillance and no material discrepancies were identified on such physical verification.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us and records examined by us, the title deeds of all immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 2.50.1 of the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company, except for the following where the Company is in the process of transferring the title deeds in its name as these were acquired through various schemes of arrangement entered in the earlier years:

| Sr. No. | Description of Property | Gross carrying value (Rs. in Crore) | Title deed Held in name of | Whether title deeds held in name of promoter, director or relative of promoter/ director | Property held since date (Financial Year) | Reason for not being held in the name of the Company |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Leasehold Land | 12 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited & Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | April 01, 2006 | Transfer under court approved scheme |
| 2 | Freehold Land | 133 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited & Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | April 01, 2006 | |
| 3 | Buildings | 245 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited & Reliance Telecom Limited | Subsidiary Company | April 01, 2006 | |

(d) Based on the records examined by us and information and explanation given to us by the Company, the Company during the year has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets. Hence, the reporting requirements under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(e) According to the information and explanation and representation given to us by the management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and records examined by us, the management of the Company has conducted physical verification of its inventories at regular intervals and in our opinion the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate. As explained to us and on the basis of records examined by us, the value of discrepancies noticed on physical verification by the management did not exceed 10% or more in aggregate of each class of inventory.

(b) Based on the records examined by us and information and explanation and representation given to us, the Company had been sanctioned working capital limits from banks in the earlier years, on the basis of security of current assets. However, since the Company is undergoing CIRP process, the Company has not filed quarterly returns and statements with such banks. (Refer note 2.19.5)

(iii) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and books of accounts and records examined by us, during the year the Company has granted loans to a company. The detail of aggregate amount of loans granted during the year and balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date of such loans is as under:

| Particulars | Amount (₹ In Crore) |
|---|---|
| **Aggregate amount provided during the year** | |
| – Subsidiaries | 7 |
| – Associates | – |
| – Joint Ventures | – |
| – Other Companies | – |
| **Balance outstanding as at March 31, 2026** | |
| – Subsidiaries | 2,369 |
| – Associates | – |
| – Joint Ventures | – |
| – Other Companies | – |

Based on the examination of records of the Company and according to the information and explanation given to us during the year, the Company has not provided guarantee or provided security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to any Company, Limited Liability Partnerships, Firms or any other parties.

(b) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given us and on the basis of our audit procedures, the Company has not made any investments or provided any guarantees or given security or advances in nature of security during the year. During the year, the Company has given a loan to one of its subsidiary and terms and conditions of the said loan is prime facie not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

(c) According to the information and explanation and records examined by us in respect of the loans and advances in nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated or are not available for our verification, hence we are unable to comment whether the repayment or receipts are regular.

(d) According to the information and explanation and records examined by us in respect of the loans and advances in nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of interest has not been stipulated or are not available for our verification, hence we are unable to comment whether total amount is overdue for more than ninety days. In absence of sufficient and appropriate evidence, we are unable to comment on reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of the principal and Interest thereon.

(e) According to information and explanations given to us and books of accounts and records examined by us, the Company has not renewed the loans granted to various parties as on March 31, 2019. Also (Refer Note no. 2.44)

(f) Based on our verification of records of the Company and information and explanation given to us, the Company has granted loans or advance in nature of loans in earlier years, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment are as follows:

(₹ in Crore)

| Particulars | All Parties | Promoters | Related Parties |
|---|---|---|---|
| Aggregate amount of loans/ advances in nature of loans<br>- Repayable on demand (A) | 40 | - | 40 |
| - Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B) | 6,233 | - | 6,048 |
| **Total (A+B)** | **6,273** | **-** | **6,088** |
| Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans | 100% | - | 97.05% |

(iv) As per information and explanation provided to us and on the basis of verification of records of the Company, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act for a loan granted during the year (Refer note no. 2.44(b)). Further, during the year, the Company has not made any investments or provided any guarantees and securities to the parties covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act. Since the Company is engaged in the business of providing infrastructure facilities, the provisions of section 186 [except of subsection (1)] is not applicable to the Company (Refer note no. 2.57).

(v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public in accordance with relevant provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, the reporting requirement under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under subsection 1 of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of telecommunication activities and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the records.

(vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we observed that there are delays in amounts deposited with appropriate authorities for amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, goods and services tax, service tax, duty of customs, sales tax, value added tax, entry tax, employees state insurance, cess and other material statutory dues. According to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident Fund, income tax, goods and services tax, sales tax, value added tax, employees state insurance and other material statutory dues which were in arrears as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable are as under:

| Name of Statute | Nature of Dues | Amount (₹ In Crore) | Period to which the amount relates | Due Date | Date of Payment |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002 | Value Added Tax Payable | 0.36 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Delhi Value Added Tax Act, 2004 | Value Added Tax Payable | 0.04 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Karnataka Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Value Added Tax Payable | 0.05 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Orissa Value Added Tax Act, 2004 | Value Added Tax Payable | 0.00[1] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Gujarat Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Value Added Tax Payable | 0.41 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Gujarat CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.03 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Karnataka CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.07 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Andhra Pradesh CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.36 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Punjab CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.42 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Rajasthan CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.00[2] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Madhya Pradesh CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.00[3] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Jharkhand CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.00[4] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Chhattisgarh CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.01 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Himachal Pradesh CST Act, 1956 | Central Sales Tax Payable | 0.00[5] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act, 2002 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.26 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Rajasthan Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.03 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Uttarakhand Value Added Tax Act, 2005 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[6] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Andhra Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2005 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.01 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Haryana Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[7] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |

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| Name of Statute | Nature of Dues | Amount (₹ In Crore) | Period to which the amount relates | Due Date | Date of Payment |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Himachal Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2005 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[8] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Punjab Value Added Tax Act, 2005 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.01 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[9] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Chhattisgarh Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[10] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Orissa Value Added Tax Act, 2004 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.01 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Madhya Pradesh Value Added Tax Act, 2003 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.01 | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Tamilnadu Value Added Tax Act, 2006 | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[11] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| West Bengal Value Added Tax Act, | Works Contract Tax Payable | 0.00[12] | FY 2017-18 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Tax Deducted at source | 13.68 | FY 2017-18 & F.Y 2018-19 | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| Professional Tax Act – Various States | Profession Tax | 0.38 | FY 2018-19 onwards | Various Dates | Unpaid |
| The Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953 | Labour Welfare Fund | 0.01 | FY 2018-19 onwards | Various Dates | Unpaid |

[1] Rs. 22,295, [2] Rs. 39,091, [3] Rs. 44,197, [4] Rs. 37,898, [5] Rs. 6,306, [6] Rs. 5,401, [7] Rs. 6,591, [8] Rs. 1,459, [9] Rs. 49,992, [10] Rs. 40,722, [11] Rs. 24,382 and [12] Rs. 1,055

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, details of statutory dues referred to in clause vii (a) above, which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2026 on account of disputes are given below:

| Name of Statue | Nature of Dues | Amount* (₹ In Crore) | Period | Forum |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Central Sales Tax, Bihar | Central Sales Tax | 0.04 | 2005-06 | Appellate Tribunal |
| | | 0.43 | 2011-12 | Asst. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| Central Sales Tax, Chhattisgarh | Central Sales Tax | 0.00[1] | 2011-12 | Dy. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| Central Sales Tax, Madhya Pradesh | Central Sales Tax | 0.03 | 2011-12 to 2013-14 | Dy. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| Central Sales Tax, Maharashtra | Central Sales Tax | 0.27 | 2011-12 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| | | 0.35 | 2013-14 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| Central Sales Tax, Orissa | Central Sales Tax | 0.00[2] | 2009-10 | Addl. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 0.02 | Oct '06 to March '09 | Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal |

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| Name of Statue | Nature of Dues | Amount* (₹ In Crore) | Period | Forum |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Central Sales Tax, Uttar Pradesh | Central Sales Tax | 0.07 | 2006-07 | High Court |
| | | 0.08 | 2010-11 | Additional Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 0.50 | 2013-14 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| | | 1.25 | 2014-15 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| Central Sales Tax, Uttarakhand | Central Sales Tax | 0.12 | 2009-10 to 2010-11 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| | | 0.14 | 2012-13 | Jt. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes (Appeals) |
| Central Sales Tax, West Bengal | Central Sales Tax | 0.70 | 2007-08, 2014-15, 2015-16 | Tax Revision Board Jt. Commissioner |
| | | 0.51 | 2016-17 | Commercial Tax Officer |
| Central Sales Tax, Punjab | Central Sales Tax | 0.05 | 2010-11 | Dy. Excise and Taxation Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 4.68 | 2011-12 to 2016-17 | Asst. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| Central Sales Tax, Kerala | Central Sales Tax | 0.00[3] | 2017-18 | Sales Tax Officer |
| Entry Tax, Bihar | Entry Tax | 0.38 | 2007-08 to 2008-09 | Commercial Tax Appellate Tribunal |
| | | 0.25 | 2011-12 | Asst. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| Entry Tax, Chhattisgarh | Entry Tax | 0.63 | 2006-07 to 2007-08 | Commercial Tax Tribunal |
| | | 0.25 | 2010-11 to 2011-12 | Dy. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| Entry Tax, Himachal Pradesh | Entry Tax | 1.01 | 2010-11 to 2013-14 | High Court |
| Entry Tax, Madhya Pradesh | Entry Tax | 0.48 | 2002-03 to 2003-04 | Asst. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| | | 1.53 | 2005-06 to 2007-08 & 2010-11 | MP Taxation Board |
| | | 0.07 | 2008-09 | Commercial Tax Appellate Board |
| | | 0.21 | 2011-12 | Dy. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| Entry Tax, Orissa | Entry Tax | 0.08 | 2009-10 | Addl. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 0.05 | Oct '06-March '09 | Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal |

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| Name of Statue | Nature of Dues | Amount* (₹ In Crore) | Period | Forum |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Entry Tax, Uttar Pradesh | Entry Tax | 0.13 | 2003-04 | Commercial Tax Tribunal |
| | | 0.04 | 2013-14, 2014-15 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| Entry Tax, West Bengal | Entry Tax | 0.35 | 2014-15, 2015-16 | Revisional Board |
| Entry Tax, Rajasthan | Entry Tax | 1.70 | 2013-14 to 2014-15 | Appellate Authority |
| | | 14.73 | 2005-06, 2007-08 to 2012-13 | Supreme Court |
| Entry Tax, Punjab | Entry Tax | 0.01 | Oct 2012 to Dec 2012 | High Court |
| VAT, Bihar | VAT | 0.24 | 2005-06 | Commercial Tax Tribunal |
| | | 8.33 | 2011-12 | High Court |
| VAT, Haryana | VAT | 1.15 | 2011-12 | Commercial Tax Tribunal |
| VAT, Kerala | VAT | 0.01 | 2006-07 | Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 8.05 | 2010-11 & 2012-13 to 2014-15 | High Court |
| | | 0.02 | 2011-12 | Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) |
| VAT, Punjab | VAT | 0.05 | 2010-11 | Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 7.84 | 2010-11 to 2016-17 | Asst. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| VAT, Uttarakhand | VAT | 0.78 | 2009-10 to 2010-11 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| | | 0.43 | 2007-08 & 2012-13 | Jt. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| VAT, West Bengal | VAT | 4.23 | 2005-06, 2007-08 to 2008-09, 2014-15 & 2015-16 | Tax Revision Board |
| | | 0.03 | 2012-13 | Jt. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes (Appeals) |
| | | 41.01 | 2016-17 | Commercial Tax Officer |

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| Name of Statue | Nature of Dues | Amount* (₹ In Crore) | Period | Forum |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| VAT/Sales Tax, Uttar Pradesh | VAT/Sales Tax | 0.24 | 2003-04 | UP Trade Tax Tribunal |
| | | 0.93 | 2004-05 | High Court |
| | | 0.52 | 2005-06, Jan 08 to March 08 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| | | 0.20 | 2010-11 | Addl. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| | | 4.21 | 2013-14 & 2014-15 | Dy. Commissioner of Commercial Taxes |
| VAT, Chhattisgarh | VAT | 0.01 | 2011-12 | Dy. Commissioner (Appeals) |
| Finance Act, 1994 | CENVAT Credit | 2.42 | 01.4.2004 to 31.3.2015 | Commissioner, CGST & Central Excise |
| | | 3.21 | 01.4.2010 to 31.03.2014 | Commissioner, CGST & Central Excise |
| | | 1.32 | 2014-15 | Commissioner, CGST & Central Excise |
| Finance Act, 1994 | Service Tax | 497.28 | Oct 2011 to May 2013 | Commissioner CGST & Central Excise Commissionerate, Belapur |
| | | 81.48 | July 2012 to June 2017 | |
| | | 8,874.14 | April 2016 to June 2017 | |
| | | 1,020.31 | April 2016 to June 2017 | |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Himachal Pradesh GST Act, 2017 | Goods and Service Tax (GST) | 2.49 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Goa GST Act, 2017 | | 1.06 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Puducherry GST Act, 2017 | | 0.40 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Telangana GST Act, 2017 | | 29.52 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Uttar Pradesh GST Act, 2017 | | 40.89 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Uttarakhand GST Act, 2017 | | 1.06 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Jammu & Kashmir GST Act, 2017 | | 4.09 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Haryana GST Act, 2017 | | 21.17 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |

**'Annexure A' to the Independent Auditor's Report – March 31, 2026**

| Name of Statue | Nature of Dues | Amount* (₹ In Crore) | Period | Forum |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Jharkhand GST Act, 2017 | Goods and Service Tax (GST) | 1.39 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Gujarat GST Act, 2017 | | 19.75 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Kerala GST Act, 2017 | | 13.67 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Andhra Pradesh GST Act, 2017 | | 13.66 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Rajasthan GST Act, 2017 | | 15.24 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Orissa GST Act, 2017 | | 3.36 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Delhi GST Act, 2017 | | 5.18 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Bihar GST Act, 2017 | | 2.92 | July 2017 to June 2018 | Additional Commissioner Adjudication (DGGSTI) |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Delhi GST Act, 2017 | | 0.97 | July 2017 to March 2018 | Sales Tax Officer, Delhi |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Karnataka GST Act, 2017 | | 22.54 | July 2017 to March 2019 | Deputy Commissioner of Commercial Taxes, Bengaluru |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Kerala GST Act, 2017 | | 12.43 | July 2017 to June 2018 and 2018-19 | Assistant Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax, Kerala |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Madhya Pradesh GST Act, 2017 | | 1.01 | July 2017 to January 2020 | Deputy Commissioner of Commercial Taxes, Bhopal |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Rajasthan GST Act, 2017 | | 0.44 | July 2017 to March 2018 | Joint Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax, Rajasthan |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Tamil Nadu GST Act, 2017 | | 4.25 | 2018-19 to 2020-21 | Additional Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Chhattisgarh GST Act, 2017 | | 0.32 | 2018-19 | State Tax Officer |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Gujarat GST Act, 2017 | | 6.29 | July 2017 to March 2018, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2021-22 | State Tax Officer |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Delhi GST Act, 2017 | | 155.49 | 2018-19, 2019-20 & 2020-21 | State Tax Officer |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Haryana GST Act, 2017 | | 2.32 | July 2017 to March 2018, 2018-19 and 2019-20 | Excise and Taxation Officer – Central GST Officer |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Kerala GST Act, 2017 | | 0.05 | 2019-20 | Assistant Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax |

**'Annexure A' to the Independent Auditor's Report – March 31, 2026**

| Name of Statue | Nature of Dues | Amount* (₹ In Crore) | Period | Forum |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Madhya Pradesh GST Act, 2017 | Goods and Service Tax (GST) | 1.05 | 2018-19 | Assistant Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Maharashtra GST Act, 2017 | | 106.54 | 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 | Assistant Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Punjab GST Act, 2017 | | 2.26 | 2018-19 | Assistant Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Telangana GST Act, 2017 | | 2.93 | 2019-20 | Deputy Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Rajasthan GST Act, 2017 | Goods and Service Tax (GST) | 0.01 | 2019-20 and 2020-21 | Joint Commissioner of Good and Service Tax, Rajasthan |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Karnataka GST Act, 2017 | | 5.26 | 2020-21 | Assistant Commissioner of Goods and Service Tax, Karnataka |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Madhya Pradesh GST Act, 2017 | | 0.00[4] | 2018-19 | Superintendent of Goods and Service Tax, MP |
| Central GST Act, 2017 and Maharashtra GST Act, 2017 | | 0.03 | 2018-19 | Superintendent of Goods and Service Tax, Maharashtra |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 292.82 | 2009-10 & 2010-11 | Bombay High Court |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 0.44 | 2009-10, 2010-11 & 2011-12 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 1.24 | 2010-11, 2011-12 & 2012-13 | Bombay High Court |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 90.00 | Various years | Supreme Court / High Court |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 181.48 | 2014-15 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 30.11 | 2016-17 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 12.80 | 2018-19 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 128.33 | 2015-16 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 0.16 | 2019-20 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 16.79 | 2016-17 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |
| Income Tax Act, 1961 | Income Tax | 78.05 | 2019-20 | Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) |

*Net of amounts paid/deposited under protest

[1] Rs. 26,723, [2] Rs. 49,382, [3] Rs. 26,256 and [4] Rs. 10,685.

(viii) According to information and explanation given to us and representation given by the management, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

(ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings and interest thereon from banks & financial institutions, which were not paid as at Balance Sheet date. The lender wise details of principal and interest are as under:

| Name of Lender | Amount (₹ in crore) Principal | Period (No. of Days) Principal | Amount (₹ in crore) Interest | Period (No. of Days) Interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **I) Loan From Bank/Financial Institutions** | | | | |
| Burlington Loan Management DAC | 163 | 3033 | – | – |
| Shubh Holding Pte Ltd | 2,460 | 3320 | – | – |
| Bank Of Baroda | 1,837 | 3311 | 11 | 3290 |
| Bank Of India | 644 | 3288 | 9 | 3290 |
| Bank Of Maharashtra | 473 | 3240 | – | – |
| Canara Bank | 622 | 3197 | – | – |
| Central Bank Of India | 258 | 3288 | 3 | 3290 |
| Corporation Bank (Merged with Union Bank) | 583 | 3310 | 8 | 3290 |
| Dena Bank (Merged with Bank Of Baroda) | 250 | 2975 | – | – |
| Deutsche Bank | 530 | 3033 | 1 | 3208 |
| China Development Bank | 2,236 | 3320 | 128 | 3322 |
| Industrial And Commercial Bank Of China | 1,194 | 3320 | 33 | 3322 |
| Export Bank Of China | 2,433 | 3320 | 47 | 3322 |
| IDBI Bank | 721 | 3292 | 9 | 3290 |
| Indian Overseas Bank | 120 | 3288 | 1 | 3290 |
| RCOM Bond | 1,955 | 1972 | – | – |
| Oriental Bank Of Commerce (Merged with Punjab National Bank) | 189 | 3288 | 2 | 3290 |
| Punjab National Bank | 623 | 3289 | – | – |
| State Bank Of India | 2,228 | 3288 | 21 | 3290 |
| Syndicate Bank (Merged with Canara Bank) | 705 | 3311 | 5 | 3290 |
| SC Lowy Financials (HK) Ltd | 2,175 | 2955 | – | – |
| UCO Bank | 681 | 3288 | 9 | 3290 |
| Union Bank Of India | 742 | 3288 | 3 | 3290 |
| United Bank of India (Merged with Punjab National Bank) | 424 | 3288 | 2 | 3290 |
| Vijaya Bank (Merged with Bank Of Baroda) | 16 | 2877 | – | – |
| **II) Debenture** | | | | |
| Life Insurance Corporation Of India | 3,750 | 2975 | – | – |
| **III) Other Loan** | | | | |
| Industrial Finance Corporation of India Limited | 200 | 3304 | 4 | 3306 |
| India Infrastructure Finance Corporation Limited | 248 | 3105 | 4 | 3321 |
| Asset Care and Reconstruction Enterprises Limited | 492 | 3299 | – | – |
| ACRE – 144 Trust (assignment by Standard Chartered Bank) | 1,072 | 3277 | – | – |

| Name of Lender | Amount (₹ in crore) Principal | Period (No. of Days) Principal | Amount (₹ in crore) Interest | Period (No. of Days) Interest |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Desai Industrial Finance Private Limited (assigned by Deep Industrial Finance Limited) | 260 | 2312 | – | – |
| Pearl Housing Finance Limited | 260 | 2312 | – | – |
| Invent Assets Securitisation & Reconstruction Private Limited (assigned by Shriyam Auto Fin Limited & Traitriya Construction Finance Limited) | 520 | 2312 | – | – |
| Vishvakarma Equipment Finance Limited | 142 | 2312 | – | – |
| Neptune Steel Strips Limited | 68 | 2283 | – | – |
| Reliance Capital Limited | 1,000 | 2557 | 3 | 2558 |
| Other Lenders | 7,660 | Various Dates | 68 | Various Dates |
| **Total** | **39,934** | | **371** | |

(Refer Note no 2.19.2 of the standalone financial statements)

Apart from outstanding of Interest mentioned above, the Company has not provided interest expense of ₹ 5,600 crore for the year and ₹ 39,078 crore upto March 31, 2026 in respect of Loan taken from banks, financial institutions and other lenders and therefore it has not been disclosed above.

The Company has not obtained any loans from Government.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the audit procedures, we report that the Company has been declared wilful defaulter by certain lenders. Further, the Company has also received a show cause notice from the banks as to why the Company should not be declared willful defaulter. Furthermore, willful defaulter identification committee of certain banks has passed an order for inclusion of the Company's name and its director/ guarantors in credit information companies list of willful defaulters (refer note 2.55).

(c) In our opinion and information and explanation given to us and based on the examination of records of the Company, the Company has not raised term loans from any lender during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short term basis have been used for long-term purposes.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that during the year the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

(f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

(x) (a) In our opinion, and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and hence the provision of clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company during the year has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) Based on the audit procedures performed by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year. Also refer note nos. 2.54, 2.55 and 2.59 of standalone financial statements.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

(c) As represented to us by the Management, no whistle blower complaints have been received by the Company during the year.

**'Annexure A' to the Independent Auditor's Report – March 31, 2026**

(xii) As the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

(xiv) (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

(b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date, for the period under audit.

(xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

(b) On the basis of examination of records and according to the information and explanation given to us by the Company, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities hence the reporting requirements under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.

(d) As represented by the management, the Group does not have any Core Investment Company as part of the Group as per the definition of Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

(xvii) Based on the examination of records, the Company has incurred cash losses of ₹ 16,688 crore in the financial year 2025-26 and ₹ 13,083 crore in immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.

(xix) As referred to in Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph (g) in our main audit report and as disclosed in Note no. 2.31 and 2.50.8 to the standalone financial statements which also includes financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors/ Resolution Professional and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, there exists a material uncertainty that may cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as on the date of audit report and the capability of the Company for meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet, as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) Based on the examination of records of the Company and information and explanations given to us, due to losses incurred, the conditions and requirements of section 135 of the act is not applicable to the Company. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xx) (a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No: 161851
UDIN: 26161851EHZYOU4204

Date: May 29, 2026
Place: Mumbai

**'Annexure B' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the standalone financial statements of Reliance Communications Limited for the year ended March 31, 2026**

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with respect to standalone financial statement under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (''the Act'')

(Referred to in paragraph 2(h) under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report of even date to the members of Reliance Communications Limited for the year ended March 31, 2026)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of **Reliance Communications Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

**Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

**Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a Basis for our Qualified Opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

**Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements**

A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**'Annexure B' to the Independent Auditor's Report – March 31, 2026**

**Basis for Qualified Opinion**

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses and deficiencies has been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements as at March 31, 2026:

i. The Company's internal process with regard to confirmation and reconciliation of Balances of trade receivables, trade payables & other liabilities and loan & advances which are not providing for adjustments, which are required to be made to the carrying values of such assets and liabilities. (Read with Note no. 2.31).

ii. The Company's internal control process in respect of closure of outstanding entries in Bank Reconciliation Statements which are pending to be reconciled.

iii. In respect of delays in payment of certain statutory dues and filing of certain statutory returns during the year with the respective authorities.

iv. In respect of transactions carried out by Director of foreign subsidiary company without obtaining the adequate approvals from the Management of the Company (Refer Note 2.59).

v. In respect of additional loan given of Rs. 3.89 crore by the Company to Reliance Telecom Limited, a subsidiary company (RTL), for which approval was sought from Committee of Creditor (CoC), the same has been approved / ratified by the COC of the Company and RTL in the meeting held on May 27, 2026.

vi. The Company's internal financial control with regard to the compliance with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards and evaluation of carrying values of assets and liabilities and other matters, as fully explained in Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph of our main report, resulting in the Company not providing for adjustments, which are required to be made, to the standalone financial statements.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's standalone financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

**Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects / possible effects of the material weaknesses described above under Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has, in all material respects an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal financial control with reference to the standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

We have considered material weakness identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 and these material weaknesses affect our opinion on standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 [our audit report dated May 29, 2026, which expressed an Qualified Opinion on those standalone financial statements of the Company].

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No: 161851
UDIN: 26161851EHZYOU4204

Date: May 29, 2026
Place: Mumbai

## Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Notes | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **ASSETS** | | | | | |
| **Non Current Assets** | | | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | **2.01** | **848** | | 948 | |
| (b) Capital Work in Progress | **2.01** | **53** | | 53 | |
| (c) Intangible Assets | **2.02** | **1** | | 1 | |
| (d) Financial Assets | | | | | |
| (i) Investments | **2.03** | **6,811** | | 6,811 | |
| (ii) Other Financial Assets | **2.04** | **1** | | 2 | |
| (e) Income tax Assets (Net) | | **-** | | - | |
| (f) Other Non Current Assets | **2.05** | **699** | **8,413** | 699 | 8,514 |
| **Current Assets** | | | | | |
| (a) Inventories | **2.06** | **2** | | 2 | |
| (b) Financial Assets | | | | | |
| (i) Investments | **2.07** | **46** | | 46 | |
| (ii) Trade Receivable | **2.08** | **80** | | 94 | |
| (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents | **2.09** | **165** | | 183 | |
| (iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above | **2.10** | **47** | | 42 | |
| (v) Loans | **2.11** | **6,273** | | 6,266 | |
| (vi) Other Financial Assets | **2.12** | **132** | | 135 | |
| (c) Other Current Assets | **2.13** | **4,020** | | 4,032 | |
| (d) Assets held for Sale | **2.14** | **19,753** | **30,518** | 19,753 | 30,553 |
| **TOTAL ASSETS** | | | **38,931** | | 39,067 |
| **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** | | | | | |
| **Equity** | | | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | **2.15** | **1,383** | | 1,383 | |
| (b) Other Equity | **2.16** | **(80,275)** | **(78,892)** | (70,587) | (69,204) |
| **Liabilities** | | | | | |
| **Non Current Liabilities** | | | | | |
| (a) Other Non Current Liabilities | **2.17** | **95** | | 103 | |
| (b) Provisions | **2.18** | **2** | **97** | 2 | 105 |
| **Current Liabilities** | | | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | **2.19** | **39,934** | | 39,934 | |
| (ii) Trade Payables | | | | | |
| Micro and Small Enterprises | **2.20** | **27** | | 27 | |
| Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises | **2.20** | **3,406** | | 3,045 | |
| (iii) Other Financial Liabilities | **2.21** | **65,346** | | 56,807 | |
| (b) Other Current Liabilities | **2.22** | **201** | | 207 | |
| (c) Provisions | **2.23** | **1,216** | | 1,216 | |
| (d) Liabilities directly related to Assets held for Sale | **2.14** | **7,596** | **1,17,726** | 6,930 | 1,08,166 |
| **TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** | | | **38,931** | | 39,067 |
| **Material Accounting Policies** | **1** | | | | |
| **Notes on Accounts** | **2** | | | | |

Notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | | Notes | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **1** | **INCOME** | | | |
| | (a) Revenue from Operations | **2.24** | **221** | 270 |
| | (b) Other Income | **2.25** | **9** | 8 |
| | (c) **Total Income** | | **230** | 278 |
| **2** | **EXPENSES** | | | |
| | (a) Access Charges, License Fees and Network Expenses | **2.26** | **134** | 142 |
| | (b) Employee Benefits Expenses | **2.27** | **30** | 31 |
| | (c) Finance Costs | | **-** | - |
| | (d) Depreciation,Amortisation and provision for Impairment | **2.01 & 02** | **100** | 106 |
| | (e) Sales and General Administration Expenses | **2.28** | **317** | 161 |
| | (f) **Total Expenses [(a) to (e)]** | | **581** | 440 |
| **3** | **Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional items and Tax [1(c) - 2(f)]** | | **(351)** | (162) |
| **4** | **Exceptional Items** | | | |
| | (a) Loss on De-Subsidiarisation including provision March 2026 ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ 46,78,250) | **2.39** | **-** | - |
| | (b) Provision for Credit Impaired | **2.39** | **179** | - |
| | **Total Exceptional Items** | | **179** | - |
| **5** | **Profit/ (Loss) before Tax (3 + 4)** | | **(530)** | (162) |
| **6** | **Tax expenses** | | | |
| | (a) - Current Tax | | **-** | - |
| | (b) - Deferred Tax charge/ (credit) | | **-** | - |
| **7** | **Profit / (Loss) from Continuing operations after Tax (5 - 6)** | | **(530)** | (162) |
| **8** | **Profit / (Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax from Discontinued Operations** | **2.47** | **(683)** | (622) |
| **9** | **Exceptional Items** | **2.39** | | |
| | Provision for Liability on account of License & Spectrum fee | | **(8,475)** | (7,341) |
| **10** | **Profit/ (Loss) before Tax from Discontinued Operations (8-9)** | | **(9,158)** | (7,963) |
| **11** | Tax expenses / (credit) of Discontinued Operations | | **-** | - |
| **12** | **Profit/ (Loss) after Tax from Discontinued Operations (10-11)** | | **(9,158)** | (7,963) |
| **13** | Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) | | | |
| | Item that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss | | **-** | - |
| | Remeasurement of Loss of defined benefit plans (net of tax) March 2026 ₹ (12,80,414/-) March 2025 (₹ 3,33,009/-) | | | |
| **14** | **Total Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) ( 7+12+13 )** | | **(9,688)** | (8,125) |
| **15** | **Earnings per Share of face value of ₹ 5 each fully paid up** | **2.38** | | |
| | **(Basic and Diluted) before Exceptional items** | | | |
| | Continuing Operations | | **(1.28)** | (0.59) |
| | Discontinued Operations | | **(2.49)** | (2.27) |
| | Continuing Operations and Discontinued Operations | | **(3.77)** | (2.86) |
| | **(after Exceptional items)** | | | |
| | Continuing Operations | | **(1.93)** | (0.59) |
| | Discontinued Operations | | **(33.37)** | (29.02) |
| | Continuing Operations and Discontinued Operations | | **(35.30)** | (29.61) |
| | **Material Accounting Policies** | **1** | | |
| | **Notes on Accounts** | **2** | | |

Notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

**(a) Equity share capital** ( Refer Note 2.15)

**I Current Reporting Period** (₹ in crore)

| Balance at the beginning of the year as on April 1, 2025 | Changes in equity share capital during the current year | Balance at the end of the year as on March 31, 2026 |
|---|---|---|
| **1,383** | **-** | **1,383** |

**II Previous reporting period**

**(a) Equity Share Capital** (₹ in crore)

| Balance at the beginning of the year as on April 1, 2024 | Changes in equity share capital during the current year | Balance at the end of the year as on March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| 1,383 | - | 1,383 |

**(b) Other Equity** (Refer Note 2.16) (₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Attributable to the equity holders | | | | | | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Reserves and Surplus | | | | | | | |
| | Capital Reserve | Securities Premium Reserve | General Reserve * | Debenture Redemption Reserve | Retained Earnings | Treasury Equity | Remeasurement of defined benefit plan | |
| **Balance as at April 01, 2025** | **1,397** | **13,894** | **9,697** | **590** | **(95,782)** | **(391)** | **8** | **(70,587)** |
| **Surplus/ (Deficit) of Statement of Profit and Loss** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **(9,688)** | **-** | **-** | **(9,688)** |
| **Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) (₹ 12,80,414)** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **Balance as at March 31, 2026** | **1,397** | **13,894** | **9,697** | **590** | **(1,05,470)** | **(391)** | **8** | **(80,275)** |
| Balance as at April 01, 2024 | 1,397 | 13,894 | 9,697 | 590 | (87,657) | (391) | 8 | (62,462) |
| Surplus/ (Deficit) of Statement of Profit and Loss | - | - | - | - | (8,125) | - | - | (8,125) |
| Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) ( ₹ 3,33,009) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at March 31, 2025 | 1,397 | 13,894 | 9,697 | 590 | (95,782) | (391) | 8 | (70,587) |

*General Reserve includes General Reserve-I and III

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

## Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | | For the year ended March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **A** | **CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES** | | | | |
| | Profit/ (Loss) before tax from Continuing operation | | **(530)** | | (162) |
| | Profit/ (Loss) before tax from Discontinued operation | | **(9,158)** | | (7,963) |
| | Adjusted for: | | | | |
| | Provision for Credit impaired | **179** | | - | |
| | Impairment of Assets / Investments including provision - March 2026 ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ 46,78,250) | **-** | | - | |
| | Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses | **100** | | 106 | |
| | Effect of change in Foreign Exchange Rate (net) | **209** | | 46 | |
| | Finance Costs (net) | **667** | | 606 | |
| | Interest Income | **(19)** | **1,136** | (16) | 742 |
| | **Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital changes** | | **(8,552)** | | (7,382) |
| | Adjusted for: | | | | |
| | Receivables, Advances, other Assets | **(146)** | | 44 | |
| | Inventories (March 2026 ₹ 27,82,129)[March 2025 ₹ 10,44,130] | **-** | | - | |
| | Trade Payables and Other Liabilities | **8,674** | **8,528** | 7,329 | 7,373 |
| | **Cash Generated from/(used in) Operations** | | **(24)** | | (9) |
| | Income Tax Refund | | **-** | | - |
| | Income Tax Paid | | **-** | | - |
| | **Net Cash Generated from / (used in) Operating Activities** | | **(24)** | | (9) |
| **B** | **CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** | | | | |
| | Sale / (Additions) of Property, Plant and Equipments, Intangible Assets, Capital Work in Progress and Intangible Assets under Development including Capital Advance and Assets Held for Sale (Net) | | **-** | | 1 |
| | Loans given to Subsidiaries | | **(7)** | | (6) |
| | Redemption / (Investment) in Bank deposits (having original maturity for more than 3 months) | | **(6)** | | 1 |
| | Interest Income | | **19** | | 11 |
| | **Net Cash Generated from / (used in) Investing Activities** | | **6** | | 7 |

## Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **C** | **CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES** | | |
| | Net Proceeds from/ (Repayment ) of Borrowings - Current | **-** | - |
| | **Net Cash generated from/ (used in) Financing Activities** | **-** | - |
| | **Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents** | **(18)** | (2) |
| | **Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents** | **183** | 185 |
| | **Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents** | **165** | 183 |

| Particulars | April 1, 2025 | Cash Outflow (net) | March 31, 2026 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Borrowings** (Refer Note 2.19) | **39,934** | **-** | **39,934** |

| Particulars | April 1, 2024 | Cash Outflow (net) | March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Borrowings** (Refer Note 2.19) | 39,934 | - | 39,934 |

**Notes**

(1) Figures in bracket indicate cash outgo.

(2) Cash and cash equivalent includes cash and cheques on hand, remittances-in-transit and bank balances including Fixed Deposits with Banks.

(3) Statement of Cash Flow has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"

(4) Break up of Cash and Cash Equivalent

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| (i) Cash and cash equivalent | **165** | 183 |
| (ii) Less : Bank overdraft | **-** | - |
| (iii) Cash and cash equivalent (net) as per Ind AS 7 | **165** | 183 |

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

### Note 1 General Information and Material Accounting Policies

#### 1.01 General Information

Reliance Communications Limited ("RCOM" or "the Company" or "Corporate Debtor") is registered under the Companies Act, 1956 having Registered Office at H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City, Navi Mumbai 400710 and its securities are listed on the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

RCOM has established a pan-India, next generation, digital network that is capable of supporting best-of-class services spanning the entire communications value chain. RCOM owns and operate the world's largest next generation IP enabled connectivity infrastructure, comprising of fibre optic cable systems in India and globally. The Company, during the earlier year, had discontinued Wireless business.

Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR Process") had been initiated in case of the Company and two of its subsidiaries under the Provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (the Code). Pursuant to the order, the management of affairs of the Company and two subsidiaries and powers of board of directors of the Company and two subsidiaries stand vested with the Resolution Professional ("RP") appointed by the NCLT.

#### 1.02 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements are prepared under historical cost convention / fair valuation under a Scheme approved by the Hon'ble High Court, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India and in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") except matters specified in Note 2.14, 2.31, 2.48 and 2.53, read with relevant rules of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules 2016 and other provisions of the Act, to the extent notified and applicable as well as applicable guidance note and pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out under Ind AS and in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the services and their realisation in cash & cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### 1.03 Functional Currency and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("Rupees" or " ₹ ") which is functional currency of the Company. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest crore, unless stated otherwise.

#### 1.04 Property, Plant and Equipment

(i) Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost net of Modvat / Cenvat / GST less accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss, if any. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

(ii) Cost of an item of PPE comprises of its purchase price including import duties and non refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and present value of estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

(iii) As per Para 46A of Accounting Standard 11, 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates', related to acquisition of depreciable assets pursuant to the notifications dated December 29, 2011 and August 9, 2012 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), under the Companies (Accounting Standard) (Second Amendment) Rules 2011, the cost of depreciable capital assets includes foreign exchange differences arising on translation of long term foreign currency monetary items as at the balance sheet date in so far as they relate to the acquisition of such assets is capitalised and subsequently on adoption of Indian Accounting Standard also the same is allowed for the transactions recorded upto March 31, 2016.

(iv) Depreciation is provided on Straight Line Method based on the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Act except in case of the following assets where useful life is different than those that are prescribed in Schedule II, based on technical evaluation.

| | |
|---|---|
| (a) Telecom Electronic Equipments | - 20 years |
| (b) Optic Fibre Cable | - 35 years |
| (c) Batteries | - 9 years |
| (d) Customer Premises Equipments | - 3 years |
| (e) Vehicles | - 5 years |

(v) Leasehold Land is depreciated over the period of the lease term.

(vi) Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in statement of Profit or Loss.

(vii) Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively if appropriate.

(viii) Depreciation on all the assets capitalised pursuant to para 46A of AS 11 is provided over the remaining useful life of the depreciable capital asset.

(ix) Depreciation on additions is calculated pro rata from the following month of addition.

(x) Expenses incurred relating to project, prior to commencement of commercial operations, are considered as project development expenditure and shown under Capital Work in Progress.

**1.05 Intangible Assets**

(i) Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost. Cost includes all direct costs relating to acquisition of Intangible assets and borrowing cost relating to qualifying assets.

(ii) Telecom Licenses are stated at cost as applicable less accumulated amortisation less impairment, if any.

(iii) Indefeasible Rights of Connectivity (IRC) are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

(iv) Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

(v) Intangible assets, namely Entry Fees/ fees for Telecom Licenses and Brand License are amortised on the basis of Straight Line Method, over the balance period of Licenses. IRC and Software are amortised from the date of acquisition or commencement of commercial services, whichever is later.

(vi) There are no intangible assets assessed with indefinite useful life. The life of amortisation of the intangible assets is as follows.

| | |
|---|---|
| (a) Telecom Licenses | - 12.5 to 20 years |
| (b) Brand License | - 10 years |
| (c) Indefeasible Right of Connectivity | - 15, 20 years |
| (d) Software | - 5 years |

(vii) Amortization method, useful life and residual values are reviewed periodically at each reporting period.

(viii) Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of Intangible Assets is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**1.06 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations**

Non current assets (or disposal group) are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction. Non-current assets (or disposal group) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and / or fair value less costs to sell. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets and sale is expected to be concluded within twelve months from the date of such classification.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately in the balance sheet. A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operations if it is a component of the company that either has been disposed off or is classified as held for sale, and; represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

When the group is committed to sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described are met, regardless of whether the group will retain a non controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of such non current assets (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell an asset (or disposal group) but not in excess of any cumulative loss previously recognised.

If the criteria for assets held for sale are no longer met, it ceases to be classified as held for sale and are measured at the lower of (i) its carrying amount before the asset was classified as held for sale, adjusted for any depreciation or any amortisation that would have been recognised had that asset not been classified as held for sale, and (ii) its recoverable amount at the date when the disposal group ceases to be classified as held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to

dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a Subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in the Statement of Profit and Loss

**1.07 Impairment of Non Financial Assets**

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they may be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of assets exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is increased / reversed where there has been change in the estimate of recoverable value. The recoverable value is the higher of the assets' net selling price and value in use.

**1.08 Inventories of Stores and Spares**

Inventories of stores and spares are accounted for at cost and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value, whichever is less. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

**1.09 Employee Benefits**

**Short term employee benefits**

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. These benefits include compensated absences such as paid annual leave and sickness leave. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by the employees are recognised as an expense during the period.

**Long term employee benefits**

**(i) Defined contribution plan**

The Company's contribution towards Employees' Superannuation Plan is recognised as an expense during the period in which it accrues.

**(ii) Defined benefit plans**

**Provident Fund**

Provident Fund contributions are made to a Trust / Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC) administered by the Trustees /other recognised fund. Interest payable to the Provident Fund members, shall not be at a rate lower than the statutory rate. Liability is recognised for any shortfall in the income of the fund vis-à-vis liability of the interest as per statutory rates to the members. The Company's contribution towards Employees' Provident Fund is recognised as an expense during the period in which it accrues (refer note 2.42).

**Gratuity Plan**

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, mortality rate and the fair value of plan assets is deducted. Mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality table in India.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Obligation is measured at present value of the estimated future cash flows. Discount rates used for determining present value of obligation under the defined benefit plan, are based on market yield of Government Securities as at the balance sheet date that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

Remeasurement which comprise of actuarial gain and losses, the return of plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of asset ceiling ( if any, excluding interest) are recognised in OCI.

Plan Assets of Defined Benefit Plans have been measured at fair value.

**(iii) Other Long term employment benefits**

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date, determined based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method. Discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under the defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields of Government Securities as at the Balance Sheet date. Remeasurement gain and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

**1.10 Borrowing Cost**

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets upto the commencement of commercial operations. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

**1.11 Foreign Currency Transactions**

(i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the transaction.

(ii) Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are restated at the year end rates.

(iii) Non Monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost (i.e. translated using the exchange rates at the time of initial transactions).

(iv) Exchange difference on monetary items is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arises except for;

(a) Exchange difference on foreign currency borrowings relating to depreciable capital asset is included in cost of assets.

(b) Exchange difference on foreign currency transactions, on which receipt and/ or payments is not planned, initially recognised in OCI and reclassified from equity to profit and loss on repayment of the monetary items.

(v) Accounting of transactions that include the receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency the date of transaction, for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, a date of transaction is established for each payment or receipt.

(vi) All long term foreign currency monetary items consisting of loans taken before March 31, 2016 and which relate to the acquisition of depreciable capital assets at the end of the period/ year are restated at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange difference including attributable to the interest arising as a result is added to or deducted from the cost of the assets as per notification dated December 29, 2011 and August 9, 2012 issued by the Ministry of Company Affairs (MCA), Government of India and depreciated over the balance life of the capital asset. Exchange difference on other long term foreign currency loans is accumulated in "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account (FCMITDA)" which will be amortized over the balance period of monetary assets or liabilities.

**1.12 Revenue Recognition**

(i) Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

(ii) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with effect from April 1, 2018, using the cumulative effect method. Revenue is recognised when control over goods or services is transferred to a customer. A customer obtains control when he has the ability to direct the use of and obtain the benefits from the good or service, there is transfer of title, supplier has right to payment etc. – with the transfer of risk and rewards now being one of the many factors to be considered within the overall concept of control.

The Company determines whether revenue should be recognised 'over time' or 'at a point in time'. As a result, it is required to determine whether control is transferred over time. If not, only then revenue be recognised at a point in time, or else over time. The Company also determines if there are multiple distinct promises in a contract or a single performance obligation (PO). These promises may be explicit, implicit or based on past customary business practices. The consideration gets allocated to multiple POs and revenue recognised when control over those distinct goods or services is transferred.

The entities may agree to provide goods or services for consideration that varies upon certain future events which may or may not occur. This is variable consideration, a wide term and includes all types of negative and positive adjustments to the revenue. This could result in earlier recognition of revenue compared to current practice – especially impacting industries where revenue is presently not recorded untill all contingencies are resolved. Further, the entities will have to adjust the transaction price for the time value of money. Where the collections from customers are deferred the revenue will be lower than the contract price, and in case of advance collections, the effect will be opposite resulting in revenue exceeding the contract price with the difference accounted as a finance expense.

(iii) The Company sells rights of use (ROUs) that provide to the customers with network capacity, typically over a period of 5 to 20 years without transferring legal title or giving an option to purchase network capacity. Capacity services revenues are accounted as operating lease and recognised in the Company's income statement over the life of the contract. Bills raised on the customers/ payments received from the customers for long term contracts and for which revenue is not recognised are included in deferred revenue. Revenue on non cancellable ROUs are recognised as licensing income over the period of the contract.

(iv) Revenue is recognised as and when the services are provided on the basis of actual usage of the Company's network. Revenue on upfront charges for services with lifetime validity and fixed validity periods are recognised over the estimated useful life of the subscribers and specified fixed validity period, as appropriate. The estimated useful life is consistent with estimated churn of the subscribers.

(v) A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due and the amount is billable

(vi) Interest income on investment is recognised on time proportion basis. Interest income is accounted using the applicable Effective Interest Rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial assets to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Dividend is considered when right to receive is established. The Company recognises income from the units in the Fixed Income Schemes of Mutual Funds where income accrued is held till declaration or payment thereof for the benefit of the unit holders.

**1.13 Taxes on Income and Deferred Tax**

Income Tax comprises of current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or OCI.

Provision for income tax is made on the basis of taxable income for the year at the current rates. Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax at the applicable enacted or substantively enacted rates. Current tax represents amount of Income Tax payable/ recoverable in respect of taxable income/ loss for the reporting period. Deferred tax represents the effect of temporary difference between carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statement and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax liabilities are generally accounted for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

MAT (Minimum Alternate Tax) is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent it is probable evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax and will be able to utilize such credit during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the Statement of Profit and loss and is included in Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and if required, writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer probable that Company will be able to absorb such credit during the specified period.

**1.14 Government Grants**

Subsidies granted by the Government for providing telecom services in rural areas are recognised as other operating income in accordance with relevant terms and conditions of the scheme and agreement.

**1.15 Provisions including Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) and Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Provisions are determined by discounting expected future cash flows at the pre tax rate that reflects current market assumptions of time value of money and risk specific to the liability. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) relates to removal of electronics equipments when they will be retired from its active use. Provision is recognised based on the best estimate, of the management, of the eventual costs (net of recovery), using discounted cash flow, that relates to such obligation and is adjusted to the cost of such assets. Estimated future costs of decommissioning are reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate. Changes in the estimated future costs or in the discount rate applied are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset. Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements of the Company.

**1.16 Earnings per Share**

In determining Earnings per Share, the Company considers net profit after tax and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item. Number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of the

shares, excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period. Dilutive earning per share is computed and disclosed after adjusting effect of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any except when result will be anti – dilutive. Dilutive potential equity Shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

**1.17 Employee Stock Option Scheme**

In respect of stock options granted pursuant to the Company's Employee Stock Option Scheme, fair value of the options is treated as discount and accounted as employee compensation cost over the vesting period. Employee compensation cost recognised earlier on grant of options is reversed in the period when the options are surrendered by any employee or lapsed as per the terms of the scheme.

**1.18 Treasury Equity**

The Company has created an Employee Stock Option Scheme Trust (ESOS Trust) for providing share-based payment to its employees. The Company uses ESOS Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The ESOS Trust buys shares of the Company from the market, for giving shares to employees. The Company treats ESOS Trust as its extension and shares held by ESOS Trust are treated as Treasury Equity.

Own equity instruments that are reacquired (Treasury Equity) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss, on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. Any difference between carrying amount and consideration, if reissued, is recognised in equity.

**1.19 Measurement of Fair value of financial instruments**

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values for the financial instruments. The Company has an established control framework with respect to measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses evidence obtained from third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If inputs used to measure fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of fair value hierarchy, then fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Company recognises transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred (Note 2.37.1) for information on detailed disclosures pertaining to the measurement of fair values.

**1.20 Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign exchange forward contracts.

**Financial Assets**

**(i) Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

However , trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing coponent are measured at transaction price.

**(ii) Subsequent measurement :**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

**Financial Assets measured at amortised cost:**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) Asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows.

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables."

**Financial Assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):**

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets.

b) The contractual cash flows of the assets represent SPPI: Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is reclassified from the equity to Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

**Financial Assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):**

Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

**Equity investments:**

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109, "Financial Instruments" are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the company decides to classify the same either as at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition which is irrevocable. If the company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income. There is no recycling of the amounts from Other Comprehensive Income to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**(iii) Derecognition of Financial Assets**

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when: a) Rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or b) The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either(a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

**(iv) Impairment of Financial Assets**

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the Expected Credit Losses (ECL) associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk. In case of significant increase in credit risk, life time ECL is used; otherwise twelve month ECL is used. As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables, as permitted by Ind AS 109. Provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

**Financial Liabilities**

**(i) Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

**(ii) Subsequent measurement**

**The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described herein:** Financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of Profit or Loss: Financial liabilities at fair value through Profit or Loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Financial Liabilities measured at Amortised Cost:** After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Derecognition of Financial Liabilities:** A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**1.21 Use of Estimates**

The preparation and presentation of Financial Statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the Financial Statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates is recognised in the period in which the results are known/ materialised. Estimates and underlying assets are reviewed on periodical basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. The management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

**Critical estimates and judgments**

The Company has based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgments pertaining to useful life of property, plant and equipment including intangible asset (Note 2.01 and Note 2.02), current tax expense and tax payable, recognition of deferred tax assets for carried forward tax losses (Note 2.30), fair value of unlisted securities (Note 2.07), impairment of trade receivables and other financial assets (Note 2.08, Note 2.04, Note 2.12 and Note 2.31), assets held for sale (Note 2.14), liabilities held for sale (Note 2.14) and measurement of defined benefit obligation (Note 2.42). Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(i) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment including intangible asset: Residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(ii) Taxes: The Company provides for tax considering the applicable tax regulations and based on probable estimates. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns giving due considerations to tax laws and establishes provisions in the event if required as a result of differing interpretation or due to retrospective amendments, if any.

The recognition of deferred tax assets is based on availability of sufficient taxable profits in the Company against which such assets can be utilized.

(iii) Fair value measurement and valuation process: The Company measured financial assets and liabilities, if any, at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

(iv) Trade receivables and Other Financial Assets: The Company follows a 'simplified approach' (i.e. based on lifetime Expected Credit Loss ("ECL")) for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Trade receivables. For the purpose of measuring lifetime ECL allowance for trade receivables, the Company estimates irrecoverable amounts based on the ageing of the receivable balances and historical experience. Further, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogeneous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not to be collectable.

(v) Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits): The Company's obligation on account of gratuity and compensated absences is determined based on actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter subject to frequent changes is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables in India. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates.

(vi) Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

(vii) Determination of net realisable value for Assets held for Sale and related liabilities.

(viii) Provisions and contingent liabilities are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(ix) The Company has provided liability against License & Spectrum Fee dues along with interest and penalty, for the demands raised by DoT considering Non-Telecom income till FY 2014-15 and for the balance years, for which demand have not been raised by DoT, the Company has computed estimated liability on Non-Telecom revenue from FY 2015-16 onwards along with interest and penalty thereof.

**1.22 Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise of cash on hand, demand deposits with Banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**1.23 Recent Accounting Developments**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time.

**(a) MCA has notified below amendments which were effective from April 1, 2025.**

Amendments to Ind AS 21 - Lack of exchange ability MCA via notification dated May 7, 2025, announced amendments to Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", to specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The amendments do not have a material impact on the Company's Standalone Financial Statements.

Amendments to Ind AS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

MCA via notification dated August 13, 2025 announced amendments to Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", which elaborate on guidance set out in Ind AS 1 by:

- clarifying that the right to defer settlement of a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period must have substance and must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- stating that management's expectations around whether they will defer settlement or not do not impact the classification of the liability;

- including requirements for liabilities that can be settled using an entity's own instruments; and
- stating that at the reporting date, the entity does not consider covenants that will need to be complied with in the future when considering the classification of the debt as current or non-current."

In addition, an entity is required to disclose when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months. The amendments do not have a material impact on the Company's Standalone Financial Statements.

Supplier Finance Arrangements – Amendments to Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107

MCA via notification dated August 13, 2025 announced amendments to Ind AS 7 – "Statement of Cash Flows" and Ind AS 107 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" which introduced disclosure requirements with the objective to enable users of financial statements to assess how supplier finance arrangements affect an entity's liabilities, cashflows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments do not have a material impact on the Company's Standalone Financial Statements.

International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules - Amendments to Ind AS 12 MCA via notification dated August 13, 2025 announced amendments to Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes" which includes:

- a temporary exception to the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pilar Two model rules; and
- additional disclosure requirements targeted at a reporting entity's exposure to income taxes in periods in which the Pillar Two Model legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect.

The amendments do not have a material impact on the Company's Standalone Financial Statements.

**(b) Standards issued / amendments to existing standards issued but are yet not effective.**

Amendments to Ind AS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants. This amendment also includes specific provisions that will take effect for reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2026, as outlined below.

Under the existing Ind AS 1, where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach. However, the amended requirements stipulate that entities will no longer be permitted to consider lender waivers that are granted after the reporting date but before the financial statements are approved for the purpose of classification of loans. This amendment is required to be applied retrospectively in accordance with Ind AS 8. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Standalone's Financial Statements.

**Note: 2.01 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) (Refer Note 2.31)**

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Leasehold Land | Freehold Land | Buildings | Plant and Machinery | office Equipments | Furniture and Fixtures | Vehicles | Total | Capital Work in Progress |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Gross carrying value** | | | | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 228 | 90 | 36 | 3,929 | 23 | 40 | 45 | 4,391 | 55 |
| Additions | – | – | – | 2 | – | – | – | 2 | – |
| Deduction/ adjustments | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | (2) |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **228** | **90** | **36** | **3,931** | **23** | **40** | **45** | **4,393** | **53** |
| **Additions / Deletion** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **Deduction/ adjustments** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **228** | **90** | **36** | **3,931** | **23** | **40** | **45** | **4,393** | **53** |
| **Accumulated Depreciation** | | | | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 2 | – | 15 | 3,219 | 22 | 39 | 43 | 3,339 | |
| Depreciation for the year | – | – | 1 | 104 | – | – | – | 105 | |
| Deduction/ adjustments | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **2** | **-** | **16** | **3,323** | **22** | **39** | **43** | **3,445** | |
| **Depreciation for the year** | **-** | **-** | **1** | **99** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **100** | |
| **Deduction/ adjustments** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **2** | **-** | **17** | **3,422** | **22** | **39** | **43** | **3,545** | |
| **Net carrying value** | | | | | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 226 | 90 | 20 | 608 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 948 | 53 |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **226** | **90** | **19** | **509** | **1** | **1** | **2** | **848** | **53** |

Notes:

2.01.1 Capital Work-in-Progress includes ₹ 8 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 8 crore) on account of materials at site.

2.01.2 Transfer of title of certain Land and Buildings received from Reliance Industries Limited pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement and from Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited ('RCIL') Pursuant to scheme of demerger of the Network division are under process.

2.01.3 Refer Note 2.19 for Security in favour of the Lenders. Foreign Currency Loans of ₹ 1,623 crore availed by Reliance Infratel Limited ('RITL') (ceased w.e.f. December 22, 2022) and Foreign Currency Loans of ₹ 1,341 crore availed by Reliance Telecom Limited ('RTL') are secured by first pari passu charge on movable PPE of the Borrower Group. Apart from this, Rupee Loan of ₹ 918 crore availed by RITL (ceased w.e.f December 22, 2022) have been secured by second pari passu charge and Rupee loan of ₹ 611 crore availed by RTL have been secured by first pari passu charge on movable Fixed Assets of the Borrower Group. Further non fund based outstanding of ₹ 1,361 crore availed by the Company, ₹ 246 crore availed by RTL and ₹ 4 crore by RCIL have been secured by second pari passu charge on movable Fixed Assets of the Borrower Group.

2.01.4 On finalisation and implementation of debt resolution process through Hon'ble NCLT, the Company will carry out a comprehensive impairment review of its tangible assets.

2.01.5 Plant and Machinery includes Gross Carring Value of ₹ 23 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 23 crore) and Net Carrying Value of ₹ 16 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 16 crore) as at March 31, 2026, pertaining to assets taken on lease.

2.01.6 Above notes to be read with Note 2.14 "Assets Held for Sale".

2.01.7 There is no Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipments during the current and previous year.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note: 2.02 Intangible Assets (Refer Note 2.31)** (₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Telecom Licenses | Indefeasible Right of Connectivity | Software | Brand License | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Gross carrying value** | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 23 | 252 | – | 169 | 444 |
| Additions | – | – | – | – | – |
| Deduction/ adjustments | – | – | – | – | – |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **23** | **252** | **–** | **169** | **444** |
| **Additions** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** |
| **Deduction/ adjustments** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **23** | **252** | **–** | **169** | **444** |
| **Accumulated Amortisation** | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 23 | 250 | – | 169 | 442 |
| Amortisation for the year | – | 1 | – | – | 1 |
| Deduction/ adjustments | – | – | – | – | – |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **23** | **251** | **–** | **169** | **443** |
| **Amortisation for the year** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** |
| **Deduction/ adjustments** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **23** | **251** | **–** | **169** | **443** |
| **Net carrying value** | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2025 | – | 1 | – | – | 1 |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **–** | **1** | **–** | **–** | **1** |

2.02.01 During the earlier years, the Company had successfully Bid under auction conducted for spectrum by the Department of Telecommunications (DoT), Government of India (GoI) and won spectrum in 12 service areas as total cost of ₹ 1,934 crore. The Company has made upfront payment of ₹ 527 crore under deferred payment option and the balance was payable in 10 annual installments for Mumbai and Jammu and Kashmir circles and 16 annual installments for other Circles.

The Company has defaulted the payment of Installment of ₹ 196 crore each, which was due on April 9, 2019, April 9, 2020, April 9, 2021, April 9, 2022, April 9, 2023 , April 9, 2024 and April 9, 2025 with the delay of 2,549 days, 2,184 days, 1,818 days, 1,453 days, 1,088 days, 723 days and 357 days respectively and ₹ 6 crore each, which was due on October 20, 2019, October 20, 2020, October 20, 2021 , October 20, 2022, October 20, 2023, October 20, 2024 and October 20, 2025 with the delay of 2,355 days, 1,990 days, 1,624 days, 1,259 days, 894 days, 529 days and 163 days respectively. Further, an installment of ₹ 22 crore with respect to Mumbai circle which was due on March 03, 2019, March 03, 2020, March 03, 2021, March 03, 2022, March 03, 2023, March 03, 2024, March 03,2025 and March 03,2026 is defaulted by 2,586 days, 2,221 days, 1,855 days 1,490 days, 1,125 days, 760 days, 394 days and 29 days respectively as at March 31, 2026. Apart from above, balance installments not due as at March 31, 2026 is aggregating to ₹ 1,579 crore including interest @10% per annum. An Installment of ₹ 196 crore, due on April 9, 2026 is yet to be paid.

During an earlier year, the Company acquired Spectrum of ₹ 4,513 crore under Scheme of Demerger along with corresponding Deferred Payment Liability of ₹ 2,013 crore. (Refer Note No. 2.33.2). Above was payable in annual installments of ₹ 281 crore each.

The Company has defaulted the payment of installments of ₹ 281 crore each, which was due on March 26, 2019, March 26, 2020, March 26, 2021, March 26, 2022, March 26, 2023, March 26, 2024 , March 26, 2025 and March 26, 2026 with the delay of 2,563 days, 2,198 days, 1,832 days, 1,467 days, 1,102 days, 737 days, 371 days and 6 days respectively. Apart from the above, balance installments not due as at March 31, 2026 is aggregating to ₹ 1,408 crore including interest @ 10 % per annum.

Department of Telecommunications issued show cause notice to the Company for revocation/ termination of spectrum due to non-payment of 3rd installment due on March 03, 2019 for 0.6 MHz Spectrum acquired in 1800 MHz band in Mumbai, which was stayed by the Hon'ble NCLAT. The said order of stay of NCLAT stood merged with its final order dated April 30, 2019 as a result of which RCOM's CIRP got recommenced at NCLT Mumbai and order of Moratorium got

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

restored. Further, in the matter of One Time Spectrum Charges, TDSATs order dated February 4, 2019 inter alia directing for the return of Bank Guarantee of ₹ 2,000 crore, has been stayed by Hon'ble Supreme court on August 19, 2019 in an appeal filed by Union of India.

2.02.2 Refer Note 2.19 for Security in favour of the Lenders.

2.02.3 Above notes to be read with Note 2.14 "Assets Held for Sale".

2.02.4 There is no Revaluation of Intangible Assets during the current and previous year

(₹ in crore)

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.03** | | | | | |
| **Investments** (valued at cost unless otherwise stated) (Refer Note 2.31 & 2.49) | | | | | |
| **In Equity Shares of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies** | | | | | |
| **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | | | | |
| 9,38,00,00,000 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited of ₹ 1 each | **8,734** | | 8,734 | |
| (9,38,00,00,000) | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(3,000)** | | (3,000) | |
| | | | **5,734** | | 5,734 |
| 50,00,000 | Reliance Realty Limited (Formerly Reliance Infocomm Infrastructure Limited) of ₹ 10 each | **10,000** | | 10,000 | |
| (50,00,000) | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(8,964)** | | (8,964) | |
| | | | **1,036** | | 1,036 |
| 6,87,066 | Reliance Wimax Limited of ₹ 10 each | | **8** | | 8 |
| (6,87,066) | | | | | |
| 50,000 | Reliance Webstore Limited of ₹ 10 each ₹ 5,00,000 | | **-** | | - |
| (50,000) | (March 2025 ₹ 5,00,000) (Refer note 2.19.1) | | | | |
| 35,63,601 | Campion Properties Limited of ₹ 10 each | | **9** | | 9 |
| (35,63,601) | | | | | |
| 1,000 | Aircom Holdco BV of Euro 1 each ( ₹ 72,860) | | **-** | | - |
| (1,000) | (March 2025 ₹ 72,860) | | | | |
| 20,00,000 | Globalcom Mobile Commerce Limited of ₹ 10 each | | **2** | | 2 |
| (20,00,000) | | | | | |
| **In Equity Shares of Subsidiary Companies** | | | | | |
| **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | | | | |
| 6,69,80,100 | Reliance Telecom Limited of ₹ 10 each | **521** | | 521 | |
| (6,69,80,100) | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(521)** | | (521) | |
| | | | **-** | | - |
| 9,500 | Towercom Infrastructure Private Limited of ₹ 10 each | | **-** | | - |
| (9,500) | ₹ 95,000 (March 2025 ₹ 95,000) | | | | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **-** | | - | |
| **In Equity Shares of Associates and Other Companies** | | | **-** | | - |
| **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | | | | |
| 6,50,25,000 | Warf Telecom International Private Limited of MRF 1 | | | | |
| (6,50,25,000) | each | | **22** | | 22 |
| 1,00,000 | Gateway Net Trading Pte. Limited of USD 1 each ₹ | | | | |
| (1,00,000) | 46,78,250 (March 2025 ₹ 46,78,250)* | **-** | | - | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **-** | | **-** | |
| | | | **-** | | **-** |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.03** | | | | | |
| 1,00,00,000 (1,00,00,000) | Independent TV Limited (Formerly Reliance Big TV Limited) of ₹ 10 each | **10** | | 10 | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(10)** | | (10) | |
| | | | **-** | | - |
| 50,000 (50,000) | Reliance Tech Services Limited of ₹ 10 each ₹ 5,00,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 5,00,000) | **-** | | - | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment ₹ 5,00,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 5,00,000) | **-** | **-** | - | - |
| 12,00,000 (12,00,000) | Reliance Globalcom Limited, Bermuda Class A Common Shares of USD 0.01 each | **233** | | 233 | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(233)** | | (233) | |
| | | | **-** | | - |
| 13,000 (13,000) | Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limited of ₹ 10 each ₹ 1,30,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 1,30,000) | | **-** | | - |
| 400 (400) | Nationwide Communication Private Limited of ₹ 10 each ₹ 4,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 4,000) | | **-** | | - |
| 14,516 (14,516) | Reliance Globalcom Bv of Euro 100 each | **6,515** | | 6,515 | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment ** | **(6,515)** | | (6,515) | |
| | | | **-** | | - |
| | | | **6,811** | | 6,811 |
| **Aggregate Book value of Investments** | | | | | |
| | Unquoted | | **26,054** | | 26,054 |
| | Quoted | | **-** | | - |
| **Aggregate value of impairment** | | | **19,243** | | 19,243 |

*During the previous year, provision for diminution in the value of investment of Gateway Net Trading Pte Ltd of ₹ 46,78,250 was provided. Refer note 2.39.1(a)

**During the earlier year, provision for diminution in the value of investment of Reliance Globalcom B.V of ₹ 639 crore was provided. Refer note 2.62

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.04** | | |
| **Other Financial Assets** | | |
| (Unsecured, Considered good/ unless otherwise stated) | | |
| Bank Deposits with Maturity for more than 12 months | **1** | 2 |
| | **1** | 2 |
| **Note: 2.05** | | |
| **Other Non Current Assets** (Refer Note 2.31) | | |
| Deposits | **352** | 352 |
| Other Non Current Assets | **347** | 347 |
| | **699** | 699 |
| **Note: 2.06** | | |
| **Inventories** (valued at lower of cost or net realisable value) | | |
| Stores and Spares | **2** | 2 |
| | **2** | 2 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.07** | | | | | |
| **Investments (Current Financial Assets)** (valued at amortised cost unless stated otherwise) (Refer Note 2.31 & 2.49) | | | | | |
| **In Preference Shares of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies** | | | | | |
| **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | | | | |
| 20,000 (20,000) | 8 % Redeemable, Cumulative Preference Shares of Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited of ₹ 10 each ₹ 2,00,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 2,00,000) # | **-** | | - | |
| 10,00,000 (10,00 000) | 7.5 % Redeemable, Non Cumulative, Non Convertible Preference Shares of Reliance WiMax Limited of ₹ 10 each | **1** | **1** | 1 | 1 |
| **In Preference Shares of Subsidiary Companies** | | | | | |
| **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | | | | |
| 4,50,00,000 (4,50,00,000) | 1% Redeemable, Non Cumulative, Non Convertible Preference Shares of Reliance Telecom Limited of ₹ 10 each # # | **445** | | 445 | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(400)** | | (400) | |
| | | | **45** | | 45 |
| **In Preference Shares of other Companies** | | | | | |
| 22,143 (22,143) | 8% Redeemable, Non Cumulative, Non Convertible, Preference Shares of Reliance Globalcom BV of Euro 1 each* | **178** | | 178 | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment ** | **(178)** | | (178) | |
| | | | **-** | - | |
| 52 (52) | 1% Redeemable, Non Cumulative, Non Convertible Preference Shares of Reliance Globalcom BV of Euro 1 each ₹ 29,85,060 (March 2025 ₹29,85,060) | **-** | | - | |
| | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment ₹ 29,85,060 (March 2025 ₹ 29,85,060) | **-** | | - | |
| **In Government Securities (Quoted) ***** | | | | | |
| 34000 (34000) | 6.83% GOI 2039 of ₹ 100 each fully paid up ₹ 30,52,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 30,52,000) (Market Value of Quoted Investments ₹ 32,67,162) (March 2025 ₹ 34,41,888) | | **-** | | - |
| **In Government Securities (Unquoted)** | | | | | |
| | 6 years National Savings Certificate (Lodged with Sales Tax Department) ₹ 45,000 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 45,000) | | **-** | | - |
| | 5 1/2 years Kisan Vikas Patra (Lodged with Chennai Metropolitan Development Authority) ₹ 5,000 (March 2025 ₹ 5,000) | | **-** | | - |
| | | | **46** | | 46 |
| **Aggregate Book Value of Investments** | | | | | |
| Unquoted | | | **624** | | 624 |
| Quoted ₹ 30,52,000 (March 2025 ₹ 30,52,000) | | | | | |
| **Aggregate Market Value of Quoted Investments** | | | | | |
| Quoted ₹ 32,67,162 (March 2025 ₹ 34,41,888 ) | | | **-** | | - |
| **Aggregate Value of Impairment of Investments** | | | **578** | | 578 |

* This investment has been considered as monetary item as per Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

** During the earlier year, impaired as per Ind AS 109, "Financial Instruments" (Refer note 2.62)

*** At fair value through profit and loss

# Investment in Preference Shares of RCIL is due for Redemption on July 29, 2022. Since both RCIL and the Company are under IBC, the same could not be redeemed on the due date. Also, refer note 2.31.

## Investment in Preference Shares of RTL is due for Redemption on March 02, 2023. Since both RTL and the Company are under IBC, the same could not be redeemed on the due date. Also, refer note 2.31.

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.08** | | | | |
| **Trade Receivables (Unsecured)** (Refer Note 2.31 & 2.49) | | | | |
| Considered good | **80** | | 94 | |
| Which have significant increase in credit risk | **-** | | - | |
| Credit Impaired (Refer Note 2.39.1(b)) | **3,249** | | 3,070 | |
| | **3,329** | | 3,164 | |
| Less: Provision for allowance of credit impaired | **3,249** | **80** | 3,070 | 94 |
| | | **80** | | 94 |

**Trade Receivables ageing schedule**

| Sr. No | Particulars | Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment: Less than 6 months | 6 month to 1 year | 1-2 Years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 Years | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **As at March 31, 2026** | | | | | | | |
| (i) | Undisputed Trade receivables considered good | **31** | **46** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **77** |
| (ii) | Undisputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| (iii) | Undisputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| (iv) | Disputed Trade receivables considered good | **3** | **-** | | | | **3** |
| (v) | Disputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| (vi) | Disputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | **-** | **-** | **83** | **41** | **3,125** | **3,249** |
| | **Total - A** | **34** | **46** | **83** | **41** | **3,125** | **3,329** |
| | Provision for allowance of credit impaired (B) | **-** | **-** | **(83)** | **(41)** | **(3,125 )** | **(3,249)** |
| | **Total - A + B** | **34** | **46** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **80** |
| | **As at March 31, 2025** | | | | | | |
| (i) | Undisputed Trade receivables considered good | 52 | 38 | - | - | - | 90 |
| (ii) | Undisputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (iii) | Undisputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (iv) | Disputed Trade receivables considered good | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 4 |
| (v) | Disputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (vi) | Disputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | - | - | 1 | 28 | 3,038 | 3,067 |
| | **Total - A** | 54 | 40 | 2 | 29 | 3,039 | 3,164 |
| | Provision for allowance of credit impaired (B) | - | - | (2) | (29) | (3,039) | (3,070) |
| | **Total - A + B** | 54 | 40 | - | - | - | 94 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.09** | | |
| **Cash and Cash equivalents** | | |
| Cheques on Hand (March 2026 ₹ 32,00,161) [March 2025 ₹ 27,65,595] | **-** | - |
| Balances with Banks | **20** | 35 |
| Bank Deposits with less than 3 months' maturity | **145** | 148 |
| | **165** | 183 |
| **Note: 2.10** | | |
| **Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents referred in Note 2.09 above** | | |
| Bank Deposits with less than 12 months' maturity | **47** | 42 |
| Earmarked Balance- Unpaid Dividend March 2026 ₹ 11,04,469 (March 2025 ₹ 11,04,469) * | **-** | - |
| | **47** | 42 |
| * Transferred March 2026 ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ Nil) to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) | | |
| **Note: 2.11** | | |
| **Loans (Current Financial Assets)** | | |
| (Considered good unless otherwise stated) (Refer Note 2.44 and 2.49) | | |
| Loans to Related Parties - Secured | **40** | 34 |
| Loans to Related Parties - Un Secured | **6,048** | 6,048 |
| Loans to Others - Un Secured | **185** | 185 |
| Loans to Others - Credit impired | **351** | 351 |
| Less: Provision for Credit impaired | **(351)** | (351) |
| | **6,273** | 6,266 |
| **Note: 2.12** | | |
| **Other Financial Assets** (Considered good unless otherwise stated) | | |
| (Refer Note 2.49) | | |
| Interest Accrued on Loans and Investments | **27** | 28 |
| Unbilled Revenue | **4** | 6 |
| Others | **101** | 101 |
| | **132** | 135 |

| **Note: 2.13** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Other Current Assets (Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated)** | | | | |
| Refer Note 2.31 and 2.49) | | | | |
| Advances to Related Parties | | **14** | | 14 |
| Deposits * | | **1,636** | | 1,636 |
| Others ** | | | | |
| Considered good | **2,370** | | 2,382 | |
| Credit impaired | **74** | | 74 | |
| | **2,444** | | 2,456 | |
| Less: Provision for Credit impaired | **74** | **2,370** | 74 | 2,382 |
| | | **4,020** | | 4,032 |

* Deposits include March 2026 ₹ 1,565 crore (March 2025 ₹ 1,565 crore) paid against disputed claims.

** Includes prepaid expenses, service tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST),service tax credits, advances to vendor and other receivables.

**Note: 2.14**

**(a) Assets held for Sale**

Consequent to discontinuance of wireless business, the following assets have been classified as the assets held for sale at the value ascertained as at the end of March 31,2018 and recorded at lower of carrying amount and fair value less selling cost. Also Refer Note 2.01.3 for Security in favour of Lenders. On finalisation and implementation of debt resolution process through Hon'ble NCLT, the Company will carry out a comprehensive impairment review of its tangible, intangible assets and Assets held for Sale.

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Net Block Reclassified from PPE | | Provision for Impairment | | | Write Off | | | | Deduction | | Asset Held for Sale | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | For the year ended March 31, | | As at March 31, | Less: Write off during the year | As at March 31, | Provision For the year ended March 31, | Additional Write off as per statement of Profit and Loss | Total Write off during the year | Write off For the year ended March 31, | For the year ended March 31, | | As at March 31, | As at March 31, |
| | **2026** | 2025 | 2025 | | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| | **1** | 2 | 3 | 4 | **5=(3-4)** | 6 | **7** | 8=4+7 | 9 | **10** | 11 | **12 = (13+1-8-10)** | 13 |
| **Tangible** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | 1 | **6,247** | 6,247 |
| Freehold Land | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **339** | 339 |
| Leasehold Land | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **9** | 9 |
| Buildings | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **170** | 170 |
| Capital Work In Progress | | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | | **183** | 183 |
| **Sub total** | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | 1 | **6,948** | 6,948 |
| **Intangible** | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Telecom Licenses | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **12,736** | 12,736 |
| Software | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - |
| Intangible Assets under Development | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **69** | 69 |
| **Sub total** | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | - | **12,805** | 12,805 |
| **Total** | **-** | - | - | - | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | 1 | **19,753** | 19,753 |

(b) Assets held for sale including Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Optical Fibres and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) continue to be classified as held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018, along with liabilities are disclosed separately as discontinued operations in line with Ind AS 105 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". In this regard it is pertinent to note that the dues pertaining to the spectrum (including entire deferred payments) have been claimed by DoT and the same have been admitted by the RP, and accordingly, the dues shall be dealt with in accordance with provisions of the IBC. In accordance with the aforesaid and admission of deferred spectrum installments as claims, the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiary RTL have not paid the installments.

( c) Above notes to be read with Note 2.01 "Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)" and Note 2.02 "Intangible Assets"

(d) Liabilities directly related to Assets held for Sale

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, | |
|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 |
| Deferred Payment Liabilities | **3,419** | 3,419 |
| Interest Accrued on Deferred Payment Liabilities | **4,177** | 3,511 |
| **Total** | **7,596** | 6,930 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.15** | | |
| **Share Capital** | | |
| **Authorised** | | |
| 10,00,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each (10,00,00,00,000) | **5,000** | 5,000 |
| | **5,000** | 5,000 |
| **Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up** | | |
| 2,76,55,33,050 Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each fully paid up (2,76,55,33,050) | **1,383** | 1,383 |
| | **1,383** | 1,383 |

**1) Shares held by Holding/Ultimate Holding Company and/or their subsidiaries**

| | | No. of Shares | No. of Shares |
|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | RWTII Private Limited, Subsidiary of Holding Company | **84,98,729** | 84,98,729 |
| (b) | Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limited, Subsidiary of Holding Company # | **76,839** | 76,839 |

During the previous year, pursuant to the Scheme, Shares were transferred from Reliance Communications Enterprises Private Limited to Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limited on December 11, 2024

**2) Shareholding Pattern of Promoters**

**Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year**

| Sr. no | Promotors Name | No. of Shares | % of Total shares | % change during the year |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Anil D. Ambani | **18 59 171** | **0.07** | **Nil** |
| 2 | Jai Anshul A Ambani | **100** | **0** | **Nil** |
| 3 | Jai Anmol A. Ambani | **16 69 759** | **0.06** | **Nil** |
| 4 | Kokila D Ambani | **46 65 847** | **0.17** | **Nil** |
| 5 | Tina A Ambani | **16 50 832** | **0.06** | **Nil** |

**3) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company**

As on March 31, 2026, none of the shareholders are holding more than 5% shares in the company

**4) Terms/rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**5) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period**

| | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31,2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Number** | **(₹ in Crore)** | Number | (₹ in Crore) |
| **Equity shares** | | | | |
| At the beginning of the Year | **276 55 33 050** | **1,383** | 276 55 33 050 | 1,383 |
| Add : Changes during the year | **-** | **-** | - | - |
| **At the end of the Year** | **276 55 33 050** | **1,383** | 276 55 33 050 | 1,383 |

| | **As at March 31, 2026** | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.16** | | | | |
| **Other Equity** | | | | |
| **Capital Reserve** | | **1,397** | | 1,397 |
| **Debenture Redemption Reserve** | | | | |
| (i) Opening Balance | **590** | | 590 | |
| (ii) Transfer from/ (to) General Reserve | **-** | **590** | - | 590 |
| **Securities Premium** | | **13,894** | | 13,894 |
| **General Reserve I (Refer Note 2.33.1)** | | **5,538** | | 5,538 |
| **General Reserve III (Refer Note 2.33.1)** | | **4,159** | | 4,159 |
| **Treasury Equity** | | **(391)** | | (391) |
| **Surplus/ (Deficit) in retained earnings** | | | | |
| (i) Opening Balance | **(95,782)** | | (87,657) | |
| (ii) Add : Loss for the year from Continuing Operations | **(530)** | | (162) | |
| (iii) Add : Loss for the year from Discontinued Operations | **(9,158)** | **(1,05,470)** | (7,963) | (95,782) |
| **Other Comprehensive Income** | | | | |
| **Remeasurement of defined employee benefit Plans** | | | | |
| (i) Opening Balance | **8** | | 8 | |
| (ii) Loss during the year March 2026 ₹ 12,80,414. (March 2025 ₹ 3,33,009) | **-** | **8** | - | 8 |
| | | **(80,275)** | | (70,587) |

**Nature and Purpose of Reserve**

**Capital Reserve**

Capital Reserve includes Equity Share Capital of the Company, which was cancelled pursuant to the Scheme of Demerger of Undertaking from Reliance Industries Limited. During the year, Capital Reserve is created under scheme of demerger (Refer Note 2.33.2).

**Debenture Redemption Reserve**

Debenture Redemption Reserve is created out of profits of the respective year as required under the Act then applicable, which shall be utilised for the purpose of redemption of Debentures issued by the Company.

**Securities Premium**

Securities Premium represents the premium charged to the shareholders at the time of issuance of shares. It also includes ₹ 8,047 crore created pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation/ Arrangements of the earlier years. Securities Premium can be utilised based on the relevant requirements of the Act.

**General Reserve I**

General Reserve I of ₹ 5,538 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 5,538 crore) represents the unadjusted balance being the excess of assets over liabilities relatable to the Telecommunications Undertaking transferred and vested into the Company.

**General Reserve III**

General Reserve III comprises of ₹ 4,159 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 4,159 crore) transferred to General Reserve from Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Treasury Equity**

Treasury Equity represents 2,12,79,000 nos. of Equity Shares held by the ESOS Trust.

(₹ in crore)

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.17** | | | |
| **Other Non Current Liabilities** | | | |
| Income Received in Advance | | **95** | 103 |
| | | **95** | 103 |
| **Note: 2.18** | | | |
| **Provisions** | | | |
| Employee Benefits (Refer Note 2.42) | | **2** | 2 |
| | | **2** | 2 |
| **Note: 2.19** | | | |
| **Borrowings – Current** | | | |
| **Secured** | | | |
| 6.5% Senior Secured Notes | | **1,955** | 1,955 |
| Foreign Currency Loans | | **11,191** | 11,191 |
| Rupee Loans from Banks | | **3,978** | 3,978 |
| Rupee Loans from Others | | **646** | 646 |
| **Unsecured** | | | |
| Rupee Loans from Banks | | **2,307** | 2,307 |
| Rupee Loans from Others | | **8,264** | 8,264 |
| | **(A)** | **28,341** | 28,341 |
| **Current Maturities of Long term Debts** | | | |
| **Secured** | | | |
| 3,000 11.20% Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures of ₹ 1 crore each | | **3,000** | 3,000 |
| 1,500 11.25% Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures of ₹ 1 crore each | | **750** | 750 |
| Rupee Loans from Banks | | **5,901** | 5,901 |
| Rupee Loans from Others | | **760** | 760 |
| **Unsecured** | | | |
| Rupee Loans from Others | | **1,182** | 1,182 |
| | **(B)** | **11,593** | 11,593 |
| | **(A+B)** | **39,934** | 39,934 |

**2.19.1 Debentures, Senior Secured Notes and Term Loans**

The Company, on March 2, 2009, allotted 3,000, 11.20% Secured Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures ("NCDs") of the face value of ₹ 1,00,00,000 each, aggregating to ₹ 3,000 crore to be redeemed at the end of 10$^{th}$ year from the date of allotment thereof i.e. March 1, 2019 and the same remains outstanding as at March 31, 2026. The Company on February 7, 2012, also allotted, 1,500, 11.25% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures ("NCDs") of the face value of ₹ 1,00,00,000 each

aggregating to ₹ 1,500 crore redeemable in four annual equal installments starting at the end of 4th year from the date of allotment thereof, the outstanding against said NCDs is ₹ 750 crore as on March 31, 2026. The Company had, on May 6, 2015, issued Senior Secured Notes (SCNs) of USD 300 million, face value of USD 100 per bond, bearing 6.5% p.a. interest, with a maturity of 5 1/2 years.

The Company had been sanctioned Rupee Loans of ₹ 6,015 crore (outstanding as on March 31, 2026 was ₹ 5,463 crore) (Term Loan Facility) under consortium banking arrangement on the terms and conditions as set out in common loan agreement.

Outstanding NCDs along with SCNs, Foreign Currency Loans and Rupee Loans of ₹ 25,424 crore ("the said Secured Loans") have been secured by first pari passu charge on the whole of the movable plant and machinery including capital work in progress (pertaining to the movable fixed assets), both present and future including all the rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands in respect of all insurance contracts relating thereto of the Borrower Group*; comprising of the Company and its subsidiary companies namely; RTL, RITL ( ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 22, 2022 upon implementation of the approved resolution plan, Refer Note 2.39 (a)) and RCIL, ("the Borrower Group*"), in favour of the Security Trustee for the benefit of the NCD/ SCN Holders and the lenders of the said Secured Loans. The said loans also include ₹ 3,583 crore which are guaranteed by a Director. Apart from above Rupee Loan also includes ₹ 398 crore which is secured by first pari passu charge on Spectrum, acquired during the earlier year under the scheme of demerger, (Refer Note 2.33.2) is pending to be executed. Outstanding Rupee Loan of ₹ 487 crore availed by the Company and ₹ 485 crore availed by RITL are secured by second pari passu charge on the movable plant and machinery and capital work in progress of the Borrower Group* and is guaranteed by a director of the Company. During the previous year, the said loan was guaranteed by tower receivables, pledge of equity shares of Globalcom IDC Limited ('GIDC'), ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 12, 2022, held by RWSL (Refer Note 2.32). Further, Outstanding Rupee Loans of ₹ 1,872 crore is secured by second charge over movable Fixed Assets of the Borrower Group*, out of which, charge is pending to be created for ₹ 1,072 crore. The Company, for the benefit of the Lenders of SCNs of ₹ 1,955 crore, Foreign Currency Loans of ₹ 11,191 crore, 11.25% NCDs aggregating to ₹ 750 crore and Rupee Loans of ₹ 7,403 crore has, apart from the above, also assigned 20 Telecom Licenses for services under Unified Access Services (UAS), National Long Distance (NLD) and International Long Distance (ILD) (collectively referred as "Telecom Licenses") by execution of the Tripartite Agreements with DoT and the Security Trustee acting on behalf of the Lenders. Further, assignment of the Telecom Licences of the Company for rupee loans from banks of ₹ 1,000 crore and from others of ₹ 740 crore is pending to be executed.

The Company has, for the benefit of the Lenders of SCNs, Foreign Currency Loans and Rupee Loans aggregating to ₹ 19,102 crore, apart from the above security, pledged equity shares of RCIL held by the Company and of RTL held by the Company and Reliance Reality Limited ('RRL') by execution of the Share Pledge Agreement with the Share Pledge Security Trustee. Outstanding Rupee Loans of ₹ 5,463 crore is also secured by current assets, movable assets including intangible, both present and future of the Borrower Group*. During the previous year, the said loan was also secured by pledge of equity shares of RITL held by RCIL and during the year, the equity shares of RITL have been cancelled consequent to implementation of resolution plan of RITL on December 22, 2022 (Refer Note 2.39 (a)). During the earlier year, charge over the three immovable assets of the Borrower Group* was created. However charge over balance immovable assets of the Borrower Group* and RGBV security for Rupee Loans of ₹ 5,463 crore is pending to be executed. Further, outstanding Foreign Currency Loan of ₹ 1,623 crore availed by RITL and ₹ 1,341 crore availed by RTL is guaranteed by the Company.

During the earlier year, lenders have invoked guarantees provided by borrower group for outstanding rupee loan of ₹ 5,950 crore availed by the Company, ₹ 611 crore availed by RTL and ₹ 485 crore availed by RITL

During the earlier year, the Company created first ranking exclusive charge (pari passu inter se the Lenders) over Designated Account with future rights, title and interest therein, including all of its rights in respect of any amount standing to the credit of the Designated Account and the debt represented by it, in favour of State Bank of India, the Convenor (for the benefit of the Lenders) as continuing security.

During the earlier year, the Company was, in the process of finalising and implementing its asset monetization and debt resolution plan, comprising the Company's restructuring of Debt including allotment of shares against debt from lenders.

Foreign currency Loans have been stated at the exchange rate of March 31, 2018.

The Company has not taken any loan during the year.

* RITL has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. December 22, 2022 upon implementation of the approved resolution plan.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

### 2.19.2 Delay/Default in repayment of Borrowing (Current and Non Current) and Interest

The Company has delayed/defaulted in the payment of dues to the financial institutions, banks, debenture holders and others

(₹ in crore)

| Sr. No | Name of Lender | Amount represents rupees in crore and period represents maximum days | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Borrowings | | | | Interest | | Borrowings | | | | Interest | |
| | | Delay in repayment during the year ended March 31, 2026 | | Default As at March 31, 2026 | | As on March 31, 2026 | | Delay in repayment during the year ended March 31, 2025 | | Default As at March 31, 2025 | | As on March 31, 2025 | |
| | | Amount | Period | Amount | Period | Amount | Period | Amount | Period | Amount | Period | Amount | Period |
| **I** | **Loan from Banks / Financial Institutions** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Burlington Loan Management DAC | - | - | 163 | 3033 | - | - | - | - | 163 | 2668 | - | - |
| | Shubh Holdings Pte Ltd*[3] | - | - | 2,460 | 3320 | - | - | - | - | 2,460 | 2955 | - | - |
| | Bank of Baroda | - | - | 1,837 | 3311 | 11 | 3290 | - | - | 1,837 | 2946 | 11 | 2925 |
| | Bank of India | - | - | 644 | 3288 | 9 | 3290 | - | - | 644 | 2923 | 9 | 2925 |
| | Bank of Maharashtra | - | - | 473 | 3240 | - | - | - | - | 473 | 2875 | - | - |
| | Canara Bank | - | - | 622 | 3197 | - | - | - | - | 622 | 2832 | - | - |
| | Central Bank of India | - | - | 258 | 3288 | 3 | 3290 | - | - | 258 | 2923 | 3 | 2925 |
| | Corporation Bank (merged with Union Bank of India) | - | - | 583 | 3310 | 8 | 3290 | - | - | 583 | 2945 | 8 | 2925 |
| | Dena Bank (merged with Bank of Baroda) | - | - | 250 | 2975 | - | - | - | - | 250 | 2610 | - | - |
| | Deutsche Bank*[1&2] | - | - | 530 | 3033 | 1 | 3208 | - | - | 530 | 2668 | 1 | 2843 |
| | China Development Bank*[1] | - | - | 2,236 | 3320 | 128 | 3322 | - | - | 2,236 | 2955 | 128 | 2957 |
| | Industrial and Commercial Bank of China* | - | - | 1,194 | 3320 | 33 | 3322 | - | - | 1,194 | 2955 | 33 | 2957 |
| | Export Import Bank of China* | - | - | 2,433 | 3320 | 47 | 3322 | - | - | 2,433 | 2955 | 47 | 2957 |
| | IDBI Bank | - | - | 721 | 3292 | 9 | 3290 | - | - | 721 | 2927 | 9 | 2925 |
| | Indian Overseas Bank | - | - | 120 | 3288 | 1 | 3290 | - | - | 120 | 2923 | 1 | 2925 |
| | RCOM Bond | - | - | 1,955 | 1972 | - | - | - | - | 1,955 | 1607 | - | - |
| | Oriental Bank of Commerce (merged with Punjab National bank) | - | - | 189 | 3288 | 2 | 3290 | - | - | 189 | 2923 | 2 | 2925 |
| | Punjab National Bank | - | - | 623 | 3289 | - | - | - | - | 623 | 2924 | - | - |
| | State Bank of India | - | - | 2,228 | 3288 | 21 | 3290 | - | - | 2,228 | 2923 | 21 | 2925 |
| | Syndicate Bank (merged with Canara bank) | - | - | 705 | 3311 | 5 | 3290 | - | - | 705 | 2946 | 5 | 2925 |
| | SC Lowy Financials (HK) Ltd[3] | - | - | 2,175 | 2955 | - | - | - | - | 2,175 | 2590 | - | - |
| | UCO Bank | - | - | 681 | 3288 | 9 | 3290 | - | - | 681 | 2923 | 9 | 2925 |
| | Union Bank of India | - | - | 742 | 3288 | 3 | 3290 | - | - | 742 | 2923 | 3 | 2925 |
| | United Bank of India (merged with Punjab National Bank) | - | - | 424 | 3288 | 2 | 3290 | - | - | 424 | 2923 | 2 | 2925 |
| | Vijaya Bank (merged with Bank of Baroda) | - | - | 16 | 2877 | - | - | - | - | 16 | 2512 | - | - |
| **II** | **Debentures** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Life Insurance Corporation of India | - | - | 3,750 | 2975 | - | - | - | - | 3,750 | 2610 | - | - |
| **III** | **Other Loans** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Industrial Finance Corporation of India Limited | - | - | 200 | 3304 | 4 | 3306 | - | - | 200 | 2939 | 4 | 2941 |
| | India Infrastructure Finance Corporation Limited | - | - | 248 | 3105 | 4 | 3321 | - | - | 248 | 2740 | 4 | 2956 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Sr. No | Name of Lender | Amount represents rupees in crore and period represents maximum days | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **Borrowings** | | | | **Interest** | | Borrowings | | | | Interest | |
| | | **Delay in repayment during the year ended March 31, 2026** | | **Default As at March 31, 2026** | | **As on March 31, 2026** | | Delay in repayment during the year ended March 31, 2025 | | Default As at March 31, 2025 | | As on March 31, 2025 | |
| | | **Amount** | **Period** | **Amount** | **Period** | **Amount** | **Period** | Amount | Period | Amount | Period | Amount | Period |
| | Asset Care and Reconstruction Enterprises Limited (ACRE) | **–** | **–** | **492** | **3299** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 492 | 2934 | – | – |
| | ACRE144 Trust[2] | | | **1,072** | **3277** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 1,072 | 2912 | – | – |
| | Desai Industrial Finance Pvt Ltd[4] | | | **260** | **2312** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 260 | 1947 | – | – |
| | Pearl Housing Finance Limited | **–** | **–** | **260** | **2312** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 260 | 1947 | – | – |
| | Invent Assets Securitisation & Reconstruction Pvt Ltd[5] | **–** | **–** | **520** | **2312** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 520 | 1947 | – | – |
| | Vishvakarma equipment finance Limited | **–** | **–** | **142** | **2312** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 142 | 1947 | – | – |
| | Neptune Steel Strips Limited | **–** | **–** | **68** | **2283** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | 68 | 1918 | – | – |
| | Reliance Capital Limited | **–** | **–** | **1,000** | **2557** | **3** | **2558** | **–** | **–** | 1,000 | 2192 | 3 | 2193 |
| | Other Lenders | **–** | **–** | **7,660** | **Various dates** | **68** | **Various dates** | **–** | **–** | 7,660 | Various dates | 68 | Various dates |
| **IV** | **Total** | **–** | **–** | **39,934** | | **371** | | | | 39,934 | | 371 | |

* facility recalled

1 Downsale of China Development of ₹ 13 crore to Deutsche Bank AG London

2 Assignment by Standard Chartered Bank of ₹ 1,072 crore to ACRE144 Trust

3 Downsale of Shubh Holdings Pte Ltd ₹ 2,562 crore to SC Lowy Financial (HK) Ltd ₹ 2175 crore and Deutsche Bank AG London ₹ 387 crore

4 Assignment by Deep Industrial Finance Ltd of ₹ 260 crore to Desai Industrial Finance Pvt Ltd w.e.f. March 25, 2025.

5 Assignment by Shriyam Auto Finance Ltd ₹ 260 crore & Traitrya Construction Finance Limited ₹ 260 crore to Invent Assets Securitisation & Reconstruction Pvt Ltd w.e.f. September 20, 2024.

**2.19.3** Since the Company is under CIRP and claims have been filed by lenders, the overall obligations and liabilities including obligation for interest on loans shall be determined during the CIR Process. The total loan amount has been disclosed in delay/ default during the current year. However, corresponding amounts of the previous year's delay/ default are based on original terms of facility and from the date of recall, where loans have been recalled

**2.19.4** Apart from above outstanding of Interest, the Company has not provided Interest Expenses of ₹ 5,600 crore, ₹ 4,692 crore, ₹ 4,749 crore, ₹ 4,456 crore, ₹ 4,491 crore, ₹ 3,916 crore, ₹ 4,212 crore,₹ 3,907 crore and ₹ 3,055 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 respectively which includes interest on NCDs from LIC of ₹ 420 crore, ₹ 421 crore, ₹ 421 crore, ₹ 421 crore, ₹ 420 crore, ₹ 420 crore,₹ 420 crore, ₹ 420 crore and ₹ 418 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024, March 31,2023, March 31,2022, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 respectively. Therefore it has not been disclosed.

**2.19.5** The Company had been sanctioned working capital limits from banks in earlier years on the basis of security of current assets. As there was no requirement to file quarterly returns, the Company has not filed the same with such banks.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.20** | | |
| **Trade Payables** | | |
| (Refer Note 2.31, 2.43 & 2.49) | | |
| Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises | **27** | 27 |
| Due to Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises | **3,406** | 3,045 |
| | **3,433** | 3,072 |

**Trade payable ageing schedule** (₹ in crore)

| **Particulars** | **Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment** | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Less than 1 year** | **1-2 year** | **2-3 year** | **More than 3 Years** | **Total** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | | | | | |
| **(i) MSME** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **27** | **27** |
| **(ii) Other than (i) above** | **21** | **51** | **15** | **3,319** | **3,406** |
| **(iii) Disputed dues - MSME** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **(iv) Disputed dues - other than (iii) above** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **Total** | **21** | **51** | **15** | **3,346** | **3,433** |
| As at March 31, 2025 | | | | | |
| (i) MSME | - | 5 | 1 | 21 | 27 |
| (ii) Other than (i) above | 287 | 25 | 25 | 2,708 | 3,045 |
| (iii) Disputed dues - MSME | - | - | - | - | - |
| (iv) Disputed dues - other than (iii) above | - | - | - | - | - |
| **Total** | 287 | 30 | 26 | 2,729 | 3,072 |

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.21** | | | | |
| **Other Financial Liabilities - Current** (Refer Note 2.49) | | | | |
| Interest accrued and due on borrowings | **371** | | 371 | |
| Unclaimed Dividend March 2026 ₹ 11,04,469 (March 2025 ₹ 11,04,469) | **-** | | - | |
| Capital Creditors* | **223** | | 212 | |
| Provision for Expenses | **64,378** | | 55,853 | |
| Other Liabilities ** | **374** | **65,346** | 371 | 56,807 |
| | | **65,346** | | 56,807 |

* Includes March 2026 ₹ 1 crore (March 2025 ₹ 1 crore) towards Micro and Small Enterprises. ( Refer Note 2.43)

** Includes Security deposit, book overdraft etc.,

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.22** | | |
| **Other Current Liabilities** | | |
| Income Received in advance | **11** | 13 |
| Statutory Dues | **58** | 63 |
| Other Current Liabilities | **132** | 131 |
| | **201** | 207 |
| **Note: 2.23** | | |
| **Provisions** | | |
| **Provision for Employee benefits** | | |
| Employee Benefits (Refer Note 2.42) | **1** | 1 |
| **Others** | | |
| Disputed and Other Claims (Refer Note 2.35) | **1,215** | 1,215 |
| | **1,216** | 1,216 |

(₹ in crore)

| | For the Year ended March 31, 2026 | For the Year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.24** | | |
| **Revenue From Operations** (Refer Note 2.49) | | |
| Sale of Services | **221** | 270 |
| | **221** | 270 |

Revenue for the period from sale of services as disclosed above pertains to revenue from contracts with customers over a period of time. The Company has not given any volume discounts, service level credits, etc during the year. There is no disaggregation of Revenue as it pertains to service revenue of India Operations.

The Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115. Accordingly, the Company has not disclosed the aggregate transaction price allocated to pending performance obligations which are subject to variability due to several factors such as terminations, changes in scope of contracts, periodic revalidations of the estimates, economic factors (changes in currency rates, tax laws etc). No consideration from contracts with customers is excluded from the amount mentioned above.

The Company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue if revenues is accrued. Receivable and unbilled revenue are a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Receivable is presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet. Unbilled revenue as at April 1, 2025 was ₹ 6 crore and it was billed during the year. Unbilled Revenue as at March 31, 2026 is ₹ 4 crore.

Invoicing in excess of earnings are classified as unearned revenue. Unearned Revenue as at April 1, 2025 was ₹ 115 crore and out of which ₹ 13 crore was recorded as revenue during the year. Unearned Revenue as at March 31, 2026 is ₹ 106 crore and out of which ₹ 11 crore shall be accounted as revenue within one year, ₹ 25 crore between next two to five years and balance ₹ 70 crore after five years respectively .

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.25** | | |
| **Other Income** (Refer Note 2.49) | | |
| Rent | **3** | 4 |
| Interest Income | **6** | 4 |
| | **9** | 8 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | For the Year ended March 31, 2026 | For the Year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.26** | | |
| **Access Charges, License Fees and Network Expenses** (Refer Note 2.49) | | |
| Access Charges | **10** | 11 |
| License Fees | **30** | 34 |
| Infrastructure Charges | **-** | - |
| Bandwidth Charges | **33** | 33 |
| Network Repairs and Maintenance | **36** | 36 |
| Stores and Spares Consumed (March 2026 ₹ 22,24,496) (March 2025 ₹ 21,70,044) | **-** | - |
| Power, Fuel and Utilities | **10** | 12 |
| Rent | **4** | 2 |
| Other Network Operating Expenses | **11** | 14 |
| | **134** | 142 |
| **Note: 2.27** | | |
| **Employee Benefits Expenses** (Refer Note 2.42 and 2.49) | | |
| Salaries (including managerial remuneration) | **25** | 27 |
| Contribution to Provident, Gratuity and Superannuation Fund | **2** | 1 |
| Employee Welfare and Other Amenities | **3** | 3 |
| | **30** | 31 |

**Note: 2.28**

**Sales and General Administration Expenses** (Refer Note 2.40 and 2.49 )

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Selling, Marketing and Distribution Expenses (March 2026 ₹ 27,61,857) (March 2025 ₹ 41,49,724) | **-** | | - | |
| Insurance | **7** | | 6 | |
| Other Repairs | **5** | | 5 | |
| Travelling | **1** | | 1 | |
| Professional Fees | **11** | | 12 | |
| Foreign Exchange Loss/(Gain) (net) | **209** | | 46 | |
| Hire Charges | **21** | | 23 | |
| Data Warehousing Charges | **11** | | 15 | |
| AMC Charges | **1** | | (5) | |
| CIRP Cost | **9** | | 14 | |
| Other General and Administrative Expenses | **41** | **316** | 43 | 160 |
| Payment to Auditors | | | | |
| (a) Statutory Audit | **1** | | 1 | |
| (b) Certification Fees March 2026 ₹ 16,00,000 (March 2025 ₹ 16,00,000) | **-** | | - | |
| | | **1** | | 1 |
| | | **317** | | 161 |

**Note: 2.29 Previous year**

The figures of the previous year have been regrouped and reclassified, wherever required. Amount in financial statements are presented in ₹ in crore, except as otherwise stated.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at | | For the year ended | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **March 31, 2026** | March 31, 2025 | **March 31, 2026** | March 31, 2025 |
| **Note: 2.30 Deferred Tax Assets (net)** | | | | |
| **(a) Amount recognised in Financial Statements** | | | | |
| **(i) Deferred Tax Assets** | | | | |
| Related to carried forward loss and unabsorbed depreciation | **10,356** | 10,797 | **441** | 12 |
| Disallowances, under the Income Tax Act, 1961 | **1** | 1 | **-** | - |
| Related to Provisions for expenses | **1,499** | 1,499 | **-** | - |
| Deferred Tax on provision for diminution in the value of investment | **2,088** | 2,088 | **-** | - |
| Provision of Liability on account of License & Spectrum fee | **21,606** | 18,644 | **(2,962)** | (1,889) |
| **Sub total (i)** | **35,550** | 33,029 | **(2,521)** | (1,877) |
| **(ii) Deferred Tax Liabilities** | | | | |
| Related to temporary difference on depreciation/ amortisation | **(4,397)** | (4,003) | **394** | 417 |
| Related to temporary difference on Indexed cost | **(101)** | (101) | **-** | - |
| **Sub total (ii)** | **(4,498)** | (4,104) | **394** | 417 |
| **Net Deferred Tax Assets/ (Liability)** | **31,052** | 28,925 | | |
| **Deferred Tax (Credit) (i)-(ii)** | | | **2,127** | 1,460 |
| **Restricted to and consequent impact** | **-** | **-** | - | - |

Significant management judgement has been considered in determining the provision for income tax, deferred tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred tax assets. The recoverability of deferred tax assets is based on estimate of the taxable income for the period over which deferred tax assets will be recovered.

The Company has unabsorbed business losses/depreciation and long term capital losses which according to the management will be used to setoff taxable profit arising, in next few years from, operation and/or sale of asset of the Company. However, Deferred Tax Assets have been restricted to ₹ Nil ( March 2025 ₹ Nil ) due to non existence of reasonable certainty. Year wise expiry of total Losses are as under:-

| **Sr. No** | **Year of Expiry Financial Year** | **Amount of Loss ₹ in crore** |
|---|---|---|
| (i) | Expiring within 1 year | 1,210 |
| (ii) | Expiring within 1 to 5 year | 7,626 |
| (iii) | Expiring within 5 to 7 year | 4,435 |
| (iv) | Without expiry limit | 16,363 |

**(b) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss**

| | | **for the year ended March 31, 2026** | for the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | Current Tax | **-** | - |
| (ii) | Short provision for earlier years | **-** | - |
| (iii) | Deferred income tax liability / (asset), (net) | **-** | - |
| | **Tax expense/(credit) for the year** | **-** | - |

**(c) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income ₹ Nil** (March 2025 ₹ Nil)

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | for the year ended March 31, 2026 | for the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **(b)** | **Reconciliation of Tax Expenses** | | |
| | Profit/ (Loss) before Tax | **(9,688)** | (8,125) |
| | Applicable Tax Rate | **34.944%** | 34.944% |
| | **Computed Tax Expenses (i)** | **(3,385)** | (2,839) |
| | **Add/ (Less):** | | |
| | - Tax charge to/ credit on account of depreciation allowances | **35** | 37 |
| | - Tax on Provision for diminution in the value of Investment and Liability on account of License & Spectrum fee / Tax rate difference on Fair value of Investments | **2,962** | 2,565 |
| | - Deferred tax on carried forward loss | **388** | 237 |
| | **Sub total (ii)** | **3,385** | 2,839 |
| | **Income Tax Expenses charge/ (credit) to Statement of Profit and Loss (i+ii)** | **-** | - |

There is no taxable income during the year and the Company has not recognised Deferred Tax Assets (DTA) in absence of reasonable certainty.

**Note: 2.31**

**Going Concern**

Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIRP") of Reliance Communications Limited ("Corporate Debtor", "the Company" or "RCOM") vide its order dated May 15, 2018. The NCLT had appointed Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi as the interim resolution professional ("IRP") for the Corporate Debtor vide its order dated May 18, 2018. The Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT") by an order dated May 30, 2018 had stayed the order passed by the Hon'ble NCLT for initiating the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor and allowed the management of the Corporate Debtor to function. In accordance with the order of the Hon'ble NCLAT, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi handed over the control and management of the Corporate Debtor back to the erstwhile management of the Corporate Debtor on May 30, 2018. Subsequently, by order dated April 30, 2019, the Hon'ble NCLAT allowed stay on CIRP to be vacated. On the basis of the orders of the Hon'ble NCLAT, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi, wrote to the management of the Corporate Debtor on May 02, 2019 requesting the charge, operations and management of the Corporate Debtor to be handed over back to IRP. Therefore, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi had in his capacity as IRP taken control and custody of the management and operations of the Corporate Debtor from May 02, 2019. Subsequently, the committee of creditors ("CoC") of the Corporate Debtor pursuant to its meeting held on May 30, 2019 resolved, with requisite voting share, to replace the existing interim resolution professional, i.e. Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi with Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor in accordance with Section 22(2) of the Code. Subsequently, upon application by the CoC in terms of Section 22(3) of the Code, the NCLT appointed Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor ("RP") vide its order dated June 21, 2019, which was published on June 28, 2019 on the website of the NCLT. Accordingly, the IRP handed over the matters pertaining to the affairs of the Corporate Debtor to the RP as on June 28, 2019 who assumed the powers of the board of directors of the Corporate Debtor and the responsibility of conducting the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor

Further, pursuant to the meeting of the CoC of the Corporate Debtor dated March 2, 2020, a resolution plan, submitted by a resolution applicant in respect of the Corporate Debtor, has been approved by the CoC. The application under Section 31 of the Code filed by the RP for approval of resolution plan was last heard on October 5, 2023, where the NCLT indicated that since the issues inter alia pertaining to spectrum has remained pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India for a while now, it would adjourn the plan approval IA sine die with liberty to the applicant/ RP to mention the same

An application (IA No. 383 of 2023) has been filed by a resolution applicant before NCLT for substitution of resolution applicant in the resolution plan submitted in respect of RCOM. On September 7, 2023, the matter was heard at length by the NCLT, and application has been allowed vide order dated December 12, 2023.

A similar application (IA No. 749 of 2023) has been filed in Reliance Telecom Limited ("RTL") as well, wherein NCLT vide order August 22, 2023 had directed the resolution professional of RTL to place on record necessary declaration(s) in relation to compliance with the provisions of Section 29A, after getting the confirmation of CoC of RTL in relation thereto. However, the status of the said IA was inadvertently reflecting as disposed creating difficulties in filing of the compliance affidavit. The RP had been attempting to liaison with the registry in this regard and also mentioned the matter multiple times to seek correction in its status. On December 19, 2024, the NCLT was pleased to direct the matter to be listed on January 21, 2025 for filing of the affidavit and passing of

necessary orders by the NCLT. On January 21, 2025, in view of the submissions, the Bench was pleased to reserve the matter for order. By order dated January 21, 2025, NCLT has dismissed the IA filed by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("UVARCL"). An appeal bearing Company Appeal (AT) (Insolvency) No. 422 of 2025 has been filed by UVARCL before NCLAT. The same was listed on April 16, 2025, where the Bench passed directions to the Respondents to file their reply and posted the matter on May 14, 2025. All parties have advanced detailed arguments. On October 28, 2025, the NCLAT was pleased to reserve the matter for order. The appeal was thereafter listed on February 25, 2026 for further clarifications. The matter was last listed on March 24, 2026, however due to paucity of time it could not be taken up and was adjourned to May 08, 2026. While the matter was scheduled to be listed on May 08, 2026, the matter stood adjourned in light of court notice dated May 05, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 03,2026

Further, pursuant to the discussions with the CoC members, the RP has filed an application bearing number IA 2719 of 2025 before Hon'ble NCLT seeking necessary clarifications/ appropriate directions on the way ahead in the CIRP of RTL pursuant to the order dated January 21, 2025. This application was first listed on June 20, 2025, wherein the Ld. Bench issued notice and directed that a reply be filed within two weeks. The matter has been listed multiple times, last being on January 8, 2026. However, the NCLT has adjourned the matter in light of pendency of the appeal filed by UVARCL before the Hon'ble NCLAT. The Hon'ble NCLT posted the matter to April 21, 2026. On April 21, 2026, the NCLT was apprised about the pendency of the appeal before the Hon'ble NCLAT filed by UVARCL, in light of the same, an adjournment was sought and the next date of hearing is on July 16,2026

During the quarter ended June 30, 2019, the CIRP in respect of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) and Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 22, 2022) was re-commenced, and interim resolution professionals had been appointed in respect of the aforesaid companies. Subsequently, appointment of Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the Resolution Professional (RP) of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries was confirmed by the NCLT vide its order dated June 21, 2019 which was published on June 28, 2019 on the NCLT's website.

Further, during the year ended March 31, 2020, Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporate Debtor, had also been admitted by NCLT for resolution process under the Code and Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty was appointed as the Resolution Professional of RCIL vide its order dated September 25, 2019. In the meeting held on August 05, 2021, the CoC with requisite majority approved the resolution plan submitted by Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited in respect of RCIL, and in accordance with the Sec 30(6) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, on August 31, 2021, the plan was submitted to Hon'ble NCLT for its due consideration and approval. The plan approval application was heard on October 17, 2023, and has been allowed by the Hon'ble NCLT Mumbai vide its order dated December 19, 2023, thereby approving the resolution plan submitted in respect of RCIL under Section 31 of the Code. The resolution plan of RCIL is currently under implementation and RCIL is under the management of the monitoring committee constituted in terms of the provisions of its resolution plan. Further, vide Interlocutory Application No. 2708 of 2025 filed by IDBI Bank Limited against Anish Nanavaty i.e., the ERP of the Corporate Debtor, Successful Resolution Applicant of the Corporate Debtor and Bank of Baroda; IDBI Bank Limited challenged the assignment of Reliance Bhutan Limited's ("RBL") loan to the dissenting financial creditors on various grounds. The said Interlocutory Application was last listed before this Hon'ble Tribunal on October 10, 2025 whereby the same was allowed and disposed of ("IDBI NCLT Order"). Aggrieved by the IDBI NCLT Order, Bank of Baroda filed an appeal bearing number Comp. App. (AT) (Ins) No. 1708 of 2025 before the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi ("NCLAT") challenging the IDBI NCLT Order. By way of judgement dated December 23, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLAT upheld the IDBI NCLT Order passed by this Hon'ble Tribunal and has dismissed the Appeal ("BOB Judgement"). Thereafter, aggrieved by the BOB Judgement, an appeal has been filed by Bank of Baroda before the Hon'ble Supreme Court vide Diary Number 3755 of 2026, which is presently sub-judice and pending adjudication. The appeal is tentatively listed on May 29, 2026.

Pursuant to strategic transformation programme, as a part of asset monetization and resolution plan of the Corporate Debtor, the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiary companies - RTL and RITL (ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 22, 2022), with the permission of and on the basis of suggestions of the lenders, had entered into a master agreement dated 28 December, 2017 with Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited (RJio) for monetization of certain specified assets, including Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Optical Fibre and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs). The relevant Reliance entities and RJIO have entered into separate transfer agreements for the sale of the aforesaid assets. Vide a termination agreement dated 18 March, 2019, the asset transfer agreements were terminated by mutual consent on account of various factors and developments as recorded in the termination agreement, excluding the escrow agreement and certain provisions of the master agreement from the ambit of the termination

On completion of the corporate insolvency resolution process, the Group will carry out a comprehensive review of all the assets including investments, balances lying in Goods and Service Tax, liabilities and accordingly provide for impairment of assets and write back of liabilities, if any.

The Corporate Debtor had filed applications with the DoT for migration of various telecom licenses [Universal Access Service License (UASL), National Long Distance (NLD) and International Long Distance (ILD) licenses] to the Unified License regime (UL) on October 25, 2020 (17 of which were supposed to expire on July 19, 2021). On June 15, 2021, the DoT has issued a letter to the Corporate Debtor requiring payments of various categories of certain amounts such as 10% of the AGR dues, deferred spectrum installments falling due within the CIRP period, etc. against the telecom licenses, stating such dues to be in the nature of "current dues" and prescribing such payment as a pre-condition to the consideration/processing of the migration applications ("DoT Letter"). On June 25, 2021, the Corporate Debtor has issued a letter to DoT clarifying that the various categories of dues stipulated by the DoT are not in the nature of the "current dues" and are to be resolved within the framework of the Code (being dues that pertain to the period prior to May 7, 2019) and/ or are not payable at present, and requesting that making payments against the said dues should not be mandated as a pre-condition for further processing of the migration applications filed by the Corporate Debtor.

In light of the urgency of the matter, the RP had filed an application before the NCLT in both RCOM and RTL praying that the DoT inter alia be restrained from taking any action which may interfere with the continued holding of the telecom spectrum of the Corporate Debtor. The NCLT had adjourned the matter following which the RP had thereafter filed a writ petition in the Delhi High Court seeking issuance of an appropriate writ, order or direction in the nature of mandamus directing the DoT to migrate the telecom licenses to UL without the insistence on the payment of the dues set out in DoT Letter. The Delhi High Court, on July 19, 2021, passed an interim order that "till the next date, the respondent is directed to not take any coercive action against the petitioner for withdrawal of the telecom spectrum granted to the petitioner in respect of 18 service areas, as also to permit the petitioner to continue providing telecom services in the 18 service areas which are subject matters of the present petition." On July 20, 2021, the writ petition hearing concluded and order was passed by the Delhi High Court permitting the withdrawal of the writ petition with direction that the issue on "current dues" should be decided by the NCLT and extending the protection under the July 19, 2021 order by further 10 days.

In view of the aforesaid, the NCLT was apprised of the order of the Delhi High Court and the NCLT has, as an interim measure, extended the ad interim protection granted by the Delhi High Court until the next date of hearing. Further, on August 12, 2021, the NCLT has directed that the interim orders shall continue until the next date of hearing. The issue under consideration by the NCLT relates to whether the dues being claimed by DoT in its letter of June 15, 2021 for the purposes of processing the license renewal/ migration applications of the Corporate Debtor are in the nature of "current dues" (within the meaning of the Explanation to Section 14(1) of the Code) and therefore, payable during the CIRP period. The application was listed on various occasions before the NCLT; however effective hearing did not take place due to paucity of time. Matter was last listed on April 21-22, 2026 and the next date of hearing is June 10, 2026.

Simultaneously, a petition has been filed before the Telecom Disputes Settlement and Appellate Tribunal ("TDSAT") bearing T.P. No. 31 of 2021 seeking directions for migration of the telecom licenses, in view of the Guidelines for Grant of Unified License dated March 28, 2016 issued by the DoT, not prescribing pre-condition for any payment to be made prior to the migration of the telecom licenses. The TDSAT, on September 23, 2021, has directed that "The interim arrangement shall be considered further after receipt of the order of NCLT. However, till then let the status quo be maintained in terms of initial order of Delhi High Court passed on 19.7.2021 which has continued thereafter by further order of the High Court followed by orders of NCLT." On March 15, 2022, the TDSAT granted time for filing rejoinder and continued the interim order dated September 23, 2021. On July 29, 2024 where the counsels apprised the TDSAT that matter is still pending in NCLT. The matter was last listed on March 30, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 27, 2026.

Further, an application was filed by RCOM with the DOT for migration of license from UASL to UL regime in Jammu and Kashmir Circle on April 19, 2023, which was to be expired on September 05, 2024. This license was not included in the above petition and accordingly, another petition bearing T.P. No. 44 of 2024 was filed before the Hon'ble TDSAT seeking similar directions for Jammu and Kashmir circle. An interim order dated September 10, 2024 has been issued in this matter in favour of RCOM directing DOT to not take any coercive action against RCOM, and continuing RCOM's United Access Service License till the next date of hearing. The interim order was continued from time to time. On February 7, 2024, the TDSAT extended the interim order during the pendency and final hearing of the Telecom Petition. The matter was last listed on March 30, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 27, 2026.

Similarly, in case of RTL, the RP had filed an application in the NCLT and a petition before the TDSAT bearing T.P. No. 39 of 2021 seeking direction to DOT to migrate its license from UASL to UL (which matters are heard together with the RCOM license migration matters). On September 23, 2021, the TDSAT had directed that "Since the matters are similar in nature, in the interest of justice and uniformity the interim order of status quo as operating in TP No. 31 of 2021 shall operate in this matter also till the next date. It will be in the interest of petitioner to expedite the proceeding pending before the NCLT and try its best to produce the orders passed by that Tribunal by the next date.". The TDSAT by its order dated March 15, 2022 extended the interim order during the pendency of the petitions. On July 29, 2024, the counsels apprised the TDSAT that matter is still pending in NCLT. The matter was last listed on March 30, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 27, 2026. For NCLT, the next date of hearing is on June 10, 2026.

Further, Telecom Petition No. 9 and 10 of 2024 were filed on behalf of RCOM against the impugned demand notices for FY 2015-16 to FY 2023-24 seeking alleged shortfall of license fee paid by RCOM. On May 09, 2024, both the Telecom Petitions were listed before the TDSAT on which date, TDSAT was pleased to restrain the DoT from encashing the Bank Guarantees ("BGs") of the Corporate Debtor except to the extent of ₹. 49 crores, which was the amount under challenge in the Telecom Petitions. Aggrieved by the order dated May 09, 2024, the Corporate Debtor filed a Writ Petition under Article 227 of the Constitution of India before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court. Meanwhile BGs to the tune of ₹. 2 crores were encashed by DoT. On May 14, 2024 the Hon'ble Delhi High Court had directed the DoT to not encash the remaining BGs which had not been encashed till May 17, 2024. Further, on May 17, 2024, TDSAT has granted a stay on the encashment of BGs of RCOM by the DoT, until further orders in TDSAT Petitions and the stay continues till the pendency of the petitions and this matter was last listed on February 26, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on May 28, 2026. As per notification dated May 25, 2026,matters to be listed on May 28, 2026 have been renotified on May 29, 2026

Additionally, the RP has also filed another telecom petition bearing T.P. No. 34 of 2024 before the TDSAT challenging the vires of (i) Office Memorandum dated 09.10.2019 and; (ii) Office Memorandum dated 18.10.2022 ("Impugned Office Memorandums") with respect to adjustment of surplus license fees, issued by the DoT to the extent that they:

(a) Restrict companies undergoing insolvency from claiming surplus adjustment only after Financial Years 2021-22; and

(b) Permit adjustment of surplus payments only after the assessment has been finalised by the DoT.

On August 21, 2024, DoT sought time to file their counter affidavit in the matter. The RP was permitted to file a rejoinder to the counter affidavit. This matter was last listed on February 26, 2026, and the next date of hearing is on May 28, 2026. As per notification dated May 25, 2026 matters to be listed on May 28, 2026 have been renotified on May 29, 2026.

Considering these developments including, in particular, the RP having taken over the management and control of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries, i.e. RTL and RCIL (with RCIL presently being under the management and control of the monitoring committee constituted in terms of its resolution plan which was approved by the NCLT on December 19, 2023 and the resolution plan implementation being still pending) ("Corporate Debtor") inter alia with the objective of running them as going concerns, the standalone financial statementt continue to be prepared on going concern basis. Since the Corporate Debtor continues to incur losses, current liabilities exceed current assets and Corporate Debtor has defaulted in repayment of borrowings, payment of regulatory and statutory dues and pending renewal of telecom licenses, these events indicate that material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on Corporate Debtor's ability to continue as a going concern.

**Note: 2.32**

During the earlier year, the Company received a notice from Axis Trustee Services Limited ("Axis Trustee" / "Security Trustee") on November 9, 2022 regarding invocation cum sale of pledged shares Globalcom IDC Limited ("GIDC"). Thereafter, the Company received a notice of invocation of pledge over such shares from Axis Trustee on December 14, 2022.

As a matter of background, it may be noted that Reliance Webstore Limited ("RWSL", "Parent Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of RCOM, holding 100% of equity shares in GIDC. Accordingly, GIDC was a wholly owned step-down subsidiary of RCOM. Vide facilities agreement dated August 29, 2016, RCOM and RITL had availed a loan facility of ₹ 565 Crores and ₹ 635 Crores respectively from State Bank of India ("Lender"). Vide share pledge agreement dated September 23, 2016, RWSL had pledged 100% of its shareholding in GIDC comprising 20,99,994 equity shares to Axis Trustee (in its capacity as a security trustee for the Lender) for above loan facility.

Owing to defaults in the repayment of the facilities availed by RCOM and RITL, Axis Trustee first proceeded to issue a notice for the invocation cum sale of pledged shares on November 9, 2022, and thereafter, invoked the pledge on December 12, 2022.

**Note: 2.33**

**Schemes of Amalgamation and Arrangement of earlier years**

**1. Pertaining to earlier years,**

The Company, during the earlier years, underwent various restructuring Schemes through Court including restructuring of ownership structure of telecom business so as to align the interest of the shareholders. Accordingly, pursuant to the Schemes of Amalgamation and Arrangement ("the Schemes") under Sections 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 approved by the Hon'ble High Court of respective Judicature, the Company, during the respective years, recorded all necessary accounting effects, along with requisite disclosure in the notes to the accounts, in accordance with the provisions of the said Schemes. The cumulative effects of the Schemes in case of Equity Share Capital of the Company have been disclosed below the respective Notes to the Accounts. Reserves, pursuant to the said Schemes, include:

(i) ₹ 8,047 crore (March 2025 ₹ 8,047 crore)being Securities Premium Account, which was part of the Securities Premium of erstwhile Reliance Infocomm Limited (RIC), the transferor company.

(ii) General Reserve I of ₹ 5,538 crore (March 2025 ₹ 5,538 crore) representing the unadjusted balance being the excess of assets over liabilities relatable to Telecommunications Undertaking transferred and vested into the Company.

(iii) General Reserve III comprises of ₹ 4,159 crore (March 2025 ₹ 4,159 crore) transferred to General Reserve from Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iv) Additional depreciation of ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ Nil) arising on fair value of the assets has been adjusted, consistent with the practice followed in earlier years, to General Reserve as permitted pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned vide an order dated July 3, 2009 by the Hon'ble High Court and as determined by the Board of Directors.

**2** During the earlier year, Pursuant to the Scheme of Demerger ("the Scheme") sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay and at Jaipur, the Company had acquired Wireless undertaking of Sistema Shyam Teleservices Limited (SSTL) with effect from October 31, 2017. Upon merger of Wireless undertaking of SSTL, ₹ 1,397 crore being excess of assets over liabilities taken over has been credited to Capital Reserve. The Company had also allotted 27,65,53,305 nos of Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each, on October 31, 2017, to Shareholders of SSTL.

**Note: 2.34**

**Capital Management**

Capital of the Company, for the purpose of capital management, include issued equity capital, and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The Company's objective when managing the capital is to safe guard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and the Company is presently under CIRP and there by continue to operate as a Going Concern.

The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is debt divided by total capital plus debt.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | Equity | **(78,892)** | (69,204) |
| (b) | Debt | **39,934** | 39,934 |
| (c) | Equity and Debt (a + b) | **(38,958)** | (29,270) |
| (d) | Capital Gearing Ratio (b / c) | **(103%)** | (136%) |

Increasing capital gearing ratio reflects decrease in equity on account of loss incurred by the Company due to Provision of Liability on account of License & Spectrum fee and provision for credit impaired.

**Note: 2.35**

**Movement of Provisions (Current/ Non current)**

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Current for the year ended | | Non Current for the year ended | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **March 31, 2026** | March 31, 2025 | **March 31, 2026** | March 31, 2025 |
| **Provision for Employee Benefits** | | | | |
| Balances at the beginning of the year | **1** | 1 | **2** | 2 |
| Additional provision/(Reduction) | **-** | - | **-** | - |
| **Balances at the close of the year** | **1** | 1 | **2** | 2 |
| **Others - Disputed and Other claims** | | | | |
| Balances at the beginning of the year | **1 215** | 1 215 | **-** | - |
| Additional provision/(Reduction) | **-** | - | **-** | - |
| **Balances at the close of the year** | **1 215** | 1 215 | **-** | - |

Provisions include, provision for disputed claims of verification of customers ₹ 9 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 9 crore) and others of ₹ 1,206 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 1,206 crore). The aforesaid provisions shall be utilised on settlement of the claims, if any, there against.

**Note: 2.36**

**Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment (as represented by the Management)**

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for | **-** | - |
| (ii) | Disputed Liabilities not provided for : | | |
| | - Sales Tax, VAT and CST | **90** | 90 |
| | - Custom, Excise, Service Tax, GST and Cenvat credit | **10,995** | 10,994 |
| | - Entry Tax and Octroi | **55** | 55 |
| | - Income Tax | **943** | 841 |
| | - Other Litigations [Refer note (a) & (b) below] | **8,387** | 8,389 |
| (iii) | Guarantees given by the Company on behalf of its Subsidiaries | **2,516** | 2,323 |
| (iv) | Guarantees given by the Company-others | **4,254** | 4,021 |

**(v) Spectrum Charges**

Department of Telecommunication (DoT) had, during the earlier years, issued demand on the Company for ₹ 1,758 Crore towards levy of One Time Spectrum Charges, being the prospective charges for holding CDMA spectrum beyond 2.5 MHz for the period from January 1, 2013 till the expiry of the initial terms of the respective Licenses. Based on a Petition filed by the Company (T.P. No. 219 of 2018), the Hon'ble TDSAT, vide its order dated February 4, 2019, set aside the impugned orders and demands for OTSC. The said TDSAT order dated February 4, 2019 has been subsequently stayed by Hon'ble Supreme court vide its order passed on August 19, 2019 in CA No. 6548-6549 of 2019. Currently the matter is subjudice before Hon'ble Supreme court.

**Note:**

a) DoT has filed an application CP 1387/2017 (IA No. 1726/2017) in NCLT for condonation of delay in filing claim of ₹ 2,639 crore for the Company (including ₹ 717 crore for the subsidiary RTL) towards license service areas (Customer Application Form (CAF) and Electromagnetic Field Penalties (EMF)) which was listed on April 17, 2024, where RP Counsel briefly made submissions and the NCLT enquired if the said claim is reflecting in the books of accounts of the Corporate Debtor and / or has already been included as part of DOT claims. RP counsel took time to take instructions in this regard. The NCLT accordingly adjourned the DOT application to May 08, 2024 and thereafter due to paucity of time to July 03, 2024.

The said application was disposed of by NCLT on July 01, 2025 directing RP to consider ₹ 452 crore and ₹ 7 crore towards CAF and EMF dues from out of total additional claimed amount. For the Rest of the claimed amount NCLT declined to pass any direction. The NCLT has directed the RP of the Corporate Debtor to admit the amount as reflecting in the books as Contingent Liability.

Further, DoT filed an appeal through IA No. 1903/2026 before NCLAT on March 11, 2026, against NCLT order for the balance additional claim of ₹ 2,179 crore. The matter is subjudice as on date and the next date of hearing is July 13, 2026.

b) Includes ₹ 0.41 crore in respect of a particular case based on the original disputed amount for which the case was filed by the complainant. The Company has not disclosed / recognized the revised contingent liability of ₹ 59.75 crore basis an amended suit served on the Company, which amendment was allowed vide the order of Ld. Court dated April 19, 2022 during the moratorium period which cannot be entertained or allowed, on account of the moratorium under Section 14 of the Code. The said amount of contingent Liability of ₹ 59.75 Crore which was amended in the suit, and was served upon RCOM is unchanged, same was argued by filing a written argument for and on behalf of RCOM before the learned Justice Shri. Indalkar, Sr.Division City Civil Court, Belapur. The said matter was adjourned to July 16, 2024, was transferred to Sr. Division City Civil Court, Balepur Justice Smt. Suryavanshi.

Several applications have been filed by Mr. Mohammad Arif, out of which Exhibit 104,( which was an application) for action under IPC/193/209 r/w Section 340 of Cr.PC against Mr. Anish Nanavaty and Ms. Sonal Bharade & Ors for deliberately and knowingly making false claim with an intention to harm the plaintiff. (Arguments on this application were scheduled on November 04, 2024 before the said court).

There was a Stay on the said application filed before the Belapur court, for and on behalf of RCOM, court heard the arguments from both the sides and accordingly passed an order for stay date November 30, 2024. The said Order was passed on Below Exhibit (in view of the continuation of the Order at Exhibit 104), directing both parties to inform the Belapur Court about cessation of moratorium period or approval or rejection of resolution plan by Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai).

Further to above, Mr. Arif has informed Ms. Suryavanshi (Hon'ble Judge of Belapur Court), that he has filed his Appeal against the Order passed by this Belapur Court, before High Court, Mumbai in Appellate Forum, copy of the summons and pleadings have not yet been served upon RCOM to their registered office address. "

**2.37**

**2.37.1 Financial Instruments**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between the willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

**The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:**

Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments

Financial Instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rate and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

**Fair value hierarchy**

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

The carrying values of the financial instruments by categories were as follows: (₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Financial assets at amortised cost:** | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 2.09) | **165** | 183 |
| Bank Balances (Refer Note 2.10) | **47** | 42 |
| Trade receivables (Refer Note 2.08) | **80** | 94 |
| Investments (Refer Note 2.07) | **46** | 46 |
| Loans and Other financial assets (Refer Note 2.11, 2.04 and 2.12) | **6,406** | 6,403 |
| **Total** | **6,744** | 6,768 |
| **Financial assets at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss:** | | |
| Investments ₹ 32,67,162 (March 31, 2025 ₹ 34,41,888) (Refer note 2.07) | **-** | - |
| **Financial assets at fair value through other Comprehensive Income:** | **Nil** | Nil |
| **Financial liabilities at amortised cost:** | | |
| Trade payables (Refer note 2.20) | **3,433** | 3,072 |
| Other financial liabilities (Refer Note 2.21) | **65,346** | 56,807 |
| Borrowings (Refer Note 2.19) | **39,934** | 39,934 |
| Liabilities directly related to Assets Held for sale (Refer Note 2.14) | **7,596** | 6,930 |
| **Total** | **1,16,309** | 1,06,743 |
| **Financial liabilities at fair value through Profit and Loss:** | **Nil** | Nil |
| **Financial Liabilities at fair value through other Comprehensive Income:** | **Nil** | Nil |

**2.37.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies**

Activities of the Company expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payable and other liabilities to manage its operation and the financial assets include trade receivables, deposits, cash and bank balances, other receivables etc. arising from its operation.

Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR Process") had been initiated in case of the Company and two of its subsidiaries. Pursuant to the order, the management of affairs of the Company and powers of board of directors of the Company and its two subsidiaries stand vested with the Resolution Professional ("RP") appointed by the NCLT. The framework and the strategies for effective management will be established post implementation of Resolution Plan. Presently, the financial management activities are restricted to management of current assets and liabilities of the company and the day to day cashflow and its associated risks are as under:

**Market risk**

The Company also operates internationally and hence, a portion of the business is transacted in several currencies. Consequently, the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk to the extent that there is mismatch between the currencies in which its sales and services, purchases from overseas suppliers and borrowings in various foreign currencies. Market Risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates will affect income or value of its holding financial assets/ instruments. The exchange rate between rupee and foreign currencies has changed substantially in recent years and may fluctuate significantly in the future. As a result operations of the Company are adversely affected as rupee appreciates/ depreciates against US Dollar. Since the Company is under CIR Process, it is not required to meet any loan or interest obligation till the resolution plan is implemented. As the overall obligation and liabilities shall be determined during CIR Process, foreign curreny loans are stated at exchange rate as at March 31, 2018.

**Foreign Currency Risk from financial instruments as of :**

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | | | | As at March 31, 2025 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Particulars | **U.S. dollars** | **Euro** | **Other Currency** | **Total** | U.S. dollars | Euro | Other Currency | Total |
| Trade Receivables | **15** | **-** | **-** | **15** | 16 | - | - | 16 |
| Loans * | **351** | **-** | **-** | **351** | 351 | - | - | 351 |
| Borrowings | **(13,147)** | **-** | **-** | **(13,147)** | (13,147) | - | - | (13,147) |
| Trade payables and Other Liabilities | **(1,687)** | **-** | **(7)** | **(1,694)** | (1,685) | - | (6) | (1,691) |
| **Net assets / (liabilities)** | **(14,468)** | **-** | **(7)** | **(14,475)** | (14,465) | - | (6) | (14,471) |

* Fully Provided for [Refer Note No.2.62]

**Sensitivity Analysis**

Not relavant till the time resolution plan is finalised.

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates, in cases where the borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Since the Company is under CIR Process, it could not meet interest obligation during the year and shall be finalised when resolution plan is implemented.

**Exposure to interest rate risk/ Sensitivity Analysis**

Not relevant till the time resolution plan is finalised.

**Derivative financial instruments**

The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments

The company offsets a financial asset and a financial liability when it currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the customer/ counter party resulting in a financial loss. The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is carrying value of respective financial assets.

Trade receivables and unbilled revenue are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from the customers. Credit risk has always been managed by each business segment through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. On account of adoption of Ind AS 109, the Company uses expected credit loss (ECL) model to assess the impairment loss or gain. ECL methodology depends on whether there is any significant increase in credit risk. In case of significant increase in credit risk, life time ECL is used; otherwise twelve month ECL is used. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and unbilled revenues. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as default risk of industry, credit default swap quotes, credit ratings from international credit rating agencies and historical experience for the customer.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and/or domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in quoted bonds issued by Government and certificates of deposit which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period.

**Ageing of Trade Receivable**

| | As at March 31, 2026 | | | As at March 31, 2025 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Particulars | **Gross Amount** | **Weighted Average Rate** | **Credit Impaired** | Gross Amount | Weighted Average Rate | Credit Impaired |
| Not Due | **21** | **0%** | **-** | 20 | 0% | - |
| 0-90 | **4** | **0%** | **-** | 8 | 0% | - |
| 91-180 | **9** | **0%** | **-** | 26 | 0% | - |
| 181-365 | **46** | **0%** | **-** | 40 | 0% | - |
| Above 365 | **3,249** | **100%** | **3,249** | 3,070 | 100% | 3,070 |
| **Total** | **3,329** | | **3,249** | 3,164 | | 3,070 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Liquidity risk**

The Company is under CIR Process. The Company depends upon timely receipt from sales and delay in sales realisation as well as vendor payments can severely impact the current level of operation. Liquidity crises had led to default in repayment of principal and interest to lenders. Since the Company is under CIR Process, it is not required to meet any loan or interest obligation till the resolution plan is implemented.

Liquidity risk is the financial risk that is encountered due to uncertainty resulting in difficulty in meeting its obligations. An entity is exposed to liquidity risk if markets on which it depends are subject to loss of liquidity for any reason; extraneous or intrinsic to its business operations, affecting its credit rating or unexpected cash outflows. A position can be hedged against market risk but still entail liquidity risk. Prudence requires liquidity risk to be managed in addition to market, credit and other risks as it has tendency to compound other risks. It entails management of asset, liabilities focused on a medium to long-term perspective and future net cash flows on a day-by-day basis in order to assess liquidity risk.

Liquidity Periodic Budget and rolling forecasts shall be determined during CIRP Process.

**Note: 2.38**

**Earnings per Share (EPS)**

| | | **For the year ended March 31, 2026** | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Basic and Diluted EPS ( after Exceptional Items) from continuing operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(530)** | (162) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(1.93)** | (0.59) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (after Exceptional Items) from discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(9,158)** | (7,963) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(33.37)** | (29.02) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (after Exceptional Items) from continuing and discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(9,688)** | (8,125) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(35.30)** | (29.61) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (before Exceptional Items) from continuing operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(351)** | (162) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(1.28)** | (0.59) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (before Exceptional Items) from discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(683)** | (622) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(2.49)** | (2.27) |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

| | | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (before Exceptional Items) from continuing and discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit/(Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(1,034)** | (784) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(3.77)** | (2.86) |
| **Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares** | | | |
| | Issued ordinary shares at April 1 | **2,76,55,33,050** | 2,76,55,33,050 |
| | Effect of Treasury shares held | **(2,12,79,000)** | (2,12,79,000) |
| | Weighted average number of shares for basic and diluted EPS | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |

**Note: 2.39**

**Exceptional Items**

**2.39.1 Relating to Continuing Operations**

(a) During the previous year, as part of a routine compliance check carried out by the Corporate Debtor on December 04, 2024, from the official website of Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA), it has come to its attention that the status of Gateway Net Trading PTE Limited, Singapore (GNTPL), an overseas step-down subsidiary of RCOM, is appearing as struck off under its profile. Accordingly, loss on de-subsidiarisation including provision of Rs 0.47 crore during the previous year ended March 31, 2025, had been shown as Exceptional Item in the standalone financial statement.

(b) During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Corporate Debtor has provided ₹ 179 crore towards Trade receivable and the same is classified under Exceptional item in the standalone financial statements.

**2.39.2 Relating to Discontinued Operations**

(a) The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, vide its order dated October 24, 2019 had dismissed the petition filed by the telecom operators and agreed with the interpretation of the Department of Telecommunications (DoT) to the definition of Adjusted Gross Revenue (AGR) under the license.

On September 01, 2020, the Supreme Court pronounced the judgement in the AGR matter ("SC Judgement"). It has framed various questions in respect of companies under insolvency and in respect of such questions, the Court has held that the same should be decided first by the NCLT by a reasoned order within 2 months, and that it has not gone into the merits in this decision

The RP of the Corporate Debtor and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) had filed intervention applications before the NCLAT in the appeal filed by the DoT against the resolution plan approval orders of the Aircel companies (wherein the NCLAT was adjudicating on the questions framed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the SC Judgement). The RP had also filed written legal submissions in this regard with the NCLAT. The Hon'ble NCLAT has pronounced its judgement dated April 13, 2021 setting out its findings on the questions framed in the SC Judgement. The RP has filed appeals in respect of the Corporate Debtor and RTL against the judgement of the NCLAT before the Supreme Court. On August 2, 2021, the appeals were listed when the bench issued notice in the matter and tagged the same with Civil Appeal No 1810 of 2021 (being the appeal filed by the COC of Aircel companies) and also allowed the application seeking permission to file the civil appeal. On February 22, 2022, the Supreme Court granted a period of six weeks to the DoT to file counter affidavit. The matter was listed on May 2, 2022 wherein the SC directed the matter to be tentatively listed in the third week of July 2022. The matter was mentioned on August 5, 2022, for early listing for arguments, but the Supreme Court directed the matter to be listed after eight weeks. The matter was thereafter listed on October 11, 2022, on which date, the Supreme Court directed that the matter be listed after six weeks. Further, the Supreme Court stated that the parties were to file a common compilation post discussion with each other, and file brief written submissions within a period of six weeks. Thereafter, Justice Nazeer J retired and the matter came up for listing before a reconstituted bench comprising Justice V. Ramasubramaniam and Justice Pankaj Mittal on February 21, 2023. However, the matter was not taken up due to paucity of time and was tentatively listed on May 10, 2023. Since the matter was not reflected in the list for May 10, 2023, it was mentioned by the counsel for RP and the Bench directed listing on July 18, 2023.

The matter was listed on July 18, 2023 before a bench comprising Justice Sanjiv Khanna and Justice Bela M Trivedi, and once again it was not taken up due to paucity of time. The matter was mentioned on August 4, 2023 for listing on the shortest possible date and the Bench directed listing on any Tuesday, but no specific date was allotted. The appeals were thereafter listed on September 12, 2023 but could not be heard due to paucity of time. Aircel Monitoring Committee has filed an application seeking sale of right to use spectrum subject to proceeds being kept in escrow account, which shall be subject to

outcome of the Supreme Court matter. RCOM and RTL RP has also filed applications seeking similar dispensation for RCOM and RTL as well. Further, DoT was asked to file reply within two weeks to the application filed by Aircel Monitoring Committee (I.A. No. 186218/2023 in Civil Appeal No. 2263/2021) vide order dated September 18, 2023 and the DoT has accordingly filed its reply on October 9, 2023.

The appeals were mentioned before the Hon'ble Supreme Court, on July 10, 2024 and it was requested that the said appeals not be deleted from the cause list of August 02, 2024. Hon'ble Justice Khanna took note of the same and directed that the appeals may not be deleted from cause list dated August 02, 2024. However, on August 02, 2024 all matters listed were adjourned. Accordingly, the appeals were listed on August 20, 2024 before a bench comprising of comprising of J. Sanjiv Khanna and J. Sanjay Kumar. When the appeals were called out, the Bench notified the set of appeals to be listed in the week commencing from September 02, 2024 for further consideration. The Bench also remarked that the matter be listed before a Bench where one of the judges in the current bench (J. Sanjay Kumar) is not a member.

The appeals were thereafter listed before a bench comprising of Hon'ble Justice Pamidighantam Sri Narasimha and Hon'ble Justice Sandeep Mehta on September 03, 2024. On September 03, 2024, the bench was pleased to admit the captioned appeal alongside the connected appeals and list them for final hearing in the week commencing from October 14, 2024. However, the appeals did not appear in the list in the week commencing from October 14, 2024 and were thereafter listed on October 23, 2024. On October 23, 2024, the bench heard a background of the matter, and a description of key issues involved therein. The bench directed that the matter be listed before it in the week commencing from November 04, 2024. Subsequently, the newly appointed Hon'ble Chief Justice of India passed a notification dated November 16, 2024 vide which it was directed that no regular matters shall be taken up for hearing until further order. Thus, as per the directions of the Chief Justice of India, the above appeals along with other regular matters were not being listed for hearing for some time.

Upon the recommencement of the listing of regular matters, a letter of urgency dated January 08, 2025 was filed before the Registrar, Supreme Court of India seeking urgent listing of the above appeals. On January 10, 2025, counsel for the RP apprised the Ld. Bench about the urgency in the matters and sought an early listing of the appeals. Accordingly, the matter was listed for further hearing on January 16, 2025. The appeals did not reach on January 16, 2025 and accordingly the matter was listed on January 23, 2025. On January 23, 2025, the appeals could not reach. At the time of rising of the Bench, the Bench clarified that the appeals will be rolled over to next Thursday. On January 30, 2025, the appeals could not be listed due to paucity of time. The counsel for RP mentioned the appeals and sought for the appeals to be listed high on board next Thursday. Accordingly, the Bench stated that they shall consider the request and appeals may be listed on February 06, 2025. On February 06, 2025, the bench did not preside and accordingly the matter was not heard. On February 15, 2025, a letter of urgency was filed and consequently the matter was mentioned on February 17, 2025. The mentioning was allowed and the matter was listed on February 20, 2025. However, due to paucity of time, the matter could not reach and it was rolled over to next week. Subsequently, the matter did not come up on February 27, 2025, thus, the matter was once again orally mentioned seeking urgent listing, to which Hon'ble Bench remarked that they shall consider the same. The matter was thereafter mentioned again on March 27, 2025, where the Hon'ble Bench passed an order stating that the matter would be taken up in April 2025.On April 22, 2025, it was enquired from the Registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court regarding the listing of the same, to which the Registry responded that since the matters which had been given a specific date had exceeded the allowed number of matters, the captioned appeal was not listed on Thursday's list. The matter was mentioned again before the Hon'ble Court and the request was not accommodated.

Thereafter, on May 08, 2025, the appeals were mentioned and early listing was sought. Vide the order dated May 08, 2025, the appeals stood listed on July 24, 2025. However, the appeals could not be taken up on July 24, 2025 and was scheduled to be listed on July 30, 2025. The Hon'ble Supreme Court on July 30, 2025 has directed the appeals to be listed two weeks thereafter. The appeals were thereafter listed on September 25, 2025 wherein arguments in detail were commenced. Thereafter, the Supreme Court listed the appeals for 08 October 2025 for continuation of the arguments. On October 08, 2025 detailed submissions were continued by the RP counsel and SBI's counsel. Counsel for DOT sought an adjournment when it had to commence its arguments. The matter was listed for November 06, 2025 prior to which DOT counsel moved an adjournment slip on November 04, 2025 on account of unavailability of the Attorney General and the same was objected to by the RP Counsel. On November 06, 2025, the Supreme Court has directed that the matter be listed the week thereafter. The matter was thereafter listed on November 11, 2025 on which date it was heard at length and was further posted to November 12, 2025 for completion of arguments. On November 12, 2025 the matter was taken up and post completion of arguments on all sides, the same was reserved for order. By way of judgement dated February 13, 2026, the Hon'ble Supreme Court inter-alia held that the spectrum allocated to telecom service providers and shown in their books of account as an "asset" cannot be subjected to proceedings under the Code and dismissed the appeals filed by the IRP of RCOM and RTL. Against the above order, State Bank of India and RP have filed separate review petitions which are yet to be listed.

The DoT had during the pendency of the various proceedings simultaneously directed Special Audit in relation to the computation of License fee, Spectrum fee, applicable interest and penalties thereon, which is under progress for the financial year 2015-16 onwards. In this regard, the Corporate Debtor had provided for estimated liability aggregating to ₹ 55,290 crores up to the previous year ended March 31, 2025 and has provided additional charge of ₹ 8,475 crores during the year ended March 31, 2026 and shown as exceptional items relating to discontinued operations which may undergo revision based on demands from

DoT and/ or any developments in this matter.

Considering various factors including admission of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiary RTL to resolution process under the Code and the moratorium applicable under Code, discharge of the aforesaid liability will be dealt with in accordance with the Code (subject to orders in the relevant judicial proceedings).

(b) Assets held for sale including Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Optical Fibres and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) continue to be classified as held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018, along with liabilities, for the reasons referred in Note No. 2.31 above and disclosed separately as discontinued operations in line with Ind AS 105 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

**Note: 2.40**

**Recovery of the Expenses**

There is no recovery of expenses during the current year and previous year.

**Note: 2.41**

**Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, since there is no average profit in the last 3 years calculated as per the provisions of the Act.

**Note: 2.42**

**Employee Benefits**

Gratuity: In accordance with the applicable Indian laws, the Company provides for the gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan (Gratuity Plan) for all employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees, at retirement or termination of employment, an amount based on respective employee's last drawn salary and for the years of employment with the Company.

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (Gratuity Act). The Company is bound to pay the statutory minimum gratuity as prescribed under Gratuity Act. There are no minimum funding requirements for a gratuity plan in India. The Company's philosophy is to fund the benefits based on its own liquidity and tax position as well as level of underfunding of the plan vis-à-vis settlements. The management is responsible for the overall governance of the plan. The management has outsourced the investment management of the fund to insurance company which in turn manages these funds as per the mandate provided to them by the trustees and applicable insurance and other regulations.

The Company operates its gratuity and superannuation plans through separate trusts which is administered and managed by the Trustees. As on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the contributions towards superannuation plans have been invested in Insurer Managed Funds.

The plan is in the nature of a defined benefit plan which is sponsored by the Company and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, there is a risk for the Company that any significant change in salary growth or demographic experience or inadequate returns on underlying plan assets can result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future.

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Government of India has consolidated 29 existing labour legislations into a unified framework comprising four Labour Codes, namely the Code on Wages, 2019; the Code on Social Security, 2020; the Industrial Relations Code, 2020; and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 (collectively referred to as the "Codes"). The Codes have become effective from November 21, 2025. However, the corresponding supporting rules under these Codes are yet to be notified.

The defined benefit plan exposes the Company to actuarial risks such as logentivity risks, interest risk and market (Investment) risk.

The following table sets out the status of the Gratuity Plan as required under Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits".

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | **Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation** | | |
| | **Obligation at the beginning of the year** | **5** | 5 |
| | Service Cost (March 2026 ₹ 36,32,709) (March 2025 ₹ 41,72,776) | **-** | - |
| | Interest Cost March 2026 ₹ 35,14,360 (March 2025 ₹ 37,22,074) | **-** | - |
| | Actuarial (gain) / loss recognised in other comprehensive (Income)/ Loss March 2026 ₹ (33,74,178) [March 2025 ₹ 8,74,497] | **-** | - |
| | Past service cost including curtailment gain/(losses) | **3** | - |
| | - Change in financial assumptions March 2026 ₹ 10,023 (March 2025 ₹ 4,68,049) | **-** | - |
| | - Change in demographic assumptions March 2026 ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ Nil) | **-** | - |
| | - Experience adjustments (Gain)/Loss March 2026 ₹ 33,84,201 [March 2025 ₹ 4,06,448] | **-** | - |
| | Benefits Paid | **(2)** | - |
| | Liabilities Extinguished on Settlement | **-** | - |
| | **Obligation at the end of the year** | **6** | 5 |
| | Note: Defined benefit obligation liability is wholly funded by the Company | | |
| (ii) | **Change in plan assets** | | |
| | **Plan assets at the beginning of the year, at fair value** | **12** | 12 |
| | Expected return on plan assets March 2026 ₹ 32,65,935 (March 2025 ₹ 89,37,587) | **-** | 1 |
| | Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in other comprehensive income | **-** | - |
| | Contributions | **-** | - |
| | Employer Contribution March 2026 ₹ 16,88,830 (March 2025 ₹ 10,00,000) | **-** | - |
| | Assets Transferred in from other Company | **-** | - |
| | Assets Transferred out to other Company | **-** | - |
| | Benefits paid from the fund (March 2025 ₹ 77,53,541) | **(2)** | (1) |
| | Assets distributed on settlement | **-** | - |
| | **Plan assets at the end of the year, at fair value** | **10** | 12 |
| (iii) | **Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets** | | |
| | Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year | **10** | 12 |
| | Present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the year | **6** | 5 |
| | **(Assets) / Liability recognized in the Balance Sheet** | **(4)** | (7) |
| (iv) | **Expense Recognised in Profit or Loss** | | |
| | Service Cost (March 2025 ₹ 41,72,776) | **3** | - |
| | Interest Cost March 2026 ₹ 35,14,360 (March 2025 ₹ 37,22,074) | **-** | - |
| | **Total** | **3** | - |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **(v)** | **Amount Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income** | | |
| | Actuarial (gain) / loss recognised in other comprehensive income [March 2026 ₹ 33,74,178] (March 2025 ₹ 8,74,497) | **-** | - |
| | Expected return on plan assets (gain) / loss (March 2026 ₹ 46,54,592) (March 2025 ₹ 5,41,488) | **-** | - |
| | **Total (loss) ₹ (March 2026 12,80,414) (March 2025 ₹ 3,33,009)** | **-** | - |
| **(vi)** | **Investment details of plan assets** | | |
| | 100% of the plan assets are invested in balanced Fund Instruments | | |
| **(vii)** | **Actual return on plan assets March 2026 ₹ 32,65,935** | **-** | 1 |
| **(viii)** | **Assumptions** | | |
| | Interest rate | **6.53%** | 6.54% |
| | Estimated return on plan assets | **6.53%** | 6.54% |
| | Salary growth rate | **Nil** | Nil |
| | Employee turnover rate | **33% for all age group** | 33% for all age group |
| | Mortality in Retirement: LIC Buy-out Annuity Rates & UK Published PA (90) Annuity Rates suitably adjusted for Indian Lives. | | |
| | The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market | | |

**(ix) Particulars of the amounts for the year and Previous years**

| | Gratuity As at March 31, | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Present Value of benefit obligation | **6** | 5 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| Fair value of plan assets | **10** | 12 | 11 | 12 | 14 |
| Excess of obligation over plan assets (plan assets over obligation) | **(4)** | (7) | (6) | (6) | (6) |

The expected contribution is based on the same assumptions used to measure the company's gratuity obligations as of March 31, 2026

**(x) Sensitivity Analysis**

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Discount rate (+ 1% movement) ( (-) March 2026 ₹ 9,82,158 (March 2025 (-) ₹ 8,91,764) | **-** | - |
| Discount rate (- 1% movement) March 2026 ₹ 10,22,703 (March 2025 ₹ 9,29,626) | **-** | - |
| Future salary growth (+ 1% movement) March 2026 ₹ 10,79,923 (March 2025 ₹ 9,81,768) | **-** | - |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Future salary growth (- 1% movement) (March 2026 ₹ 10,58,000) [March 31, 2025 (-) ₹ 9,58,200] | **-** | - |
| Employee turnover (+ 1% movement) March 2026 ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ Nil) | **-** | - |
| Employee turnover (- 1% movement) March 2026 ₹ Nil (March 2025 ₹ Nil) | **-** | - |

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown. In the current year, as valuation has been done on Nil Salary increment so Sensitivity on Future Salary increment has not been given.

**(xi) Maturity analysis of defined benefit plan (fund)**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Project benefit payable in future from the date of reporting | | |
| 1st following year | **3** | 2 |
| 2nd following year | **2** | 1 |
| 3rd following year | **1** | 1 |
| 4th following year (March 2025 ₹ 43,92,209) | **1** | - |
| 5th following year March 2026 ₹ 27,77,851 (March 2025 ₹ 29,44,878) | **-** | - |
| 6th following year March 2026 ₹ 15,17,568 (March 2025 ₹ 16,03,156) | **-** | - |
| 7th year onwards March 2026 ₹ 24,78,296 (March 2025 ₹ 22,33,596) | **-** | - |

Provident Fund (PF) : During the year, the Company has contributed towards provident fund ₹ 1 crore (March 2025 ₹ 1 crore) to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC).

**Note:2.43 Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED)**

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) which came into force from October 2, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to MSME. On the basis of the information and records available with the company, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | Principal amount due to any supplier as at the year end | **32** | 32 |
| (ii) | Interest due on the principal amount unpaid at the year end to any supplier | **46** | 40 |
| (iii) | Amount of Interest paid by the Company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year | **-** | - |
| (iv) | Payment made to the enterprises beyond appointed date under Section 16 of MSMED | **1** | 2 |
| (v) | Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment, which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year, but without adding the interest specified under MSMED March 2026 ₹ 15,75,187 (March 2025 ₹ 13,19,039) | **-** | - |
| (vi) | Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and | **46** | 41 |
| (vii) | Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED. | **30** | 27 |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note: 2.44 Disclosures required by Clause 34(3) and 53 (f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations,2015.**

Loans and Advances in the nature of Loans to Subsidiary Companies

(₹ in crore)

| Sr. No. | Name of the Company | As At March 31, 2026 | As At March 31, 2025 | Maximum Balance during the current year | Maximum Balance during the March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | Reliance Telecom Limited | **2,369** | 2,363 | **2,369** | 2,363 |
| (ii) | Campion Properties Limited | **153** | 153 | **153** | 153 |
| (iii) | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited | **3,463** | 3,463 | **3,463** | 3,463 |
| (iv) | Reliance Realty Limited | **103** | 103 | **103** | 103 |
| | **Total** | **6,088** | 6,082 | | |

(a) During the earlier year the Company has paid ₹ 27 crore Loan to RRL. The said loan, duly approved by CoC, carries an interest rate of 10% and repayable on demand is secured by way of creation of an exclusive mortgage by RRL in favour of / for the benefit of the Company. Charge is yet to be created with Registrar of Companies (RoC).

(b) During the previous year, Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL), a wholly owned subsidiary company of RCOM, has availed an inter corporate deposit of ₹ 9.60 crore from RCOM at an interest rate of MCLR +2%. which was approved by the CoC of RCOM. During the year ended March 31, 2026, RTL has obtained an additional loan from RCOM of ₹ 3.89 crore for which approval was sought from COC, which has been approved /ratified by the CoC of RCOM and RTL in their respective meeting held on May 27, 2026. The said secured loan forms part of CIRP.

(c) Other than (a) and (b) above, the Company has not charged interest on Loans and Advances to subsidiaries, as the Company has not provided interest on Borrowings for the year ended March 31, 2026 and for the previous year ended March 31, 2025 (Refer Note 2.48). The said loan will be paid as part of CIRP process

**Note:2.45**

**Employee Stock Option Schemes**

The Company was operating Employee Stock Option Plans; ESOS Plan 2008 and ESOS Plan 2009, which covered eligible employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries. ESOS Plan 2008 was operational till March 31,2017 whereas ESOS Plan 2009 was operational till January 16, 2019. ESOS Plans were administered through an ESOS Trust. The Vesting of the Options was on the expiry of one year from the date of Grant as per Plan under the respective ESOS(s). In respect of Options granted, the accounting value of Options (based on market price of the share on the date of the grant of the Option) was accounted as deferred employee compensation, which was amortised on a straight line basis over the Vesting Period. Each Option entitles the holder thereof to apply for and be allotted/ transferred one Equity Share of the Company of ₹ 5 each upon payment of the Exercise Price during the Exercise Period. The maximum Exercise Period was 10 years from the date of Grant of Options.

The Company has established a Trust for the implementation and management of ESOS for the benefit of its present and future employees. Advance of ₹ 387 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 387 crore) has been granted to the Trust and the said amount has been utilized by the Trust for purchasing ₹ 2.13 crore (March 31, 2025 ₹ 2.13 crore) Equity Shares during the earlier years. The fall in the value of these underlying shares on account of market volatility and loss, if any, can be determined upon sale of shares by Trust.

There is no option outstanding at the end of the year and no remaining Contractual life available

**Note: 2.46**

**Post Reporting Events**

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and the date of authorisation.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note: 2.47**

Discontinued Operations:

Financial Performance of discontinued operations is presented hereunder:

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Income:** | | |
| Revenue from Operations | **-** | - |
| Other Income | **12** | 13 |
| **Total Income** | **12** | 13 |
| **Expenses:** | | |
| Access Charges, License Fee and Network Expenses | **-** | - |
| Employee Benefit Expenses | **-** | - |
| Finance Costs | **695** | 635 |
| Sales and General Admin Expenses | **-** | - |
| **Total Expenses** | **695** | 635 |
| **Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax from discontinued operations** | **(683)** | (622) |
| | | |
| Cash flow from | | |
| -Operating activities | **-** | - |
| -Investing activities | **12** | 13 |
| -Financing activities | **-** | - |

**Note: 2.48**

**Non Provision of Interest and foreign Exchange Variation on Borrowings**

Considering various factors including admission of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries; RTL and RCIL to CIRP under the Code, there are various claims submitted by the operational creditors, the financial creditors, employees and other creditors. The overall obligations and liabilities including obligation for interest on loans and the principal rupee amount in respect of loans including foreign currency denominated loans shall be determined during the CIRP and accounting impact, if any, will be given on completion of CIRP and implementation of the approved resolution plan.

Further, prior to May 15, 2018, the Corporate Debtor and its said subsidiaries were under Strategic Debt Restructuring (SDR) and asset monetization and debt resolution plan were being worked out. The Corporate Debtor has not provided Interest of ₹ 5,600 crores calculated based on basic rate of interest as per terms of loan for the year ended March 31, 2026 and foreign exchange (gain)/loss aggregating to ₹ 1,888 crores for the year ended March 31, 2026. Had the Corporate Debtor provided Interest and foreign exchange variation, the Loss would have been higher by ₹ 7,488 crores for year ended March 31, 2026 and Net Worth of the Corporate Debtor as on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 would have been lower by ₹ 45,061 crores and ₹ 37,573 crores respectively. Upto the previous years, Interest of ₹ 33,478 crores and foreign exchange loss (net) aggregating to ₹ 4,095 crores were not provided.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note: 2.49 Related Parties**

As per the Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" as referred to in Accounting Standard Rules, the disclosure of transactions with the related parties as defined therein are given below. All transactions entered into by the Company with related parties, were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis.

**A List of Related Parties : where control exists**

**(i) Subsidiary Companies (direct and step down subsidiaries)**

1 Reliance WiMax Limited (RWML)
2 Reliance Webstore Limited (RWSL)
3 Reliance Realty Limited (RRL)
4 Campion Properties Limited (CPL)
5 Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL)
6 Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL)
7 Globalcom Mobile Commerce Limited
8 Reliance BPO Private Limited
9 Reliance Communications Tamilnadu Limited
10 Globalcom Realty Limited
11 Reliance Infra Projects Limited
12 Realsoft Cyber Systems Private Limited (Ceased w.e.f w.e.f. September 27, 2024)
13 Worldtel Tamilnadu Private Limited
14 Internet ExchangeNext.com Limited
15 Reliance Communications (UK) Limited
16 Reliance Communications (Hong Kong) Limited
17 Reliance Communications (Singapore) Pte. Limited
18 Anupam Global Soft (U) Limited (Ceased w.e.f. March 31,2025)
19 Gateway Net Trading Pte Limited (ceased w.e.f. December 04, 2024)
20 Reliance Infocom Inc.
21 Reliance Communications Inc. (RCI)
22 Reliance Communications International Inc. (RCII)
23 Reliance Communications Canada Inc.
24 Bonn Investment Inc.
25 Aircom Holdco B.V
26 Towercom Infrastructure Private Limited
27 Reliance Telecom Infrastructure (Cyprus) Holdings Limited
28 Lagerwood Investments Limited (Ceased w.e.f. March 31,2025)
29 Reliance Flag Pacific Holdings Limited

**(ii) Holding Company**

1 Reliance Innoventures Private Limited ( upto February 6, 2019 )

**(iii) Individual Promoter**

1 Shri Anil D. Ambani

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**(iv) Directors of the Company (Refer Note 2.52)**

1 Shri Anil D. Ambani *
2 Shri Suresh Rangachar *
3 Smt. Manjari Kacker * (Cessation w.e.f February 14, 2025)
4 Smt. Chhaya Virani * (Cessation w.e.f February 14, 2025)
5 Smt. Ryna Karani * (Cessation w.e.f February 14, 2025)
6 Shri Punit Garg (Cessation w.e.f April 01, 2025)
7 Smt. Grace Thomas (Cessation w.e.f May 14, 2026)
8 Smt. Priyanka Agarwal (Cessation w.e.f December 01, 2025)

* Shri Anil D Ambani, Smt. Chhaya Virani and Smt. Manjari Kacker had resigned with effect from 15th November, 2019; Smt. Ryna Karani has resigned with effect from 14th November, 2019 and Shri Suresh Rangachar had resigned with effect from 13th November, 2019 as Directors of the Company. Certain directors being Shri Anil D Ambani, Shri Suresh Rangachar and Smt. Manjari Kacker also filed their respective DIR-11 forms with the Registrar of Companies. The afore mentioned resignations were rejected by the CoC of the Company. In veiw of the same, we have not recieved any disclosures from them.

Further as the tenure of the Resigning Independent Directors ended on September 17, 2023, the Committee of Creditors of the Company, at its 56th meeting held on February 14, 2025, noted the same. The effective date of cessation of directorship of these directors is taken as February 14, 2025 i.e. of Smt. Manjari Kacker, Smt. Chhaya Virani and Smt Rayna Karani

During the year and subsequent to the year ended March 31, 2026, Directors of the Corporate Debtor have resigned. Also, during the year ended March 31, 2026, one of the Director of its subsidiaries has resigned. The agenda in relation to appointment of additional directors in the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries (as applicable) in order to meet the minimum statutory requirement of directors as prescribed in terms of the Companies Act, 2013, has been put up for approval before the committee of creditors of the Corporate Debtor as well as its subsidiary companies (as applicable) as required in terms of the provisions of the Code and pending requisite approvals to be discussed and sought in the forthcoming meetings of the CoC.

**(v) Key Managerial Persons**

Shri. Srinivasan Gopalan - Chief Financial Officer

Shri. Rakesh Gupta - Company Secretary & Manager

**B List of Other Related Parties : where there have been transactions**

**(i) Associates**

1 Warf Telecom International Private Limited
2 Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limited

**(ii) Enterprises over which individual described in Sr. No. A (iii) above having significant influence**

1 Reliance Capital Limited *
2 Reliance General Insurance Company Limited *
3 Reliance Securities Limited *
4 Reliance Infrastructure Limited
5 Mumbai Metro One Private Limited
6 GF Toll Road Private Limited
7 Reliance Energy Limited
8 DS Toll Road Limited
9 BSES Kerala Power Limited
10 Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (up to September 17, 2024)
11 Reliance Power Limited

12 Sasan Power Limited

13 Reliance Cleangen Limited (RCGL)

14 Reliance Nippon Life Insurance Company Limited *

15 BSES Rajdhani Power Limited

16 Reliance Defence Limited

17 SU Toll Road Private Limited

18 BSES Yamuna Power Limited

19 Reliance Communications Enterprises Private Limited
(amalgamated with Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limited on January 5, 2024)

20 Metro One Operation Private Limited

21 Reliance Health Insurance Limited *

22 Reliance ADA Group Enterprises Private Limited

23 Reliance Big Private Limited

24 Rosa Power Supply Company Limited

25 Ralston Trading Private Limited

26 Reliance Big Entertainment Private Limited

* On execution of Resolution plan pursuant to the provisions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, there is no significant influence on the Company w.e.f. March 19, 2025

**(iii) Employee Benefits Trust**

1 Reliance Infocomm Limited Employees Gratuity Fund

2 Reliance Infocomm Limited Employees Superannuation Schemes

**(iv) Transactions during the year 2025-26 with Related Parties**

(Figures in bracket represent March 31, 2025)

(₹ in crore)

| Sl No | Nature of Transactions | Subsidiaries | Enterprises over which individual having Significant Influence | Employee Benefits | Associates / Others | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **1** | **Investments** | **6 835** | **-** | **-** | **22** | **6 857** |
| | | (6,835) | - | - | (22) | (6,857) |
| **2** | **Trade Receivables** | **14** | **3** | **-** | **-** | **17** |
| | | (12) | (8) | - | - | (20) |
| **3** | **Loans - Current Financial Assets** | | | | | |
| | Balance as at April 1, 2025 | **6 082** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **6 082** |
| | | (6,075) | - | - | - | (6,075) |
| | Given / Adjusted during the Year | **6** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **6** |
| | | (7) | - | - | - | (7) |
| | Provision for Credit impaired | - | - | - | - | - |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Sl No | Nature of Transactions | Subsidiaries | Enterprises over which individual having Significant Influence | Employee Benefits | Associates / Others | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Balance as at March 31, 2026** | **6,088** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **6,088** |
| | | (6,082) | - | - | - | (6,082) |
| **4** | **Interest Accrued on Loans and Investments - Other Financial Assets** | **26** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **26** |
| | | (23) | - | - | - | (23) |
| **5** | **Other Current Assets** | **8** | **5** | **-** | **-** | **13** |
| | | (7) | (7) | - | - | (14) |
| **6** | **Trade Payables** | **305** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **305** |
| | | (273) | (1) | - | - | (274) |
| **7** | **Borrowings - Current** | **-** | **3 607** | **-** | **-** | **3 607** |
| | | - | (3,607) | - | - | (3,607) |
| **8** | **Other Financial Liabilities** | **3** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **3** |
| | | (3) | - | - | - | (3) |
| **9** | **Income** | | | | | |
| | Revenue From Operations (March 2025 ₹ 46,14,533) | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - |
| **10** | **Other Income** | **4** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **4** |
| | | (3) | - | - | - | (3) |
| **11** | **Expenditure** | | | | | |
| **(i)** | **Access Charges** | **2** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **2** |
| | | (2) | - | - | - | (2) |
| **(ii)** | **General and Administration Expenses** | **12** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **12** |
| | | (12) | - | - | - | (12) |

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Sl No | Nature of Transactions | Subsidiaries | Enterprises over which individual having Significant Influence | Employee Benefits | Associates / Others | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **12** | **Corporate Guarantee** | | | | | |
| **12.01** | **Given by the Company** | **2 516** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **2 516** |
| | | (2,324) | - | - | - | (2,324) |
| **12.02** | **Taken by the Company** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| | | - | - | - | - | - |
| **13** | **Individual Promoter** | | | | | |
| | Shri Anil D. Ambani- Sitting Fees | - | - | - | - | - |
| **14** | **Managerial Remuneration** | | | | | |
| (i) | Shri. Srinivasan Gopalan ₹ 49,47,192/- (March 2025 ₹ 49,70,948/-) | - | - | - | - | - |
| (ii) | Shri. Rakesh Gupta ₹ 39,72,345/- (March 2025 ₹41,85,434/-) | - | - | - | - | - |

The following table describes the components of compensation paid or payable to key management personnel for the services rendered during the year ended:

(Amount in ₹)

| Particulars | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Salaries and other benefits | **83 73 508** | 87 66 009 |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans | **5 46 029** | 3 90 373 |
| | **89 19 537** | 91 56 382 |

Some of the Key Management personnel of the Company are also covered under the Company's gratuity plan alongwith the other employees of the Company. Proportionate amounts of gratuity accrued under the Company's gratuity plan have not been seperated in the above disclosure.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note: 2.50 Additional Regulatory Information**

**1) Details of all Immovable Property whose title deeds are not held in name of the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee)where such immovable property is jointly held with others, details are required to be given to the extent of the company's share.**

| Relevant line item in the Balance sheet | Description of item of property | Gross carrying value (₹ in crore) | Title deeds held in the name of | Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative # of promoter* / director or employee of promoter/director | Property held since which date | Reason for not being held in the name of the Company |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Leasehold Land | 14 Nos. MCN and IS | 12 | RCIL & RTL | No | 01.04.2006 | Transfer under court approved scheme |
| Freehold Land | 359 Nos. MCN and IS and SAX and Others | 133 | RCIL & RTL | No | 01.04.2006 | |
| Buildings | 376 Nos. MCN and IS and SAX and Others | 245 | RCIL & RTL | No | 01.04.2006 | |

# Relative here means relative as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

* Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

**2) Disclosure of Loans or Advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:**

(a) repayable on demand; or

(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment,

| Type of Borrower | Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding (₹ in crore) | Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans |
|---|---|---|
| Promoter | - | - |
| Directors | - | - |
| KMPs | - | - |
| Related Parties | 6,088 | 97.05% |

**3) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)**

(a) Ageing of Capital-work-in progress including Assets held for sale is given below:

(₹ in crore)

| CWIP | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Projects in progress | - | - | - | - | - |
| **Projects temporarily suspended** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **236** | **236** |
| (Previous year) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (236) | (236) |

(b) The Company does not have any capital work-in-progress, whose completion is overdue except project temporarily suspended shown above under ageing capital work in progress or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan (Refer Note 2.01, 2.14 & 2.31)

**4) Intangible assets under development (IUD):**

(a) Ageing of Intangible assets under development including Assets held for Sale is given below:

(₹ in crore)

| Intangible Assets under development | Amount in IUD for a period of | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Projects in progress | - | - | - | - | - |
| **Projects temporarily suspended** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **69** | **69** |
| (Previous year) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (69) | (69) |

(b) The Company does not have any intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue except project temporarily suspended shown above under ageing intangible assets under development or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan (Refer Note 2.02, 2.14 & 2.31).

**5) Relationship with Struck off Companies**

Balance outstanding with Companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 are as follows:-

| Name of struck off company | Nature of transactions with struck-off Company | Balance outstanding (₹ in crore) | Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed |
|---|---|---|---|
| Telspin Projects Pvt Ltd | Receivables | 1 | External Customer |

The Company has provided for, the entire receivable from the above party.

**6) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)**

The Company is yet to create a charge on a loan given to Reliance Reality Limited during the earlier year amounting to ₹ 27 crore

**7) Compliance with number of layers of companies**

The Company has complied with the number of layers of subsidiary companies as required under clause (87) of section 2 of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**8) Accounting Ratios**

| Sr. | Particulars | 31-Mar-26 | 31-Mar-25 | Variance (%) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| i | Current Ratio (times) | **0.10** | 0.11 | -9% |
| ii | Debt-Equity Ratio (times) (Refer Note 1 below) | **-** | - | - |
| iii | Debt Service Coverage Ratio (times) | **-** | - | - |
| iv | Return on Equity (times) (Refer Note 1 below) | **-** | - | - |
| v | Inventory Turnover Ratio (times) | **110.69** | 129.21 | -14% |
| vi | Trade Receivable turnover (Days) | **143** | 131 | 9% |
| vii | Trade Payable turnover (times) (Refer Note 2 below) | **0.04** | 0.10 | -60% |
| viii | Net Capital Turnover Ratio (times) (Refer Note 1 below) | **-** | - | - |
| ix | Net Profit margin (%) (Continuing operations) (Refer Note 2 below) | **(239.39)** | (59.74) | -301% |
| x | Return on capital employed (times) (Refer Note 1 below) | **-** | - | - |
| xi | Intererst Service Coverage Ratio (Times) (Refer Note 1 below) | **-** | - | - |
| xii | Operating margin (%) (Continuing operations) (Refer Note 2 below) | **(162.66)** | (62.70) | -159% |

**Note :**

1. Wherever the ratios are negative, the same is shown as Nil (-)
2. Increase in variance is due to increase in provision for Credit impaired & Loss during the year.

**Formula used for computation of Ratios:**

i Current Ratio = Current Assets less Assets held for Sale / Current Liabilities less Liabilities directly related to Assets held for Sale

ii Debt Equity Ratio = Debt / Equity

iii Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) = Earnings before depreciation,interest and tax/ (Interest + Principal repayment)

iv Return on Equity = Net profit after tax / Shareholder's fund

v Inventory Turnover Ratio = Turnover / Average Inventory

vi Trade Receivable turnover = Average Trade receivables /(Value of Sales and Services / no of days for the year)

vii Trade Payable turnover = Net credit purchase /Average Trade Payables

viii Net Capital Turnover Ratios = Turnover / working Capital

ix Net Profit margin (%) (Continuing operations) = Profit /(Loss)after tax / Value of Sales and Service

x Return on capital employed = EBIT / Capital employed

xi Interest Service Coverage Ratio (ISCR) = Earnings before depreciation, interest and tax/ (Interest expense)

xii Operating margin (%) (Continuing operations) = (EBIT - Other Income) / Value of Sale and Services

**9) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:**

During the year, there is no fresh borrowings and Share premium

**10)** During the year, the Company has not received as well as given advances (excluding transactions in the normal course of business) or loans or invested funds or provided any guarantee, security or the like from/ to any other person(s) or entity(ies), directly or indirectly, including any foreign entity(ies).

**11)** During the year, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any income, previously unrecorded in the books of account as income, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

**Note: 2.51**

**Segment Performance**

Disclosure as per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments" is reported in consolidated financial statements of the Company. Therefore the same has not been separately disclosed in line with the provisions of Ind AS.

**Note: 2.52**

**Note on Disqualification of Directors**

During the earlier year, Shri Anil D Ambani, Smt. Manjari Kacker, Smt. RynaKarani, Smt. Chhaya Virani and Shri Suresh Rangachar, Directors tendered their resignation as Directors of the Company, however the Committee of Creditors of the Company (""CoC""), in its meeting held on 20th November, 2019 refused to accept the resignations tendered by above mentioned directors and instructed the Resolution Professional to convey to the directors to continue with their duties and responsibilities as directors and provide all cooperation in the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, at least until the completion of the corporate insolvency resolution process of the Company. In light of the above, it was duly communicated to the aforesaid directors of the Company that their resignations have not been accepted and they were advised to continue to perform their duties and responsibilities as the directors of the Company and provide all cooperation to Resolution Professional in the corporate insolvency resolution process. Accordingly, Shri Anil D Ambani, and Shri Suresh Rangachar continues to reflect in the composition of the board of directors and the respective committees of the Company. Due to above mentioned events, the Company has not received annual disclosures as required under section 164(2) and Section 184(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 from Shri Anil D Ambani, and Shri Suresh Rangachar, Directors of the Company.

Independent Directors of the Company, Smt Ryna Karani (DIN: 00116930), Smt Chhaya Virani (DIN: 06953556), and Smt Manjari Kacker (DIN: 06945359) (Resigning Directors), resigned via resignation letters dated November 14, 2019, November 15, 2019, and November 15, 2019, respectively. However, the Committee of Creditors of the Company, at its 11th meeting held on November 20, 2019, did not accept the resignations of the Resigning Directors. As the tenure of the Resigning Independent Directors ended on September 17, 2023, the Committee of Creditors of the Company, at its 56th meeting held on February 14, 2025, noted the same. The effective date of cessation of directorship of these directors is taken as February 14, 2025.

During the year and subsequent to the year ended March 31, 2026, Directors of the Corporate Debtor have resigned. Also, during the year ended March 31, 2026, one of the Director of its subsidiaries has resigned. The agenda in relation to appointment of additional directors in the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries (as applicable) in order to meet the minimum statutory requirement of directors as prescribed in terms of the Companies Act, 2013, has been put up for approval before the committee of creditors of the Corporate Debtor as well as its subsidiary companies (as applicable) as required in terms of the provisions of the Code and pending requisite approvals to be discussed and sought in the forthcoming meetings of the CoC.

As per legal opinion obtained by the Company, none of the directors were disqualified under Section 164 (2) of the Companies Act 2013 for default in payment of interest and principal of debentures.

**Note: 2.53**

**Lease**

The assets of the Company are held for sale as per Ind AS 105 and accordingly lease agreements are considered to be short term in nature and Ind AS 116 has not been applied.

**Note: 2.54**

The Corporate Debtor has been served with copies of writ petitions filed by Mr. Punit Garg and certain others, being erstwhile directors of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, challenging the provisions of the RBI Master Directions on Frauds- Classification and Reporting by commercial banks and select FIs bearing No. RBI/ DBS/ 2016-17/ 28 DBS. CO. CFMC. BC. No. 1/ 23.04.001/ 2016-17 dated July 1, 2016 ("Circular") and the declaration by certain banks classifying the loan accounts of the Company, RITL, and RTL being fraudulent in terms of the Circular. (RITL's implementation of resolution plan has been completed and RITL has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f December 22, 2022).

On May 12, 2023, the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in light of the judgement dated March 27, 2023 in SBI vs. Rajesh Agarwal [2023 SCC OnLine SC 342] has disposed of the said petitions filed by Mr. Punit Garg, setting aside the actions taken against the petitioners under the Circular. The Supreme Court has held that since the Circular does not expressly provide an opportunity of hearing to the borrowers before classifying their account as fraud, audi alteram partem has to be read into the provisions of the directions to save them from the vice of arbitrariness.

It has further been made clear vide the Delhi High Court order, that if any FIR has been lodged, proceedings proceeded thereto will remain unaffected by the said order and that it will be open to concerned banks to proceed in accordance with law in light of the judgement of the Supreme Court.

Further, Mr. Punit Garg has filed another writ petition in Delhi High Court challenging the order of IFCI declaring his account as fraud under the Circular. The matter was last listed on November 14, 2024, however due to unavailability of the Bench, the matter was re-notified to April 8, 2025. On April 8, 2025, the matter could not be taken up and was renotified to September 15, 2025. On September 15, 2025, the matter could not be taken up and has been renotified to February 02, 2026. On February 02, 2026, the counsel for Mr. Garg sought an adjournment on grounds of his arrest by the Enforcement Directorate and no instructions having been received from him. The matter is adjourned to July 27, 2026.

**Note:2.55**

During the earlier years, certain banks had issued show cause notices to the Corporate Debtor, certain subsidiaries and certain directors seeking reasons as to why the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries should not be classified as willful defaulter. Also, during the earlier year, in the current year ended March 31, 2026, certain banks have served notice seeking explanation as to why the account of the Corporate Debtor and the subsidiary company RTL and RCIL should not be declared as fraud in terms of applicable Reserve Bank of India (RBI) regulations. During the previous year, the Corporate Debtor and RTL and in earlier year RTL, had received intimation of order passed by willful defaulter identification committee of certain banks for inclusion of name of RCOM, RTL and its directors / guarantors etc. in credit information companies (CiCs) list of willful defaulters and seeking representation against the said order. Further, during the previous year, one of the banks has declared RTL as a willful defaulter. During the earlier year, and in the current year ended March 31, 2026, certain banks have served a letter intimating that the bank has classified the account of the Corporate Debtor and RTL as fraud as per the applicable RBI regulations. The Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries have been responding to said show cause notices and intimations, from time to time. The Corporate Debtor in its response has highlighted that the proceedings and the classification of the Corporate Debtor as a willful defaulter is barred during the prevailing moratorium under section 14 of the Code and protection is available in terms of section 32A of the Code and asserting that accordingly, no action can be said to lie against the Corporate Debtor for classification as fraud and requested the banks to withdraw the notices. Further, certain banks had issued notices seeking personal hearing by the authorized representative of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries in respect of the aforesaid matter. Hearings were attended to and necessary submissions were made in accordance with the submissions made earlier in the responses to the show cause notices.

Further, the Corporate Debtor and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) has received a letter dated August 7, 2023 from one of the banks, vide which the bank has indicated, inter alia, that it has received a forensic audit report dated October 15, 2020 of M/s BDO India LLP wherein certain 'irregularities / anomalies / commissions / omissions' have been pointed out by the forensic auditor. The said letter and report were accordingly tabled at the meeting of the Directors on August 12, 2023. In respect of the same, the bank has sought the views, inter alia, of the erstwhile management of the Corporate Debtor on the said report. The management had expressed that management views had not been sought prior to the issuance of the report. Further to receipt of a copy of the filings made before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in the aforesaid matter, the Corporate Debtor and RTL had provided information to the forensic auditor during the period from March 2021 to November 2021 and it is not yet ascertained if the report incorporates and has considered such information. RP however has maintained that the Corporate Debtor and RTL is undergoing corporate insolvency resolution process in terms of the Code and the forensic audit report prima facie appears to pertain to the period prior to the corporate insolvency resolution process, the Corporate Debtor and RTL has already responded to the letter that the proceedings and the classification of the Corporate Debtor and RTL as a fraud is barred during the prevailing moratorium under Section 14 of the Code and protection is available in terms of Section 32A of the Code and accordingly, no action should lie against the Corporate Debtor and RTL for classification as fraud and notice against the Corporate Debtor should be withdrawn and the RP, Corporate Debtor and RTL shall have a limited responsibility to only share any information sought from it.

Similar to the letter received on August 7, 2023, Corporate Debtor has also received another letter dated May 7, 2024 from another bank, where the bank has indicated, that with respect to the loan account of the Corporate Debtor, it has conducted a forensic audit wherein element of fraud is identifiable and before coming to final conclusion basis the forensic audit report dated October 15, 2020, the bank has provided an opportunity to the Corporate Debtor to submit its representation as to why the Corporate Debtor's account should not be classified as 'fraud' in terms of the 'Master Directions on Frauds – Classification and Reporting by Commercial Banks and Select FIs' dated July 1, 2016 issued by Reserve Bank of India. On receipt of the said letter, while the Corporate Debtor has made necessary disclosures to the relevant stock exchange in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Corporate Debtor has also issued a response to the letter dated May 7, 2024 maintaining a similar stance (as against the letter dated August 7, 2023) inter alia citing that the Corporate Debtor is undergoing corporate insolvency resolution process in terms of the Code and the forensic audit report prima facie appears to pertain to the period prior to the corporate insolvency resolution process and hence any classification of the loan accounts of the Corporate Debtor as a fraud during its ongoing CIRP is barred during the prevailing moratorium under Section 14 of the Code and protection is available in terms of Section 32A of the Code and accordingly, no action should lie against the Corporate Debtor for classification as fraud and notice against the Corporate Debtor should be withdrawn. Currently, there is no impact of such notices/ letter issued from banks, in the standalone financial statement

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note: 2.56**

During the earlier year, on October 16, 2023, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India had pronounced a judgement regarding the treatment of AGR paid to DoT since July 1999, as capital in nature and not revenue expenditure for the purpose of computation of taxable income in a matter to which the Company is not a party. The Company has applied for renewal of its license as stated in Note 2.31 above. The terms of renewed license regime are different from those of the licenses dealt with in the aforesaid judgement. Further, there have been no disallowances in earlier years, by the tax authorities, on the AGR payments claimed by the Company as revenue expenditure in its tax filings. In the absence of any claim by the tax authorities against the Company and/ or directions or clarifications from the income tax department in this regard, no adjustments have been made to these standalone financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2026.

**Note: 2.57**

The Company is engaged in the business of providing infrastructural facilities as per Section 186 (11) read with Schedule VI of the Act. Accordingly, Section 186 [except of sub section (1)] of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

**Note: 2.58**

The Company uses the accounting software SAP and other peripheral applications for maintaining books of accounts which has features of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that the Company has not enabled/maintained the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) at the database level throughout the year for SAP, ICARE and Interconnect application as audit logs for certain periods were not available/ retrievable due to backup restoration issues. Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated, the audit trail feature has not been tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention, except for ICARE application log enabled from January 2024, Single View database log enabled from August 2024 and SAP database (partially) enabled from June 2024 and certain audit logs for earlier periods were either not available or not retrievable.

**Note: 2.59**

Bonn Investment Inc. ("Bonn"), a US entity and a subsidiary of Reliance Infocomm Inc. ("RII"), USA, a step-down subsidiary of RCOM, held an apartment at 400 W 12th Street #4EF New York, NY 10014 ("Property"). During the earlier year, in August 2023, the director of Bonn, sold the Property to a third party, without any authorization from or intimation to its shareholders (including RCOM) for a value of USD 8.34 million. The Resolution Professional noted this transaction in the financial statement of Bonn for the period ended September 30, 2023 received from the director for consolidation purposes. Further, on April 23, 2024, through the auditor of Bonn, the Resolution Professional and Company were made aware of an investment agreement between Bonn and AZCO Realty, UAE. It is observed that vide said investment agreement, Bonn (through its director) agreed to invest USD 25 million in AZCO Realty ("AZCO") and Bonn has already made investment of USD 8.2 million from the sale proceeds of the Property, which is reflected as Advance towards other Investment (1st Tranche). As per the terms of agreement, Bonn has agreed to invest remaining amount before May 26, 2024 with AZCO. The Agreement further states that, if Bonn fails to remit the remaining amount to AZCO on or before May 26, 2024, the investment agreement shall be automatically nullified and Bonn shall have no rights to claim back the amount already invested, i.e. USD 8.2 million, which is part of the sale proceeds of the Property. This entire transaction did not have approval from the shareholders (including RCOM). The Company sent a notice to the director seeking clarification regarding the same but has not received any credible explanation so far. Accordingly, and in view of the above unauthorized and potentially fraudulent actions, the Company has removed the said director from the directorship of all US subsidiaries of RCOM including Bonn on August 21, 2024 and has appointed a new director in her place on the same date (as applicable).

The new Director was interacting with the removed director and asked questions on the transactions directly/through counsel, but the response from removed director remains elusive. Further, Bonn (through the newly appointed director) has been in the process of examining the legal remedies for the actions taken by the said erstwhile director as well as for recovery of the advance against investment given to AZCO.As the director of Bonn is hopeful about the recovery of the advance against investment given to AZCO, no provision has been made in financial statement. Furthermore, Bonn (through the newly appointed director) had also commissioned a digital analysis of the various email correspondence exchanged by the erstwhile director of Bonn, with the erstwhile director / erstwhile management of the Company, to further investigate the unauthorised and potentially fraudulent sale and investment transaction undertaken by the erstwhile director of Bonn (including the circumstances / motive behind the same) as well as to ascertain the role of any other individuals involved in the matter. The final report in this regard has been received and the entire report was examined by the relevant stakeholders and their advisors, for any further action to be taken pursuant to the findings in the report. In particular, this report highlighted the involvement of a director of RCOM (powers suspended) in authorizing the sale of the said Property. Basis the same, RP has issued an email communication dated February 6, 2025 to the said director of RCOM, seeking his response on his involvement in the above potentially fraudulent transaction. On February 14, 2025, the director vide his email denied the allegations without providing any further justification. On February 21, 2025, the said director of RCOM vide his email requested copies of all information and correspondence relied upon by the RP in connection with the email communication dated February 6, 2025 sent by the RP. The same were provided by the RP via email communication dated March 03, 2025 along with a suitable reply to the said director of RCOM. The said director of RCOM vide his letter dated April 1, 2025 has tendered his resignation.

Meanwhile, the RP has also made his determination on March 25, 2025 regarding the action of the said director of RCOM amounting to fraudulent trading under Section 66(1) of the Code. Thereafter, the RP has filed an application under Section 66(1) of the Code on March 26, 2025 before the Hon'ble NCLT seeking appropriate relief against the said director of RCOM. The said application was listed on June 25, 2025 and notice was issued to the respondent, and the matter was listed before the Hon'ble NCLT on July 29, 2025. On July 29, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLT granted 3 weeks' time to the Respondent to file a reply and the matter was next listed on August 21, 2025. On August 21, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLT gave last opportunity to the Respondent to file a reply and listed the matter on September 22, 2025. On September 22, 2025, the matter was adjourned to October 15, 2025 and the same was subsequently posted to November 11, 2025. On November 11, 2025, the counsel for the respondent sought some time to review the rejoinder filed by RCOM, and accordingly the matter was adjourned to November 25, 2025. On November 25, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLT took note that the pleadings are complete in the matter and further adjourned the matter to December 16, 2025 for arguments. On December 16, 2025, parties made detailed submissions before the Hon'ble NCLT and the matter was adjourned to January 05, 2026 for written submissions.

On January 05, 2026, the Hon'ble NCLT took on record the written submissions and the matter was reserved for orders. By way of order dated March 10, 2026, the Hon'ble NCLT dismissed the application observing that the alleged transaction cannot be impugned in terms of section 66 of the Code, and no order can be passed by this tribunal in view of its limitation to deal with misconduct of suspended board members, if any, in the affairs of subsidiary company of a Corporate Debtor after commencement of CIRP. Aggrieved by the order, the RP has filed an appeal before the Hon'ble NCLAT, which was first listed on May 15, 2026, wherein the Bench was pleased to condone the delay in the filing of the appeal. Last hearing was on May 25, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on May 29, 2026. Meanwhile, on January 21, 2026, the director of Bonn, Mr. Lalit Mathur has resigned from his position of directorship from all US subsidiaries of RCOM including Bonn. The RP of the Corporate Debtor is in the process of identifying individual(s) who may be appointed as his replacement. Unaudited financial statement of Bonn have been prepared on a going concern basis and considered for the purpose of consolidated financial statements. Tax return for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 has been filed and tax liability of Bonn of USD 546,196 has been paid during the previous year inclusive of interest and penalties till the date of payment.

**Note : 2.60**

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Directorate of Enforcement (ED) and the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) conducted searches at the premises of Reliance Communications Limited (RCOM). Thereafter, the ED has also issued summons to the RP and certain KMP's of RCOM for tendering their statements before the ED as well as sought the production of the documents / information requested by the ED.

Further, the Company has received Provisional Attachment Order No. 36 of 2025 dated November 3, 2025, and Order No. 32 of 2025 dated October 31, 2025, from the Directorate of Enforcement (ED), pertaining to provisional attachment of certain assets of Reliance Realty Limited (RRL) and Campion Properties Limited (CPL), respectively, in terms of the provisions of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA). In compliance with its regulatory obligations, the Company has informed the stock exchanges about the provisional attachment of the assets in these subsidiaries of RCOM by the ED and that such provisional attachment may adversely affect the value of the group's assets during the subsistence of these orders. Separately, the Company also received Provisional Attachment Order No. 40 of 2025 dated November 19, 2025 pertaining to assets of RCOM and RRL, and the same has also been informed to the stock exchanges in compliance with the regulatory obligations

RRL and CPL filed writ petitions against the attachment of the above properties before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court. On the first hearing on January 23, 2026, the Hon'ble Court enquired whether the petitions would be maintainable in New Delhi and why they should not be heard before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. Upon hearing CPL and RRL on the point of maintainability of the writ petitions in New Delhi during the hearing on January 29, 2026, the Hon'ble Court was satisfied that it possessed the territorial jurisdiction to hear the matters. However, the ED objected to the maintainability of the writ petitions, considering an alternative remedy available under PMLA. The parties were directed to file brief notes along with judgments to justify the lack of alternative and efficacious remedy and the matter was listed for February 02, 2026. CPL and RRL filed a common brief note along with a compilation of judgments in compliance with the said order.

During the hearing on February 02, 2026, CPL and RRL addressed the Hon'ble Court on the lack of an alternative and efficacious remedy under PMLA to challenge the provisional attachment orders.

Thereafter, during the hearing on February 09, 2026, ED submitted its instructions which stated *"Without prejudice to the rights and contentions of the Directorate of Enforcement and without in any manner conceding on any questions of law, since the properties are provisionally attached under section 5 of PMLA, the status quo with regard to the pre-existing leases as on the date of provisional attachment may continue till the Adjudicating Authority passes an order under section 8 of PMLA."* CPL and RRL objected to the same, stating that in addition to the subsisting leases, fresh leases on vacant properties should also be allowed. The matter was partially heard and listed on the next day, i.e., February 10, 2026. On the next date, detailed arguments were heard on the right to enjoyment of property during provisional attachment under Section 5 of PMLA and the right to renew leases and/or enter into fresh leases. While disposing of the writ petitions vide its order dated February 10, 2026, the Hon'ble High Court has observed that the provisional attachment would subsist for a maximum period of 180 days and would continue thereafter only if confirmed by the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA under Section 8. At the same time, it has also recorded the submissions of CPL and RRL that

if they are not permitted to lease the properties in the interregnum, their very existence would be at peril. The Hon'ble Court, after considering the applicable provisions, passed the following order:

4. *The Court has examined the applicable legal provisions and finds that, without prejudice to the rights and contentions of the parties and without, in any manner, rendering any final findings on any question of law, since the properties are provisionally attached under Section 5 of the PMLA, status quo with regard to pre-existing leases as on the date of provisional attachment requires to be maintained. The same, however, will not deter the petitioners from renewing the subsisting leases. This arrangement, prima facie, does not contravene any of the applicable legal provisions. The arrangement, however, shall be subject to the following conditions: -*

   i. *The petitioners will have to specifically incorporate a condition in the lease deed that the renewal is subject to the orders to be passed by the Courts/authorities.*

   ii. *A copy of the lease deed will have to be necessarily furnished to the respondents within a period of two weeks from its execution.*

5. *This order deals with the pressing urgency which has been expressed during the course of hearing, however, leaves all issues to be adjudicated at an appropriate stage.*

6. *Under the peculiar circumstances, it would be appropriate to expedite the proceedings by the Adjudicating Authority under Section 8(2) of PMLA.*

Thereafter, proceedings for confirmation of the above provisional attachment orders continued before the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA, viz, Original Complaint (OC) Nos. 471, 475 and 507 of 2025 pertaining to Provisional Attachment Order Nos. 32, 36 and 40 of 2025 respectively. Replies were filed on behalf of RRL, CPL and RCOM. The ED filed its rejoinders to the replies by CPL, RRL and RCOM respectively, wherein it filed fresh documents that did not form part of the provisional attachment orders or the relied upon documents (RUDs) filed with the original complaints under Section 5(5) of PMLA. CPL, RRL and RCOM filed miscellaneous applications dated March 25, 2026 before the Adjudicating Authority objecting to the filing of fresh documents at this stage, and contending that the ED was attempting to improve its original case through subsequent filings.

Thereafter, written submissions were filed by CPL, RRL and RCOM in all the three proceedings on March 31, 2026. The matters were finally heard by the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA in a common hearing for OC Nos. 471, 475 and 507 of 2025 on April 07, 2026. Thereafter, vide final orders dated April 10, 2026, the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA confirmed all three provisional attachment orders under Section 8(3) of PMLA. The orders have also directed that the attachment shall remain in force during the investigation for a period not exceeding three hundred and sixty-five days or until the conclusion of the proceedings related to any offense under PMLA before the Special Court under PMLA. The attachments have been confirmed on the basis, inter alia, that the properties attached are direct proceeds of crime under Section 2(1)(u) of PMLA and are involved in money laundering. In compliance with its regulatory obligations, the Company has informed the stock exchanges about the confirmation of Provisional Attachment Order Nos. 32, 36 and 40 of 2025 by the Adjudicating Authority and that the attachment of assets of the Company and its subsidiaries may have an adverse impact during the subsistence of these orders.

The Company has also received Provisional Attachment Order No. 19 of 2026 dated March 11, 2026 from the ED, pertaining to provisional attachment of its assets in terms of the provisions of the PMLA. Thereafter, the Adjudicating Authority has issued a show cause notice dated April 17, 2026 to RCOM under Section 8(1) of PMLA, with directions to file its reply on or before June 07, 2026. The final hearing of the matter is scheduled on August 19, 2026.

Further, certain individuals have been arrested by the ED and CBI in connection with ongoing investigation relating to bank fraud and money laundering under provision of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002.

In terms of the order passed by the Supreme Court in WP (Civil) No 1217/2025 on February 04, 2026, it is noted that the Supreme Court has taken cognizance of and is seized of the matter pertaining to investigation by ED and CBI regarding allegations inter alia pertaining to the Company.

On February 26, 2026, CBI officials conducted a search at the Navi Mumbai office (B & H Block, DAKC). They took possession of original Board minutes of RCOM (15/05/2010 to 11/02/2017) and Reliance Telecom Ltd (14/05/2010 to 10/02/2017), alongside various financial, banking, and secretarial records.

On March 26, 2026, CBI officials searched the RTL office premises at B Block, DAKC, Navi Mumbai. They seized original signed Financials of RTL (FY 2012-13 to FY 2018-19), banking correspondence / credit facility documents (2012-2019 approx.), PCS due diligence reports, and one portable SSD containing RTL's books of accounts and related party transactions data. No material financial or operational impact expected.

On April 21, 2026, CBI officials conducted a seizure operation at the RCOM office premises (B-Block, Ground Floor, DAKC, Navi Mumbai) under Case No. RC0742026E0004. Officials took possession of certain original records and corporate documents relating to Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) and Commercial Papers (CPs) issued by the Company to the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) between 2009 and 2016.

On May 07, 2026, CBI officials conducted a seizure operation at the RCOM office premises (B-Block, Ground Floor, DAKC, Navi Mumbai) under Case No. RC0742025E0005-CBI/BSFB/Delhi. Officials took possession of original corporate governance records,

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

specifically the Risk Management Committee minutes (01/04/2014 to 31/03/2017) and Audit Committee minutes (01/04/2012 to 31/03/2017).

On May 09, 2026, CBI officials executed a search at the residence of Smt. Grace Thomas (Non-Executive & Non-Independent Director, RCOM) under Case No. RC0742026E0003. Officials took possession of her personal details, a copy of the corporate Forensic Audit Report prepared by BDO India LLP (covering RCOM, RITL, and RTL), and one box file containing accounting records and IT computations of Reliance Telecom Ltd.

**Note : 2.61**

During the year ended March 31, 2026 , the Company and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), wholly owned subsidiary company, received a Notice from Ministry of Corporate Affairs - Serious Fraud Investigation Office, Delhi (SFIO) to investigate into the affairs of the Company and RCIL to provide all the information, explanation, documents and assistance sought for the time period from FY 2008-09 to FY 2024-25 and FY 2008-09 to FY 2023-24 respectively in the specific format detailed in the said Notice. The information sought has been provided by the Company and RCIL for the said notice.

**Note : 2.62**

During the earlier year, pursuant to a letter retrieved by the Corporate Debtor on August 17, 2023, as part of a routine compliance check, from the official website of Netherlands Chamber of Commerce KVK, it has come to its attention that Reliance Globalcom B.V, The Netherlands. (RGBV), a subsidiary of RCOM, has been de-registered from the Trade Register of the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce KVK, with effect from June 01, 2023. Loss on desubsidiarisation of ₹ 991 crore during the earlier year had been shown as an Exceptional Item in the standalone financial statements.

**Note : 2.63**

**Authorisation of financial statements**

The Directors/KMP's of the Corporate Debtor have approved the above statements at their meeting held on May 29, 2026 which was chaired by Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, Resolution Professional ('RP') of the Corporate Debtor and RP took the same on record basis recommendation from the Directors/KMP's.

With respect to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026, the RP has signed the same solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance by the Corporate Debtor with applicable laws, and subject to the following disclaimers:

(i) The RP has furnished and signed the report in good faith and accordingly, no suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the RP in terms of Section 233 of the Code;

(ii) No statement, fact, information (whether current or historical) or opinion contained herein should be construed as a representation or warranty, express or implied, of the RP including, his authorized representatives and advisors;

(iii) The RP, in review of the standalone financial statements and while signing these standalone financial statements, has relied upon the assistance provided by the Directors/KMP's of the Corporate Debtor, and certifications, representations and statements made by the Directors/KMP's of the Corporate Debtor, in relation to these standalone financial statements. The standalone financial statements of the Corporate Debtor for the year ended March 31, 2026 have been taken on record by the RP solely on the basis of and relying on the aforesaid certifications, representations and statements of the aforesaid Directors/KMP's and the erstwhile management of the Corporate Debtor. For all such information and data, the RP has assumed that such information and data are in conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws with respect to the preparation of the standalone financial statements and that they give true and fair view of the position of the Corporate Debtor as of the dates and period indicated therein. Accordingly, the RP is not making any representations regarding accuracy, veracity or completeness of the data or information in the standalone financial statements.

(iv) In terms of the provisions of the Code, the RP is required to undertake a review to determine avoidance transactions. Such review has been completed and the RP has filed the necessary applications with the adjudicating authority. Certain applications have been dismissed and pending applications remain subject to the directions of the adjudicating authority.

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

**ANNEXURE I**

**Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Financial Results – Standalone)**

**Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026**

[See Regulation 33 / 52 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

| I | Sr. No. | Particulars | Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications) (Rs in crore) | Audited Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications) (Rs in crore) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1 | Turnover / Total income | 230 | 230 |
| | 2 | Total Expenditure | 581 | 581 |
| | 3 | Exceptional Items | (179) | (179) |
| | 4 | Net Profit/(Loss) after exceptional items | (530) | (530) |
| | 5 | Net Profit/ (Loss) from Discontinued Operations | (9,158) | (16,646) |
| | 6 | Earnings Per Share | (35.30) | (62.69) |
| | 7 | Total Assets | 38,931 | 38,931 |
| | 8 | Total Liabilities | 1,17,823 | 1,62,884 |
| | 9 | Net worth | (78,892) | (1,23,953) |
| | 10 | Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management) | - | - |

**II Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| a. | Details of Audit Qualification: | (i) Non-Provision of Interest and Foreign Exchange variation (Refer Note No.2.48)<br>(ii) Bonn Matter (Refer Note No. 2.59) |
| b. | Type of Audit Qualification : Qualified Opinion / Disclaimer of Opinion / Adverse Opinion | Qualified Opinion |
| c. | Frequency of qualification: Whether appeared first time / repetitive / since how long continuing | Ninth Time |
| d. | For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: | Impact is not ascertainable as the Company is under IBC and CIR process initiated |
| e. | For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor: | i) Impairment review of tangible and intangible assets, Assets held for sale, investments, Balance lying in Goods and Service Tax and liabilities,<br>ii) Qualification on Lease (Refer Note No.2.53),<br>iii) Qualification on Willful defaulter and fraud (Refer Note 2.55)<br>iv) Qualification on Going Concern in some of Subsidiaries (Refer Note No.2.31)<br>v) Search operation conducted by ED & CBI (Refer Note 2.60) |
| | (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: | Impact is not ascertainable as the Company is under IBC and CIR process initiated |
| | (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: | Impact is not ascertainable as the Company is under IBC and CIR process initiated |
| | (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: | Refer 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' in audit report read with relevant notes in the Standalone financial statement, the same is self explanatory |

**III Signatories:**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Statutory Auditor — **For Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No. 161851
UDIN: 26161851FPGVII9016

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

## Independent Auditor's Report

**To the Members of Reliance Communications Limited**

**Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Corporate Insolvency Proceedings as per Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (IBC)**

The Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") admitted an insolvency and bankruptcy petition filed by an operational/financial creditor against Reliance Communications Limited ("the Holding Company") and its two subsidiaries, appointed Resolution Professional (RP) who has been vested with management of affairs and powers of the Board of Directors with direction to initiate appropriate action contemplated with extant provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 and other related rules.

**Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Reliance Communications Limited** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information ("the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries and associates as were audited by the other auditors, except for the possible effects of matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph below, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at March 31, 2026, their consolidated loss (including consolidated other comprehensive loss), their consolidated changes in equity and their consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

**Basis for Qualified Opinion**

a) We draw attention to Note nos. 2.17, 2.39 & 2.46.2(c) of the consolidated financial statements regarding, "Assets Held for Sale (AHS)" regarding Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Fibre and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) along with liabilities continues to be classified as held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018, for the reasons referred to in the aforesaid note and impact of the non-payment of spectrum instalments due to Department of Telecommunication (DOT). Non determination of fair value of Assets Held for Sale as on the reporting date is not in compliance with Ind AS 105 "Non Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". Accordingly, we are unable to comment on the consequential impact, if any, on the carrying amount of Assets Held for Sale and on the reported losses for the year ended March 31, 2026.

b) We draw attention to Note no. 2.55 of the consolidated financial statements regarding admission of the Holding Company and its two subsidiaries into Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIRP") and pending determination of obligations and liabilities including various claims submitted by the Operational/financial/ other creditors and employees including interest payable on loans during CIRP. We are unable to comment the accounting impact thereof pending reconciliation and determination of final obligation.

The Holding Company and two of it's subsidiaries have not provided interest on borrowings amounting to Rs. 5,912 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026 and Rs. 35,241 crore up to the previous financial year based on the basic rates of interest as per the terms of the borrowings. The Holding Company and two of its subsidiaries further has not debited / credited for foreign exchange loss amounting to Rs. 2,081 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026 and Rs. 4,514 crore foreign exchange loss up to the previous financial year. Had such interest and foreign exchange variation (gain)/Loss as mentioned above been provided, the reported loss for the year ended March 31, 2026 would have been higher by Rs. 7,993 crore and the Net worth of the Group would have been lower by Rs. 47,748 crore as at March 31, 2026 and Rs. 39,755 crore as at March 31, 2025. Non provision of interest and non-recognition of foreign exchange variation (gain) / loss is not in compliance with Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Costs" and Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

c) We draw attention to Note nos. 2.39 and 2.65 of the consolidated financial statements, regarding the pending comprehensive review of carrying amount of all assets (including investments, receivables and balances lying in Goods and Service Tax) & liabilities, impairment of goodwill on consolidation and non-provision for impairment of carrying value of assets and write back of liabilities if any, has not been made in the books of account by the Group pending completion of the CIRP and various irregularities reported by the forensic auditor M/s BDO India LLP, appointed by one of the lenders, in their forensic audit report for the period from April 01, 2013 to March 31, 2017 as communicated by certain banks and communication received from certain banks with respect to willful defaulter and fraud. In the absence of comprehensive review as mentioned above for the carrying value of all other assets and liabilities and unable to determine of potential impact of communications from banks in respect of willful default / fraud by the Management, we are unable to comment that whether any adjustment is required in the carrying amount of such assets and liabilities and consequential impact, if any, on the reported losses for the year ended March 31, 2026. Non determination of fair value of financial assets & liabilities and impairment in carrying amount of other assets & liabilities are not in compliance with Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets" and Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets".

d) We draw attention to Note no. 2.68 of the Statement, wherein during the year ended March 31, 2024, erstwhile director of Bonn Investment Inc. ("Bonn") had sold its property for an amount of USD 8.34 million (approx. Rs. 78.94 Crore) and invested the same with AZCO Real Estate Brokers LLC ("AZCO") without the authorisation / permission of the Management and Resolution Professional (RP) of the Holding Company. As explained in detail in the aforesaid note, the Management of Bonn has taken certain steps and will take all necessary steps as required to be undertaken including recovery of the advance given to AZCO. The Management of Bonn is hopeful that the steps taken and discussion with AZCO will result in recovering the said advance and accordingly, no provision has been made in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026 against the said advance. Also, the Holding Company has filed a petition against the erstwhile Director of Holding Company based on the digital analysis report for his involvement in the aforesaid transactions. Further, the financial statements of Bonn for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, considered for consolidation is unaudited and certified by the Management.

Further, we have sought an update on the action taken by the management as on date, however we have not received any update or details of any action taken by the management in the aforesaid matters till date.

Based on the matters fully described in the aforesaid note and evidence provided to us by the Management, we are unable to determine on the potential impact if any in the unaudited financial statements of Bonn in relation to unauthorised sale made by the erstwhile director of Bonn and involvement of erstwhile director of Holding Company if any on the said transactions and we are unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to consider the management assessment of the said advance as good for recovery.

Further, since, the financial statements are unaudited and certified by the management, the amounts and financial information considered for consolidation is solely based on the unaudited financial information certified by the management. We are unable to determine the consequent effects if any on the financial position of Bonn in case the said accounts gets audited and we are unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence of management assessment of going concern assumption while preparation of the financial statements of Bonn for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

e) We draw attention to Note no. 2.69 of the consolidated financial statements, regarding searches carried out by Directorate of Enforcement (ED) and the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) at the premises of Reliance Communications Limited based on FIRs registered with CBI. Further, certain properties of the Parent Company and Subsidiary Companies have also been provisionally attached in terms of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 by ED which has been further extended for a period of 365 days by the Adjudicating Authority. As stated by the Management, the actions taken by the agencies may adversely affect the value of investments of the Company, however no adjustment has been carried out in the books of account. Based on the matters stated in aforesaid note, we are unable to determine the potential impact if any, in respect of the pending investigation and provisional attachment by the regulatory agencies that may be required in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026.

f) We draw attention to Note no 2.43 of the consolidated financial statements, regarding non adoption of Ind AS 116 i.e. "Leases" effective from April 01, 2019 and the impact thereof. The Holding Company and some of it's subsidiaries have not applied Ind AS 116. The aforesaid accounting treatment is not in accordance with the relevant Ind AS 116.

g) We draw attention to Note nos. 2.39 & 2.46.2(c) of the consolidated financial statements regarding termination of definitive binding agreement for monetization of assets of the Holding Company and two of its subsidiaries namely RTL & RITL (RITL ceased w.e.f. December 22, 2022) and the ongoing CIRP, the outcome of which cannot be presently ascertained. Further Holding Company's subsidiary namely Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL) has also been admitted under Code with effect from September 25, 2019. The Group has continued to incur losses, it's current liabilities exceed current assets, defaulted in repayment of its borrowings, defaulted in payment of statutory dues, pending application of renewal of Telecom Licenses and potential impact of the matters stated in note nos. 2.65 and 2.69. Further, auditors of certain subsidiaries and associates of the Holding Company have highlighted material uncertainty related to going concern / emphasis of matter paragraphs related to going concern in their respective audit reports.

These events indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The accounts, however, has been prepared by the management on a going concern basis for the reason stated in the aforesaid note. However, we are unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, in view of ongoing CIRP, matters pending before regulatory authorities and matters stated in above paragraphs, the outcome of which cannot be presently ascertained.

The Net Worth of the Group excludes the effect of qualification under (a), (c), (e), (f) and (g) above, which are non-quantifiable as referred therein.

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered

Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in "Other Matter" paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

**Emphasis of Matter Paragraph**

1. We draw attention to Note no. 2.46.2(a) of the consolidated financial statements, regarding provision of license fee and spectrum usage charges by the Holding Company and one of it's subsidiary, based on management estimates pending special audit from Department of Telecommunications, pursuant to the judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, vide its order dated October 24, 2019 and status of payment thereof which may undergo revision based on any development in the said matter.
2. We draw attention to Note no. 2.73 of the consolidated financial statements wherein one of the lenders of the Holding Company has invoked shares of Globalcom IDC Limited (GIDC) a step down subsidiary of the Holding Company on December 12, 2022 The impact of such invocation against liability will be given by the Management on receipt of the said details from lenders.
3. We draw attention to Note no. 2.70 of the consolidated financial statements, wherein during the year ended March 31, 2026, the Company and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, has received notice from Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO), New Delhi and the SFIO had sought details / documents for the time period FY 2008-09 to FY 2024-25 and FY 2008-09 to FY 2023-24 respectively. As stated by the Management, information asked for has been provided by the Company and RCIL.
4. We draw attention to note no. 2.75 of the consolidated financial statements, wherein the Committee of Creditors (CoC) of Reliance Communications Limited ("the Company") had approved a loan of Rs. 9.60 crore to the Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL), a wholly owned subsidiary company, at an interest rate of MCLR + 2%. During the year ended March 31, 2026 the RTL has sought an additional Loan of Rs. 3.89 crore from the Holding Company for which approved was Sought from CoC, which has been approved / ratified by the CoC of the Holding Company and RTL in the respective meeting held on May 27, 2026.

**Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters stated in our Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures performed by us, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter |
|---|---|
| **1. Revenue Recognition** | |
| The accuracy and completeness of revenue amounts recorded by the Group is an inherent industry risk. The revenue of the Group is categorised broadly into service and wholesale revenue. Service revenue mainly consists of income from fixed line, broadband, rentals and installations. Wholesale revenue comprises revenue from interconnection, external administration, capacity sales and from resellers.<br><br>We considered revenue recognition as a key audit matter as the amount involved is material to the consolidated financial statements and due to the complexity of the systems and processes used to record revenue. The accounting policy and relevant disclosures relating to revenue are set out in notes 1.3(m),2.31 & 2.56 respectively, to the consolidated financial statements. | Our audit procedures included, amongst others, the following:<br>• Testing the end-to-end reconciliation from business support systems to billing and to the general ledger;<br>• Performing tests on the accuracy of customer bill generation process on a sample basis and testing of a sample of the credits and discounts applied to such customer bills;<br>• Performed substantive analytical procedures over the significant revenue streams;<br>• Involving verification of controls surrounding revenue invoicing;<br>• Assessed transactions taking place before and after year-end to ensure that revenue was recognised in the appropriate period;<br>• Performing specific procedures to test the accuracy and completeness of adjustments, and performing procedures to ensure that the revenue recognition criteria adopted by the Group is in line with the Group's accounting policies. |

| Key Audit Matter | How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter |
|---|---|
| **2. Valuation and disclosure of accrual estimates for legal claims, litigations, regulatory matters and contingencies and deposits against the same legal matters including provision of license fee and spectrum usage charges, pursuant to the judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, vide its order dated October 24, 2019** | |
| The Group is involved as a party in legal proceedings, including regulatory and other governmental proceedings. The Group has also deposited substantial amounts with regulatory authorities against the demands in dispute, which has been classified as deposit.<br><br>This area is significant to our audit, since the accounting and disclosure for (contingent) legal liabilities is complex and judgmental (due to the difficulty in predicting the outcome of the matter and estimating the potential impact if the outcome is unfavourable), and the amounts involved are, or can be, material to the consolidated financial statements as a whole. Further reference is made to Note no. 2.42 Contingent liabilities and Note no 2.46.2(a) on provision of Licence fees and Spectrum Usage Charges. | • Our audit procedures included, amongst others, testing the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls around the identification and evaluation of claims/provisions, proceedings and investigations at different levels in the Group, and the recording and continuous re-assessment of the related (contingent) liabilities and provisions and disclosures. We inquired with both internal legal staff including Resolution Professional (RP) as well as with the Group's financial staff in respect of ongoing investigations or claims, proceedings and investigations, inspected relevant correspondence, inspected the minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee and requested a confirmation from the Group's in-house responsible officials and RP.<br>• Also, the Group has obtained legal opinions in past against these disputes.<br>• We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosure around legal claims, litigations, regulatory matters and contingencies as included in Note no. 2.42 Contingent liabilities.<br>• We consider management's conclusion on the predicted outcome and estimation of potential impact reasonable and we assessed that the disclosures in Note nos. 2.42 & 2.46.2(a) are reasonable. |

**Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements, which is the responsibility of the Holding Company's Management and is relied upon by the Resolution Professional based on the assistance provided by the Directors and taken on record by the Resolution Professional as fully described in Note No 2.76 of the consolidated financial statements. The Holding Company's Management are responsible for the matter stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income/(loss), consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act.

The respective Management/Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors/Resolution Professional/Monitoring Committee of the companies included in the Group and of its

associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors/Resolution Professional/Monitoring Committee either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors/Resolution Professional/ Monitoring Committee of the companies included in the Group and of its associates is also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors/Resolution Professional /Monitoring Committee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors/ Resolution Professional/Monitoring Committee use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements/financial information of the entities within the Group and its associates to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors (i) in planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a Statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when,

in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**Other Matters**

1. Pursuant to applications filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd. before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the applications and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIRP") of Reliance Communications Limited ("the Holding Company") and two of its subsidiaries namely Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL, ceased w.e.f December 22, 2022) and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) (collectively, the "Corporate Debtors") vide its orders dated May 15, 2018. The committee of creditors ("CoC") of the Corporate Debtors, at the meetings of the CoC held on May 30, 2019, in terms of Section 22 (2) of the Code, resolved with the requisite voting share, to replace the Interim Resolution Professionals with the resolution professional ("RP") for the Corporate Debtor, which has been confirmed by the NCLT in its orders dated June 21, 2019 (published on the website of the NCLT on June 28, 2019).

2. Further, Pursuant to an application filed by State Bank of India before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 7 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIRP") of its subsidiary namely Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL) ("the Company") ("Corporate Debtor") vide its order dated September 25, 2019 which has been received by the IRP (as defined hereinafter) on September 28, 2019 ("CIRP Order"). The NCLT has appointed Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the interim resolution professional for the Holding Company ("IRP") vide the CIRP Order who has been confirmed as the resolution professional of the Company ("RP") by the committee of creditors. On December 19, 2023, Hon'ble NCLT has approved the resolution plan submitted by a resolution applicant as approved by CoC, accordingly Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty has ceased to be the RP of RCIL, and RCIL is currently under the supervision of a Monitoring Committee (of which the erstwhile RP is a member) constituted under the provisions of the approved resolution plan. The implementation of the approved resolution plan is currently pending.

3. The consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company shall be signed by the Chairperson or Managing Director or Whole Time Director or in absence of all of them, it shall be signed by any Director of the Holding Company who is duly authorized by the Board of Directors to sign the consolidated financial statements. As mentioned in Note No. 2.76 of the consolidated financial statements, in view of the ongoing CIRP, the powers of the board of directors stand suspended and are exercised by the RP.

4. We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of eleven subsidiaries, whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 546.36 crore as at March 31, 2026, total revenues of Rs. 0.70 crore and net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 0.44 crore for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit/(loss) of Rs. 3.28 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of two associates, whose financial statements / financial information have not been audited by us. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associates, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

5. We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of eleven subsidiaries, whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 1,017.47 crore as at March 31, 2026, total revenues of Rs. 5.42 crore and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 0.56 crore for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements / financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Board of Directors and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements / financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements / financial information are not material to the Group.

Our Opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other Legal and Regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and financial statements or information certified by the respective management.

**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries and associates as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

   (a) Except for the matters described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph, we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the

purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.

(b) In our opinion, except for the matters described in Basis for Qualified Opinion section and matter stated in paragraph 1(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.

(c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive loss), the consolidated statements of cash flows and the consolidated statements of changes in equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, except requirement of Ind AS 105 "Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", Ind AS 23 "Borrowing Cost", Ind AS 21 "Effects of Changes in foreign exchanges", Ind AS 116 "Leases", Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets", Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", with regard to matters described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion paragraph above.

(e) The matters described under the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above and Qualified Opinion paragraph of 'Annexure A' to this report in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on functioning of the Group and on the amounts disclosed in consolidated financial statements of the Group;

(f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith with respect to consolidated financial statements are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section and paragraph 1(b) above of our report and paragraph 1(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).

(g) On the basis of the written representations received from a director of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2026 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and based on legal opinion obtained by the Holding Company with regard to non payment of debenture holder's due and the reports of statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India, these directors are not disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act. Further as mentioned in Note no. 2.59 of the consolidated financial statements, certain directors of the Group have resigned.

(h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".

(i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the managerial remuneration paid/provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associate companies to its directors is in accordance with the requisite approval, where applicable, by shareholders as mandated by the provision of section 197 read with schedule V of the Act.

(j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph:

i. The consolidated financial statements have disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group and its associates;

ii. The Group and its associate companies did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;

iii. There are no amounts, which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, or its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2026.

iv. (a) The respective managements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates which are incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates to or in any other person or entity, including

foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The respective managements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates which are incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and other auditors of such subsidiaries respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief no funds have been received by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on our audit procedure that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the other auditors of the subsidiaries, and associates which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. The Holding Company and its subsidiaries have not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks performed by us on the Holding Company, and by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries and associates, which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, the Group and its associates has used an accounting software SAP and other peripheral applications for maintaining its books of account for the year ended March 31, 2026 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software, except, as stated in note no 2.67, the Parent Company and certain subsidiaries the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) at the database level has not enabled / maintained throughout the year in respect of SAP and Billing applications, as audit logs for certain periods were not available/retrievable due to backup restoration / retrieval issues. Further, in case of ICARE and Interconnect application of the Parent Company, the database-level audit trail was not appropriately enabled/configured to capture critical DDL and DML activities.

Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated, the audit trail feature has not been tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Group as per the statutory requirements for record retention, except for ICARE application log enabled from January 2024, Billing / Single View database log enabled from August 2024 / during FY 2024-25 in case of Parent Company and SAP database logs partially enabled from June 2024 in case of Parent Company and certain subsidiaries. Further, in case of Interconnect application, database-level audit trail logs were not available for retention as the said audit trail feature was not appropriately enabled/configured in case of Parent Company.

2. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Holding Company and CARO reports

## Independent Auditor's Report

issued by the respective auditors of its subsidiaries and an associate company included in the consolidated financial statements, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, the adverse/qualified remarks are as under:

| S r. No. | Name | CIN | Holding / Subsidiary/ Associate | Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or adverse |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Reliance Communications Limited | L45309MH2004PLC147531 | Holding | 3(i)(c), 3(ii)(b), 3(iii), 3(vii), 3(ix)(a), 3(ix) (b), 3(xi)(a) and 3(xix) |
| 2. | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited | U64203MH1997PLC166329 | Subsidiary | 3(iii), 3(vii), 3(ix)(a), 3(ix)(b), 3(xi)(a) & 3(xix) |
| 3. | Reliance Realty Limited | U45300MH1993PLC173775 | Subsidiary | 3(iii), 3(vii) & 3(xix) |
| 4. | Reliance Telecom Limited | U32100MH1994PLC162841 | Subsidiary | 3(vii), 3(ix)(a), 3(ix)(b), 3(xi)(a) & 3(xix) |
| 5. | Campion Properties Limited | U55101MH2001PLC218815 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 6. | Reliance Webstore Limited | U72900MH2000PLC128101 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 7. | Globalcom Mobile Commerce Limited | U64201MH2010PLC210643 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 8. | Reliance BPO Private Limited | U72200MH2000PTC124290 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 9. | Reliance Communications Tamilnadu Limited | U64201MH2001PLC131627 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 10. | Globalcom Realty Limited | U70109MH2014PLC259224 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 11. | Reliance Infra Projects Limited | U70109MH2014PLC259052 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 12. | Internet Exchangenext.com Limited | U51399MH2000PLC217929 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 13. | Worldtel Tamilnadu Private Limited | U64201MH1999PTC220563 | Subsidiary | 3(xix) |
| 14. | Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limited | U60222MH2009PTC196739 | Associate | 3(xix) |

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No: 161851
UDIN: 26161851ULQUPG5692

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

'Annexure A' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid consolidated financial statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

**(Referred to in Paragraph (1)(h) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)**

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the **Reliance Communications Limited** ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements of Reliance Communications Limited and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate companies which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

**Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, it's subsidiaries and associates, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

**Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements**

A Group's internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A Group's internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Group; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the Group are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Group; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Group's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

**Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

**'Annexure A' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026**

**Basis of Qualified Opinion**

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Holding Company and some of its subsidiary companies internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2026:

i. In case of the Holding Company and some of its subsidiaries internal process with regard to confirmation and reconciliation of Balances of trade receivable, trade payables and other liabilities and loan & advances which are not providing for adjustments, which are required to be made to the carrying values of such assets and liabilities (Read with Note no. 2.39).

ii. In case of the Holding Company and some of its subsidiaries the internal control process in respect of closure of outstanding entries in Bank Reconciliation Statements which are pending to be reconciled.

iii. The Holding Company and some of its subsidiaries have delayed in payment of certain statutory dues and delays in filing of certain statutory returns during the year with the respective authorities.

iv. In respect of transactions carried out by Director of foreign subsidiary company without obtaining the adequate approvals from the Management of the Holding Company. (Refer note no. 2.68)

v. In respect of additional loan given of Rs. 3.89 crore by the Holding Company to Reliance Telecom Limited, a subsidiary company (RTL), for which approval was sought from Committee of Creditor (CoC), the same has been approved / ratified by the COC of the Holding Company and RTL in the meeting held on May 27, 2026.

vi. The Group's internal financial control with regard to the compliance with the applicable Indian Accounting Standards and evaluation of carrying values of assets and liabilities and other matters, as fully explained in Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph of our main report, resulting in the Group not providing for adjustments, which are required to be made, to the consolidated financial statements.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Group's financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

**Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors, as referred to in other matters paragraph below, except for the effects / possible effects of the material weaknesses described above under Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Holding Company, it's subsidiaries and associates, which are incorporated in India, has, in all material respects an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal financial controls over financial statements issued by the ICAI.

We have considered material weakness identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2026 and these material weaknesses affect our opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2026 [our audit report dated May 29, 2026, which expressed a qualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements of the Group].

**Other Matters**

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to these consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to separate financial statements of 11 subsidiaries and 1 associate, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India.

For **Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No: 161851
UDIN: 26161851ULQUPG5692

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

## Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Notes | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **ASSETS** | | | | | |
| **Non Current Assets** | | | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 2.01 | **1,241** | | 1,352 | |
| (b) Capital Work in Progress | 2.01 | **53** | | 53 | |
| (c) Goodwill | 2.02 | **1,388** | | 1,387 | |
| (d) Other Intangible Assets | 2.03 | **7** | | 7 | |
| (e) Financial Assets | | | | | |
| (i) Investments | 2.04 | **40** | | 36 | |
| (ii) Other Financial Assets | 2.05 | **79** | | 72 | |
| (f) Deferred Tax Asset (net) | 2.06 | **5** | | 5 | |
| (g) Income Tax Asset (net) | 2.07 | **79** | | 79 | |
| (h) Other Non Current Assets | 2.08 | **1,064** | **3,956** | 1,037 | 4,028 |
| **Current Assets** | | | | | |
| (a) Inventories | 2.09 | **2** | | 2 | |
| (b) Financial Assets | | | | | |
| (i) Investments | 2.10 | **-** | | - | |
| (iii) Trade Receivables | 2.11 | **308** | | 311 | |
| (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 2.12 | **174** | | 194 | |
| (iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above | 2.13 | **266** | | 245 | |
| (v) Loans | 2.14 | **390** | | 389 | |
| (vi) Other Financial Assets | 2.15 | **112** | | 119 | |
| (c) Other Current Assets | 2.16 | **4,874** | | 4,881 | |
| (d) Assets held for Sale | 2.17 | **26,256** | **32,382** | 26,256 | 32,397 |
| **Total Assets** | | | **36,338** | | 36,425 |
| **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** | | | | | |
| **Equity** | | | | | |
| (a) Equity Share Capital | 2.18 | | **1,383** | | 1,383 |
| (b) Other Equity | 2.19 | | **(1,03,948)** | | (92,873) |
| **Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the parent** | | | **(1,02,565)** | | (91,490) |
| **Non-Controlling Interest** | 2.20 | | **(5)** | | (5) |
| **Total Equity** | | | **(1,02,571)** | | (91,495) |
| **LIABILITIES** | | | | | |
| **Non-Current Liabilities** | | | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 2.21 | **411** | | 424 | |
| (b) Other Non-Current Liabilities | 2.22 | **95** | | 103 | |
| (c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (net) | 2.06 | **238** | | 238 | |
| (d) Provisions | 2.23 | **2** | **746** | 2 | 767 |
| **Current Liabilities** | | | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | | | |
| (i) Borrowings | 2.24 | **46,801** | | 46,792 | |
| (ii) Trade Payables | 2.25 | | | | |
| Due to Micro and Small Enterprises | | **46** | | 46 | |
| Due to Creditors Other than Micro and Small Enterprises | | **3,948** | | 3,611 | |
| (iii) Other Financial Liabilities | 2.26 | **73,172** | | 63,600 | |
| (b) Deferred Revenue (Refer Note 2.56) | 2.27 | **21** | | 23 | |
| (c) Other Current Liabilities | 2.28 | **503** | | 514 | |
| (d) Income Tax Liabilities (net) (Mar 26 ₹ 3,19,848; Mar 25 ₹ 10,86,883) | 2.29 | **-** | | - | |
| (e) Provisions | 2.30 | **1,231** | | 1,232 | |
| (f) Liabilities directly related to Asset held for Sale | 2.17 | **12,441** | **1,38,163** | 11,335 | 1,27,153 |
| **Total Equity and Liabilities** | | | **36,338** | | 36,425 |
| **Material Accounting Policies** | 1 | | | | |
| **Notes on Accounts** | 2 | | | | |

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

## Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | Notes | | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | **INCOME** | | | | | |
| | (a) Revenue from Operations | 2.31 | | **314** | | 358 |
| | (b) Other Income | 2.32 | | **32** | | 33 |
| | (c) **Total Income ((a) + (b))** | | | **346** | | 391 |
| 2 | **EXPENSES** | | | | | |
| | (a) Access Charges, License Fees and Network Expenses | 2.33 | | **137** | | 148 |
| | (b) Employee Benefits Expenses | 2.34 | | **32** | | 34 |
| | (c) Finance Costs | 2.35 | | **44** | | 46 |
| | (d) Depreciation, Impairment and Amortisation | 2.01 & 2.03 | | **111** | | 117 |
| | (e) Sales and General Administration Expenses | 2.36 | | **336** | | 187 |
| | (f) **Total Expenses ((a) to (e))** | | | **660** | | 532 |
| 3 | **Profit/ (Loss) before share of Profit of associates, exceptional items and Tax (1(c) - 2(f))** | | | **(314)** | | (141) |
| 4 | Share of (Loss) / Profit of Associates (Previous Year ₹ 13,97,438) | | | **3** | | - |
| 5 | **Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax (3 - 4)** | | | **(311)** | | (141) |
| 6 | **Exceptional Items** | 2.46.1 | | | | |
| | (a) Profit / (Loss) on de-Subidiarisation | | | **-** | | (41) |
| | (b) Provision for credit impaired | | | **(179)** | | - |
| 7 | **Profit/ (Loss) before Tax (5 + 6)** | | | **(490)** | | (182) |
| 8 | **Tax expenses:** | | | | | |
| | (a) Current Tax | | **6** | | 4 | |
| | (b) Short/(Excess) provision of earlier years | | **-** | | - | |
| | (c) Deferred Tax Charge/ (Credit) (net) (including MAT Credit) (Previous Year ₹ 14,92,789 | 2.06 | **(1)** | **5** | - | 4 |
| 9 | **Profit/ (Loss) After Tax from Continuing Operations (7 - 8)** | | | **(495)** | | (186) |
| 10 | Profit /(Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax from Discontinued Operations | | | **(1,162)** | | (1,049) |
| 11 | **Exceptional Items relating to Discontinued Operations** | | | | | |
| | (a) Profit on sale of investment in subsidiary and Retirement of Lease Hold Land | 2.46.2 | | **-** | | 45 |
| | (b) Provision for Liability on account of License and Spectrum Fee | | | **(9,468)** | | (8,199) |
| 12 | **Profit /(Loss) before Tax (10 - 11)** | | | **(10,630)** | | (9,203) |
| 13 | **Tax Credit / (Expenses) on Discontinued Opertions** | | | | | |
| | (a) Deferred Tax Charge/ (Credit) (net) (including MAT Credit) | | **-** | | - | |
| | (b) Earlier year tax | | **-** | **-** | - | - |
| 14 | **Profit /(Loss) after Tax from Discontinued Operations (12 - 13)** | | | **(10,630)** | | (9,203) |
| 15 | **Other Comprehensive Income** | | | | | |
| | **(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss** | | | | | |
| | (i) Remeasurement gain/ (loss) of defined employee benefit plans (net of tax) ( ₹ 14,82,309) (Previous year ₹ 9,56,497) | | | **-** | | - |
| | (ii) Net gain/ (loss) on Equity Shares carried out at fair value (net of tax) | | | **-** | | - |
| | **(b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss** | | | | | |
| | (i) Exchange gain/ (loss) on translation of financial statements of foreign operations | | | **50** | | 35 |
| | **Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) for the year** | | | **50** | | 35 |
| 16 | **Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year(9+ 14 + 15)** | | | **(11,075)** | | (9,354) |
| 17 | **Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to** | | | | | |
| | Shareholders | | | **(11,125)** | | (9,389) |
| | Non Controlling Interest | | | **-** | | - |
| 18 | **Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) attributable to** | | | | | |
| | Shareholders | | | **(11,075)** | | (9,354) |
| | Non Controlling Interest | | | **-** | | - |
| 19 | **Earnings per Share of ` 5 each fully paid up (Basic and Diluted)** (before exceptional items) | 2.45 | | | | |
| | (a) Continuing Operations | | | **(1.15)** | | (0.53) |
| | (b) Discontinued Operations | | | **(4.23)** | | (3.82) |
| | (c ) Continuing and Discontinuing Operations | | | **(5.38)** | | (4.35) |
| | (after exceptional items) | | | | | |
| | (a) Continuing Operations | | | **(1.80)** | | (0.68) |
| | (b) Discontinued Operations | | | **(38.74)** | | (33.53) |
| | (c ) Continuing and Discontinuing Operations | | | **(40.54)** | | (34.21) |
| | **Material Accounting Policies** | 1 | | | | |
| | **Notes on Accounts** | 2 | | | | |

The Notes referred to above form an integral part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

**(a) Equity share capital**

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | | For the year ended 31st March 2026 | For the year ended 31st March 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **(a)** | **Equity Share Capital** (Refer Note 2.18) | | |
| | **Balance at the beginning of the year** | **1,383** | 1,383 |
| | Change in equity share capital during the year | **-** | **-** |
| | **Balance at the end of the year** | **1,383** | 1,383 |

**(b) Other Equity** (Refer Note 2.19)

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Attributable to the equity holders | | | | | | | | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Reserves and Surplus | | | | | | Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) | | |
| | Capital Reserve | Securities Premium | General Reserve | Debenture Redemption Reserve | Retained Earnings | Treasury Equity | Exchange Fluctuation Reserve | Others | |
| **Balance as at April 01, 2025** | **1,507** | **13,894** | **34** | **590** | **(1,08,729)** | **(391)** | **213** | **9** | **(92,873)** |
| **Loss for the year** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **(11,125)** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **(11,125)** |
| **Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **50** | **-** | **50** |
| **Balance as at March 31, 2026** | **1,507** | **13,894** | **34** | **590** | **(1,19,854)** | **(391)** | **263** | **9** | **(1,03,948)** |
| Balance as at April 01, 2024 | 1,507 | 13,894 | 34 | 590 | (99,340) | (391) | 184 | 9 | (83,513) |
| Loss for the year | - | - | - | - | (9,389) | - | - | - | (9,389) |
| Other Comprehensive Income/ (Loss) | - | - | - | - | - | - | 35 | - | 33 |
| Loss on de-consolidation | - | - | - | - | - | - | (6) | | (6) |
| Balance as at March 31, 2025 | 1,507 | 13,894 | 34 | 590 | (1,08,729) | (391) | 213 | 9 | (92,873) |

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | | For the year ended March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **A** | **CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES** | | | | |
| | **Profit/ (Loss) before tax from Continuing Operations** | | **(490)** | | (182) |
| | **Profit/ (Loss) before tax from Discontinued Operations** | | **(10,630)** | | (9,203) |
| | Adjusted for: | | | | |
| | Provision for Credit Impaired, Receivables, Doubtful Debts, Loans and Advances | **179** | | 8 | |
| | Depreciation/Impairment and Amortisation | **111** | | 117 | |
| | Impact of deconsolidation of subsidiaries | **-** | | (41) | |
| | Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rate (net) | **231** | | 47 | |
| | Finance Costs | **1,196** | | 1,100 | |
| | Share of (Profit)/ Loss on investment in associates | **(3)** | | - | |
| | Profit on sale of investment in subsidiary and retirement of Leasehold land (Net) | **-** | | (45) | |
| | Interest Income | **(55)** | **1,659** | (53) | 1,133 |
| | **Operating Profit/(Loss) before Working Capital Changes** | | **(9,461)** | | (8,252) |
| | Adjusted for: | | | | |
| | Receivables, Advances and Other Assets | **(171)** | | 66 | |
| | Inventories ₹ 6,59,064 (Previous year ₹ 10,44,130) | **-** | | - | |
| | Trade Payables and Other Liabilities | **9,616** | | 8,202 | |
| | | | **9,445** | | 8,268 |
| | **Cash Generated from Operations/(used in)** | | **(16)** | | 12 |
| | Income Tax Refund | **2** | | 14 | |
| | Income Tax Paid | - | **2** | - | 14 |
| | **Net Cash generated from / (Used in) Operating Activities** | | **(14)** | | 26 |
| **B** | **CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** | | | | |
| | Additions / (Sale) of Property, Plant and Equipments, Intangible Assets and Capital Work in Progress and Intangible Assets under Development including Capital Advance and Assets held for sale (net) | | **-** | | - |
| | Proceeds from Sale of Investments | | **-** | | 61 |
| | (Investment)/redemptiom in Bank deposits (having orignal maturity for more than 3 months) | | **(21)** | | (64) |
| | Interest Income | | **68** | | 24 |
| | **Net Cash generated from / (Used in) Investing Activities** | | **47** | | 21 |
| **C** | **CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES** | | | | |
| | Net Proceeds from / (Repayment) of Short term Borrowings (net) | | **(4)** | | (9) |
| | Finance Cost | | **(48)** | | (49) |
| | **Net Cash generated from / (used in) Financing Activities** | | **(52)** | | (58) |
| | **Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents** | | **(20)** | | (11) |
| | **Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents** | | **194** | | 205 |
| | **Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents** | | **174** | | 194 |

| Particulars | April 1, 2025 | Cashflow net | Foreign Exchange Movement | Net impact of Consolidation/ Deconsolidation | March 31, 2026 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Borrowings (Refer Note 2.21 and 2.24)** | **47,216** | **(4)** | **-** | **-** | **47,212** |

| | April 1, 2024 | Cashflow net | Foreign Exchange Movement | Net impact of Consolidation/ Deconsolidation | March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Borrowings (Refer Note 2.21 and 2.24) | 47,231 | (9) | - | (6) | 47,216 |

**Notes**

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents includes cash on hand, cheques on hand, remittances- in-transit and bank balance including Fixed Deposits with Banks.

(b) Cashflow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Indian Accounting Standard 7 "Statement of Cashflows"

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents is net of Bank overdraft as required under Ind AS 7

(d) Breakup of Cash and Cash Equivalents

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer Note 2.12) | **174** | 194 |
| (ii) Less: Bank overdraft | **-** | - |
| (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents (net) as per Ind AS 7 | **174** | 194 |

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W100593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary **Rakesh Gupta**

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

### 1 General Information and Material Accounting Policies

### 1.1 General Information

Reliance Communications Limited ("RCOM" or "the Company" or "Corporate Debtor"), is registered under the Companies Act, 1956, having Registered Office at H Block, 1st Floor, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City, Navi Mumbai 400710 and its securities are listed on the BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

RCOM has established pan India, next generation, digital network that is capable of supporting the best of class services spanning the entire communications value chain. RCOM and its subsidiaries own and operate the world's largest next generation IP enabled connectivity infrastructure, comprising of fibre optic cable systems in India and globally.

Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR Process") had been initiated in case of the Company and two of its subsidiaries under the Provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (the Code). Pursuant to the order, the management of affairs of the Company and powers of board of directors of the Company stands vested with the Resolution Professional ("RP") appointed by the NCLT.

### 1.2 Principles of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements relate to the Company, all of its subsidiary companies and associates (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Group"). The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities. Interest in associates and the joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. The financial statements of entities are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences and until the date on which control ceases. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the following bases.

(a) The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are consolidated by combining like items of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses and cash flows after fully eliminating intra group balances and intra group transactions resulting in unrealized profit or loss in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard ("Ind AS") 110 "Consolidated Financial Statements" as referred to in the Indian Accounting Standards Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time.

(b) Investments in subsidiaries are eliminated and differences between the costs of investment over the net assets on the date of investment or on the date of the financial statements immediately preceding the date of investment in subsidiaries are recognised as Goodwill or Capital Reserve, as the case may be. Investment in associates and joint ventures are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Consolidated Financial Statements include the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (OCI) of equity accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases. When the Group's share of loss in an equity accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

(c) Changes in ownership interests for transactions with non controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are treated as the transactions with the equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non controlling interests, the difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity. When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes initial carrying amount for the purpose of subsequent accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset.

(d) Share of Non Controlling Interest in net profit or loss of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against income of the Group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to the Equity Shareholders of the Company.

(e) Share of Non Controlling Interest in net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated balance sheet respectively as a separate item from liabilities and the Shareholders' Equity.

(f) The Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared using uniform Accounting Policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as far as possible, as the standalone financial statements of the Company.

**1.3 Material Accounting Policies**

**(a) Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention/ fair valuation under the Scheme approved by the Hon'ble High Court, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India and in compliance with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") except matter specified in note 2.17, 2.39, 2.43 and 2.55, read with relevant rules of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 and other provisions of the Act, to the extent notified and applicable as well as applicable guidance notes and pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI).

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Group's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out under Ind AS and in the Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the services and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

**(b) Functional Currency and Presentation Currency**

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("Rupees" or "₹") which is functional currency of the Group. All amounts are rounded off to the nearest crore, unless stated otherwise.

**(c) Use of Estimates**

The preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/ materialised. Estimates and underlying assets are reviewed on periodical basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. The Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgments or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the Consolidated financial statements.

**(d) Property, Plant and Equipment**

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) are stated at cost net of Modvat/ Cenvat / GST less accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss, if any. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(ii) Cost of an item of PPE comprises of its purchase price including import duties and non refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and present value of estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of PPE are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(iii) As per Para 46A of Accounting Standard (AS) 11, 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates', related to acquisition of depreciable capital assets pursuant to the notifications dated December 29, 2011 and August 9, 2012 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), under the Companies (Accounting Standards) (Second Amendment) Rules 2011, the cost of depreciable capital assets includes foreign exchange differences arising on translation of long term foreign currency monetary items as at the balance sheet date in so far as they relate to the acquisition of such assets is capitalised and subsequently, on adoption of Indian Accounting Standard also, the same is allowed for the transactions recorded upto March 31, 2016.

(iv) Depreciation is provided on Straight Line Method based on the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Act except in case of the following assets where useful life is different than those that prescribed in Schedule II, based on technical evaluation.

(1) Telecom Electronic Equipments - 20 years

(2) Telecom Towers - 35 years

(3) Ducts and OFC - 35 years

(4) Batteries - 9 years

(5) Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipments - 5, 10 years

(6) Customer Premises Equipments (CPE) - 3 to 5 years (where assets are installed on customer's premises)

(7) Vehicles - 5 years

(8) Leasehold improvements - Shorter of the remaining lease term or useful life

(v) Expenditure of capital nature incurred on assets taken on operating lease is depreciated over the remaining period of the lease term.

(vi) Leasehold Land with lease term of more than 50 years is classified as finance lease and depreciated over the period of the lease term.

(vii) Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of profit or loss.

(viii) CPE's are treated as part of PPE, as the associated risk and rewards remain with the Group.

(ix) Depreciation on all the assets capitalised pursuant to para 46A of AS 11 is provided over the remaining useful life of the depreciable capital asset.

(x) Depreciation on additions is calculated pro rata basis from the following month of addition.

(xi) Expenses incurred relating to project, prior to commencement of commercial operations, are considered as project development expenditure and shown under Capital Work in Progress

**(e) Intangible Assets other than Goodwill**

(i) Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost. Cost includes all direct costs relating to acquisition of Intangible assets and borrowing cost relating to qualifying assets.

(ii) Telecom Licenses are stated at cost as applicable less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any.

(iii) Indefeasible Right of Connectivity (IRC) are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

(iv) Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(v) Intangible assets, namely entry fees/ fees for Telecom Licenses and Brand Licenses are amortised on the basis of Straight Line Method, over the balance period of Licenses. IRC and Software are amortized from the date of acquisition or commencement of commercial services, whichever is later.

(vi) There is no intangible asset assessed with indefinite useful life.

The life of amortisation of the intangible assets are as follows.

(1) Telecom Licenses - 12.50 to 20 years

(2) Brand License - 10 years

(3) Indefeasible Right of Connectivity - In the year of purchase or, 15/ 20 years, as the case may be.

(4) Software - 5 years

(5) Trade Names and Trademarks - 5 to 10 years

(6) Intellectual Property - 7 years

(7) Building Access Rights - 5 years

(vii) Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviwed periodically at each reporting date.

(viii) Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of intangible assets is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

**(f) Lease**

**i) Operating lease:**

**As a Lessee:**

Where the lessor effectively retains substantially all risks and benefits of ownership of the leased assets, they are classified as operating lease. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the period of lease unless the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increase.

**As a Lessor:**

Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term unless payments to the Group are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the Group's expected inflationary cost increase; such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue. Assets given on operating lease are included in PPE/ Intangible Assets. Costs, including depreciation/ amortisation, are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

**ii) Finance lease:**

**As a Lessee:**

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets at the commencement of the lease at their fair value or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Such assets are depreciated/ amortised over the period of lease or estimated useful life of the assets whichever is less.

**As a Lessor:**

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting period so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the lease.

**(g) Non current assets held for sale and discontinued operations**

Non-current assets (or disposal group) are classified as the assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction. Non-current assets (or disposal group) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and/ or fair value less costs to sell. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets and sale is expected to be concluded within twelve months from the date of such classification Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately in the balance sheet.

A disposal group qualifies as discontinued operations if it is a component of the Group that either has been disposed off or is classified as held for sale, and; represents a separate a major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

When the group is committed to sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described are met, regardless of whether the group will retain a non controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of such non current assets (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell an asset (or disposal group) but not in excess of any cumulative loss previously recognised.

If the criteria for assets held for sale are no longer met, it ceases to be classified as held for sale and are measured at the lower of (i) its carrying amount before the asset was classified as held for sale, adjusted for any depreciation or any amortisation that would have been recognised had that asset not been classified as held for sale, and (ii) its recoverable amount at the date when the disposal group creases to be classified as held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a Subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations or presented separately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

**(h) Impairment of Non Financial Assets**

Goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful life are tested annually for impairment or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they may be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An asset is treated as impaired when carrying cost of assets exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. Impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is increased/ reversed (for the assets other than Goodwill) where there is change in the estimate of recoverable value. Recoverable value is higher of net selling price and value in use.

**(i) Inventories of Stores, Spares and Communication Devices**

Inventories of stores, spares and communication devices are accounted for at cost and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition, determined on weighted average basis or net realisable value, whichever is less. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

**(j) Employee Benefits**

**Short-term employee benefits**

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include compensated absence such as paid annual leave and sickness leave. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by the employees is recognized as an expense during the period.

**Long term employee benefits**

**(i) Defined contribution plan**

The Group's contribution towards employees' Superannuation Plan is recognized as an expense during the period in which it accrues.

**(ii) Defined benefit plans**

**Provident Fund**

Provident Fund contributions are made to a Trust administered by the Trustees or other recognised fund. Interest payable to the Provident Fund members, shall not be at a rate lower than the statutory rate. Liability is recognized for any shortfall in the Income of the fund vis-à-vis liability of the interest as per statutory rates to the members. The Group's contribution towards employees' Provident fund is recognized as an expense during the period in which it accrues.

**Gratuity Plan**

The Group's gratuity benefit scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, mortality rate and the fair value of plan assets is deducted. Mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality table in India.

Present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Obligation is measured at present value of the estimated future cash flows. Discount rates used for determining present value of obligation under the defined benefit plan, are based on market yield of Government Securities as at the balance sheet date that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

Remeasurements which comprise of actuarial gain and losses, the return of plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of assets ceiling (if any, excluding interest) are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Plan Assets of Defined Benefit Plans have been measured at fair value.

**(iii) Other Long term employment benefits**

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognized as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date, determined based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method. Discount rates used for determining present value of the obligation under the defined benefit plan, are based on the market yield on Government Securities as at the balance sheet date. Remeasurements gains or losses are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

**(k) Borrowing Cost**

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets upto the commencement of commercial operations. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

**(l) Foreign Currency Transactions**

(i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the transaction.

(ii) Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are restated at the year end rates.

(iii) Non monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost (i.e. translated using the exchange rates at the time of initial transactions).

(iv) Exchange difference on monetary items is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which it arises except for;

(a) Exchange difference on foreign currency borrowings relating to depreciable capital asset is included in cost of assets.

(b) Exchange difference on foreign currency transactions, on which receipt and/ or payments is not planned, initially recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and reclassified from Equity to profit and loss on repayment of the monetary items.

(v) All long term foreign currency monetary items consisting of loans taken before March 31, 2016 and which relate to the acquisition of depreciable capital assets at the end of the period/ year are restated at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange difference including attributable to the interest arising as a result is added to or deducted from cost of the assets as per notification dated December 29, 2011 and August 9, 2012 issued by the Ministry of Company Affairs (MCA), Government of India and depreciated over the balance life of the capital asset. Exchange difference on other long term foreign currency loans is accumulated in Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account (FCMITDA) which will be amortized over the balance period of monetary assets or liabilities.

(vi) Accounting of transactions that include the receipt or payment of advance consideration in a foreign currency the date of transaction, for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, a date of transaction is established for each payment or receipt.

(vii) The results and financial position of foreign operations with functional currency different from the presentation currency, are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

(a) assets and liabilities for each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that consolidated statement of financial position;

(b) income and expenses for each consolidated statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless average rate is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and

(c) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(vii) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into rupee, the functional currency of the Group, at the exchange rates at the reporting date. Exchange difference arising are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent that the exchange differences is allocated to the non controlling interests.

**(m) Revenue Recognition**

(i) Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

(ii) Revenue is recognised as and when services are provided on the basis of actual usage of the Group's network. Revenue on upfront charges for services with lifetime validity and fixed validity periods are recognised over the estimated useful life of the subscribers and specified fixed validity period, as appropriate. The estimated useful life is consistent with estimated churn of the subscribers.

(iii) The Group sells Right of Use (ROUs) that provide to the customers with network capacity/ passive infrastructure, typically over a period of 5 to 20 years without transferring legal title or giving an option to purchase the network capacity/ passive infrastructure. Capacity services revenues are accounted as operating lease and recognised in the Group's income statement over the life of the contract. Bills raised on the customers/ payments received from the customers for long term contracts and for which revenue is not recognised are included in deferred revenue. Revenue on non cancellable ROUs are also recognised as licencing income over the period of contract. Revenue on non

cancellable contracts for right to use of specified fibre pairs/ ducts for a period of 15 to 20 years or economic useful life is recognized as revenue on delivery of such assets to the customers. In revenue arrangements including more than one deliverable, the arrangements are divided into separate units of accounting. Deliverables are considered separate units of accounting if the following two conditions are met: (1) the deliverable has value to the customer on a standalone basis and (2) there is evidence of the fair value of the item. The arrangement considered is allocated to each separate unit of accounting based on its relative fair value.

(iv) Standby maintenance charges are invoiced separately from capacity sales. Revenue relating to standby maintenance is recognised over the period in which service is provided. Any amount billed prior to providing of service is included in deferred revenue. Revenue from other service is recognized as and when service is rendered.

(v) Network services include capacity lease services, IP transit, IPLC (private lines leased to customers), backup service for other network operators and all other services. The customer typically pays charges for network services periodically over the life of the contract, which may be up to three years. Network revenue is recognised in the Group's Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss over the term of the contract.

(vi) Sale of handsets and accessories are recognised when goods are supplied and are recorded net of trade discounts, rebates, commissions to distributors and dealers and sales taxes. It does not include inter company transfers.

(vii) Interest income on investment is recognised on time proportion basis. Interest income is accounted using the applicable Effective Interest Rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial assets to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition. Dividend is considered when right to receive is established. The Group recognises income from units in the Fixed Income Schemes of Mutual Funds, where income accrued is held till declaration or payment thereof for the benefit of the unit holders.

(viii) Revenue is recognised net of taxes when the Base Transceiver Station (BTS) Tower is Ready For Installation of customer equipments and as per the terms of the agreements.

(ix) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group has applied the practical expedient of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" w.e.f. April 1, 2018, using the cumulative effect method and therefore comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under Ind AS 18. Revenue is recognised when control over goods or services is transferred to a customer. A customer obtains control when he has the ability to direct the use of and obtain the benefits from the good or service, there is transfer of title, supplier has right to payment etc. – with the transfer of risk and rewards now being one of the many factors to be considered within the overall concept of control.

The Group determines whether revenue should be recognised 'over time' or 'at a point in time'. As a result, it is required to determine whether control is transferred over time. If not, only then revenue be recognised at a point in time, or else over time. The Group also determines if there are multiple distinct promises in a contract or a single performance obligation (PO). These promises may be explicit, implicit or based on past customary business practices. The consideration gets allocated to multiple POs and revenue recognised when control over those distinct goods or services is transferred.

The entities may agree to provide goods or services for consideration that varies upon certain future events which may or may not occur. This is variable consideration, a wide term and includes all types of negative and positive adjustments to the revenue. Further, the entities will have to adjust the transaction price for the time value of money. Where the collections from customers are deferred the revenue will be lower than the contract price, and in case of advance collections, the effect will be opposite resulting in revenue exceeding the contract price with the difference accounted as a finance expense/gain.

**(n) Trade Receivables**

A receivable represents the Groups right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due and the amount is billable.

**(o) Taxes on Income and Deferred Tax**

Income Tax comprises of current and deferred tax. It is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Provision for income tax is made on the basis of taxable income for the year at the current rates. Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax at the applicable enacted or substantively enacted rates. Current tax represents amount of Income Tax payable/ recoverable in respect of taxable income/ loss for the reporting period. Deferred tax represents the effect of temporary difference between carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax liabilities are generally accounted for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried

forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to the income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net or simultaneous basis. Deferred tax assets/ liabilities are not recognised for initial recognition of Goodwill or on an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss. MAT credit is recognised as an asset, only if it is probable that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

**(p) Government Grants**

Subsidies granted by the Government for providing telecom services in rural areas are recognised as other operating income in accordance with relevant terms and conditions of the applicable scheme and agreement.

**(q) Provisions including Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) and Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets**

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Provisions are determined by discounting expected future cashflows at the pre tax rate that reflects current market assumptions of time value of money and risk specific to the liability. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) relates to the removal of telecom towers, sub marine cable systems and equipments when they will be retired from its active use. Provision is recognised based on the best estimate, of the management, of the eventual costs (net of recovery), using discounted cash flow, that relates to such obligation and is adjusted to the cost of such assets. Estimated future costs of decommissioning are reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate. Changes in the estimated future costs or in the discount rate applied are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset. Contingent Assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

**(r) Earning per Share**

In determining Earning per Share, the Group considers net profit/ (loss) after tax attributable to equity shareholders and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item. Number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of the shares, excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period. Dilutive earning per share is computed and disclosed after adjusting effect of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any except when results will be anti dilutive. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

**(s) Employee Stock Option Scheme**

In respect of stock options granted pursuant to the Group's Employee Stock Options Scheme, fair value of the options is treated as discount and accounted as employee compensation cost over the vesting period. Employee compensation cost recognised earlier on grant of options is reversed in the period when the options are surrendered by any employee or lapsed as per the terms of the scheme.

**(t) Treasury Shares**

The Group has created an Employee Stock Option Scheme Trust (ESOS Trust) for providing share-based payment to its employees. The Group uses ESOS Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to the employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The ESOS Trust buys shares of the Company from the market, for giving shares to the employees. The Group treats ESOS Trust as its extension and the shares held by ESOS Trust are treated as treasury equity.

Own equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury equity) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between carrying amount and consideration, if reissued, is recognised in equity.

**(u) Measurement of Fair value of financial instruments**

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require measurement of fair values for the financial instruments. The Group has an established control framework with respect to measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses evidence obtained from third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet requirements of Ind AS, including level in fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified. When measuring fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). If inputs used to measure fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of fair value hierarchy, then fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The Group recognises transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. (Refer to note 2.44.1) for disclosures pertaining to the measurement of fair values.

**(v) Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to the financial asset of one entity and the financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial instruments also include derivative contracts such as foreign currency foreign exchange forward contracts.

**Financial Assets**

**i Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

**ii Subsequent measurement**

Subsequent measurement of the debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing asset and cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments. However, trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

**Financial Assets measured at amortised cost:**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost, if both the following conditions are met:

a) Asset is held within a business model, whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise to cash flows, on specified dates, that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of EIR. EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

**Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI):**

A 'debt instrument' is classified as FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

a) Objective of the business model is achieved both, by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and

b) Contractual cash flows of the asset represent SPPI: Debt instruments included within FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in OCI. However, the Group recognizes interest income, impairment loss and reversal and foreign exchange gain or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using EIR method.

**Financial Assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):**

Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL. In addition, the Group may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if, doing so reduces or eliminates measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

**Equity investments :**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments" are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as FVOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on instrument by instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition, which is irrevocable. If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividend, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. Equity instruments included within FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Also, the Group has elected to apply the exemption available under Ind AS 101 to continue the carrying value for its investments in subsidiaries and associates as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP as at the date of transition.

**Derecognition of Financial Assets**

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when: (I) Rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or (II) The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under 'pass-through' arrangement and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

**Impairment of Financial Assets**

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. Impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk. As a practical expedient, the Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables, as permitted by Ind AS 109. Provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

**Financial Liabilities**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of loans, borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative financial instruments.

**Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described herein:

**Financial liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss:** Financial liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading, if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationship as defined by Ind AS 109. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss.

**Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:** After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains or losses are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of EIR. EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

**Derecognition of Financial Liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

**(w) Business Combinations and Goodwill**

Business Combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. Cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values. If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value, resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss or Other Comprehensive Income, as appropriate.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amount payable in the future is discounted to its present value as at the date of exchange. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amount classified as a financial liability is subsequently remeasured to fair value with change in fair value recognised in Statement in Profit and Loss.

Business Combinations that occurred before April 1, 2008, are not restated retrospectively in accordance with Ind AS 103"Business Combinations". Carrying amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as part of past business combinations as well as the amounts of goodwill that arose from such transactions as they were determined under the previous GAAP are considered as their deemed cost under Ind AS as at the date of transition. In respect of business combinations that occurred prior to April 1, 2008, goodwill is included on the basis of its deemed cost, which represents the amount recorded under previous GAAP.

**(x) Critical estimates and judgements**

The Group has based assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements pertain to current tax expense and tax payable (Note 2.07), fair value of unlisted securities (Note 2.04 and 2.10), goodwill impairment (Note 2.02), estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment including intangible assets (Note 2.01 and 2.03), measurement of defined benefit obligation (Note 2.51), provision for asset retirement obligation (Note 2.23 and Note 2.30), recognition of deferred tax assets for carried forward tax losses (Note 2.06), impairment of trade receivables and other financial assets (Note 2.05, 2.11, 2.15 and 2.39) assets held for sale (Note 2.17), liabilities held for sale (Note 2.17). Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(i) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment including intangible assets: Residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

(ii) Taxes : The Group provides for tax considering the applicable tax regulations and based on probable estimates. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns giving due considerations to tax laws and establishes provisions in the event if required as a result of differing interpretation or due to retrospective amendments, if any. The recognition of deferred tax assets is based on availability of sufficient taxable profits in the Group against which such assets can be utilized.

(iii) Fair value measurement and valuation process: The Group measured financial assets and liabilities if any, at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

(iv) Trade receivables and other financial assets: The Group follows a 'simplified approach' (i.e. based on lifetime Expected Credit Loss (ECL)) for recognition of impairment of loss allowance on Trade receivables (including lease receivables). For the purpose of measuring lifetime ECL allowance for trade receivables, the Group estimates irrecoverable amount based on the ageing of the receivable balances and historical experience. Further, a large number of minor receivables are grouped into homogeneous groups and assessed for impairment collectively. Individual trade receivables are written off when management deems them not to be collectable.

(v) Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits) : The Group's obligation on account of gratuity and compensated absences is determined based on actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual development in the future. These include determination of the discount rate, future salary increase and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter subject to frequent changes is the discount rate. In determining appropriate discount rate, the management considers interest rates of government bonds in currencies, consistent with the currencies of the postemployment benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables in India. Those mortality tables tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increase and gratuity increase are based on expected future inflation rates.

(vi) Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

(vii) Determination of net realisable value for Assets held for Sale and related liabilities.

(viii) Provisions and Contingent liabilities are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect best estimate.

(ix) The Group has provided liability against License & Spectrum Fee dues along with interest and penalty, for the demands raised by DoT considering Non-Telecom income till FY 2014-15 and for the balance years, for which demand have not been raised by DoT, the group has computed estimated liability on Non-Telecom revenue from FY 2015-16 onwards along with interest and penalty thereof.

**(y) Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise of cash on hand, demand deposits with Banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**1.4 Recent Accounting Development**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time

**(a) MCA has notified below amendments which were effective from April 1, 2025**

Amendments to Ind AS 21 - Lack of exchange ability MCA via notification dated May 7, 2025, announced amendments to Ind AS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", to specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the financial performance, financial position and cash flows. The amendments do not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Amendments to Ind AS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

MCA via notification dated August 13, 2025 announced amendments to Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", which elaborate on guidance set out in Ind AS 1 by:

- Clarifying that the right to defer settlement of a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period must have substance and must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- Stating that management's expectations around whether they will defer settlement or not do not impact the classification of the liability;
- including requirements for liabilities that can be settled using an entity's own instruments; and
- stating that at the reporting date, the entity does not consider covenants that will need to be complied with in the future when considering the classification of the debt as current or non-current.

In addition, an entity is required to disclose when a liability arising from a loan agreement is classified as non-current and the entity's right to defer settlement is contingent on compliance with future covenants within twelve months.

The amendments do not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Supplier Finance Arrangements – Amendments to Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107

MCA via notification dated August 13, 2025 announced amendments to Ind AS 7 – "Statement of Cash Flows" and Ind AS 107 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" which introduced disclosure requirements with the objective to enable users of financial statements to assess how supplier finance arrangements affect an entity's liabilities, cashflows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments do not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules – Amendments to Ind AS 12 MCA via notification dated August 13, 2025 announced amendments to Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes" which includes:

. a temporary exception to the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pilar Two model rules; and"

. additional disclosure requirements targeted at a reporting entity's exposure to income taxes in periods in which the Pillar Two Model legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect."

The amendments do not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**(b) Standards issued / amendments to existing standards issued but are yet not effective**

Amendments to Ind AS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants. This amendment also includes specific provisions that will take effect for reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2026, as outlined below

Under the existing Ind AS 1, where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach. However, the amended requirements stipulate that entities will no longer be permitted to consider lender waivers that are granted after the reporting date but before the financial statements are approved for the purpose of classification of loans. This amendment is required to be applied retrospectively in accordance with Ind AS 8. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Note 2.01 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) (Refer Note 2.39)**

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Leasehold Land | Freehold Land | Buildings | Plant and Machinery | Office Equipments | Furniture and Fixtures | Vehicles | Total | Capital Work in Progress |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Gross carrying value** | | | | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 231 | 89 | 1,673 | 19,129 | 55 | 86 | 56 | 21,319 | 64 |
| Additions | – | – | – | 2 | – | – | – | 2 | – |
| (Deductions)/ Adjustment including Currency Translation | – | – | – | 3 | – | – | – | 3 | (11) |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **231** | **89** | **1,673** | **19,134** | **55** | **86** | **56** | **21,324** | **53** |
| **Additions** | **–** | **–** | | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **–** | |
| **(Deductions)/ Adjustment including Currency Translation** | **–** | | **–** | **17** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **17** | **–** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **231** | **89** | **1,673** | **19,151** | **55** | **86** | **56** | **21,341** | **53** |
| **Accumulated Depreciation** | | | | | | | | | |
| **As at April 1, 2024** | 3 | – | 1,189 | 18,469 | 55 | 82 | 53 | 19,851 | |
| Depreciation for the year | – | – | 12 | 106 | – | – | – | 118 | |
| (Deductions)/ Adjustment including Currency Translation | – | – | | 3 | – | – | – | 3 | |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **3** | **–** | **1,201** | **18,578** | **55** | **82** | **53** | **19,972** | |
| **Depreciation for the year** | **–** | **–** | **12** | **99** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **111** | |
| **(Deductions)/ Adjustment including Currency Translation** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **17** | **–** | **–** | **–** | **17** | |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **3** | **–** | **1,213** | **18,694** | **55** | **82** | **53** | **20,100** | |
| **Net Carrying Value** | | | | | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 228 | 89 | 472 | 556 | – | 4 | 3 | 1,352 | 53 |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **228** | **89** | **460** | **457** | **–** | **4** | **3** | **1,241** | **53** |

**Notes:**

2.01.1 Freehold Land includes ₹ 1 crore (Previous year ₹ 1 crore) towards land acquired, the transfer of ownership is under process.

2.01.2 Buliding includes ₹ 250 (Previous year ₹ 250) towards cost of Shares in Co-operative Society (held by Reliance Telecom Limited).

2.01.1 Capital Work in Progress includes ₹ 8 crore (Previous year ₹ 8 crore) on account of materials at site.

2.01.2 Transfer of title of certain land and buildings received from Reliance Industries Limited pursuant to the Schemes of Arrangement and from Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited ('RCIL') pursuant to scheme of demerger of the Network division are under process.

2.01.3 Refer Note 2.24.1 for security in favour of the Lenders Non fund based outstanding of ₹ 1,361 crore availed by the Company, ₹ 246 crore availed by RTL and ₹ 4 crore by RCIL have been secured by second pari passu charge on movable PPE of the Borrower Group.

2.01.6 Above notes to be read with Note 2.17 "Assets Held for Sale".

2.01.7 On finalisation and implementation of debt resolution process through Hon'ble NCLT, the Group will carry out a comprehensive impairment review of its tangible assets.

2.01.8 There is no Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipments during the current and previous year.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note 2.02 Goodwill**

Goodwill is recognised on consolidation of financial statements of subsidiaries financial as details given herein:

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Goodwill on Consolidation | **1,388** | 1,387 | **1** | (33) |

During the previous year, decrease in Goodwill was on account of de-subsidiarisation of a wholly owned subsidiary Realsoft Cyber Systems Private Limited (Realsoft), Anupam Globalsoft (U) Limited and Lagerwoods Investments Limited, Cyprus. On finalisation and implementation of debt resolution process Hon'ble NCLT, the Group will carry out a comprehensive impariment review of its Goodwill. (Refer Note 2.39)

**Note 2.03 Other Intangible Assets (Refer Note 2.39)** (₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Telecom Licences | Indefeasible Right of Connectivity | Software | Brand License | Licence and Knowhow | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Gross carrying value** | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 243 | 545 | 180 | 169 | 1 | 1,138 |
| Additions | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Deductions/ Adjustment including Currency Translation | - | 8 | 4 | - | - | 12 |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **243** | **553** | **184** | **169** | **1** | **1,150** |
| **Additions** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **Deductions/ Adjustment including Currency Translation** | **-** | **34** | **20** | **-** | **-** | **54** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **243** | **587** | **204** | **169** | **1** | **1,204** |
| **Accumulated amortisation** | | | | | | |
| As at April 1, 2024 | 243 | 540 | 179 | 169 | - | 1,131 |
| Amortisation for the year | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Deductions/ Adjustment including Currency Translation | - | 8 | 4 | - | - | 12 |
| **As at March 31, 2025** | **243** | **548** | **183** | **169** | **-** | **1,143** |
| **Amortisation for the year** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| **Deductions/ Adjustment including Currency Translation** | **-** | **34** | **20** | **-** | **-** | **54** |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **243** | **582** | **203** | **169** | **-** | **1,197** |
| **Net Carrying Value** | | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2025 | - | 5 | 1 | - | 1 | 7 |
| **As at March 31, 2026** | **-** | **5** | **1** | **-** | **1** | **7** |

2.03.1 During the earlier years, the Parent Company and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) a subsidiary of the Parent Company, successfully bid under auction conducted for spectrum by Department of Telecommunications (DoT) and won spectrum in 17 circles at a total cost of ₹ 4,519 crore. The Parrent Company and RTL had made upfront payment of ₹ 1,190 crore under deferred payment option and balance was payable in 10 annual installments for Mumbai and Jammu and Kashmir Circle and 16 annual installments for other Circles. The Parrent Company and RTL had defaulted in the payment of Installment of ₹ 493 crore each which was due on April 9, 2019, April 9, 2020, April 9, 2021, April 9, 2022 , April 9, 2023, April 9, 2024 and April 9, 2025 with the delay of 2,549 days, 2,184 days,1,818 days, 1,453 days,1,088 days, 723 days and 357 days ₹ 6 crore which is due on October 20, 2019, October 20, 2020, October 20, 2021, October 20, 2022 , October 20, 2023, October 20, 2024 and October 20, 2025 with the delay of 2,355 days, 1,990 days, 1,624 days, 1,259 days, 894 days,529 days and 163 days respectively. Further, an installment of ₹ 22 crore due on March 03, 2019, March 3, 2020, March 3,2021, March 3,2022 , March 3, 2023 ,March 3, 2024 , March 3, 2025 & March 3, 2026 is defaulted by 2,586 days, 2,221 days, 1,855 days, 1,490 days, 1,125 days , 760 days, 394 days and 29 days respectively as at March 31, 2026. Apart from above, balance installments not due as at March 31, 2026 is aggregating to ₹ 3,960 crore including interest @10% per annum. An Installments of ₹ 493 crore, due on April 9, 2026 is yet to be paid.

During an earlier year, the Parrent Company acquired Spectrum of ₹ 4,513 crore under Scheme of Demerger along with corresponding Deferred Payment Liability of ₹ 2,013 crore. (Refer Note No. 2.40.2 (vi)). Above was payable in annual installments of ₹ 281 crore each.

The Parrent Company has defaulted an installment of ₹ 281 crore on March 26, 2019, March 26, 2020, March 26, 2021, March 26, 2022, March 26, 2023, March 26, 2024 ,March 26, 2025 and March 26, 2026 with a delay of 2,563 days, 2,198 days, 1,832 days, 1,467 days, 1,102 days ,737 days, 371 days and 6 days respectively. Apart from above, balance installments not due as at March 31, 2026 is aggregating to ₹ 1,407 crore including interest @10% per annum.

Department of Telecommunications issued show cause notice to the Company and RTL for revocation/ termination of specturm due to non-payment 3rd installment due on March 03, 2019 for 0.6 MHz Spectrum acquired in 1800 MHz band in Mumbai, which was stayed by the Hon'ble NCLAT. The said order of stay of NCLAT stood merged with its final order dated April 30, 2019 as a result of which RCOM's CIRP got recommenced at NCLT Mumbai and order of Moratorium got restored. Further, in the matter of One Time Spectrum Charges, TDSATs order dated Feruary 04, 2019 inter alia directing for the return of Bank Guarantee of ₹ 2,000 crore, has been stayed by Hon'ble Supreme court on 19.08.2019 in an appeal filed by Union of India.

2.03.2 Refer Note 2.24.1 for security in favour of the Lenders.

2.03.3 Above notes to be read with Note 2.17 "Asset held for Sale".

2.03.4 There is no Revaluation of Other Intangible Assets during the current and previous year.

(₹ in crore)

| | | | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.04 (Refer Note 2.39)** | | | | | |
| **Investment in Associates and Others** | | | | | |
| **a)** | **Investment in Associates (Valued as per Equity Method)** | | | | |
| | **Equity Shares** | | | | |
| | **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | | | |
| 6,50,25,000 | Warf Telecom International Private Limited of MRf 1 each | | **22** | | 22 |
| (6,50,25,000) | | | | | |
| | Add/ Less : Share Profit / (Loss) in Loss of Associates | | **16** | | 12 |
| | | | **38** | | 34 |
| 13 000 | Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limited of ₹ 10 each | | **-** | | - |
| (13 000) | ₹ 1,30,000 (1,30,000) | | | | |
| **b)** | **Other Investments** (At amortised cost) | | | | |
| 400 | Nationwide Communication Private Limited of ₹ 10 each | | | | |
| (400) | ₹ 4,000 (4,000) | | **-** | | - |
| 21,00,000 | Globalcom IDC Limited of ₹ 10 each (Refer Note 2.46.1) | | **2** | | 2 |
| (21,00,000) | | | | | |
| 1,00,00,000 | Independent TV Limited of ₹ 10 each | **10** | | 10 | |
| (1,00,00,000) | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(10)** | **-** | (10) | - |
| 50,000 | Reliance Tech Services Limited of ₹ 10 each ₹ 5,00,000 | **-** | | - | |
| (50,000) | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment ₹ 5,00,000 | **-** | **-** | - | - |
| 12,00,000 | Reliance Globalcom Limited, Bermuda Class A Common Shares of USD 0.01 each | **233** | | 233 | |
| (12,00,000) | Provision for Diminution in the value of Investment | **(233)** | **-** | (233) | - |
| 14,516 | Reliance Globalcom BV of Euro 100 each | **6,515** | | 6,515 | |
| (14,516) | Provision for Dimunition in the value of Investment | **(6,515)** | **-** | (6,515) | - |
| | | | **40** | | 36 |
| **Aggregate book value of investments in Equity Shares in Companies** | | | | | |
| | **Quoted** | | **-** | | - |
| | **Unquoted** | | **6,798** | | 6,794 |
| **Aggregate market Value of quoted investments** | | | **-** | | - |
| **Aggregate value of impairment** | | | **6,758** | | 6,758 |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Aggregate information for all investments in Associates:**

| **Particulars** | | (₹ in crore) |
|---|---|---|
| | **For the year ended March 31, 2026** | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
| **Summarised Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss Account** | | |
| Share of Profit/ (Loss) (Previous year ₹ 13,97,438) | **3** | - |
| Share of Other Comprehensive Income | **-** | - |
| **Total (Previous year ₹ 13,97,438)** | **3** | - |
| | | **(Amount in Rs)** |
| **Unrecognised share in Loss of Associate** | | |
| Unrecognised Share in Profit/ (Loss) of Associates for the year | **(17,852)** | (10,709) |

| **Particulars** | | (₹ in crore) |
|---|---|---|
| | **As at March 31, 2026** | As at March 31, 2025 |
| Aggregate carrying amount of interest in these Associates | **40** | 36 |
| | | Amount in Rs. |
| Aggregate of unrecognised share in Profit / (Loss) of Associates | **(4,65,762)** | (4,83,614) |
| Aggregate value of Impairment | **Nil** | Nil |

**Note2.05**

**Other Financial Assets (Unsecured, Considered good/ unless stated otherwise)**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Advance towards Investments (Refer Note 2.68) | **78** | 70 |
| Bank Deposits with Maturity for more than 12 months | **1** | 2 |
| | **79** | 72 |

**Note 2.06**

**Deferred Tax Assets/ Liabilities**

**2.06 (a) Deferred Tax Assets**

**The Deferred Tax Assets of the Company and its subsidiaries comprise of the following.** (₹ in crore)

| **Particulars** | **As at March 31** | | **For the year ended March 31,** | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **(i) Deferred Tax Assets** | | | | |
| Related to carried forward loss | **13,288** | 13,286 | **2** | 6 |
| MAT Credit Entitlement | **5** | 5 | **-** | - |
| Disallowances, under the Income Tax Act, 1961 | **1,628** | 1,578 | **50** | 2 |
| Provision for Liabilities on account of License & Spectrum Fees | **21,606** | 18,644 | **2,962** | 1,889 |
| Deferred tax on fair valuation of investment | **2,088** | 2,088 | **-** | - |
| | **38,615** | 35,601 | **3,014** | 1,897 |
| **(ii) Deferred Tax Liabilities** | | | | |
| Related to temporary difference on depreciation/ amortisation and indexed Cost | **(4,789)** | (4,386) | **(403)** | (564) |
| **Net Deferred Tax Assets (I)** | **33,826** | 31,215 | **2,611** | 1,338 |
| **Restricted to** | **5** | 5 | **1** | - |

**2.06 (b) Deferred Tax Liabilities**

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**The Deferred Tax Assets of the Company and its subsidiaries comprise of the following.** (₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31 | | For the year ended March 31, | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 |
| **(i) Deferred Tax Liabilities** | | | | |
| Related to timing difference on depreciation on fixed assets | **239** | 240 | **(1)** | – |
| **Total** | **239** | 240 | **(1)** | – |
| **(ii) Deferred Tax Assets** | | | | |
| Related to other disallowances | **1** | 2 | **(1)** | – |
| **Total** | **1** | 2 | **(1)** | – |
| **(iii) Impact of Consolidation/ Deconsolidation of Subsidaries** | | | | |
| **Net Deferred Tax Liabilities (II)** | **238** | 238 | **1** | – |
| **Deferred Tax Charge/ (Credit) (II – I) [Previous year ₹ 14,92,789]** | | | **1** | – |

The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Deferred Tax Assets are not provided on undistributed earnings of ₹ 24 crore as at March 31, 2026 (Previous year ₹ 62 crore), of the subsidiaries, where it is expected that earnings of the subsidiaries will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. Generally, the Company indefinitely reinvests all the accumulated undistributed earnings of subsidiaries and accordingly, has not recorded any deferred taxes in relation to such undistributed earnings of such entities. It is impracticable to determine the taxes payable when these earnings are remitted.

Significant management judgement has been considered in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. Recoverability of deferred tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income by each jurisdiction in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

Deferred Tax Assets have not been recognised in respect of losses of certain subsidiaries due to non existance of reasonable certainty in the near future, Year wise expiry of total Losses of ₹ 38,821 crore are as under:

| **Sr. No** | **Particulars** | **Amount of Loss (₹ in crore)** |
|---|---|---|
| (i) | Expiring within 1 year | 1,753 |
| (ii) | Expiring within 1 to 5 year | 9,825 |
| (iii) | Expiring within 5 to 8 year | 6,431 |
| (iv) | Without expiry limit | 20,812 |
| | | **38,821** |

**(a) Amounts recognised in Consolidated Statement of profit and loss**

| Particulars | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | | | For the year ended March 31, 2025 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Continuing Operation** | **Discontinuing Operation** | **Total** | Continuing Operation | Discontinuing Operation | Total |
| Current income tax | **6** | **–** | **6** | 4 | – | 4 |
| Deferred income tax liability / (asset), net (Previous Year ₹ 14,92,789) | **(1)** | **–** | **(1)** | – | – | – |
| **Tax expense for the year** | **5** | **–** | **5** | 4 | – | 4 |
| **(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income** | | | | **NIL** | **NIL** | **NIL** |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **2.06 (c) Reconciliation of Tax Expenses** | | |
| Profit/ (Loss) before Tax | **(11,125)** | (9,385) |
| Applicable Tax Rate | **34.94%** | 34.94% |
| **Computed Tax Expenses (I)** | **(3,887)** | (3,279) |
| **Add: Items not considered for Tax Computation** | | |
| Tax Charges/ (Credit) on account of temporary difference | **186** | 171 |
| Deferred Tax on carried forward losses | **388** | 237 |
| Tax on rate difference on fair valuation of investment and Liability on account of License & Spectrum fee / Tax rate difference on Fair Value of Investment | **2,962** | 2,565 |
| Expenses disallowed for tax purpose | **355** | 314 |
| Others | **1** | (4) |
| **Subtotal (II)** | **3,892** | 3,283 |
| **Income Tax Expenses charge/ (credit) to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss ( I + II )** | **5** | 4 |

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.07** | | |
| Income Tax Asset (Net) | | |
| Income Tax Asset (Net of Provision) | **79** | 79 |
| | **79** | 79 |
| **Note 2.08** | | |
| **Other Non Current Assets** (Unsecured,Considered good - unless stated otherwise) | | |
| Capital Advances (Refer Note 2.60) | **25** | 25 |
| Deposits (Refer Note 2.42(viii)) | **691** | 665 |
| Other Loans and Advances | **347** | 347 |
| | **1,064** | 1,037 |
| **Note 2.09** | | |
| **Inventories** (valued at lower of cost or net realisable value) | | |
| Stores and Spares | **2** | 2 |
| | **2** | 2 |

(₹ in crore)

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.10** | | | |
| **Investments** | | | |
| **a)** | **Investment in Government Securities** (Fair Value through Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss) | | |
| | **Quoted** | | |
| 34,000 | 6.83% GOI Bonds - 2,039 of ₹ 100 each fully paid up | - | - |
| (34,000) | (₹ 30,52,000 ) (Previous year ₹ 30,52,000) | | |
| **b)** | **Investment in Government Securities** (At amortised cost) | | |
| | **Unquoted, fully paid up** | | |
| | 6 Year National Savings Certificates (lodged with the Sales Tax Department) ₹ 2,49,500 (Previous year ₹ 2,49,500) | - | - |
| | 5 1/2 years Kisan Vikas Patra (lodged with Chennai Metropolitan Development Authority) ₹ 5,000 (₹ 5,000) | - | - |
| | | - | - |
| | **Aggregate book value of investments** Quoted (₹ 30,52,000) (Previous year ₹ 30,52,000) Unquoted ₹ 2,54,500) (Previous year ₹ 2,54,500) | - | - |
| | **Aggregate market value of quoted investments** [(₹ 32,67,162) (Previous year ₹ 34,41,888)] | - | - |
| | **Aggregate value of Impairment** | **Nil** | **Nil** |

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.11** | | |
| **Trade Receivables** (Unsecured) (Refer Note 2.39 and 2.49) | | |
| Considered Good | **263** | 266 |
| Which have significant increase in credit risk | **45** | 45 |
| Credit Impaired | **2,321** | 2,212 |
| | **2,629** | 2,523 |
| Less: Provision for allowance for credit impaired | **2,321** | 2,212 |
| | **308** | 311 |

**2.11.1 Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule**

( ₹ in crore)

| Sr. | Particulars | Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Less Than 6 months | 6 month to 1 years | 1-2 years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | Total |
| | **As at March 31, 2026** | | | | | | |
| (i) | Undisputed Trade receivables considered good | 41 | 55 | 8 | 11 | 141 | 256 |
| (ii) | Undisputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | 45 | 45 |
| (iii) | Undisputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | - | - | - | 1 | 344 | 345 |
| (iv) | Disputed Trade receivables considered good | 3 | - | - | - | 4 | 7 |
| (v) | Disputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (vi) | Disputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | - | - | 83 | 41 | 1,852 | 1,976 |
| | **Total - A** | **44** | **55** | **91** | **53** | **2,386** | **2,629** |
| | Provision for allowance of credit impaired (B) | - | - | (83) | (42) | (2,196) | (2,321) |
| | **Total - A + B** | **44** | **55** | **8** | **11** | **190** | **308** |

| Sr. | Particulars | Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Less Than 6 months | 6 month to 1 years | 1-2 years | 2-3 Years | More than 3 years | Total |
| | **As at March 31, 2025** | | | | | | |
| (i) | Undisputed Trade receivables considered good | 69 | 53 | 30 | 30 | 75 | 257 |
| (ii) | Undisputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | 45 | 45 |
| (iii) | Undisputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | - | - | 1 | 1 | 343 | 345 |
| (iv) | Disputed Trade receivables considered good | 2 | 2 | - | - | 5 | 9 |
| (v) | Disputed Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (vi) | Disputed Trade receivables - Credit Impaired | - | - | 1 | 28 | 1,838 | 1,867 |
| | **Total - A** | **71** | **55** | **32** | **59** | **2,306** | **2,523** |
| | Provision for allowance of credit impaired (B) | - | - | (2) | (29) | (2,181) | (2,212) |
| | **Total - A + B** | **71** | **55** | **30** | **30** | **125** | **311** |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.12** | | |
| **Cash and Cash Equivalents** | | |
| Cheques on hand ₹ 32,00,161(Previous year ₹ 27,65,595) | **-** | - |
| Balance with Banks* | **27** | 45 |
| Bank deposits with less than 3 months' maturity | **147** | 149 |
| | **174** | 194 |
| **Note 2.13** | | |
| **Bank Balances other than 2.12 above** | | |
| Bank deposits with less than 12 months' maturity (Refer Note 2.62) | **266** | 245 |
| Earmarked Balances - Unpaid Dividend ₹ 11,04,469 (Previous year ₹ 11,04,469) * | **-** | - |
| | **266** | 245 |
| **Note 2.14** | | |
| **Loans** (Unsecured - unless state otherwise) | | |
| Considered good | **390** | 389 |
| Credit Impaired | **897** | 897 |
| Less : Provision for Allowance for Credit Impaired | **(897)** | (897) |
| | **390** | 389 |
| **Note 2.15** | | |
| **Other Financial Assets** (Unsecured,Considered good) | | |
| Deposits | **101** | 102 |
| Unbilled Revenue | **6** | 6 |
| Interest accrued on Investments | **4** | 11 |
| Other | **1** | - |
| | **112** | 119 |
| **Note 2.16** | | |
| **Other Current Assets** (Unsecured) | | |
| **a) Advances and Receivables** (Refer Note 2.39 and 2.49) | | |
| Considered good ** | **2,895** | 2,903 |
| Credit Impaired | **212** | 290 |
| Less: Allowance for Credit Impaired | **(212)** | (290) |
| | **2,895** | 2,903 |
| **b) Others (Considered good) (Refer Note 2.39)** | | |
| Deposits * | **1,689** | 1,690 |
| Balance with Customs, Central Excise Authorities etc. | **289** | 287 |
| Others | **1** | 1 |
| | **4,874** | 4,881 |

* Transferred ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil) to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)

* Deposits include ₹ 1,565 crore (Previous year ₹ 1,565 crore) paid against disputed claims.

** Includes prepaid expenses, service tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST),service tax credits, advances to vendor and other receivables.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note 2.17**

**(a) Assets held for Sale**

The assets pertaining to Wireless Spectrum and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) continued to be classified as assets held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018 and recorded at lower of carrying amount and fair value less selling cost. Refer Note 2.24.1 for security in favour of lender. On finalisation and implementation of debt resolution process through Hon'ble NCLT, the Group will carry out a comprehensive impairment review of its tangible, intangible assets and Assets held for Sale. Details of assets held for sale are as under:

( ₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Net Block Addition / Reclassified from PPE and intangible Assets | | Provision for Impairment | | Write off | | Asset Held for Sale (net) | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | For the year ended March 31, | | As at March, 31, | As at March, 31, | Deletion | Deletion | | As at March 31, |
| | **2026** | 2025 | **2026** | 2025 | 2025 | **2026** | **2026** | 2025 |
| | **1** | 2 | **3** | 4 | 5 | **6** | **7 = (8+1-6)** | 8 |
| **Tangible** | | | | | | | | |
| Lease hold Land | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **23** | 23 |
| Freehold Land | **-** | - | **-** | - | 16 | **-** | **347** | 347 |
| Building | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **796** | 796 |
| Plant and Machinery | **-** | - | **-** | - | 1 | **-** | **8,703** | 8,703 |
| Office Equipment | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **1** | 1 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **4** | 4 |
| Capital work in Progress | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **182** | 182 |
| **Sub-total** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **17** | **-** | **10,056** | **10,056** |
| **Intangible** | | | | | | | | |
| Telecom License | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **15,278** | 15,278 |
| Software | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **-** | - |
| Intangible Assets under Development | **-** | - | **-** | - | - | **-** | **922** | 922 |
| **Sub-total** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **16,200** | **16,200** |
| **Total** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **17** | **-** | **26,256** | **26,256** |

**(b)** Assets held for sale including Wireless Spectrum and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) continue to be classified as held for sale at the value ascertained at the end of March 31, 2018, along with liabilities are disclosed separately as discontinued operations in line with Ind AS 105 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" .In this regard it is pertinent to note that the due pertaining to the spectrum (including entire deferred payments) have been claimed by DoT vide letter dated May 20,2020 and the same have been admitted by the RP, and accordingly, the dues shall be dealt with in accordance with provisions of the IBC. In accordance with the aforesaid and admission of deferred spectrum installments as claims, the Company and RTL has not paid the installments.

**(c) Liabilities directly related to Assets held for Sale**

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, | |
|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 |
| Deferred Payment Liabilities | **5,340** | 5,340 |
| Interest Accrued on Deferred Payment Liabilities | **7,101** | 5,995 |
| | **12,441** | 11,335 |

**(d)** Above notes to be read with Note 2.01 "Property , Plant and Equipment" and Note 2.03 "Other Intangible Assets".

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.18** | | |
| **Share Capital** | | |
| **Authorised** | | |
| 10,00,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each (10,00,00,00,000) | **5,000** | 5,000 |
| | **5,000** | 5,000 |
| **Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up** | | |
| 2,76,55,33,050 Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each fully paid up (2,76,55,33,050) | **1,383** | 1,383 |
| | **1,383** | 1,383 |

**1) Shares held by Holding/Ultimate Holding Company and/or their subsidiaries**

| | | No. of Shares | No. of Shares |
|---|---|---|---|
| (a) | Reliance Wind Turbine Installators Industries Private Limited ,Subsidiary of the Holding Company | **84,98,729** | 84,98,729 |
| (b) | Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limited Subsidiary of Holding Company# | **76,839** | 76,839 |

#Reliance Communications Enterprise Private limited and Reliance Telecom Infrainvest Private Limited Amalgamated with Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limited as per NCLT Mumbai Bench Court – V order dated January 5, 2024 Pursuant to the Scheme Shares were transferred from the demat account of Reliance Communications Enterprises Private Limited and Reliance Telecom Infrainvest Private Limited (transferor Companies) to the demat account of Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limited (Transferee Company) on 11th December, 2024.

**2) Shareholding Pattern of Promotors & Promotors Group**

**Shares held by promoters at the end of the year**

| Sr. no | Promotors Name | No. of Shares | % of Total shares | % change during the year |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Anil D. Ambani | **18 59 171** | **0.07** | **Nil** |
| 2 | Jai Anshul A. Ambani | **100** | **-** | **Nil** |
| 3 | Jai Anmol A. Ambani | **16 69 759** | **0.06** | **Nil** |
| 4 | Kokila D. Ambani | **46 65 847** | **0.17** | **Nil** |
| 5 | Tina A. Ambani | **16 50 832** | **0.06** | **Nil** |

**(3) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Parent Company**

As on March 31,2026, none of the shareholders are holding more than 5% share in the Parent Company

**(4) Term/ right attached to equity shares**

The Parent Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitiled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Parent Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Parent Company. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholder.

**(5) Reconcilation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period,**

| | As at March 31, 2026 | | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Number** | **(₹ in Crore)** | Number | (₹ in Crore) |
| **Equity Shares** | | | | |
| At the beginning of the year | **2,76,55,33,050** | **1,383** | 2,76,55,33,050 | 1,383 |
| Add: Changes during the year | **-** | **-** | - | - |
| At the end of the year | **2,76,55,33,050** | **1,383** | 2,76,55,33,050 | 1,383 |

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.19** | | |
| **Other equity** | | |
| **Capital Reserve** | | |
| (i) As per last Balance Sheet | **1,507** | 1,507 |
| (ii) Deduction during the year | **-** | - |
| | **1,507** | 1,507 |
| **Debenture Redemption Reserve** | | |
| (i) Opening balance | **590** | 590 |
| (ii) Transfer to General Reserve | **-** | - |
| | **590** | 590 |
| **Securities Premium** | | |
| (i) Opening balance | **13,894** | 13,894 |
| (ii) Additions during the year | **-** | - |
| | **13,894** | 13,894 |
| **General Reserve** | | |
| (i) Opening balance | **34** | 34 |
| (ii) Less: Transferred to Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss | **-** | - |
| | **34** | 34 |
| **Treasury Reserve** | | |
| (i) Opening balance | **(391)** | (391) |
| (ii) Additions during the year | **-** | - |
| | **(391)** | (391) |
| **Surplus/ (deficit) in retained earnings** | | |
| (i) Opening balance | **(1,08,729)** | (99,340) |
| (ii) Add: Profit/ (loss) for the year from Continued Operations | **(495)** | (186) |
| (iii) Add: Profit/ (loss) for the year from Discontinued Operations | **(10,630)** | (9,203) |
| | **(1,19,854)** | (1,08,729) |

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Other Comprehensive Income** | | | |
| **(a)** | **Exchange difference on translation of financial statement of foreign operation** | | |
| (i) | Opening balance | **213** | 184 |
| (ii) | Additions during the year | **50** | **35** |
| (iii) | Loss on de-consolidation impact | **-** | (6) |
| | | **263** | 213 |
| **(b)** | **Remeasurement of defined employee benefit and fair valuation of investment and others** | | |
| (i) | Opening balance | **9** | 9 |
| (ii) | Additions / (deductions) during the year ₹ (14,82,309) (Previous year ₹ 9,56,497) | **-** | - |
| | | **9** | 9 |
| | | **(1,03,948)** | (92,873) |

**Nature and Purpose of Reserve**

**Capital Reserve**

Capital Reserve represents surplus arising on consolidation of financials of subsidiaries at the time of acquisition. It also includes Equity Share Capital of the Company, which was cancelled pursuant to the Scheme of Demerger of undertaking from Reliance Industries Limited. During the earlier year, Capital Reserve is created under scheme of demerger (Refer Note 2.40.2)

**Debenture Redemption Reserve**

Debenture Redemption Reserve is created out of profits for the respective year as required under the Act then applicable which shall be utilised for the purpose of redemption of Debentures issued by the Company.

**Exchange Fluctuation Reserve**

Exchange Fluctuation Reserve represents the unrealised gains and losses on account of translation of foreign subsidiaries into the reporting currency

**Securities Premium**

Securities premium represents the premium charged to the shareholders at the time of issuance of shares. It also includes ₹ 8,047 created pursuant to Schemes of Amalgamation/ Arrangement of earlier years. The securities premium reserves can be utilised based on the relevant requirements of the Act.

**General Reserve**

General reserve of ₹ 34 crore (Previous year ₹ 34 crore) represents created out of the retained earnings permitted to be distributed to shareholders as part of dividend (Refer Note 2.47).

**Treasury Equity**

Treasury Equity represents 2,12,79,000 Nos. of Equity Shares held by the ESOS Trust.

**Note 2.20**

**Non Controlling Interest**

| **Information regarding non-controlling interest** | | |
|---|---|---|
| Accumulated balances of non-controlling interest at the beginning | **(5)** | (6) |
| Profit/(Loss) added to non-controlling interest | **-** | - |
| Reduction on account of desubsidiarisation | **-** | 1 |
| Foreign exchange variation and other movements | **-** | - |
| Accumulated balances of non-controlling interest at the closing | **(5)** | (5) |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note: 2.21** | | |
| **Borrowings – Non Current** | | |
| **Unsecured** | | |
| Loan from Corporate Body (Refer Note 2.63) | **411** | 424 |
| | **411** | 424 |
| **Note 2.22** | | |
| **Other Non Current Liabilities** | | |
| Income received in Advance (Refer Note 2.56) | **95** | 103 |
| | **95** | 103 |
| **Note 2.23** | | |
| **Provisions** | | |
| Employee Benefits (Refer Note 2.51) | **2** | 2 |
| | **2** | 2 |
| **Note 2.24** | | |
| **Borrowings – Current** | | |
| **Secured** | | |
| 6.5% Senior Secured Notes | **1,955** | 1,955 |
| Foreign Currency Loans | **12,532** | 12,532 |
| Rupee Loans from Banks | **4,015** | 4,015 |
| Rupee Loans from others | **646** | 646 |
| **Unsecured** | | |
| From Banks | | |
| Rupee Loans from Bank | **2,664** | 2,664 |
| Rupee Loans from others | **8,264** | 8,264 |
| ICD from others | **4,431** | 4,431 |
| **Current Maturities of Long Term Debts** | | |
| **Secured** (Refer Note 2.22.1) | | |
| **Debentures** | | |
| 3,000 (3,000), 11.20 % Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures of ₹ 1 crore each | **3,000** | 3,000 |
| 1,500 (1,500), 11.25 % Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures of ₹ 10 crore each | **750** | 750 |
| Rupee Loans from Banks | **6,475** | 6,475 |
| Rupee Loans from others | **760** | 760 |
| **Unsecured** | | |
| Rupee Loans from others and corporate body | **1,309** | 1,300 |
| | **46,801** | 46,792 |

**2.24.1 Debenture and Term Loans**

The Company, on March 2, 2009, allotted, 3,000, 11.20% Secured Redeemable, Non Convertible Debentures ("NCDs") of the face value of ₹ 1,00,00,000 each, aggregating to ₹ 3,000 crore to be redeemed at the end of 10th year from the date of allotment thereof i.e. March 1, 2019 and the same remains outstanding as at March 31, 2026. The Company on February 7, 2012, also allotted, 1,500, 11.25% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures ("NCDs") of the face value of ₹ 1,00,00,000 each aggregating to ₹ 1,500 crore redeemable in four annual equal installments starting at the end of 4th year from the date of allotment thereof, the outstanding against said NCDs is ₹ 3,000 crore as on March 31, 2026. The Company had, on May 6, 2015, issued Senior Secured Notes (SCNs) of USD 300 million, face value of USD 100 per bond, bearing 6.5% p.a. interest, with a maturity of 5 1/2 years.

The Company and its subsidiary had been sanctioned Rupee Loans of ₹ 6,626 crore (outstanding as on March 31,2025 was ₹ 6,626 crore) (Term Loan Facility) under the consortium banking arrangement on the terms and conditions as set out in common loan agreement.

Outstanding NCDs along with 6.5 % SCNs of ₹ 5,705 crore, Foreign Currency Loans of ₹ 12,532 crore and Rupee Loans of ₹ 9,139 crore ("the said Secured Loans") have been secured by first pari passu charge on the whole of the movable plant and machinery including capital work in progress (pertaining to the movable fixed assets), both present and future including all the rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands in respect of all insurance contracts relating thereto of the Borrower Group*; comprising of the Company and its subsidiary companies namely; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL),Reliance Infratel Limited ( RITL) [ ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 22, 2022 upon implementation of the approved resolution plan] and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), ("the Borrower Group*"), in favour of the Security Trustee for the benefit of the NCD/ SCN Holders and the lenders of the said Secured Loans.The said loans also include ₹ 3,583 crore guaranteed by a director and ₹ 2,964 crore guaranteed by the Company. Apart from above Rupee Loan also includes ₹ 398 crore which is secured by first pari passu charge on Spectrum , acquired during the earlier year under the scheme of Demerger (Refer Note 2.40.1.(vii)) is pending to be executed. Outstanding Rupee Loans of ₹ 487 crore are secured by second pari passu charge on the movable plant and machinery and capital work in progress of the Borrower Group* and is guaranteed by a director of the Company, During the earlier year, the said loan was guaranteed by Tower receivables, pledge of equity shares of Globalcom IDC (GIDC) [ ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 12, 2022 ] held by Reliance Webstore Limited (RWSL). The Company has provided non-disposal undertaking for its share holding in RWSL. Further, Rupee loan of ₹ 1,872 crore is secured by Second Charge on movable Fixed Assets of Borrower Group, out of which , charge is pending to be created for ₹ 1072 crore.The Company, for the benefit of the Lenders of 6.5% SCN of ₹ 1,955 crore and Foreign Currency Loans of ₹ 11,191 crore, 1,500, 11.25% NCDs aggregating to ₹ 750 crore and Rupee Loans of ₹ 7,403 crore has, apart from the above, also assigned 20 Telecom Licenses for services under Unified Access Services (UAS), National Long Distance (NLD) and International Long Distance (ILD) (collectively referred as "Telecom Licenses") by execution of the Tripartite Agreements with Department of Telecommunications (DoT) and the Security Trustee acting on behalf of the Lenders. Assignment of the Telecom Licences of the Company for Rupee Loan from banks of ₹ 1,000 crore and from others of ₹ 740 crore is pending to be executed. Further, RTL, a subsidiary company, for the benefit of lenders of the Foreign Currency Loans of ₹ 1,341 crore and Rupee Term Loans of ₹ 611 crore have also assigned eight Unified Access Services (UAS) Licences, by execution of Tripartite Agreements with DoT and the Security Trustee acting on behalf of the Lenders. Assignment of Telecom Licenses for the Rupee Term Loans is pending to be executed.

The Company has, for the benefit of the Lenders of 6.5% SCNs, Foreign Currency Loans and Rupee Loans aggregating to ₹ 21,053 crore, apart from the above security, pledged equity shares of RCIL held by the Company and of RTL held by the Company and Reliance Realty Limited (Formerly Reliance Infocomm Infrastructure Limited) by execution of the Share Pledge Agreement with the Share Pledge Security Trustee. Rupee Loans of ₹ 6,074 crore is also secured by current assets, movable assets including intangible, both present and future of the Borrower Group*. During the earlier year, the said loan was also secured by pledge of equity shares of RITL held by the Company and during the year, the equity shares of RITL have been cancelled consequent to implementation of resolution plan of RITL on December 22, 2022. RITL has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. December 22,2022 upon implementation of the approved resolution plan. During the earlier year, charge over the three immovable assets of the Borrower Group* was created. However charge over balance immovables assets except of the Borrower Group* and RGBV security for Rupee loan of ₹ 6,074 crore is pending to be executed. RGBV, a subsidiary of the Company has outstanding loan of USD 2 million, availed against pledged of shares of its material subsidiariies

During the earlier year, lenders have invoked guarantees provided by Borrower Group* for outstanding rupee loan of ₹ 7,046 crore.

During the earlier year, the Company created first ranking exclusive charge (pari passu inter se the Lenders) over Designated Account with future rights, title and interest therein, including all of its rights in respect of any amount standing to the credit of the Designated Account and the debt represented by it, in favour of State Bank of India, the Convenor (for the benefit of the Lenders) as continuing security.

Foreign Currency Loans taken by the Company and its Indian Subsidiaries has been stated at exchange rate prevailing as at March 31, 2018

*RITL has ceased to be subsidiary of the Company w.e.f December 22, 2022 upon implementation of the approved resolution plan.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

### 2.24.2 Delay/ Default in repayment of Borrowing (Current and Non Current) and Interest

The Group has delayed/ defaulted in the payment of dues to the financial institutions, banks and debenture holders. The lender wise details are as under.

(₹ in crore)

| Sr. No | Name of Lender | Amount represents rupees in crore and period represents maximum days | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **Borrowings** | | **Interest** | | Borrowings | | Interest | |
| | | **Default As on March 31, 2026** | | **Default As on March 31, 2026** | | Default As on March 31, 2025 | | Default As on March 31, 2025 | |
| | | **Amount** | **Period** | **Amount** | **Period** | Amount | Period | Amount | Period |
| **I** | **Loan From Banks / Financial Institutions** | | | | | | | | |
| | Burlington Loan Management DAC | **163** | **3,033** | **-** | **-** | 163 | 2,668 | - | - |
| | Shubh Holdings Pte Ltd*[1] | **2,460** | **3,320** | **-** | **-** | 2,460 | 2,955 | - | - |
| | Bank of Baroda | **1,837** | **3,311** | **11** | **3,290** | 1,837 | 2,946 | 11 | 2,925 |
| | Bank of India | **690** | **3,288** | **10** | **3,290** | 690 | 2,923 | 10 | 2,925 |
| | Bank of Maharashtra | **473** | **3,240** | **-** | **-** | 473 | 2,875 | - | - |
| | Canara Bank | **673** | **3,197** | **-** | **-** | 673 | 2,832 | - | - |
| | Central Bank of India | **276** | **3,288** | **3** | **3,290** | 276 | 2,923 | 3 | 2,925 |
| | China Development Bank*[2] | **3,100** | **3,320** | **155** | **3,322** | 3,100 | 2,955 | 155 | 2,957 |
| | Corporation Bank (merged with Union Bank of India) | **707** | **3,310** | **8** | **3,290** | 707 | 2,945 | 8 | 2,925 |
| | Dena Bank (merged with Bank of Baroda) | **250** | **2,975** | **-** | **-** | 250 | 2,610 | - | - |
| | Deutsche Bank*[1&2] | **530** | **3,033** | **1** | **3,208** | 530 | 2,668 | 1 | 2,843 |
| | Export Import Bank of China* | **2,649** | **3,320** | **54** | **3,322** | 2,649 | 2,955 | 54 | 2,957 |
| | HongKong and Shanghai Banking Corporation | **261** | **3,232** | **4** | **3,232** | 261 | 2,867 | 4 | 2,867 |
| | IDBI Bank | **1,056** | **3,301** | **13** | **3,290** | 1,056 | 2,936 | 13 | 2,925 |
| | Indian Overeseas Bank | **138** | **3,288** | **1** | **3,290** | 138 | 2,923 | 1 | 2,925 |
| | Industrial and Commercial Bank of China* | **1,194** | **3,320** | **33** | **3,322** | 1,194 | 2,955 | 33 | 2,957 |
| | Oriental Bank of Commerce (merged with Punjab National Bank) | **203** | **3,288** | **2** | **3,290** | 203 | 2,923 | 2 | 2,925 |
| | Punjab National Bank | **811** | **3,313** | **-** | **-** | 811 | 2,948 | - | - |
| | State Bank of India | **2,343** | **3,288** | **23** | **3,290** | 2,343 | 2,923 | 23 | 2,925 |
| | Syndicate Bank (merged with Canara Bank) | **742** | **3,311** | **5** | **3,290** | 742 | 2,946 | 5 | 2,925 |
| | SC Lowy Financial (HR) Ltd[1] | **2,175** | **2,955** | **-** | **-** | 2,175 | 2,590 | - | - |
| | UCO Bank | **681** | **3,288** | **9** | **3,290** | 681 | 2,923 | 9 | 2,925 |
| | Union Bank of India | **764** | **3,288** | **3** | **3,290** | 764 | 2,923 | 3 | 2,925 |
| | United Bank of India (merged with Punjab National Bank) | **424** | **3,288** | **2** | **3,290** | 424 | 2,923 | 2 | 2,925 |
| | Vijaya Bank | **16** | **2,877** | **-** | **-** | 16 | 2,512 | - | - |
| | 6.5% Senior Secured Notes | **1,955** | **1,972** | | **-** | 1,955 | 1,607 | - | - |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Sr. No | Name of Lender | Amount represents rupees in crore and period represents maximum days | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | **Borrowings** | | **Interest** | | Borrowings | | Interest | |
| | | **Default As on March 31, 2026** | | **Default As on March 31, 2026** | | Default As on March 31, 2025 | | Default As on March 31, 2025 | |
| **II** | **Debentures** | | | | | | | | |
| | Life Insurance Corporation of India | **3,750** | **2,975** | **-** | **-** | 3,750 | 2,610 | - | - |
| **III** | **Other Loans** | | | | | | | | |
| | Asset Core and Reconstruction Enterprises Limited (ACRE) (ACRE 40 & 67 Trust) | **492** | **3,299** | **-** | **-** | 492 | 2,934 | - | - |
| | ACRE 144 Trust [3] | **1,072** | **2,912** | **-** | **-** | 1,072 | 2,547 | - | - |
| | Neptune Steel Strips Limited | **68** | **2,283** | **-** | **-** | 68 | 1,918 | - | - |
| | India Infrastructure Finance Corporation Limited | **248** | **3,105** | **4** | **3,321** | 248 | 2,740 | 4 | 2,956 |
| | Industrial Finance Corporation of India Limited | **200** | **3,304** | **4** | **3,306** | 200 | 2,939 | 4 | 2,941 |
| | Reliance Capital Limited | **1,000** | **2,557** | **3** | **2,558** | 1,000 | 2,192 | 3 | 2,193 |
| | Desai Industrial Finance Pvt. Ltd[4] | **260** | **2,312** | **-** | **-** | 260 | 1,947 | - | - |
| | Pearl Housing Finance Ltd | **260** | **2,312** | **-** | **-** | 260 | 1,947 | - | - |
| | Invent Assets Securitisation & Reconstruction Pvt Ltd[5] | **520** | **2,312** | **-** | **-** | 520 | 1,947 | - | - |
| | Vishvakarma Equipment Finance Limited | **260** | **2,312** | **-** | **-** | 260 | 1,947 | - | - |
| | Other Lenders | **12,091** | **Various Dates** | **68** | **Various Dates** | 12,091 | Various Dates | 68 | Various Dates |
| **IV** | **Total** | **46,792** | | **417** | | 46,792 | | 417 | |

**2.24.3** * facility recalled

During the earlier year (1) Shubh Holdings PTE Ltd has assigned loan by ₹ 2,175 crore to SC Lowy Financial (HK) Ltd and ₹ 387 crore to Deutsche Bank AD london, (2) China Development Bank has assigned loan by ₹ 13 crore to Deutche Bank AG London (3) Standard Chartered Bank has assigned loan by ₹ 1,072 crores to ACRE 144 Trust. (4) Assignment by Deep Industrial Finance Ltd of ₹ 260 crore to Desai Industrial Finance Pvt Ltd w.e.f. March 25, 2025, and Assignment by Shriyam Auto Finance Ltd ₹ 260 crore & Traitrya Construction Finance Limited ₹ 260 crore to Invent Assets Securitisation & Reconstruction Pvt Ltd w.e.f. September 20, 2024.

**2.24.4** Since the Company and of its subsidiary are under CIR Process and claims have been filed by lenders, the overall obligations and liabilities including obligation for interest on loans shall be determined during the CIRP. The total loan amount has been disclosed in delay/ default during the current year. However, corresponding amounts of the previous year's delay/ default are based on original terms of facility and from the date of recall, where loans have been recalled.

**2.24.5** Apart from above outstanding of Interest, the Group has not provided Interest Expenses of ₹ 5,912 crore, ₹4,922 crore ₹ 4,968 crore, ₹ 4,703 crore, ₹ 4,995 crore, ₹ 4,362 crore, ₹ 4,748 crore, ₹ 4,389 and ₹ 3,609 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 , March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 respectively which includes interest on NCDs from LIC of ₹ 420 crore, ₹ 421 crore, ₹ 421 crore, ₹ 421 crore ₹ 420 crore, ₹ 420 crore, ₹ 420 crore, ₹ 420 crore and ₹ 418 for the year ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024, March 31, 2023, March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 respectively. Therefore it has not been disclosed.

**2.24.6** The Group had been sanctioned working capital limits from banks in earlier years on the basis of security of current assets. As there was no requirement to file quarterly returns, the Group has not filed the same with such banks.

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.25** | | |
| **Trade Payables** (Refer Note 2.39 and 2.49) | | |
| Due to Micro and Small Enterprises | **46** | 46 |
| Due to Creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises | **3,948** | 3,611 |
| | **3,994** | 3,657 |

**2.25.1 Trade payable ageing schedule**

( ₹ in crore)

| Sr. | Particulars | Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Not due | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| | **As at March 31, 2026** | | | | | | |
| (i) | MSME | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **46** | **46** |
| (ii) | Other than (i) above | **-** | **36** | **52** | **19** | **3,841** | **3,948** |
| (iii) | Disputed dues – MSME | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| (iv) | Disputed dues - Other than (iii) above | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| | **Total** | **-** | **36** | **52** | **19** | **3,891** | **3,994** |

( ₹ in crore)

| Sr. | Particulars | Outstanding for the following periods from due date of payment | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Not due | Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| | **As at March 31, 2025** | | | | | | |
| (i) | MSME | - | 0 | 5 | 1 | 40 | 46 |
| (ii) | Other than (i) above | - | 293 | 31 | 28 | 3,259 | 3,611 |
| (iii) | Disputed dues – MSME | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (vi) | Disputed dues - Other than (iii) above | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | **Total** | **-** | **293** | **36** | **29** | **3,299** | **3,657** |

**2.25.2 Disclosure under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED)**

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED) which came into force from October 2, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to MSME. On the basis of the information and records available with the company, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| (i) | Principal amount due to the enterprises defined under MSMED | **52** | 52 |
| (ii) | Interest due thereon to the enterprises defined under MSMED | **79** | 70 |
| (iii) | Amount of Interest paid to the enterprises under Section 16 of MSMED along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year | **-** | - |
| (iv) | Payment made to the enterprises beyond appointed date under Section 16 of MSMED | **2** | 3 |
| (v) | Amount of Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment, which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year but without adding the interest specified under MSMED ₹ 41,87,961 (previous year ₹ 18,39,435) | **-** | - |
| (vi) | The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and | **79** | 70 |
| (vii) | The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of MSMED | **57** | 50 |

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.26** | | |
| **Other Financial Liabilities** | | |
| Interest accrued and due | **416** | 416 |
| Unclaimed Dividend * ₹ 11,04,469 (previous year ₹ 11,04,469)* | **-** | - |
| Capital Creditors | **443** | 412 |
| Other Liabilities (Refer Note 2.46.2(a)) | **72,313** | 62,772 |
| | **73,172** | 63,600 |

* Transferred ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil ) to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.27** | | |
| **Deferred Revenue** (Refer Note 2.56) | | |
| Income Received in Advance | **21** | 23 |
| | **21** | 23 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.28** | | |
| **Other Current Liabilities** (Unsecured unless stated otherwise) | | |
| Advance from Customers | **52** | 48 |
| Other Current Liabilities | **451** | 466 |
| | **503** | 514 |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.29** | | |
| **Income tax Liabilities (net)** | | |
| Provision for Income Tax ₹ 3,19,848 (previous year ₹ 10,86,883) | **-** | - |
| | **-** | - |
| **Note 2.30** | | |
| **Provisions** | | |
| **Provision for Employee Benefit** | | |
| Employee Benefits (Refer Note 2.51) | **15** | 17 |
| **Others** | | |
| Disputed and Other Claims (Refer Note 2.41) | **1,215** | 1,215 |
| Wealth Tax | **1** | 1 |
| | **1,231** | 1,233 |

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | For the Year ended March 31, 2026 | For the Year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.31** | | |
| Sale of services (Refer Note 2.56) | **314** | 358 |
| | **314** | 358 |
| **Note 2.32** | | |
| **Other Income** | | |
| Interest Income on Deposit | **29** | 29 |
| Miscellaneous Income | **3** | 4 |
| | **32** | 33 |
| **Note 2.33** | | |
| **Access Charges, License Fees and Network Expenses** | | |
| Access Charges | **8** | 9 |
| License Fees | **30** | 34 |
| Rent, Rates and Taxes | **4** | 2 |
| Network Repairs and Maintenance | **36** | 36 |
| Stores and Spares Consumed ₹ 22,24,496 (previous year ₹ 21,70,044) | **-** | - |
| Power, Fuel and Utilities | **10** | 12 |
| Bandwidth Charges | **33** | 33 |
| Other Network Operating Expenses | **16** | 22 |
| | **137** | 148 |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | For the Year ended March 31, 2026 | For the Year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.34** | | |
| **Employee Benefits Expenses** (Refer Note 2.49 and 2.51) | | |
| Salaries (Including Managerial Remuneration) | **27** | 30 |
| Contribution to Provident, Gratuity and Superannuation Fund | **2** | 1 |
| Employee Welfare and Other Amenities | **3** | 3 |
| | **32** | 34 |
| **Note 2.35** | | |
| **Finance Costs** | | |
| Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | **44** | 46 |
| | **44** | 46 |

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Note 2.36** | | | | |
| **Sales and General Administration Expenses** | | | | |
| **General Administration Expenses** | | | | |
| Insurance | **9** | | 8 | |
| Rent, Rates and Taxes | **5** | | 3 | |
| Repairs and Maintenance | | | | |
| - Others | **9** | | 10 | |
| Travelling | **1** | | 1 | |
| Professional Fees | **16** | | 16 | |
| Foreign Exchange (Gain) / Loss (net) | **209** | | 46 | |
| CIRP Cost | **9** | | 14 | |
| Hire Charges | **21** | | 23 | |
| Provision for Credit impaired | **-** | | 8 | |
| Other General and Administrative Expenses | **55** | **335** | 58 | 186 |
| Payment to Auditors | | **1** | | 1 |
| | | **336** | | 187 |

**Note : 2.37**

**Previous Year**

Figures of the previous year have been regrouped and reclassified, wherever required. Amount in Consolidated financial statements are presented in ₹ in crore, except as otherwise stated.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 2.38**

**Consolidation**

(a) The following subsidiary companies are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

| Sr. No. | Name of the Subsidiary Company | Country of Incorporation | Proportion of ownership interest | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | **As at March 31, 2026** | As at March 31, 2025 |
| 1 | Reliance WiMax Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 2 | Reliance Webstore Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 3 | Campion Properties Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 4 | Reliance Telecom Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 5 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 6 | Globalcom Mobile Commerce Limited (Formerly Reliance Mobile Commerce Limited ) | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 7 | Reliance BPO Private Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 8 | Reliance Communications Tamilnadu Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 9 | Globalcom Realty Limited (Formerly Reliance Infra Realty Limited) | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 10 | Internet Exchangenext.com Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 11 | Realsoft Cyber Systems Private Limited (Ceased w.e.f. September 27, 2024) | India | **-** | - |
| 12 | Worldtel Tamilnadu Private Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 13 | Towercom Infrastructure Private Limited | India | **99.52%** | 99.52% |
| 14 | Reliance Reality Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 15 | Reliance Infra Projects Limited | India | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 16 | Aircom Holdco B.V. | The Netherlands | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 17 | Reliance Communications (UK) Limited | United Kingdom | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 18 | Reliance Communications (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 19 | Reliance Communications (Singapore) Pte. Limited | Singapore | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 20 | Anupam Global Soft (U) Limited (De-registered w.e.f March 31, 2025) | Uganda | **-** | - |
| 21 | Gateway Net Trading Pte Limited - (ceased w.e.f June 4, 2024) | Singapore | **-** | - |
| 22 | Reliance FLAG Pacific Holdings Limited | Bermuda | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 23 | Reliance Infocom Inc. | USA | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 24 | Reliance Communications Inc. | USA | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 25 | Reliance Communications International Inc. | USA | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 26 | Reliance Communications Canada Inc. | USA | **100.00%** | 100.00% |
| 27 | Bonn Investment Inc. | USA | **100.00%** | 100.00% |

**(b) The Group also consolidates the following companies as it exercises control over ownership and / or composition of Board of Directors.**

| Sr. No. | Name of the Company | Country of Incorporation | Proportion of ownership interest | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | **As at March 31, 2026** | As at March 31, 2025 |
| 1 | Reliance Telecom Infrastructure (Cyprus) Holdings Limited | Cyprus | **0.00%** | 0.00% |
| 2 | Lagerwood Investments Limited (ceased w.e.f. March 31, 2025) | Cyprus | **-** | - |

**(c) The associate companies considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements are :**

| Sr. No. | Name of the Company | Country of Incorporation | Proportion of ownership interest | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | **As at March 31, 2026** | As at March 31, 2025 |
| 1 | Warf Telecom International Private Limited | Maldives | **20.00%** | 20.00% |
| 2 | Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limied | India | **26.00%** | 26.00% |

**Note 2.39**

**Going Concern**

Pursuant to an application filed by Ericsson India Pvt. Ltd before the National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench ("NCLT") in terms of Section 9 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 read with the rules and regulations framed thereunder ("Code"), the NCLT had admitted the application and ordered the commencement of corporate insolvency resolution process ("CIRP") of Reliance Communications Limited ("Corporate Debtor", "the Company") vide its order dated May 15, 2018. The NCLT had appointed Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi as the interim resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor vide its order dated May 18, 2018. However, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT")by an order dated May 30, 2018 had stayed the order passed by the Hon'ble NCLT for initiating the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor and allowed the management of the Corporate Debtor to function. In accordance with the order of the Hon'ble NCLAT, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi handed over the control and management of the Corporate Debtor back to the erstwhile management of the Corporate Debtor on May 30, 2018. Subsequently, by order dated April 30, 2019, the Hon'ble NCLAT allowed stay on CIRP to be vacated. On the basis of the orders of the Hon'ble NCLAT, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi, wrote to the management of the Corporate Debtor on May 02, 2019 requesting the charge, operations and management of the Corporate Debtor to be handed over back to IRP. Therefore, Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi had in his capacity as IRP taken control and custody of the management and operations of the Corporate Debtor from May 02, 2019. Subsequently, the committee of creditors of the Corporate Debtor pursuant to its meeting held on May 30, 2019 resolved, with requisite voting share, to replace the existing interim resolution professional, i.e. Mr. Pardeep Kumar Sethi with Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor in accordance with Section 22(2) of the Code. Subsequently, upon application by the CoC in terms of Section 22(3) of the Code, the NCLT appointed Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the resolution professional for the Corporate Debtor ("RP") vide its order dated June 21, 2019, which was published on June 28, 2019 on the website of the NCLT. Accordingly, the IRP handed over the matters pertaining to the affairs of the Corporate Debtor to the RP as on June 28, 2019 who assumed the powers of the board of directors of the Corporate Debtor and the responsibility of conducting the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor.

Further, pursuant to the meeting of the CoC of the Corporate Debtor dated March 2, 2020, a resolution plan, submitted by a resolution applicant in respect of the Corporate Debtor, has been approved by the CoC. The application under Section 31 of the Code filed by the RP for approval of resolution plan was heard on October 5, 2023, where the NCLT indicated that since the issues inter alia pertaining to spectrum has remained pending before the Supreme Court of India for a while now, it would adjourn the plan approval IA sine die with liberty to the applicant/ RP to mention the same.

An application (IA No. 383 of 2023) has been filed by a resolution applicant before NCLT for substitution of resolution applicant in the resolution plan submitted in respect of RCOM. On September 7, 2023, the matter was heard at length by the NCLT, and application has been allowed vide order dated December 12, 2023.

A similar application (IA No. 749 of 2023) has been filed in Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) as well, wherein NCLT vide ordar deated Auguat 22, 2023 had directed the resolution professional of RTL to place on record necessary declaration(s) in relation to compliance with the provisions of Section 29A, after getting the confirmation of CoC of RTL in relation thereto. However, the status of the said IA was inadvertently reflecting as disposed creating difficulties in filing of the compliance affidavit. The RP had been attempting to liaison with the registry in this regard and also mentioned the matter multiple times to seek correction in its status. On December 19, 2024, the NCLT was pleased to direct the matter to be listed on January 21, 2025 for filing of the affidavit and

passing of necessary orders by the NCLT. On January 21, 2025, in view of the submissions, the Bench was pleased to reserve the matter for orders. By order dated January 21, 2025, NCLT has dismissed the IA filed by UV Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ("UVARCL"). An appeal bearing Company Appeal (AT) (Insolvency) No. 422 of 2025 has been filed by UVARCL before NCLAT. The same was listed on April 16, 2025, where the Bench passed directions to the Respondents to file their reply and posted the matter on May 14, 2025. All parties have advanced detailed arguments. On October 28, 2025, the NCLAT was pleased to reserve the matter for orders. The appeal was thereafter listed on February 25, 2026 for further clarifications. The matter was last listed on March 24, 2026, however due to paucity of time it could not be taken up and was adjourned to May 08, 2026. While the matter was scheduled to be listed on May 08, 2026, the matter stood adjourned in light of court notice dated May 05, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 03, 2026.

Further, pursuant to the discussions with the CoC members, the RP has filed an application bearing number IA 2719 of 2025 before Hon'ble NCLT seeking necessary clarifications/ appropriate directions on the way ahead in the CIRP of RTL pursuant to the order dated January 21, 2025. This application was first listed on June 20, 2025, wherein the Ld. Bench issued notice and directed that a reply be filed within two weeks. The matter has been listed multiple times, last being on January 8, 2026. However, the NCLT has adjourned the matter in light of pendency of the appeal filed by UVARCL before the Hon'ble NCLAT. The Hon'ble NCLT posted the matter to April 21, 2026. On April 21, 2026, the NCLT was apprised about the pendency of the appeal before the Hon'ble NCLAT filed by UVARCL, in light of the same, an adjournment was sought and the next date of hearing is on July 16, 2026.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2019, the CIRP in respect of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries; Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) and Reliance Infratel Limited (RITL ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 22, 2022) was re-commenced, and interim resolution professionals had been appointed in respect of the aforesaid companies. Subsequently, appointment of Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty as the Resolution Professional (RP) of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries was confirmed by the NCLT vide its order dated June 21, 2019 which was published on June 28, 2019 on the NCLT's website.

Further, during the year ended March 31, 2020, Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporate Debtor, had also been admitted by NCLT for resolution process under the Code and Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty was appointed as the Resolution Professional of RCIL vide its order dated September 25, 2019. In the meeting held on August 05, 2021, the CoC with requisite majority approved the resolution plan submitted by Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited in respect of RCIL, and in accordance with the Sec 30(6) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, on August 31, 2021, the plan was submitted to Hon'ble NCLT for its due consideration and approval. The plan approval application was heard on October 17, 2023, and has been allowed by the Hon'ble NCLT Mumbai vide its order dated December 19, 2023, thereby approving the resolution plan submitted in respect of RCIL under Section 31 of the Code. The resolution plan of RCIL is currently under implementation and RCIL is under the management of the monitoring committee constituted in terms of the provisions of its resolution plan. Further, vide Interlocutory Application No. 2708 of 2025 filed by IDBI Bank Limited against Anish Nanavaty i.e., the ERP of the Corporate Debtor, Successful Resolution Applicant of the Corporate Debtor and Bank of Baroda; IDBI Bank Limited challenged the assignment of Reliance Bhutan Limited's ("RBL") loan to the dissenting financial creditors on various grounds. The said Interlocutory Application was last listed before this Hon'ble Tribunal on October 10, 2025 whereby the same was allowed and disposed of ("IDBI NCLT Order"). Aggrieved by the IDBI NCLT Order, Bank of Baroda filed an appeal bearing number Comp. App. (AT) (Ins) No. 1708 of 2025 before the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi ("NCLAT") challenging the IDBI NCLT Order. By way of judgement dated December 23, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLAT upheld the IDBI NCLT Order passed by this Hon'ble Tribunal and has dismissed the Appeal ("BOB Judgement"). Thereafter, aggrieved by the BOB Judgement, an appeal has been filed by Bank of Baroda before the Hon'ble Supreme Court vide Diary Number 3755 of 2026, which is presently sub-judice and pending adjudication. The appeal is tentatively listed on May 29, 2026.

Pursuant to strategic transformation programme, as a part of asset monetization and resolution plan of the Corporate Debtor, the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiary companies - RTL and RITL (ceased to be a subsidiary w.e.f December 22, 2022), with the permission of and on the basis of suggestions of the lenders, had entered into a master agreement dated 28 December, 2017 with Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited (RJio) for monetization of certain specified assets, including Wireless Spectrum, Towers, Optical Fibre and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs). The relevant Reliance entities and RJIO have entered into separate transfer agreements for the sale of the aforesaid assets. Vide a termination agreement dated 18 March, 2019, the asset transfer agreements were terminated by mutual consent on account of various factors and developments as recorded in the termination agreement, excluding the escrow agreement and certain provisions of the master agreement from the ambit of the termination.

On completion of the corporate insolvency resolution process, the Group will carry out a comprehensive review of all the assets including investments, balances lying in Goods and Service Tax, liabilities and impairment of goodwill on consolidation and accordingly provide for impairment of assets and write back of liabilities, if any.

The Corporate Debtor had filed applications with the DoT for migration of various telecom licenses [Universal Access Service License (UASL), National Long Distance (NLD) and International Long Distance (ILD) licenses] to the Unified License regime (UL) on October 25, 2020 (17 of which were supposed to expire on July 19, 2021). On June 15, 2021, the DoT has issued a letter to the Corporate Debtor requiring payments of various categories of certain amounts such as 10% of the AGR dues, deferred spectrum installments falling due within the CIRP period, etc. against the telecom licenses, stating such dues to be in the nature of "current dues" and prescribing such payment as a pre-condition to the consideration/processing of the migration applications ("DoT Letter"). On June 25, 2021, the Corporate Debtor has issued a letter to DoT clarifying that the various categories of dues stipulated by the DoT are not

in the nature of the "current dues" and are to be resolved within the framework of the Code (being dues that pertain to the period prior to May 7, 2019) and/ or are not payable at present, and requesting that making payments against the said dues should not be mandated as a pre-condition for further processing of the migration applications filed by the Corporate Debtor.

In light of the urgency of the matter, the RP had filed an application before the NCLT in both RCOM and RTL praying that the DoT inter alia be restrained from taking any action which may interfere with the continued holding of the telecom spectrum of the Corporate Debtor. The NCLT had adjourned the matter following which the RP had thereafter filed a writ petition in the Delhi High Court seeking issuance of an appropriate writ, order or direction in the nature of mandamus directing the DoT to migrate the telecom licenses to UL without the insistence on the payment of the dues set out in DoT Letter. The Delhi High Court, on July 19, 2021, passed an interim order that "till the next date, the respondent is directed to not take any coercive action against the petitioner for withdrawal of the telecom spectrum granted to the petitioner in respect of 18 service areas, as also to permit the petitioner to continue providing telecom services in the 18 service areas which are subject matters of the present petition." On July 20, 2021, the writ petition hearing concluded and order was passed by the Delhi High Court permitting the withdrawal of the writ petition with direction that the issue on "current dues" should be decided by the NCLT and extending the protection under the July 19, 2021 order by further 10 days.

In view of the aforesaid, the NCLT was apprised of the order of the Delhi High Court and the NCLT has, as an interim measure, extended the ad interim protection granted by the Delhi High Court until the next date of hearing. Further, on August 12, 2021, the NCLT has directed that the interim orders shall continue until the next date of hearing. The issue under consideration by the NCLT relates to whether the dues being claimed by DoT in its letter of June 15, 2021 for the purposes of processing the license renewal/ migration applications of the Corporate Debtor are in the nature of "current dues" (within the meaning of the Explanation to Section 14(1) of the Code) and therefore, payable during the CIRP period. The application was listed on various occasions before the NCLT; however effective hearing did not take place due to paucity of time. Matter was last listed on April 21-22, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on June 10, 2026.

Simultaneously, a petition has been filed before the Telecom Disputes Settlement and Appellate Tribunal ("TDSAT") bearing T.P. No. 31 of 2021 seeking directions for migration of the telecom licenses, in view of the Guidelines for Grant of Unified License dated March 28, 2016 issued by the DoT, not prescribing pre-condition for any payment to be made prior to the migration of the telecom licenses. The TDSAT, on September 23, 2021, has directed that "The interim arrangement shall be considered further after receipt of the order of NCLT. However, till then let the status quo be maintained in terms of initial order of Delhi High Court passed on 19.7.2021 which has continued thereafter by further order of the High Court followed by orders of NCLT." On March 15, 2022, the TDSAT granted time for filing rejoinder and continued the interim order dated September 23, 2021. On July 29, 2024 where the counsels apprised the TDSAT that matter is still pending in NCLT. The matter was last listed on March 30, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 27, 2026.

Further, an application was filed by RCOM with the DOT for migration of license from UASL to UL regime in Jammu and Kashmir Circle on April 19, 2023, which was to be expired on September 05, 2024. This license was not included in the above petition and accordingly, another petition bearing T.P. No. 44 of 2024 was filed before the Hon'ble TDSAT seeking similar directions for Jammu and Kashmir circle. An interim order dated September 10, 2024 has been issued in this matter in favour of RCOM directing DOT to not take any coercive action against RCOM, and continuing RCOM's United Access Service License till the next date of hearing. The interim order was continued from time to time. On February 7, 2024, the TDSAT extended the interim order during the pendency and final hearing of the Telecom Petition. The matter was last listed on March 30, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 27, 2026.

Similarly, in case of RTL, the RP had filed an application in the NCLT and a petition before the TDSAT bearing T.P. No. 39 of 2021 seeking direction to DOT to migrate its license from UASL to UL (which matters are heard together with the RCOM license migration matters). On September 23, 2021, the TDSAT had directed that "Since the matters are similar in nature, in the interest of justice and uniformity the interim order of status quo as operating in TP No. 31 of 2021 shall operate in this matter also till the next date. It will be in the interest of petitioner to expedite the proceeding pending before the NCLT and try its best to produce the orders passed by that Tribunal by the next date.". The TDSAT by its order dated March 15, 2022 extended the interim order during the pendency of the petitions. On July 29, 2024, the counsels apprised the TDSAT that matter is still pending in NCLT. The matter was last listed on March 30, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on July 27, 2026. For NCLT the next date of hearing is on June 10, 2026.

Further, Telecom Petition No. 9 and 10 of 2024 were filed on behalf of RCOM against the impugned demand notices for FY 2015-16 to FY 2023-24 seeking alleged shortfall of license fee paid by RCOM. On May 09, 2024, both the Telecom Petitions were listed before the TDSAT on which date, TDSAT was pleased to restrain the DoT from encashing the Bank Guarantees ("BGs") of the Corporate Debtor except to the extent of Rs. 49 crore, which was the amount under challenge in the Telecom Petitions. Aggrieved by the order dated May 09, 2024, the Corporate Debtor filed a Writ Petition under Article 227 of the Constitution of India before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court. Meanwhile BGs to the tune of Rs. 2 crore were encashed by DoT. On May 14, 2024 the Hon'ble Delhi High Court had directed the DoT to not encash the remaining BGs which had not been encashed till May 17, 2024. Further, on May 17, 2024, TDSAT has granted a stay on the encashment of BGs of RCOM by the DoT, until further orders in TDSAT Petitions and the stay continues till the pendency of the petitions and this matter was last listed on February 26, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on May 28, 2026. As per notification dated May 25, 2026 matters to be Listed on May 28, 2026 has been renotified on May 29, 2026.

Additionally, the RP has also filed another telecom petition bearing T.P. No. 34 of 2024 before the TDSAT challenging the vires of (i) Office Memorandum dated 09.10.2019 and; (ii) Office Memorandum dated 18.10.2022 ("Impugned Office Memorandums") with respect to adjustment of surplus license fees, issued by the DoT to the extent that they:

"(a) Restrict companies undergoing insolvency from claiming surplus adjustment only after Financial Years 2021-22; and "

"(b) Permit adjustment of surplus payments only after the assessment has been finalised by the DoT. "

On August 21, 2024, DoT sought time to file their counter affidavit in the matter. The RP was permitted to file a rejoinder to the counter affidavit. This matter was last on February 26, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on May 28, 2026. As per notification dated May 25, 2026, matters to be listed on May 28, 2026 has been renotified on May 29, 2026.

Considering these developments including, in particular, the RP having taken over the management and control of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries, i.e. RTL and RCIL (with RCIL presently being under the management and control of the monitoring committee constituted in terms of its resolution plan which was approved by the NCLT on December 19, 2023 and the resolution plan implementation being still pending) ("Group") inter alia with the objective of running them as going concerns, the consolidated financial results continue to be prepared on going concern basis. Since the Group continues to incur losses, current liabilities exceed current assets and Group has defaulted in repayment of borrowings, payment of regulatory and statutory dues and pending renewal of telecom licenses, these events indicate that material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Group has four overseas subsidiaries and certain domestic subsidiaries where, for the year ended March 31, 2026, losses have been incurred, total liabilities exceed total assets, and net worth has been fully eroded. Further, Reliance Communications Limited, the Holding Company, is undergoing Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. In respect of the four overseas subsidiaries, the auditors had issued a qualified opinion on the material uncertainty relating to going concern for the year ended March 31, 2025. For the year ended March 31, 2026, these overseas subsidiaries are unaudited. In respect of the certain domestic subsidiaries, the auditors have issued a qualified opinion on the material uncertainty relating to going concern for the year ended March 31, 2026. Additionally, the auditor of associate companies have included an Emphasis of Matter paragraph in their audit reports regarding material uncertainty relating to going concern.

**Note 2.40**

**Schemes of Amalgamation and Arrangement**

**1. Pertaining to earlier years,**

The Company, in the earlier years, underwent various restructuring Schemes through Court including restructuring of ownership of telecom business so as to align the interest of the shareholders. Accordingly, pursuant to the Schemes of Amalgamation and Arrangement ("the Schemes") under Sections 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956 approved by Hon'ble High Court of respective judicature, the Company, during the respective years, recorded all necessary accounting effects, along with requisite disclosure in the notes to the accounts, in accordance with the provisions of the said Schemes. Reserves, pursuant to the said Schemes, include;

(i) ₹ 8,047 crore being Securities Premium Account, which was part of the Securities Premium of erstwhile Reliance Infocomm Limited (RIC), the transferor company.

(ii) ₹ 12,345 crore, being part of General Reserve, on fair valuation of assets and liabilities of the Company in accordance with the Scheme of Amalgamation, amalgamating Reliance Gateway Net Limited (RGNL) into the Company.

(iii) During the earlier year, ₹ 7 crore being Goodwill arising on consolidation pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation between subsidiaries debited to General Reserve.

(iv) During the earlier year, additional depreciation consequent upon fair valuation of assets carried out has been adjusted to General Reserve by subsidiaries.

(v) During the earlier year, ₹ 470 crore being excess of liabilities over assets has been adjusted from General Reserve pursuant to demerger of BPO division to RCIL.

(vi) Pursuant to the said Scheme of Amalgamation (Refer Note (ii) above), on account of the fair valuation during the year ended on March 31, 2009, additions/ adjustments to the fixed assets included increase in Freehold Land by ₹ 225 crore, Buildings by ₹ 130 crore and Telecom Licenses by ₹ 14,145 crore.

(vii) Pursuant to the demerger, the Company computed goodwill of ₹ 2,659 crore arising on consolidation using the step up method based on date of original investment by Reliance Industries Limited (RIL) prior to demerger instead of considering the date of demerger as the date of investment in absence of specific guidance in Accounting Standard (AS) 21 "Consolidated Financial Statements" in a demerged scenario.

**2.** During the earlier year, pursuant to the Scheme of Demerger ("the Scheme") sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay and at Jaipur, the Company has acquired Wireless undertaking of Systema Shyam Teleservices Limited (SSTL) with effect from October 31, 2017. Upon merger of Wireless undertaking of SSTL, ₹ 1,397 crore being excess of assets over liabilities taken over has been credited to Capital Reserve. The Company had also allotted 27,65,53,305 nos of Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each, on October 31, 2017, to shareholder of SSTL.

**Note 2.41**

**Movement of Provisions**

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | Current for the year ended | | Non Current for the year ended | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **March 31, 2026** | March 31, 2025 | **March 31, 2026** | March 31, 2025 |
| **Provision for Retirement Benefits** | | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | **17** | 13 | **2** | 6 |
| Additional provision ₹ 46,53,610/ (Reversal) (₹ 33,71,131) | **2** | 4 | **-** | (4) |
| Deconsolidation of Subsidiaries | **-** | - | **-** | - |
| **Balance at the close of the year** | **15** | 17 | **2** | 2 |
| **Others - Disputed and Other claims/ wealth tax** | | | | |
| Balances at the beginning of the year | **1,216** | 1,216 | **-** | - |
| Additional provision/(Reduction) | **-** | - | **-** | - |
| **Balances at the close of the year** | **1,216** | 1,216 | **-** | - |

Provisions include, provision for disputed claims for verification of customer ₹ 9 crore (Previous year ₹ 9 crore) and others of ₹ 1,206 crore ( Previous year ₹ 1,206). The aforesaid provisions shall be utilised on settlement of the claims, if any, thereagainst.

**Note 2.42**

**Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitment (as represented by the Management)**

(₹ in crore)

| | | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **(i)** | Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for | **-** | - |
| **(ii)** | Disputed Liabilities not provided for | | |
| | - Sales Tax VAT and CST | **169** | 169 |
| | - Custom, Excise and Service Tax, GST and CENVAT Credit | **11,240** | 11,220 |
| | - Entry Tax Octroi and Entertainment Tax | **62** | 62 |
| | - Income Tax | **2,871** | 2,718 |
| | - Other Litigations ( Refer note (a) and (b) below ) | **8,399** | 8,403 |
| **(iii)** | Claims against the Gruop not acknowledged as debts | **1,936** | 1,932 |
| **(iv)** | Guarantees given by the Company | **4,457** | 4,222 |
| **(v)** | Capital Commitment (Refer Note 2.68) | **140** | 140 |

a) DoT has filed an application in NCLT for condonation of delay in filing claim of ₹ 2,639 crore towards license service areas (customer application form and electromagnetic field penalties) which was listed on April 17, 2024, where RP Counsel briefly made submissions and the NCLT enquired if the said claim is reflecting in the books of accounts of the Corporate Debtor, RTL and / or has already been included as part of DOT claims. RP counsel took time to take instructions in this regard. The NCLT accordingly adjourned the DOT application to May 08, 2024 and thereafter due to paucity of time to July 03, 2024. The said claim is included in Other Litigations above, since the same is subjudice.

b) Includes ₹ 0.41 crore in respect of a particular case based on the original disputed amount for which the case was filed by the complainant. The Company has not disclosed / recognized the revised contingent liability of ₹ 59.75 crore basis an amended suit served on the Company, which amendment was allowed vide the order of Ld. Court dated April 19, 2022 during the moratorium period which cannot be entertained or allowed, on account of the moratorium under Section 14 of the Code. The said amount of contingent Liability of ₹ 59.75 Crore which was amended in the suit, and was served upon RCOM is unchanged, same was argued by filing a written argument for and on behalf of RCOM before the learned Justice Shri. Indalkar, Sr.Division City Civil Court, Belapur. The said matter was adjourned to July 16, 2024, was transferred to Sr. Division City Civil Court, Balepur Justice Smt. Suryavanshi.

Several applications have been filed by Mr. Mohammad Arif, out of which Exhibit 104,( which was an application) for action under IPC/193/209 r/w Section 340 of Cr.PC against Mr. Anish Nanavaty and Ms. Sonal Bharade & Ors for deliberately and knowingly making false claim with an intention to harm the plaintiff. (Arguments on this application were scheduled on November 04, 2024 before the said court).

There was a Stay on the said application filed before the Belapur court, for and on behalf of RCOM, court heard the arguments from both the sides and accordingly passed an order for stay date November 30, 2024. The said Order was passed on Below Exhibit (in view of the continuation of the Order at Exhibit 104), directing both parties to inform the Belapur Court about cessation of moratorium period or approval or rejection of resolution plan by Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai). Further to above, Mr. Arif has informed Ms. Suryavanshi (Hon'ble Judge of Belapur Court), that he has filed his Appeal against the Order passed by this Belapur Court, before High Court, Mumbai in Appellate Forum, copy of the summons and pleadings have not yet been served upon RCOM to their registered office address

**(vi)** Consequent to the investigations by an investigative agency (CBI) in relation to the entire telecom sector in India, certain preliminary charges were framed by a Trial Court in October, 2011 against Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and three of the executives of the group. The Special CBI Judge vide judgment dated December 21, 2017 has acquitted the persons so named. CBI has filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court challenging the said Trial Court order. These proceedings have no impact on the business, operations and/or licenses of the Company and, even more so, are not connected in any manner to any other Group companies.

**(vii) Spectrum Charges**

Department of Telecommunication (DoT) has, during the earlier years, issued demand on the Company for ₹1,758 Crore towards levy of One Time Spectrum Charges, being the prospective charges for holding CDMA spectrum beyond 2.5 MHz for the period from 1st January, 2013 till the expiry of the initial terms of the respective Licenses. DoT had also issued a demand on RTL, a Subsidiary of the Company one time Spectrum Charges, being retrospective charges of ₹ 5 crore for holding GSM Spectrum beyond 6.2 MHz for the period from July 1, 2008 to December 31, 2012 and respective charge of ₹ 169 crore for GSM spectrum held beyond 4.4 MHz for the period from January 1, 2013 till the expiry of the initial terms of the respective Licenses. Based on a Petition filed by the Company and its subsidiary the Hon'ble TDSAT, vide its order dated February 4, 2019, set aside the impugned orders and demands for OTSC except for Bihar circle. The said order passed by Hon'ble TDSAT has been stayed by Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated August 19, 2019 and the matter remains sub-judice.

**(viii)** Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Co. Limited (MSEDCL) has served assessment orders to Reliance Reality Limited (RRL), during the month of April 2015, (a) claiming Rs. 1,184.23 crore considering commercial rate for alleged use of power at its DAKC premises and (b) 18.76 Crore for MBP A-8 for the presence of companies which are doing activities other than IT\ITES service as per its registration. By the said order MSEDCL has purported to demand a sum of Rs.1,184.23 crores + R 18.76 Crore for alleged unauthorized use of electricity for the period of 18th March, 2009 to 19th March, 2015 and June 2008 to January 2015 respectively.

Reliance Reality Limited (RRL) filed two separate Writ Petitions, before Bombay High Court, challenging the said order(s) passed by MSEDCL in the purported exercise of its powers under section 126 of the Electricity Act, 2003 i.e. W.P. No. 4855 and 4856 of 2015. MSEDCL filed an Interim Application dated 5th August, 2021, there by stating that, the Company had moved a Civil application in 2015 pursuant to which the ad-interim order directing a deposit of Rs.600 crores + Rs 9.4 Crores stood modified with the Hon'ble Bombay High Court granting two installments of Rs.200 crores and Rs.100 crores aggregating to Rs.300 crores. Against the said demand, the Company has paid Rs. 200 crore for DAKC and Rs 4.5 Crores for MBP A-8 under protest. It is further alleged that, the Company has failed to deposit Rs.100 crores in accordance with the Order dated 20.08.2015 and the Petition and Civil Application were pending for hearing. Vide its order dated 23.04.25 the Bombay High Court directed the Company to file appeals before Appellate Tribunal for Electricity. On 21.05. 2025, The Company filed following two appeals before Appellate Authority i.e. Appeal No. 329/2025 (Challenging demand against A-8, MBP) and Appeal No. 330 of 2025 challenging demand against DAKC). Both appeal have been heard and reseved for orders by Appellate Authority. As per notice dt. 21.07.2025 received from MSEDCL , a sum of Rs. 5666,84,42,709/- was due towards DAKC demand as on 21.07.2025 and a sum of Rs. 89,81,68,751/- was due towards A-8, MBP demand as on 21.07.2025.

**(ix)** During the year ended March 2024, National Company Law Appellate Tribunal Delhi, directed National Company Law ] Tribunal to re-examine the matter on merits filed by a vendor for his demand against Reliance Realty Limted (RRL), wholly owned subsidiary of the Company for a value of ₹ 4.09 Crores under Section 9 of the Insolvency and Brankruptcy Code, 2016. The matters was rejected by NCLT vide order dated December 16, 2025. The vendor has failed an arbitration petition and has served notice for appointment of arbitration. The RRL has replied to the said notice and the matter is currently sub-judice.

**Note 2.43**

**Leases**

The Assets of the Group are held for sale as per Ind AS 105 and being short term in nature and accordingly lease agreements are considered to be short term in nature. Hence, Ind AS 116 has not been applied by the Group.

**Note 2.44**

**2.44.1 Financial Instruments**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments

Financial Instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the group based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 were as follows:

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Financial assets at amortised cost:** | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note 2.12) | **174** | 194 |
| Bank Balances (Refer Note 2.13) | **266** | 245 |
| Trade receivables (Refer Note 2.11) | **308** | 311 |
| Loans (Refer Note 2.14) | **390** | 389 |
| Other financial assets (Refer Note 2.15 & 2.05) | **191** | 191 |
| **Total** | **1,329** | 1,330 |
| **Financial assets at fair value through Consolidated Profit and Loss:** | | |
| Investments (Refer Note 2.04 and 2.10) | **38** | 34 |
| **Financial assets at fair value through other Comprehensive Income:** | | |
| Investments (Refer Note 2.04 & 2.10) | **2** | 2 |
| **Financial liabilities at amortised cost:** | | |
| Trade payables (Refer note 2.25) | **3,994** | 3,657 |
| Other financial liabilities (Refer Note 2.26) | **73,172** | 63,600 |
| Borrowings (Refer Note 2.21 & 2.24 ) | **47,212** | 47,216 |
| Liabilities directly related to asset held for sale (Refer Note 2.17) | **12,441** | 11,335 |
| **Total** | **1,36,819** | 1,25,808 |
| **Financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss:** | **Nil** | Nil |
| **Financial Liabilitites at fair value through other Comprehensive Income:** | **Nil** | Nil |

**2.44.2 Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies**

Activities of the Group expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The Group financial liabilities comprise of borrowings, trade payable and other liabilities to manage its operation and the financial assets include trade receivables, deposits, cash and bank balances, other receivables etc. arising from its operation.

Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIR Process") had been initiated in case of the Company and two of its subsidiaries under the Provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (the Code). Pursuant to the order, the management of affairs of the Company and powers of board of directors of the Company and its two subsidiaries stand vested with the Resolution Professional ("RP") appointed by the NCLT. RCIL is under Monitoring Committee. The framework and the strategies for effective management will be established post implementation of Resolution Plan. Presently, the financial management activities are restricted to management of current assets and liabilities of the Group and the day to day cashflow and its associated risks are as under:

**Market risk**

The Group also operates internationally and hence, a portion of the business is transacted in several currencies. Consequently the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk to the extent that there is mismatch between the currencies in which it sells and services, purchases from overseas suppliers and borrowings in various foreign currencies. Market Risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates will affect income or value of its holding financial assets/ instruments. The exchange rate between rupee and foreign currencies has changed substantially in recent years and may fluctuate significantly in the future. As a result, operations of the Company are adversely affected as the rupee appreciates/ depreciates against US dollar. Euro. GB pound etc.. Since the Group and two of its subsidiaries are under CIR Process, it is not required to meet any loan or interest obligation till the resolution plan is implemented. As the overall obligation and liabilities shall be determined during CIR Process, foreign curreny loans are stated at exchange rate as at March 31, 2018.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Foreign Currency Risk from financial instruments as of :**

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | U.S. dollars | Euro | Other Currency | Total |
| Trade Receivables | **37** | **–** | **1** | **38** |
| Loans* | **351** | **–** | **–** | **351** |
| Borrowings | **(14,488)** | **–** | **–** | **(14,488)** |
| Trade payables and other financial liabilities | **(2,035)** | **–** | **(14)** | **(2,049)** |
| **Net assets / (liabilities)** | **(16,135)** | **–** | **(13)** | **(16,148)** |

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2025 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | U.S. dollars | Euro | Other Currency | Total |
| Trade Receivables | 38 | – | 1 | 39 |
| Loans* | 351 | – | – | 351 |
| Borrowings | (14,488) | – | – | (14,488) |
| Trade payables and other financial liabilities | (2,013) | – | (12) | (2,025) |
| **Net assets / (liabilities)** | (16,112) | – | (11) | (16,123) |

*Fully provided for

**Sensitivity Analysis**

Not relevant till the time resolution plan is implemented.

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates, in cases where the borrowings are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Since, the Company and its subsidiaries are undergoing CIR Process, it could not meet interest obligation during the year and shall be finalised when resolution plan is implemented.

**Exposure to interest rate risk**

Not relevant till the time resolution plan is implemented.

**Derivative financial instruments**

The Group does not hold derivative financial instruments The Group offsets a financial asset and a financial liability when it currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the customer/ counter party resulting in a financial loss. The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is carrying value of respective financial assets.

Trade receivables and unbilled revenue are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from the customers. Credit risk has always been managed by each business segment through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. On account of adoption of Ind AS 109, the Company uses expected credit loss (ECL) model to assess the impairment loss or gain. ECL methodology depends on whether there is any significant increase in credit risk. In case of significant increase in credit risk, life time ECL is used; otherwise twelve month ECL is used. The group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and unbilled revenues. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as default risk of industry, credit default swap quotes, credit ratings from international credit rating agencies and historical experience for the customers.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Group generally invests in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and/ or domestic credit rating agencies. Investments primarily include investment in liquid mutual fund units, quoted bonds issued by the Government and Quasi Government organizations and certificates of deposits which are funds deposited at a bank for a specified time period.

**Ageing of Trade Receivable**

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | | | As at March 31, 2025 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Gross Amount** | **Weighted Average Rate** | **Credit Impaired** | Gross Amount | Weighted Average Rate | Credit Impaired |
| **India Operation** | | | | | | |
| Not Due | **21** | **0%** | **-** | - | 0% | - |
| 0-90 days | **5** | **0%** | **-** | - | 0% | - |
| 91-180 days | **18** | **0%** | **-** | 71 | 0% | - |
| 181-365 days | **55** | **0%** | **-** | 55 | 0% | - |
| Above 365 days | **2,280** | **91%** | **2,084** | 2,380 | 95% | 2,207 |
| **Subtotal** | **2,379** | | **2,084** | 2,506 | | 2,207 |
| **Global Operation** | | | | | | |
| Not Due | **-** | **0%** | **-** | - | 0% | - |
| 0-90 days | **-** | **0%** | **-** | - | 0% | - |
| 91-180 days | **-** | **0%** | **-** | - | 0% | - |
| 181-365 days | **-** | **0%** | **-** | - | 0% | - |
| Above 365 days | **250** | **95%** | **237** | 17 | 29% | 5 |
| **Subtotal** | **250** | | **237** | 17 | - | 5 |
| **Total** | **2,629** | | **2,321** | 2,523 | | 2,212 |

| Particulars | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Opening Balance | **2,212** | 2,204 |
| Add: Provision during the year | **179** | 8 |
| Less : Reversal of Provisions during the year | **-** | **-** |
| Less: Impact of Consolidation / Deconsolidation of Subsidiaries during the year | **(70)** | - |
| **Closing Balance** | **2,321** | 2,212 |

**Liquidity risk**

The Company and two of its subsidiaries are under CIR Process. The Group depends upon timely receipt from sales and delay in sales realisation as well as vendor payments can severely impact the current level of operation. Liquidity crises had led to default in repayment of principal and interest to lenders. Since, the Company and its subsidiaries are under CIR Process, it is not required to meet any loan or interest obligation till the resolution plan is implemented.

Liquidity risk is the financial risk that is encountered due to uncertainty resulting in difficulty in meeting its obligations. An entity is exposed to liquidity risk if markets on which it depends are subject to loss of liquidity for any reason; extraneous or intrinsic to its business operations, affecting its credit rating or unexpected cash outflows. A position can be hedged against market risk but still entails liquidity risk. Prudence requires liquidity risk to be managed in addition to market, credit and other risks as it has tendency to compound other risks. It entails management of assets, liabilities focused on a medium to long-term perspective and future net cash flows on a day by day basis in order to assess liquidity risk.

As the Company and two of its subsidiaries are under CIR Process, Liquidity Periodic budget and rolling forecasts shall be determined during CIR process.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note 2.45**

**Earnings per Share (EPS)**

| | | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (after Exceptional Items) from continuing operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(495)** | (186) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(1.80)** | (0.68) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (after Exceptional Items) from discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(10,630)** | (9,203) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(38.74)** | (33.53) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (after Exceptional Items) from continuing and discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(11,125)** | (9,389) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(40.54)** | (34.21) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (before Exceptional Items) from continuing operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(316)** | (145) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(1.15)** | (0.53) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (before Exceptional Items) from discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(1,162)** | (1,049) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(4.23)** | (3.82) |
| **Basic and Diluted EPS (before Exceptional Items) from continuing and discontinued operations** | | | |
| (a) | Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore) (used as numerator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **(1,477)** | (1,193) |
| (b) | Weighted average number of Equity Shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic and Diluted EPS) | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |
| (c) | Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share of ₹ 5 each (₹) | **(5.38)** | (4.35) |
| **Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares** | | | |
| | Issued ordinary shares at April 1 | **2,76,55,33,050** | 2,76,55,33,050 |
| | Effect of Treasury shares held | **(2,12,79,000)** | (2,12,79,000) |
| | Weighted average number of shares for basic and diluted EPS | **2,74,42,54,050** | 2,74,42,54,050 |

**Note 2.46**

**Exceptional Items**

**2.46.1 Relating to Continuing Operations**

(a) During the previous year, as part of a routine compliance check carried out by the Corporate Debtor on December 04, 2024, from the official website of Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA), it has come to its attention that the status of Gateway Net Trading PTE Limited, Singapore (GNTPL), an overseas step down subsidiary of RCOM, is appearing as struck off under its profile. Accordingly, GNTPL was deconsolidated for the purpose of and as per requirement of Ind AS 110 "Consolidated Financial Statement". Profit on de-subsidiarisation including provision of Rs. 6 crore during the previous year ended March 31, 2025, had been shown as Exceptional Items in the consolidated financial Statements.

(b) During the previous year, as part of a routine compliance check carried out by the Corporate Debtor through Consultant on the official website of Uganda Registration Service Bureau and Department of Registrar of Companies and Intellectual Property, Cyprus, it has come to its attention that the status of Anupam Globalsoft (U) Limited and Lagerwoods Investments Limited, Cyprus, both foreign subsidiaries of RCOM are appearing as ""struck off" and "dissolved" under their profile respectively. Accordingly, the said companies have been deconsolidated during the previous year for the purpose of and as per requirement of Ind AS 110 "Consolidated Financial Statement". Loss on de-subsidiarisation of Rs. 49 crore during the previous year ended March 31, 2025, had been shown as Exceptional Items in the consolidated financial Statements.

(c) During the previous year, RCIL, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company had sold its investment in the equity shares of its wholly owned subsidiary, Realsoft Cyber Systems Private Limited (Realsoft) to Patrimoine Expo Private Limited (PEPL) including land. This sale took place pursuant to the settlement terms agreed to between the erstwhile CoC of RCIL and PEPL as recorded by the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal in its order dated December 12, 2023. The entire sale consideration being Rs. 61 crore was received by RCIL from PEPL on September 27, 2024 and shall be utilized in accordance with the terms of the resolution plan approved in respect of RCIL. Profit on sale of investments (including retirement of leasehold land) of Rs.45 crore had been shown as an exceptional item under discontinued operations in the consolidated financial results for the previous year ended March 31, 2025. Further, in accordance with Ind AS 110 "Consolidated Financial Statement", Realsoft was deconsolidated w.e.f September 27, 2024 and Profit on de-subsidiarization of Rs 2 crore had been shown as Exceptional Items under continuing operations in the consolidated financial Statements during the previous year ended March 31, 2025.

(d) During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Corporate Debtor has provided Rs. 179 crore towards Trade receivable and the same has been classified as an Exceptional item.

**2.46.2 Relating to Discontinued Operations**

(a) The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, vide its order dated October 24, 2019 had dismissed the petition filed by the telecom operators and agreed with the interpretation of the Department of Telecommunications (DoT) to the definition of Adjusted Gross Revenue (AGR) under the license.

On September 01, 2020, the Supreme Court pronounced the judgement in the AGR matter ("SC Judgement"). It has framed various questions in respect of companies under insolvency and in respect of such questions, the Court has held that the same should be decided first by the NCLT by a reasoned order within 2 months, and that it has not gone into the merits in this decision.

The RP of the Corporate Debtor and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) had filed intervention applications before the NCLAT in the appeal filed by the DoT against the resolution plan approval orders of the Aircel companies (wherein the NCLAT was adjudicating on the questions framed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the SC Judgement). The RP had also filed written legal submissions in this regard with the NCLAT. The Hon'ble NCLAT has pronounced its judgement dated April 13, 2021 setting out its findings on the questions framed in the SC Judgement. The RP has filed appeals in respect of the Corporate Debtor and RTL against the judgement of the NCLAT before the Supreme Court. On August 2, 2021, the appeals were listed when the bench issued notice in the matter and tagged the same with Civil Appeal No 1810 of 2021 (being the appeal filed by the COC of Aircel companies) and also allowed the application seeking permission to file the civil appeal. On February 22, 2022, the Supreme Court granted a period of six weeks to the DoT to file counter affidavit. The matter was listed on May 2, 2022 wherein the SC directed the matter to be tentatively listed in the third week of July 2022. The matter was mentioned on August 5, 2022, for early listing for arguments, but the Supreme Court directed the matter to be listed after eight weeks. The matter was thereafter listed on October 11, 2022, on which date, the Supreme Court directed that the matter be listed after six weeks. Further, the Supreme Court stated that the parties were to file a common compilation post discussion with each other, and file brief written submissions within a period of six weeks. Thereafter, Justice Nazeer J retired and the matter came up for listing before a reconstituted bench comprising Justice V. Ramasubramaniam and Justice Pankaj Mittal on February 21, 2023. However, the matter was not taken up due to paucity of time and was tentatively listed on May 10, 2023. Since the matter was not reflected in the list for May 10, 2023, it was mentioned by the counsel for RP and the Bench directed listing on July 18, 2023

The matter was listed on July 18, 2023 before a bench comprising Justice Sanjiv Khanna and Justice Bela M Trivedi, and once again it was not taken up due to paucity of time. The matter was mentioned on August 4, 2023 for listing on the shortest possible date and the Bench directed listing on any Tuesday, but no specific date was allotted. The appeals were thereafter listed on September 12, 2023 but could not be heard due to paucity of time. Aircel Monitoring Committee has filed an application seeking sale of right to use spectrum subject to proceeds being kept in escrow account, which shall be subject to outcome of the Supreme Court matter. RCOM and RTL RP has also filed applications seeking similar dispensation for RCOM and RTL as well. Further, DoT was asked to file reply within two weeks to the application filed by Aircel Monitoring Committee (I.A. No. 186218/2023 in Civil Appeal No. 2263/2021) vide order dated September 18, 2023 and the DoT has accordingly filed its reply on October 9, 2023.

The appeals were mentioned before the Hon'ble Supreme Court, on July 10, 2024 and it was requested that the said appeals not be deleted from the cause list of August 02, 2024. Hon'ble Justice Khanna took note of the same and directed that the appeals may not be deleted from cause list dated August 02, 2024. However, on August 02, 2024 all matters listed were adjourned. Accordingly, the appeals were listed on August 20, 2024 before a bench comprising of comprising of J. Sanjiv Khanna and J. Sanjay Kumar. When the appeals were called out, the Bench notified the set of appeals to be listed in the week commencing from September 02, 2024 for further consideration. The Bench also remarked that the matter be listed before a Bench where one of the judges in the current bench (J. Sanjay Kumar) is not a member.

The appeals were thereafter listed before a bench comprising of Hon'ble Justice Pamidighantam Sri Narasimha and Hon'ble Justice Sandeep Mehta on September 03, 2024. On September 03, 2024, the bench was pleased to admit the captioned appeal alongside the connected appeals and list them for final hearing in the week commencing from October 14, 2024. However, the appeals did not appear in the list in the week commencing from October 14, 2024 and were thereafter listed on October 23, 2024. On October 23, 2024, the bench heard a background of the matter, and a description of key issues involved therein. The bench directed that the matter be listed before it in the week commencing from November 04, 2024. Subsequently, the newly appointed Hon'ble Chief Justice of India passed a notification dated November 16, 2024 vide which it was directed that no regular matters shall be taken up for hearing until further orders. Thus, as per the directions of the Chief Justice of India, the above appeals along with other regular matters were not being listed for hearing for some time.

Upon the recommencement of the listing of regular matters, a letter of urgency dated January 08, 2025 was filed before the Registrar, Supreme Court of India seeking urgent listing of the above appeals. On January 10, 2025, counsel for the RP apprised the Ld. Bench about the urgency in the matters and sought an early listing of the appeals. Accordingly, the matter was listed for further hearing on January 16, 2025. The appeals did not reach on January 16, 2025 and accordingly the matter was listed on January 23, 2025. On January 23, 2025, the appeals could not reach. At the time of rising of the Bench, the Bench clarified that the appeals will be rolled over to next Thursday. On January 30, 2025, the appeals could not be listed due to paucity of time. The counsel for RP mentioned the appeals and sought for the appeals to be listed high on board next Thursday. Accordingly, the Bench stated that they shall consider the request and appeals may be listed on February 06, 2025. On February 06, 2025, the bench did not preside and accordingly the matter was not heard. On February 15, 2025, a letter of urgency was filed and consequently the matter was mentioned on February 17, 2025. The mentioning was allowed and the matter was listed on February 20, 2025. However, due to paucity of time, the matter could not reach and it was rolled over to next week. Subsequently, the matter did not come up on February 27, 2025, thus, the matter was once again orally mentioned seeking urgent listing, to which Hon'ble Bench remarked that they shall consider the same. The matter was thereafter mentioned again on March 27, 2025, where the Hon'ble Bench passed an order stating that the matter would be taken up in April 2025.On April 22, 2025, it was enquired from the Registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court regarding the listing of the same, to which the Registry responded that since the matters which had been given a specific date had exceeded the allowed number of matters, the captioned appeal was not listed on Thursday's list. The matter was mentioned again before the Hon'ble Court and the request was not accommodated. Thereafter, on May 08, 2025, the appeals were mentioned and early listing was sought. Vide the order dated May 08, 2025, the appeals stood listed on July 24, 2025. However, the appeals could not be taken up on July 24, 2025 and was scheduled to be listed on July 30, 2025. The Hon'ble Supreme Court on July 30, 2025 has directed the appeals to be listed two weeks thereafter. The appeals were thereafter listed on September 25, 2025 wherein arguments in detail were commenced. Thereafter, the Supreme Court listed the appeals for 08 October 2025 for continuation of the arguments.On October 08, 2025 detailed submissions were continued by the RP counsel and SBI's counsel. Counsel for DOT sought an adjournment when it had to commence its arguments. The matter was listed for November 06, 2025 prior to which DOT counsel moved an adjournment slip on November 04, 2025 on account of unavailability of the Attorney General and the same was objected to by the RP Counsel. On November 06, 2025, the Supreme Court has directed that the matter be listed the week thereafter.The matter was thereafter listed on November 11, 2025 on which date it was heard at length and was further posted to November 12, 2025 for completion of arguments. On November 12, 2025 the matter was taken up and post completion of arguments on all sides, the same was reserved for orders. By way of judgement dated February 13, 2026, the Hon'ble Supreme Court inter-alia held that the spectrum allocated to telecom service providers and shown in their books of account as an "asset" cannot be subjected to proceedings under the Code and dismissed the appeals filed by the IRP of RCOM and RTL. Against the above order, RCOM and RTL (through the RP) and State Bank of India have filed separate review petitions which are yet to be listed.

The DoT had during the pendency of the various proceedings simultaneously directed Special Audit in relation to the computation of License fee, Spectrum fee, applicable interest and penalties thereon, which is under progress for the financial year 2015-16 onwards. In this regard, the Corporate Debtor had provided for estimated liability aggregating to Rs. 61,619 crore up to the previous year ended March 31, 2025 and has provided additional charge of Rs. 9,468 crore during the year ended March 31, 2026 and shown as exceptional items relating to discontinued operations which may undergo revision based on demands from DoT and/ or any developments in this matter.

Considering various factors including admission of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiary RTL to resolution process under the Code and the moratorium applicable under Code, discharge of the aforesaid liability will be dealt with in accordance with the Code (subject to orders in the relevant judicial proceedings).

(b) Refer Note 2.46.1 (c), related to sale of Realsoft Cyber Systems Private Limited (Realsoft), accordingly profit on sale of investments (including retirement of leasehold land) of Rs.45 crore has been shown as an exceptional item under discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements during the previous year ended March 31, 2025.

(c) The assets pertaining to Wireless Spectrum, Fibre and Media Convergence Nodes (MCNs) continued to be classified as assets held for sale at the value ascertained at March 31, 2018, along with liabilities, and disclosed separately as discontinued operations in line with Ind AS 105 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations".

In this regard it is pertinent to note that the dues pertaining to the spectrum (including entire deferred payments) have been claimed by DoT and the same have been admitted by the RP, and accordingly, the dues shall be dealt with in accordance with provisions of the IBC. In accordance with the aforesaid and admission of deferred spectrum installments as claims, the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiary RTL have not paid the installments.

**Note 2.47**

**General Reserve**

The Company has, from the year ended on March 31, 2008 onwards, combined the balances of General Reserve I, II and III and disclosed as General Reserve in Consolidated Accounts. General Reserve I and II were arising pursuant to the Schemes of demerger of 'Telecommunication Undertaking' of RIL into the Company and the Scheme of Amalgamation and Arrangement of Group Companies respectively in earlier years. General Reserve III includes the reserve arising pursuant to the Schemes of Amalgamation with RGNL.

**Note 2.48**

**Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenses**

**(a) Gross amount required to be spent by a Subsidiary during the year ₹ 58,29,300 (Previous year ₹ 41,42,521).**

One of its Subsidiary is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) for the year Under Section 135(1) of Companies Act, 2013 the CSR provisions apply to a company satisfying any of three criteria during the immediately preceding financial year: net worth of ₹ 500 crore or more, turnover of ₹ 1,000 crore or more, or net profit of ₹ 5 crore or more. Further, the spending obligation under section 135(5) is 2% of the average net profits of the preceding three financial years, computed in accordance with Section 198 of the Act. Section 198(4) mandates the deduction of interest on borrowings from gross profit. After giving effect to unprovided Cumulative interest on borrowings ₹ 176.17 crore the Subsidiary has no positive net profit and CSR spending obligation is Nil.

| Particulars | For the year ended May 31, 2026 | | For the year ended March 31, 2025 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In Cash | Yet to be paid in cash | In Cash | Yet to be paid in cash |
| **(b) Amount spent during the year on:** | | | | |
| **(i)** Construction / acquisition of any asset | - | - | - | - |
| **(ii)** On purposes other than (i) above | - | - | - | - |

**Note : 2.49**

**1 Related Parties**

As per the Ind AS 24 of "Related Party Disclosures" as referred to in the Accounting Standards Rules, disclosure of the transactions with the related parties as defined therein are given below. All transactions entered into by the Group with related parties, were in ordinary course of business and on arms' length basis.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**A List of related parties**

**Holding Company**

1 Reliance Innoventures Private Limited (up to February 6, 2019)

**Person having Significant influence during the year**

2 Shri Anil D. Ambani

**Enterprises over which individual described in Sr. No. 2 above having Significant influence**

3 Reliance Capital Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

4 Mumbai Metro One Private Limited

5 Reliance General Insurance Company Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

6 Reliance Home Finance Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

7 Reliance Infrastructure Limited

8 GF Toll Road Private Limited

9 DS Toll Road Limited

10 Reliance Defence Limited

11 Reliance Power Limited

12 BSES Kerala Power Limited

13 Sasan Power Limited

14 Reliance Cleangen Limited

15 SU Toll Road Private Limited

16 Metro One Operation Private Limited

17 Reliance ADA Group Enterprises Private Limited

18 Reliance Energy Limited

19 BSES Rajdhani Power Limited

20 Reliance Nippon Life Insurance Company Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

21 BSES Yamuna Power limited

22 Reliance Health Insurance Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

23 Reliance Defence Systems & Tech Limited

24 Rosa Power Supply Company Limited

25 Reliance Big Private Limited

26 Reliance Securities Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

27 Ralston Trading Private Limited

28 Reliance Commodities Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

29 Reliance Wealth Management Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

30 Reliance Financial Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

31 Reliance Money Services Private Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

32 Vidarbha Industries Power Limited (Ceased w.e.f Sept. 19. 2024)

33 Unlimit IOT Private Limited

34 Reliance Transport & Travels Private Limited

35 Reliance Money Precious Metals Private Limited (upto March 19, 2025)

36 Delhi Airport Metro Express Private Limited

37 NK Toll Road Limited

38 TD Toll Road Private Limited

39 Reliance Coal Resources Private Limited

40 Dhirubhai Ambani Green Tech Park Limited (Formerly known as coastal Andhra Power Limited

41 RCASL Corporate Advisory Services Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Corporate Advisory Services Limited)

42 Reliance Big Broadcasting Private Limited

43 Reliance Big Entertainment Private limited

44 Reliance Communications Enterprises Private Limited (Amalgamated with Reliance Interactive Advisors Private Limied)

**Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)**

45 Shri Srinivasan Gopalan Chief Financial Officer w.e.f. February 3, 2024

46 Shri Rakesh Gupta- Company Secretary and Manager (Manager w.e.f. February 03, 2024)

**Employee Benefits Trust**

47 Reliance Infocomm Limited Employees Provident Fund

48 Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited Employees Provident Fund

49 Reliance Telecom Limited Employees Provident Fund

50 Reliance Infocomm Limited Employees Superannuation Scheme

51 Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited Employees Superannuation Scheme

52 Reliance Telecom Ltd Employees Superannuation Scheme

53 Chemical and Fiber of India Limited Provident Fund

54 Reliance Infocomm Limited Employees Gratuity Fund

55 Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited Employees Gratuity Fund

56 Reliance Telecom Limited Employees Gratuity Fund

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**B Transactions during the year with related parties**

(Figures in bracket represent Previous year)

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | Enterprises over which person having significant influence | Employee Benefits Trust/ KMP/ Others | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **(i)** | **Trade Receivable** | **3** | **-** | **3** |
| | | (8) | (-) | (8) |
| **(ii)** | **Advances given/ Deposit** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| | | (1) | (-) | (1) |
| **(iii)** | **Other Current Assets** | **5** | **-** | **5** |
| | | (7) | (-) | (7) |
| **(iv)** | **Trade Payable** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| | | (10) | (-) | (10) |
| **(v)** | **Borrowings - Current** | **3,607** | **-** | **3,607** |
| | | (3,607) | (-) | (3,607) |
| **(vii)** | **Income** | | | - |
| | Service Income | **1** | - | 1 |
| | | (1) | - | (1) |
| **(viii)** | **Person having significant influence during the year** | | | |
| | Shri Anil D. Ambani - Sitting fees | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| | Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil) | (-) | (-) | (-) |
| **(ix)** | **Key Managerial Personnel** | | | |
| | Managerial Remuneration | | | |
| | Shri. Srinivasan Gopalan ₹ 49,47,192 (Previous year ₹ 49,70,948) | - | - | - |
| | Shri. Rakesh Gupta ₹ 39,72,345 (Previous year ₹ 41,85,434) | - | - | - |

Amount in ₹

| | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Salaries and other benefits | **83,73,508** | 87,66,009 |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans | **5,46,029** | 3,90,373 |
| **Total** | **89,19,537** | 91,56,382 |

Some of the key management personnel of the Company are also covered under the Group Gratuity Plan along with the other employees of the Company. Proportionate amounts of gratuity accrued under the Company's Gratuity Plan have not been separately included in the above disclosure.

**Note : 2.50**

**Employee Stock Option Scheme**

The Group was operating two Employee Stock Option Plans; ESOS Plan 2008 and ESOS Plan 2009, which cover eligible employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries. ESOS Plan 2008 was operational till March 31, 2017 whereas ESOS Plan 2009 was operational till January 16, 2019 in the earlier year. ESOS Plans are administered through an ESOS Trust. The Vesting of the options was on the expiry of one year from the date of Grant as per Plan under the respective ESOS(s). In respect of Options granted, the accounting value of Options (based on market price of the share on the date of the grant of the option) was accounted as deferred employee compensation, which was amortised on a straight line basis over the Vesting Period. Each Option entitles the holder thereof to apply for and be allotted/ transferred one Equity Share of the Company of ₹ 5 each upon payment of the Exercise Price during the Exercise Period. The maximum Exercise Period was 10 years from the date of Grant of Options.

The Group has established a Trust for the implementation and management of ESOS for the benefit of its present and future employees. Advance of ₹ 387 crore (Previous year ₹ 387 crore) has been granted to the Trust and the said amount has been utilised by the Trust for purchasing ₹ 2.13 crore ( Previous year ₹ 2.13 crore ) Equity Shares during the earlier years. The fall in the value of these underlying shares on account of market volatility and the loss, if any, can be determined upon sale of shares by Trust.

There is no options outstanding at the end of the year and no remaining contractual life available.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 2.51**

**Employee Benefits**

The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (Gratuity Act). The Group is bound to pay the statutory minimum gratuity as prescribed under Gratuity Act. There are no minimum funding requirements for a gratuity plan in India. The Group's philosophy is to fund the benefits based on its own liquidity and tax position as well as level of underfunding of the plan vis-à-vis settlements. The management is responsible for the overall governance of the plan. The management has outsourced the investment management of the fund to insurance company which in turn manages these funds as per the mandate provided to them by the trustees and applicable insurance and other regulations.

The Group operates its gratuity and superannuation plans through separate trusts which is administered and managed by the Trustees. As on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the contributions towards the plans have been invested in Insurer Managed Funds.

The plan is in the nature of defined benefit plan which is sponsored by the Group and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, there is a risk for the Group that any significant change in salary growth or demographic experience or inadequate returns on underlying plan assets can result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future.

The defined benefit plan exposes the Group to actuarial risk such as logentivity risk. interest risk and market (Investment) risk. The following table set out the status of the Gratuity Plan as required under Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits":

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **(i)** | **Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation** | | |
| | Obligation at beginning of the year | **4** | 5 |
| | Service cost ₹ 37,84,333) (Previous Year ₹43,38,074) | **-** | - |
| | Interest cost ₹ 36,34,552 (previous year ₹ 38,27,548) | **-** | - |
| | Past Service cost including Curtailment gain/ (loss) | **3** | - |
| | Actuarial (gain)/ loss recognised in other comprehensive income ₹ 32,87,371 (Previous year ₹ 6,74,497) | **-** | - |
| | Benefits paid | **(2)** | (1) |
| | Liabilities Extinguished on De-subsidiarisation | **-** | - |
| | **Obligation at year end** | **5** | 4 |
| | Defined benefit obligation liability is wholly funded by the Company | | |
| **(ii)** | **Change in plan assets** | | |
| | Plan assets at beginning of the year, at fair value | **13** | 13 |
| | Expected return on plan assets ₹ 39,33,369 | **-** | 1 |
| | Contributions ₹ 16,88,830 | **-** | - |
| | Benefits paid from the fund | **(2)** | (1) |
| | Assets distributed on settlement | **-** | - |
| | **Plan assets at year end, at fair value** | **11** | 13 |
| **(iii)** | **Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets** | | |
| | Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year | **11** | 13 |
| | Present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the year | **5** | 4 |
| | Liability / (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet | **(6)** | (9) |
| **(iv)** | **Expense recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss** | | |
| | Service cost (previous year ₹ 43,38,074) | **3** | - |
| | Interest cost ₹ 36,34,552 (previous year ₹ 38,27,548) | **-** | - |
| | **Total** | **3** | 1 |
| **(v)** | **Amount recognised in other comprehensive income** | | |
| | Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in other comprehensive income ₹ 32,87,371 (Previous Year ₹ 7,15,497) | **-** | - |
| | Expected return on plan assets (₹ 47,69,680) (Previous Year ₹ 2,41,000) (₹ 14,82,309) (Previous Year ₹ 9,56,497) | **-** | - |
| | **Total** | **-** | - |
| **(vi)** | **Experience adjustment** | **-** | - |
| | On Plan Liabilities (Gain)/Loss | **-** | - |
| | On Plan Assets Gain / (Loss) | **-** | - |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| | Particulars | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|---|
| **(vii)** | **Investment details of plan assets** | | |
| | 100% of the plan assets are invested in balanced Fund Instruments | | |
| **(viii)** | **Actual return on plan assets ₹ 39,33,369** (previous year ₹ 2,59,765) | **-** | - |
| **(ix)** | **Assumptions** | | |
| | Interest rate | **6.53%** | 7.10% |
| | Estimated return on plan assets | **6.53%** | 7.10% |
| | Salary Growth rate | **Nil** | Nil |
| | Employee Turnover Rate | **33% for all age group** | 33% for all age group |

Mortality in Retirement: LIC Buy-out Annuity Rates & UK Published PA (90) Annuity Rates suitably adjusted for Indian Lives. The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market.

**(x) Particulars of the amounts for the year and previous years**

| | Gratuity As at March 31, | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **2026** | 2025 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Present Value of benefit obligation | **5** | 4 | (6) | 7 | 13 |
| Fair value of plan assets | **11** | 13 | 13 | 13 | 15 |
| Excess of (obligation over plan assets) / plan assets over obligation | **(6)** | (9) | (8) | (6) | 2 |

The expected contribution is based on the same assumptions used to measure the Group's gratuity obligations as of March 31, 2026.

**ii. Sensitivity analysis**

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

(₹ in crore)

| | As at March 31, 2026 | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Discount rate (+1% movement) | **(0.01)** | (0.10) |
| Discount rate (-1% movement) | **0.01** | 0.10 |
| Future salary growth (+1% movement) | **0.03** | 0.10 |
| Future salary growth (-1% movement) | **(0.03)** | (0.10) |
| Employee Turnover (+ 1% movement) [amount in ₹ (NIL) (Previous year ₹ NIL] | **-** | - |
| Employee Turnover (- 1% movement) [amount in ₹ (NIL) (Previous year ₹ NIL] | **-** | - |

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown. In the current year, as valuation has been done on Nil Salary increment so Sensitivity on Future Salary increment has not given

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**(xi) Maturity analysis defined benefit plan (fund)**

(₹ in crore)

| Project benefit payable in future from the date of reporting | **Amount** | Amount |
|---|---|---|
| 1st following year | **3** | 2 |
| 2nd following year | **2** | 1 |
| 3rd following year | **1** | 1 |
| 4th following year (Previous Year ₹ 49,86,679) | **1** | - |
| 5th following year [₹ 28,46,467 (Previous year ₹ 32,78,007)] | **-** | - |
| 6th following year [₹ 17,69,096 (Previous year ₹ 16,64,007)] | **-** | - |
| 6 years onwards [ ₹ 29,53,514 (Previous year ₹ 28,43,967)] | **-** | - |

**Provident Fund:** During the earlier year, the Group has received a notice from the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner (RPFC) to surrender the Provident fund Trust due to losses in consecutive past four years. Accordingly, the Group has initiated the process to surrender the Trust and started making payment of monthly contribution directly to RPFC. During the year ended, the Group has contributed towards provident fund ₹ 1 crore (Previous year ₹ 1crore) to the RPFC. The Company is in the process to transfer the accumulated funds to RPFC after completion of inspection/ audit by RPFC hence any liability towards the short fall on sale of securities, if any, will be recognised at the time of transfer of funds.

**Note : 2.52**

**Capital Management**

Capital of the Group, for the purpose of capital management, includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The Group's objective when managing the capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company and its four subsidiaries is presently under CIRP process and thereby continue to operate as a going concern.

The funding requirement is met through a mixture of equity, internal accruals, long term borrowings and short term borrowings.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt.

(₹ in crore)

| **Particulars** | **As at March 31, 2026** | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| (a) Equity | **(1,02,565)** | (91,490) |
| (b) Debt | **47,212** | 47,216 |
| (c) Equity and Debt ( a + b ) | **(55,353)** | (44,274) |
| (d) Capital Gearing Ratio ( b / c ) | **(85.29%)** | (107%) |

Increase in Capital gearing ratio reflects reduction in equity on account of net losses incurred by the Company due to Loss on de-subsidiarisation and Provision of Liability on account of License & Spectrum fee during the year.

**Note : 2.53**

**Post Reporting Events**

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and the date of authorisation.

**Note : 2.54**

**Discontinued Operations:**

Financial Performance of discontinued operations forming part of India Operations is presented hereunder:

(₹ in crore)

| **Particulars** | **For the year ended March 31, 2026** | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| **Income** | | |
| Revenue from Operations | **1** | 1 |
| Other Income | **26** | 20 |
| **Total Income** | **27** | 21 |
| **Expenses** | | |

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(₹ in crore)

| Particulars | For the year ended March 31, 2026 | For the year ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|---|---|
| Access Charges, License Fee and Network Expenses | **6** | 6 |
| Employee Benefit Expenses | **-** | 1 |
| Finance Costs | **1,151** | 1,054 |
| Depreciation, Impairment and Amortisation | **-** | 1 |
| Sales and General Admin Expenses | **32** | 10 |
| **Total Expenses** | **1,189** | 1,072 |
| **Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax from discontinued operations** | **(1,162)** | (1,051) |
| **Cashflow from discontinued operations** | | |
| - Operating activities | **(38)** | (2,031) |
| - Investing activities | **47** | 21 |
| - Financing activities | **-** | - |

**Note : 2.55**

**Non Provision of Interest and Foreign Exchange Variation on Borrowings**

Considering various factors including admission of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries; RTL and RCIL to CIRP under the Code, there are various claims submitted by the operational creditors, the financial creditors, employees and other creditors. The overall obligations and liabilities including obligation for interest on loans and the principal rupee amount in respect of loans including foreigncurrency denominated loans shall be determined during the CIRP and accounting impact, if any, will be given on completion of CIRP and implementation of the approved resolution plan.

Further, prior to May 15, 2018, the Corporate Debtor and its said subsidiaries were under Strategic Debt Restructuring (SDR) and asset monetization and debt resolution plan were being worked out. The Corporate Debtor and some of its subsidiaries have not provided Interest of ₹ 5,912 crore calculated based on basic rate of interest as per terms of loan for the year ended March 31, 2026 and foreign exchange (gain)/loss aggregating to ₹ 2,081 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026. Had the Group provided Interest and foreign exchange variation, the Loss would have been higher by ₹ 7,993 crore for the year ended March 31, 2026 and Net Worth of the Group as on March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025 would have been lower by ₹ 47,748 crore and ₹ 39,755 crore respectively. During the earlier years, Interest of ₹ 35,241 crore and foreign exchange loss (net) aggregating to ₹ 4,514 crore were not provided.

**Note : 2.56**

**Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".**

Continued Operations Revenue for the year from sale of services includes ₹ 346 crore pertains to revenue from contract with customers recognised over a period of time. The Group has not given any volume discounts, service level credits, etc during the year. The revenue is further disaggregated as Revenue pertains to India Operations ₹ 345 crore and Global Operation ₹ 1 crore.

Discontinued Operations Revenue for the year from sale of services includes ₹ NIL pertains to revenue from contract with customers recognised over a period of time. The Group has not given any volume discounts, service level credits, etc during the year. The revenue is no further disaggregated.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115. Accordingly, the Group has not disclosed the aggregate transaction price allocated to pending performance obligations which are subject to variability due to several factors such as terminations, changes in scope of contracts, periodic revalidations of the estimates, economic factors (changes in currency rates, tax laws etc). No consideration from contracts with customers is excluded from the amount mentioned above.

The Group classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue if revenues is accrued. Receivable and unbilled revenue are a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Receivable is presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet. Unbilled revenue as at April 1, 2025, was ₹ 6 crore and it was billed during the year. Unbilled Revenue as at March 31, 2026 is ₹ 6 crore.

Unearned revenue with regards to continued operation and discontinued operations at March 31, 2026 is ₹ 105 crore and ₹ 11 crore respectively.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 2.57**

**Additional Regulatory Information**

**1) Immovable Property whose title deeds are not held in name of the Group**

| Relevant line item in the Balance sheet | Description of item of Property | Gross carrying value (₹ in crore) | Title deeds held in the name of | Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director | Property held since which date | Reason for not being held in the name of the company |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Leasehold Land | 14 Nos. MCN and IS | 12 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited & Reliance Telecom Limited | No | 01.04.2006 | Transfer under court approved scheme |
| Freehold Land | 359 Nos. MCN and IS and SAX and Others | 133 | | No | 01.04.2006 | |
| Buildings | 376 Nos. MCN and IS and SAX and Others | 245 | | No | 01.04.2006 | |

**2) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) (including assets Held For Sale)**

(a) Ageing Schedule is given below:

(₹ in crore)

| CWIP | Amount in CWIP for a period of | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Projects in progress | – | – | – | – | – |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) |
| Projects temporarily suspended | **-** | **-** | **-** | **235** | **235** |
| (Previous years) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (235) | (235) |

(b) The Group does not have any capital work-in-progress, whose completion is overdue except project temporarily suspended shown above under ageing intangible assets under development or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan (Refer Note 2.01, 2.17 & 2.39).

**3) Intangible assets under development (including assets Held For Sale)**

(a) Ageing Schedule is given below:

(₹ in crore)

| Intangible Assets under development | Amount in IUD for a period of | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Less than 1 Year | 1-2 years | 2-3 years | More than 3 Years | Total |
| Projects in progress | – | – | – | – | – |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) | (-) |
| Projects temporarily suspended | **-** | **-** | **-** | **922** | **922** |
| | (-) | (-) | (-) | (922) | (922) |

(b) The Group does not have any intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue except project temporarily suspended shown above under ageing intangible assets under development or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan (Refer Note 2.17 & 2.39).

**4) Relationship with Struck off Companies**

Balance Outstanding with Companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013, or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 are as follows:

| Name of struck off company | Nature of transactions with struck-off Company | Balance outstanding (₹ In cr) | Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed |
|---|---|---|---|
| Telspin Projects Pvt Ltd | Receivables | 1 | External Customer |
| ESPN Software India Pvt Ltd | Receivables | 0.02 | External Customer |
| TNS India Pvt Ltd | Receivables | 0.0014 | External Customer |

The Group has provided for, the entire receivable from the above party.

**5) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)**

The Company is yet to create a charge on a loan given to a subsidiary during the earlier year amounting to ₹ 27 crore.

**6) Compliance with number of layers of companies**

The Group has complied with the number of layers of subsidiary companies as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

**7) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:**

During the year, there is no fresh borrowings and Share premium by the Group.

**8)** During the year, the Group has not surrendered or disclosed any income, previously unrecorded in the books of account as income, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

**9)** During the year, the Group has not received as well as given advances (excluding transactions in the normal course of business) or loans or invested funds or provided any guarantee, security or the like from/ to any other person(s) or entity(ies), directly or indirectly, including any foreign entity(ies).

**Note : 2.58**

**Consolidated Segment Information:**

The Group has identified and disclosed segment information, as "India Operations" and "Global Operations". The segment has been identified and reported taking into account its internal financial reporting, performance evaluation and organisational structure by geographical locations of its operations, where its service rendering activities are based. The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in line with the accounting policy of the Group with following additional policies for segment reporting.

( a ) Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

( b ) Segment assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities in respective segments. Tax related assets and other assets and liabilities that cannot be allocated to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".

**Segment Information**

( ₹ in crore )

| Particulars | India* Operations | Global Operations | Unallocable | Eliminations | Total |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Segment Revenue** | | | | | |
| External Revenue | **345** | **1** | **-** | **-** | **346** |
| | 386 | 5 | - | - | 391 |
| **Inter Segment Revenue** | **-** | **3** | **-** | **(3)** | **-** |
| | - | 3 | - | (3) | - |
| **Total** | **345** | **4** | **-** | **(3)** | **346** |
| | 386 | 8 | - | (3) | 391 |
| **Segment Result before Exceptional and non recurring items, taxes** | **(264)** | **(5)** | **-** | **-** | **(270)** |
| | (78) | (17) | - | - | (95) |
| Less: Finance Expenses | **-** | **-** | **44** | **-** | **44** |
| | - | - | 46 | - | 46 |
| Less : Exceptional Item - Profit / (Loss) | **-** | **-** | **(179)** | **-** | **(179)** |
| | - | - | (41) | - | (41) |
| **Segment Result after Exceptional and non recurring items before taxes** | **(264)** | **(5)** | **(223)** | **-** | **(493)** |
| | (78) | (17) | (87) | - | (182) |
| Less: Provision for Taxation | **-** | **-** | **6** | **-** | **6** |
| | - | - | (4) | - | (4) |
| Less: Share of Profit/(Loss) of Associates (previous year (₹ 13,97,438)) | **-** | **-** | **3** | **-** | **3** |
| | - | - | - | - | - |
| **Segment Result after Tax** | **(264)** | **(5)** | **(226)** | **-** | **(495)** |
| | (78) | (17) | (91) | - | (186) |
| **Total Profit/(Loss) before Tax from Discontinued Operation** | **(10,630)** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **(10,630)** |
| | (9,203) | - | - | - | (9,203) |
| **Other Information** | | | | | |
| Segment Assets | **36,661** | **849** | **563** | **(1,735)** | **36,338** |
| | 35,407 | 2,133 | 558 | (1,673) | 36,425 |
| Segment Liabilities | **1,38,938** | **1,475** | **238** | **(1,743)** | **1,38,909** |
| | 1,27,925 | 1,436 | 238 | (1,679) | 1,27,920 |
| Capital Expenditure | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** | **-** |
| | - | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation | **111** | **-** | | **-** | **111** |
| | 117 | - | | - | 117 |

(Figures relating to current period are reflected in Bold, relating to previous year are reflected in italic.)

***Indian Operations includes assets held for sale**

(c) The reportable Segments are further described below:

- The India Operations includes operations of the Company and its subsidiaries in India.
- The Global Operations includes the retail operations outside India of Reliance Communications Inc, Reliance Communications International Inc., Reliance Communications Canada Inc.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 2.59**

**Note on Disqualification of Directors**

During the earlier year, Shri Anil D Ambani, Smt. Manjari Kacker, Smt. Ryna Karani, Smt. Chhaya Virani and Shri Suresh Rangachar, Directors tendered their resignation as Directors of the Company, however the Committee of Creditors of the Company ("CoC"), in its meeting held on 20th November, 2019 refused to accept the resignations tendered by above mentioned directors and instructed the Resolution Professional to convey to the directors to continue with their duties and responsibilities as directors and provide all cooperation in the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process, at least until the completion of the corporate insolvency resolution process of the Company. In light of the above, it was duly communicated to the aforesaid directors of the Company that their resignations have not been accepted and they were advised to continue to perform their duties and responsibilities as the directors of the Company and provide all cooperation to Resolution Professional in the corporate insolvency resolution process. Accordingly, Shri Anil D Ambani, and Shri Suresh Rangachar continues to reflect in the composition of the board of directors and the respective committees of the Company. Due to above mentioned events, the Company has not received annual disclosures as required under section 164(2) and Section 184(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 from Shri Anil D Ambani, and Shri Suresh Rangachar, Directors of the Company.

Independent Directors of the Company, Smt Ryna Karani (DIN: 00116930), Smt Chhaya Virani (DIN: 06953556), and Smt Manjari Kacker (DIN: 06945359) (Resigning Directors), resigned via resignation letters dated November 14, 2019, November 15, 2019, and November 15, 2019, respectively. However, the Committee of Creditors of the Company, at its 11th meeting held on November 20, 2019, did not accept the resignations of the Resigning Directors. As the tenure of the Resigning Independent Directors ended on September 17, 2023, the Committee of Creditors of the Company, at its 56th meeting held on February 14, 2025, noted the same. The effective date of cessation of directorship of these directors is taken as February 14, 2025.

During the year and subsequent to the year ended March 31,2026, Directors of the Corporate Debtor have resigned. Also during the year ended March 31,2026, one of the Director of its Subsidiaries has resigned. The agenda in relation to appointment of additional directors in the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries (as applicable) in order to meet the minimum statutory requirement of directors as prescribed in terms of the Companies Act, 2013, has been put up for approval before the committee of creditors of the Corporate Debtor as well as its subsidiary companies (as applicable) as required in terms of the provisions of the Code, and is pending requisite approvals to be discussed and sought in the forthcoming meetings of the CoC.

As per legal opinion obtained by the Group, none of the Directors were disqualified under section 164(2) of the Companies Act 2013 for default in payment of interest and principal of debentures.

**Note : 2.60**

During an earlier year, RRL had entered into a Development agreement with Reliance Globalcom Limited (RGL) for completion of Internet Data Centre 5 (IDC 5) building and paid ₹ 25.45 crore to RGL for completion of construction of IDC 5 building which has been reflected as Capital Advance under other non current assets in the consolidated financial statements, pending verification of invoices and work completion certification.

**Note : 2.61**

During an earlier year, RRL had issued, on behalf of Holding Company, Corporate Guarantee of ₹ 1,400 Crore in favour of Department of Telecommunications (DoT). As trading of spectrum did not fructify, the applications seeking permission of DoT to trade the spectrum was withdrawn. Subsequently, as advised, RCOM sought to withdraw its petition pending before TDSAT which was also consented by the counsel appearing for DoT as the matter had become infructous. Accordingly,TDSAT on the basis of the joint submissions made by the counsels of both RCOM and DoT, vide its order passed on 07.01.2022 disposed off the petition. Therefore, nothing remains pending and no undertaking / corporate guarantee survives.

**Note : 2.62**

During an earlier year, Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporate Debtor had written to Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Mumbai branch ("ICBC") requesting for balance confirmation of ₹ 32.79 crore and transfer of the entire amount lying in fixed deposit account including all interest monies accruing thereon up to the date of remittance to the designated TRA account of RCIL. The Auditors and RCIL have not received confirmation from ICBC. An application bearing IA no. 1943 of 2020 had been filed before NCLT against ICBC seeking removal of lien marked by it over the fixed deposit of RCIL (being ₹ 31 crore as on September 30, 2019) and release of amount. The said matter was last listed on October 17, 2023 and thereafter the said application has been allowed vide order passed by the NCLT Mumbai dated January 2, 2024 ("Impugned Order"). An appeal was filed by ICBC assailing the Impugned Order. The Appellant also filed an application for stay of the Impugned Order. The parties filed their judgement compilation and matter was listed on April 29, 2025 before the Hon'ble NCLAT for arguments. On April 29, 2025, the Bench did not preside and the matter was re-notified to April 30, 2025. On April 30, 2025, the matter could not be heard owing to paucity of time and was listed on May 22, 2025. On May 22, 2025, the Bench extensively heard arguments and stated that the matter would be listed for further arguments on a further date. The matter was listed on August 7, 2025, wherein the Bench was pleased to reserve the matter for orders and has directed parties to file written submissions within a period of one week. By way of order dated September 26, 2025, the NCLAT in Company Appeal AT No. 69 of 2025 has dismissed ICBC's appeal and directed ICBC to lift/ release/ remove the lien marked on the FD of ₹ 27.60 crore. After multiple requests, ICBC has remitted the amount in the account of the RCIL on January 17, 2026.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

**Note : 2.63**

During an earlier year, the RRL has entered into a Long Term Lease agreement with a Customer for two buildings named Corporate Head Quarters (CHQ) and Business Head Quarters situated within the complex of Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City (DAKC) for the period from July 2019 to March 2041. The said Lease Agreement has been discounted @10% per annum and received ₹ 461.74 crore. Further, Monthly Lease Rental receivables have been assigned against payment of installment due on discounting. Equated Monthly Installment of ₹ 4.50 crore will be adjusted first towards the interest computed at the rate of 10% per annum on the principle amount outstanding and balance will be adjusted towards principle repayment upto March 2041.

**Note : 2.64**

The Corporate Debtor has been served with copies of writ petitions filed by Mr. Punit Garg and certain others, being directors of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi, challenging the provisions of the RBI Master Directions on Frauds- Classification and Reporting by commercial banks and select FIs bearing No. RBI/ DBS/ 2016-17/ 28 DBS. CO. CFMC. BC. No. 1/ 23.04.001/ 2016-17 dated July 1, 2016 ("Circular") and the declaration by certain banks classifying the loan accounts of the Company, Reliance Infratel Limited ("RITL") and Reliance Telecom Limited ("RTL") being fraudulent in terms of the Circular. RITL's implementation of resolution plan has been completed and RITL has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f December 22, 2022.

On 12 May 2023, the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in light of the judgment dated March 27 2023 in SBI vs. Rajesh Agarwal [2023 SCC OnLine SC 342] has disposed of the said petitions filed by Mr. Punit Garg, setting aside the actions taken against the petitioners under the Circular on Fraud. The Supreme Court has held that since the Circular does not expressly provide an opportunity of hearing to the borrowers before classifying their account as fraud, audi alteram partem has to be read into the provisions of the directions to save them from the vice of arbitrariness.

It has further been made clear vide the Delhi High Court order, that if any FIR has been lodged, proceedings proceeded thereto will remain unaffected by the said order and that it will be open to concerned banks to proceed in accordance with law in light of the judgement of the Supreme Court.

Further, Mr. Punit Garg has filed another writ petition in Delhi High Court challenging the order of IFCI declaring his account as fraud under the Circular. The matter was last listed on November 14, 2024, however due to unavailability of the Bench, the matter was re-notified to April 8, 2025. On April 8, 2025, the matter could not be taken up and was renotified to September 15, 2025. On September 15, 2025, the matter could not be taken up and has been renotified to February 02, 2026.On February 02, 2026, the counsel for Mr. Garg sought an adjournment on grounds of his arrest by the Enforcement Directorate and no instructions having been received from him. The matter is adjourned to July 27, 2026.

**Note : 2.65**

During the earlier years, certain banks had issued show cause notices to the Corporate Debtor, certain subsidiaries and certain directors seeking reasons as to why the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries should not be classified as willful defaulter. Also during the earlier year, in the current year ended March 31, 2026, certain banks have served notice seeking explanation as to why the account of the Corporate Debtor and the subsidiary company RTL and RCIL should not be declared as fraud in terms of applicable Reserve Bank of India (RBI) regulations. During the earlier year, in the current year ended March 31, 2026 and subsequent to year ended March 31, 2026, the Corporate Debtor and RTL have received intimation of order passed by willful defaulter identification committee of certain banks for inclusion of name of RCOM, RTL and its directors / guarantors etc. in credit information companies (CiCs) list of willful defaulters and seeking representation against the said order. Further, during the previousyear, one of the banks has declared RTL as a willful defaulter.During the earlieryear,in the current year ended March 31, 2026 and subsequent to year ended March 31, 2026, certain bankshave served a letter intimating that the bank has classified the account of the Corporate Debtor and RTL as fraud as per the applicable RBI regulations. The Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries have been responding to said show cause notices and intimations, from time to time. The Corporate Debtor in its response has highlighted that the proceedings and the classification of the Corporate Debtor as a willful defaulter is barred during the prevailing moratorium under section 14 of the Code and protection is available in terms of section 32A of the Code and asserting that accordingly, no action can be said to lie against the Corporate Debtor for classification as fraud and requested the banks to withdraw the notices. Further, certain banks had issued notices seeking personal hearing by the authorized representative of the Corporate Debtor and its subsidiaries in respect of the aforesaid matter. Hearings were attended to and necessary submissions were made in accordance with the submissions made earlier in the responses to the show cause notices.

Further, the Corporate Debtor and Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL) has received a letter dated August 7, 2023 from one of the banks, vide which the bank has indicated, inter alia, that it has received a forensic audit report dated October 15, 2020 of M/s BDO India LLP wherein certain 'irregularities / anomalies / commissions / omissions' have been pointed out by the forensic auditor. The said letter and report were accordingly tabled at the meeting of the Directors on August 12, 2023. In respect of the same, the bank has sought the views, inter alia, of the erstwhile management of the Corporate Debtor on the said report. The management had expressed that management views had not been sought prior to the issuance of the report. Further to receipt of a copy of the filings made before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in the aforesaid matter, the Corporate Debtor and RTL had provided information to the forensic auditor during the period from March 2021 to November 2021 and it is not yet ascertained if the report incorporates and has considered such information. RP however has maintained that the Corporate Debtor and RTL is undergoing corporate insolvency

resolution process in terms of the Code and the forensic audit report prima facie appears to pertain to the period prior to the corporate insolvency resolution process, the Corporate Debtor and RTL has already responded to the letter that the proceedings and the classification of the Corporate Debtor and RTL as a fraud is barred during the prevailing moratorium under Section 14 of the Code and protection is available in terms of Section 32A of the Code and accordingly, no action should lie against the Corporate Debtor and RTL for classification as fraud and notice against the Corporate Debtor should be withdrawn and the RP, Corporate Debtor and RTL shall have a limited responsibility to only share any information sought from it.

Similar to the letter received on August 7, 2023, Corporate Debtor has also received another letter dated May 7, 2024 from another bank, where the bank has indicated, that with respect to the loan account of the Corporate Debtor, it has conducted forensic audit wherein element of fraud is identifiable and before coming to final conclusion basis the forensic audit report dated October 15, 2020, the bank has sought the Corporate Debtor's representation as to why the Corporate Debtor's account should not be classified as 'fraud' in terms of the 'Master Directions on Frauds – Classification and Reporting by Commercial Banks and Select FIs' dated July 1, 2016 issued by Reserve Bank of India. On receipt of the said letter, while the Corporate Debtor has made necessary disclosures to the relevant stock exchange in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Corporate Debtor has also issued a response to the letter dated May 7, 2024 maintaining a similar stance (as against the letter dated August 7, 2023)inter alia citing that the Corporate Debtor is undergoing corporate insolvency resolution process in terms of the Code and the forensic audit report prima facie appears to pertain to the period prior to the corporate insolvency resolution process and hence any classification of the loan accounts of the Corporate Debtor as a fraud is barred during the prevailing moratorium under Section 14 of the Code and protection is available in terms of Section 32A of the Code and accordingly, no action should lie against the Corporate Debtor for classification as fraud and notice against the Corporate Debtor should be withdrawn. Currently, there is no impact of such notices/letter issued from banks, in the consolidated financial statements.

**Note : 2.66**

During the earlier year, on October 16, 2023, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India has pronounced a judgement regarding the treatment of AGR paid to DOT since July 1999, as capital in nature and not revenue expenditure for the purpose of computation of taxable income in a matter to which the Company is not a party. The Company has applied for renewal of its license as stated in Note 2.39 above. The terms of renewed license regime are different from those of the licenses dealt with in the aforesaid judgement. Further, there have been no disallowances in earlier years, by the tax authorities, on the AGR payments claimed by the Company as revenue expenditure in its tax filings. In the absence of any claim by the tax authorities against the Company and/ or directions or clarifications from the income tax department in this regard, no adjustments have been made to these consolidated financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2026.

**Note : 2.67 Audit Trail**

The Group and an associates uses the accounting software SAP and other peripheral applications for maintaining books of accounts which has features of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that the Group and certain subsidiaries has not enabled/maintained the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) at the database level throughout the year for SAP, ICARE and Interconnect application as audit logs for certain periods were not available/ retrievable due to backup restoration issues. Further, where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated, the audit trail feature has not been tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Group and an associates as per the statutory requirements for record retention, except in case of Parent Company and certain subsidiaries for ICARE application log enabled from January 2024, Single View database log enabled from August 2024 and SAP database (partially) enabled from June 2024 and certain audit logs for earlier periods were either not available or not retrievable.

**Note : 2.68**

Bonn Investment Inc. ("Bonn"), a US entity and a subsidiary of Reliance Infocomm Inc. ("RII"), USA, a step-down subsidiary of RCOM, held an apartment at 400 W 12$^{th}$ Street #4EF New York, NY 10014 ("Property"). During the previous year, in August 2023, the director of Bonn, sold the Property to a third party, without any authorization from or intimation to its shareholders (including RCOM) for a value of USD 8.34 million. The Resolution Professional noted this transaction in the financial statements of Bonn for the period ended September 30, 2023 received from the director for consolidation purposes. Further, on April 23, 2024, through the auditor of Bonn, the Resolution Professional and Company were made aware of an investment agreement between Bonn and AZCO Realty, UAE. It is observed that vide said investment agreement, Bonn (through its director) agreed to invest USD 25 million in AZCO Realty ("AZCO") and Bonn has already made investment of USD 8.2 million from the sale proceeds of the Property, which is reflected as Advance towards other Investment (1$^{st}$ Tranche). As per the terms of agreement, Bonn has agreed to invest remaining amount before May 26, 2024 with AZCO. The Agreement further states that, if Bonn fails to remit the remaining amount to AZCO on or before May 26, 2024, the investment agreement shall be automatically nullified and Bonn shall have no rights to claim back the amount already invested, i.e. USD 8.2 million, which is part of the sale proceeds of the Property. This entire transaction did not have approval from the shareholders (including RCOM). The Company sent a notice to the director seeking clarification regarding the same but has not received any credible explanation so far. Accordingly, and in view of the above unauthorized and potentially fraudulent actions, the Company has removed the said director from the directorship of all US subsidiaries of RCOM including Bonn on August 21, 2024 and has appointed a new director in her place on the same date (as applicable).

The new Director was interacting with the removed director and asked questions on the transactions directly/through counsel, but the response from removed director remains elusive. Further, Bonn (through the newly appointed director) has been in the process of examining the legal remedies for the actions taken by the said erstwhile director as well as for recovery of the advance against investment given to AZCO.As the director of Bonn is hopeful about the recovery of the advance against investment given to AZCO, no provision has been made in financial statements. Furthermore, Bonn (through the newly appointed director) had also commissioned a digital analysis of the various email correspondence exchanged by the erstwhile director of Bonn, with the erstwhile director / erstwhile management of the Company, to further investigate the unauthorised and potentially fraudulent sale and investment transaction undertaken by the erstwhile director of Bonn (including the circumstances / motive behind the same) as well as to ascertain the role of any other individuals involved in the matter. The final report in this regard has been received and the entire report was examined by the relevant stakeholders and their advisors, for any further action to be taken pursuant to the findings in the report. In particular, this report highlighted the involvement of a director of RCOM (powers suspended) in authorizing the sale of the said Property. Basis the same, RP has issued an email communication dated February 6, 2025 to the said director of RCOM, seeking his response on his involvement in the above potentially fraudulent transaction. On February 14, 2025, the director vide his email denied the allegations without providing any further justification. On February 21, 2025, the said director of RCOM vide his email requested copies of all information and correspondence relied upon by the RP in connection with the email communication dated February 6, 2025 sent by the RP. The same were provided by the RP via email communication dated March 03, 2025 along with a suitable reply to the said director of RCOM. The said director of RCOM vide his letter dated April1, 2025 has tendered his resignation.

Meanwhile, the RP has also made his determination on March 25, 2025 regarding the action of the said director of RCOMamounting to fraudulent trading under Section 66(1) of the Code. Thereafter, the RP has filed an application under Section 66(1) of the Code on March 26, 2025 before the Hon'ble NCLT seeking appropriate relief against the said directorof RCOM. The said application was listed on June 25, 2025 and notice was issued to the respondent, and the matter was listed before the Hon'ble NCLT on July 29, 2025. On July 29, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLT granted 3 weeks' time to the Respondent to file a reply and the matter was next listed on August 21, 2025. On August 21, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLT gave last opportunity to the Respondent to file a reply and listed the matter on September 22, 2025. On September 22, 2025, the matter was adjourned to October 15, 2025 and the same was subsequently posted to November 11, 2025. On November 11, 2025, the counsel for the respondent sought some time to review the rejoinder filed by RCOM, and accordingly the matter was adjourned to November 25, 2025. On November 25, 2025, the Hon'ble NCLT took note that the pleadings are complete in the matter and further adjourned the matter to December 16, 2025 for arguments. On December 16, 2025, parties made detailed submissions before the Hon'ble NCLT and the matter was adjourned to January 05, 2026 for written submissions

On January 05, 2026, the Hon'ble NCLT took on record the written submissions and the matter was reserved for orders. By way of order dated March 10, 2026, the Hon'ble NCLT dismissed the application observing that the alleged transaction cannot be impugned in terms of section 66 of the Code, and no order can be passed by this tribunal in view of its limitation to deal with misconduct of suspended board members, if any, in the affairs of subsidiary company of a Corporate Debtor after commencement of CIRP. Aggrieved by the order, the RP has filed an appeal before the Hon'ble NCLAT, which was first listed on May 15, 2026, wherein the Bench was pleased to condone the delay in the filing of the appeal. Last hearing was on May 25, 2026 and the next date of hearing is on May 29, 2026. Meanwhile, on January 21, 2026, the director of Bonn, Mr. Lalit Mathur has resigned from his position of directorship from all US subsidiaries of RCOM including Bonn. The RP of the Corporate Debtor is in the process of identifying individual(s) who may be appointed as his replacement. Unaudited financial statements of Bonn have been prepared on a going concern basis and considered for the purpose of consolidated financial statements. Tax return for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 has been filed and tax liability of Bonn of USD 546,196 has been paid during the previous year inclusive of interest and penalties till the date of payment.

**Note : 2.69**

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Directorate of Enforcement (ED) and the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) conducted searches at the premises of Reliance Communications Limited (RCOM). Thereafter, the ED has also issued summons to the RP and certain KMP's of RCOM for tendering their statements before the ED as well as sought the production of the documents / information requested by the ED.

Further, the Company has received Provisional Attachment Order No. 36 of 2025 dated November 3, 2025, and Order No. 32 of 2025 dated October 31, 2025, from the Directorate of Enforcement (ED), pertaining to provisional attachment of certain assets of Reliance Realty Limited (RRL) and Campion Properties Limited (CPL), respectively, in terms of the provisions of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA). In compliance with its regulatory obligations, the Company has informed the stock exchanges about the provisional attachment of the assets in these subsidiaries of RCOM by the ED and that such provisional attachment may adversely affect the value of the group's assets during the subsistence of these orders. Separately, the Company also received Provisional Attachment Order No. 40 of 2025 dated November 19, 2025 pertaining to assets of RCOM and RRL, and the same has also been informed to the stock exchanges in compliance with the regulatory obligations.

RRL and CPL filed writ petitions against the attachment of the above properties before the Hon'ble Delhi High Court. On the first hearing on January 23, 2026, the Hon'ble Court enquired whether the petitions would be maintainable in New Delhi and why they should not be heard before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court. Upon hearing CPL and RRL on the point of maintainability of the

writ petitions in New Delhi during the hearing on January 29, 2026, the Hon'ble Court was satisfied that it possessed the territorial jurisdiction to hear the matters. However, the ED objected to the maintainability of the writ petitions, considering an alternative remedy available under PMLA. The parties were directed to file brief notes along with judgments to justify the lack of alternative and efficacious remedy and the matter was listed for February 02, 2026. CPL and RRL filed a common brief note along with a compilation of judgments in compliance with the said order.

During the hearing on February 02, 2026, CPL and RRL addressed the Hon'ble Court on the lack of an alternative and efficacious remedy under PMLA to challenge the provisional attachment orders.

Thereafter, during the hearing on February 09, 2026, ED submitted its instructions which stated *"Without prejudice to the rights and contentions of the Directorate of Enforcement and without in any manner conceding on any questions of law, since the properties are provisionally attached under section 5 of PMLA, the status quo with regard to the pre-existing leases as on the date of provisional attachment may continue till the Adjudicating Authority passes an order under section 8 of PMLA."* CPL and RRL objected to the same, stating that in addition to the subsisting leases, fresh leases on vacant properties should also be allowed. The matter was partially heard and listed on the next day, i.e., February 10, 2026. On the next date, detailed arguments were heard on the right to enjoyment of property during provisional attachment under Section 5 of PMLA and the right to renew leases and/or enter into fresh leases. While disposing of the writ petitions vide its order dated February 10, 2026, the Hon'ble High Court has observed that the provisional attachment would subsist for a maximum period of 180 days and would continue thereafter only if confirmed by the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA under Section 8. At the same time, it has also recorded the submissions of CPL and RRL that if they are not permitted to lease the properties in the interregnum, their very existence would be at peril. The Hon'ble Court, after considering the applicable provisions, passed the following order:

4. *The Court has examined the applicable legal provisions and finds that, without prejudice to the rights and contentions of the parties and without, in any manner, rendering any final findings on any question of law, since the properties are provisionally attached under Section 5 of the PMLA, status quo with regard to pre-existing leases as on the date of provisional attachment requires to be maintained. The same, however, will not deter the petitioners from renewing the subsisting leases. This arrangement, prima facie, does not contravene any of the applicable legal provisions. The arrangement, however, shall be subject to the following conditions:-*
    - i. *The petitioners will have to specifically incorporate a condition in the lease deed that the renewal is subject to the orders to be passed by the Courts/authorities.*
    - ii. *A copy of the lease deed will have to be necessarily furnished to the respondents within a period of two weeks from its execution.*
5. *This order deals with the pressing urgency which has been expressed during the course of hearing, however, leaves all issues to be adjudicated at an appropriate stage.*
6. *Under the peculiar circumstances, it would be appropriate to expedite the proceedings by the Adjudicating Authority under Section 8(2) of PMLA.*

Thereafter, proceedings for confirmation of the above provisional attachment orders continued before the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA, viz, Original Complaint (OC) Nos. 471, 475 and 507 of 2025 pertaining to Provisional Attachment Order Nos. 32, 36 and 40 of 2025 respectively. Replies were filed on behalf of RRL, CPL and RCOM. The ED filed its rejoinders to the replies by CPL, RRL and RCOM respectively, wherein it filed fresh documents that did not form part of the provisional attachment orders or the relied upon documents (RUDs) filed with the original complaints under Section 5(5) of PMLA. CPL, RRL and RCOM filed miscellaneous applications dated March 25, 2026 before the Adjudicating Authority objecting to the filing of fresh documents at this stage, and contending that the ED was attempting to improve its original case through subsequent filings.

Thereafter, written submissions were filed by CPL, RRL and RCOM in all the three proceedings on March 31, 2026. The matters were finally heard by the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA in a common hearing for OC Nos. 471, 475 and 507 of 2025 on April 07, 2026. Thereafter, vide final orders dated April 10, 2026, the Adjudicating Authority, PMLA confirmed all three provisional attachment orders under Section 8(3) of PMLA. The orders have also directed that the attachment shall remain in force during the investigation for a period not exceeding three hundred and sixty-five days or until the conclusion of the proceedings related to any offense under PMLA before the Special Court under PMLA. The attachments have been confirmed on the basis, inter alia, that the properties attached are direct proceeds of crime under Section 2(1)(u) of PMLA and are involved in money laundering. In compliance with its regulatory obligations, the Company has informed the stock exchanges about the confirmation of Provisional Attachment Order Nos. 32, 36 and 40 of 2025 by the Adjudicating Authority, and that the attachment of assets of the Company and its subsidiaries may have an adverse impact during the subsistence of these orders

The Company has also received Provisional Attachment Order No. 19 of 2026 dated March 11, 2026 from the ED, pertaining to provisional attachment of its assets in terms of the provisions of the PMLA. Thereafter, the Adjudicating Authority has issued a show cause notice dated April 17, 2026 to RCOM under Section 8(1) of PMLA, with directions to file its reply on or before June 07, 2026. The final hearing of the matter is scheduled on August 19, 2026.

Further, certain individuals has been arrested by the ED and CBI in connection with ongoing investigation relating to bank fraud and money laundering under provision of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

In terms of the order passed by the Supreme Court in WP (Civil) No 1217/2025 on February 04, 2026, it is noted that the Supreme Court has taken cognizance of and is seized of the matter pertaining to investigation by ED and CBI regarding allegations inter alia pertaining to the Company.

On February 26, 2026, CBI officials conducted a search at the Navi Mumbai office (B & H Block, DAKC). They took possession of original Board minutes of RCOM (15/05/2010 to 11/02/2017) and Reliance Telecom Ltd (14/05/2010 to 10/02/2017), alongside various financial, banking, and secretarial records.

On March 26, 2026, CBI officials searched the RTL office premises at B Block, DAKC, Navi Mumbai. They seized original signed Financials of RTL (FY 2012-13 to FY 2018-19), banking correspondence/credit facility documents (2012-2019 approx.), PCS due diligence reports, and one portable SSD containing RTL's books of accounts and related party transactions data. No material financial or operational impact expected.

On April 21, 2026, CBI officials conducted a seizure operation at the RCOM office premises (B-Block, Ground Floor, DAKC, Navi Mumbai) under Case No. RC0742026E0004. Officials took possession of certain original records and corporate documents relating to Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) and Commercial Papers (CPs) issued by the Company to the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) between 2009 and 2016.

On May 07, 2026, CBI officials conducted a seizure operation at the RCOM office premises (B-Block, Ground Floor, DAKC, Navi Mumbai) under Case No. RC0742025E0005-CBI/BSFB/Delhi. Officials took possession of original corporate governance records, specifically the Risk Management Committee minutes (01/04/2014 to 31/03/2017) and Audit Committee minutes (01/04/2012 to 31/03/2017).

On May 09, 2026, CBI officials executed a search at the residence of Smt. Grace Thomas (Non-Executive & Non-Independent Director, RCOM) under Case No. RC0742026E0003. Officials took possession of her personal details, a copy of the corporate Forensic Audit Report prepared by BDO India LLP (covering RCOM, RITL, and RTL), and one box file containing accounting records and IT computations of Reliance Telecom Ltd."

**Note : 2.70**

During the year ended March 31, 2026 , the Company and Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited (RCIL), wholly owned subsidiary company, received a Notice from Ministry of Corporate Affairs - Serious Fraud Investigation Office, Delhi (SFIO) to investigate into the affairs of the Company and RCIL to provide all the information, explanation, documents and assistance sought for the time period from FY 2008-09 to FY 2024-25 and FY 2008-09 to FY 2023-24 respectively in the specific format detailed in the said Notice. The information sought has been provided by the Company and RCIL for the said notice.

**Note : 2.71**

During the year ended March 31, 2026, the Government of India has consolidated 29 existing labour legislations into a unified framework comprising four Labour Codes, namely the Code on Wages, 2019; the Code on Social Security, 2020; the Industrial Relations Code, 2020; and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 (collectively referred to as the "Codes"). The Codes have become effective from November 21, 2025. However, the corresponding supporting rules under these Codes are yet to be notified. Based on the assessment carried out, the Company and certain subsidiaries have estimated the incremental liability of ₹ 3 crore, in respect of its own employees and considered in the consolidated financial statement.

**Note : 2.72**

During the earlier year, pursuant to a letter retrieved by the Corporate Debtor on August 17, 2023, as part of a routine compliance check, from the official website of Netherlands Chamber of Commerce KVK, it has come to its attention that Reliance Globalcom B.V, The Netherlands. (RGBV), a subsidiary of RCOM, has been de-registered from the Trade Register of the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce KVK, with effect from June 01, 2023. Accordingly, RGBV was deconsolidated for the purpose of and as per requirement of Ind AS 110 "Consolidated Financial Statement". Further, the overseas subsidiaries of RGBV continue to be consolidated in the consolidated financial Statements on a line by line basis.

**Note : 2.73**

During the earlier year, the Company received a notice from Axis Trustee Services Limited ("Axis Trustee" / "Security Trustee") on November 9, 2022 regarding invocation cum sale of pledged shares Globalcom IDC Limited ("GIDC"). Thereafter, the Company received a notice of invocation of pledge over such shares from Axis Trustee on December 14, 2022.

As a matter of background, it may be noted that Reliance Webstore Limited ("RWSL", "Parent Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of RCOM, holding 100% of equity shares in GIDC. Accordingly, GIDC was a wholly owned step-down subsidiary of RCOM. Vide facilities agreement dated August 29, 2016, RCOM and RITL had availed a loan facility of Rs. 565 Crore and Rs. 635 Crore respectively from State Bank of India ("Lender"). Vide share pledge agreement dated September 23, 2016, RWSL had pledged 100% of its shareholding in GIDC comprising 20,99,994 equity shares to Axis Trustee (in its capacity as a security trustee for the Lender) for above loan facility.

Owing to defaults in the repayment of the facilities availed by RCOM and RITL, Axis Trustee first proceeded to issue a notice for the invocation cum sale of pledged shares on November 9, 2022, and thereafter, invoked the pledge on December 12, 2022.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

On account of said invocation, the parent company does not have any control over the GIDC. Accordingly, during the earlier year, GIDC has been de-subsidiarisedw.e.f. December 12, 2022 and the impact of loss of control (without the value of shares invoked) over GIDC amounting to Rs. 106 crore was charged to the consolidated financial Statements as an exceptional item in the earlier year

The impact of loss of control given in the books of account is without the value of shares invoked by the lender. The management will give the effect of the value of invocation of shares with the corresponding decrease in the value of liability on the receipt of the said details from the lender. .

**Note : 2.74**

Subsequent to year ended March 31, 2026, as part of routine check compliance review conducted through a consultant, it has come to the Company's notice, based on information available on the official website (https://www.infocredit.com.cy) of the Department of Registrar of Companies, Cyprus, that the status of Reliance Telecom Infrastructure (Cyprus) Holdings Limited, a foreign step-down subsidiary of the Company, has changed from "Active" and is now reflected as "Dissolved". Accordingly, w.e.f from April 17, 2026, the Loss on deconsolidation will be recognized subsequently.

**Note : 2.75**

During the previous year, Reliance Telecom Limited (RTL), a wholly owned subsidiary company of RCOM, has availed an inter corporate deposit of ₹ 9.60 crore from RCOM at an interest rate of MCLR +2%. which was approved by the CoC of RCOM. During the year ended March 31, 2026, RTL has obtained an additional loan from RCOM of Rs. 3.89 crore for which approval was sought from COC, which has been approved /ratified by the CoC of RCOM and RTL in their respective meeting held on 27th May 2026.

**Note : 2.76**

**Authorisation of Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Directors/KMP's of the Group have approved the above consolidated financial statements at their meeting held on May 29, 2026 which was chaired by Mr. Anish Niranjan Nanavaty, Resolution Professional ('RP') of the Corporate Debtor and RP took the same on record basis recommendation from the Directors/KMP's.

With respect to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026, the RP has signed the same solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance by the Corporate Debtor with applicable laws, and subject to the following disclaimers:

(i) The RP has furnished and signed the report in good faith and accordingly, no suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the RP in terms of Section 233 of the Code;

(ii) No statement, fact, information (whether current or historical) or opinion contained herein should be construed as a representation or warranty, express or implied, of the RP including, his authorized representatives and advisors;

(iii) The RP, in review of the consolidated financial statements and while signing this consolidated financial statements, has relied upon the assistance provided by the Directors/KMP's of the Corporate Debtor, and certifications, representations and statements made by the Directors/KMP's of the Corporate Debtor, in relation to these consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of the Corporate Debtor for the year ended March 31, 2026 have been taken on record by the RP solely on the basis of and on relying the aforesaid certifications, representations and statements of the aforesaid Directors/ KMP's and the erstwhile management of the Corporate Debtor. For all such information and data, the RP has assumed that such information and data are in the conformity with the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws with respect to the preparation of the financial results and that they give true and fair view of the position of the Corporate Debtor as of the dates and period indicated therein. Accordingly, the RP is not making any representations regarding accuracy, veracity or completeness of the data or information in the consolidated financial statements.

(iv) In terms of the provisions of the Code, the RP is required to undertake a review of certain transactions. Such review has been completed and the RP has filed the necessary applications with the adjudicating authority, which are currently sub-judice.

**Note : 2.77**

**Additional Information of Subsidiaries / Associates as required under schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013**

| SL No | Name of the Company | Net Assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities | | Share in profit or loss | | Share in other comprehensive income | | Share in total comprehensive income | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | As % of consolidated net assets | Amount (₹ in crore) | As % of consolidated profit o loss | Amount (₹ in crore) | As % of consolidated other comprehensive income | Amount (₹ in crore) | As % of consolidated total comprehensive income | Amount (₹ in crore) |
| Parent Company | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Reliance Communications Limited | 76.92 | (78,892.00) | 87.08 | (9,687.88) | - | - | 87.47 | (9,687.88) |
| Indian Subsidiaries | | - | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Reliance WiMax Limited | (0.00) | 3.83 | 0.00 | (0.02) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.02) |
| 3 | Reliance Webstore Limited | 0.63 | (644.95) | 0.00 | (0.43) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.43) |
| 4 | Campion Properties Limited | 0.09 | (89.97) | 0.04 | (4.03) | - | - | 0.04 | (4.03) |
| 5 | Reliance Telecom Limited | 16.26 | (16,678.05) | 13.29 | (1,478.13) | - | - | 13.35 | (1,478.13) |
| 6 | Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited | 2.51 | (2,576.50) | (0.08) | 9.19 | - | - | (0.08) | 9.19 |
| 7 | Globalcom Mobile Commerce Limited | 0.00 | (0.25) | 0.00 | (0.01) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.01) |
| 8 | Reliance BPO Private Limited | 0.01 | (12.01) | 0.01 | (1.23) | - | - | 0.01 | (1.23) |
| 9 | Reliance Communications Tamilnadu Limited | 0.00 | (1.77) | 0.00 | (0.04) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.04) |
| 10 | Globalcom Realty Limited | (0.00) | 0.04 | 0.00 | (0.01) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.01) |
| 11 | Internet Exchangenext.com Ltd. | 0.00 | (0.04) | 0.00 | (0.02) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.02) |
| 12 | Worldtel Tamilnadu Private Limited | 0.10 | (101.37) | 0.00 | (0.01) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.01) |
| 13 | Towercom Infrastructure Private Limited | (0.00) | 0.05 | 0.00 | (0.04) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.04) |
| 14 | Reliance Realty Limited | 0.40 | (410.73) | (0.33) | 36.72 | - | - | (0.33) | 36.72 |
| 15 | Reliance Infra Projects Limited | 0.00 | (0.05) | 0.00 | (0.02) | - | - | 0.00 | (0.02) |
| Foreign Subsidiaries | | - | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Aircom Holdingco B.V | 0.00 | (0.13) | - | - | 0.03 | 0.02 | (0.00) | 0.02 |
| 17 | Reliance Communications (U.K.) Limited | (0.14) | 145.31 | (0.00) | 0.30 | (0.08) | (0.04) | (0.00) | 0.26 |
| 18 | Reliance Communications (Hong Kong) Limited | 0.02 | (17.70) | - | - | (3.79) | (1.89) | 0.02 | (1.89) |

| SL No | Name of the Company | Net Assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities | | Share in profit or loss | | Share in other comprehensive income | | Share in total comprehensive income | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | As % of consolidated net assets | Amount (₹ in crore) | As % of consolidated profit o loss | Amount (₹ in crore) | As % of consolidated other comprehensive income | Amount (₹ in crore) | As % of consolidated total comprehensive income | Amount (₹ in crore) |
| 19 | Reliance Communications (Singapore) Pte. Limited | (0.00) | 4.87 | - | - | 0.52 | 0.26 | (0.00) | 0.26 |
| 20 | Reliance FLAG Pacific Holdings Limited | 0.19 | (194.48) | - | - | (1.81) | (0.90) | 0.01 | (0.90) |
| 21 | Reliance Infocom Inc. | 0.02 | (18.35) | 0.00 | (0.10) | (2.42) | (1.21) | 0.01 | (1.31) |
| 22 | Reliance Communications Inc. | 1.35 | (1,380.24) | 0.03 | (3.79) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.03 | (3.79) |
| 23 | Reliance Communications International Inc. | (0.06) | 60.90 | 0.01 | (1.42) | (2.59) | (1.29) | 0.02 | (2.71) |
| 24 | Reliance Communications Canada Inc. | 0.00 | (0.56) | 0.00 | (0.01) | (0.52) | (0.26) | 0.00 | (0.27) |
| 25 | Bonn Investment Inc. | (0.01) | 5.39 | 0.00 | (0.42) | 5.51 | 2.74 | (0.02) | 2.32 |
| 26 | Reliance Telecom Infrastructure (Cyprus) Holdings Limited | 0.00 | (4.92) | - | - | (0.39) | (0.19) | 0.00 | (0.19) |
| | Total | 98.28 | (100,803.68) | | (11,131.37) | | (2.76) | 100.53 | (11,134.13) |
| | Indian | - | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limited | 0.00 | (0.05) | | - | | | - | - |
| | Foreign | - | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Warf Telecom International Private Limited | (0.04) | 36.27 | (0.03) | 3.28 | - | - | (0.03) | 3.28 |
| | Consolidated Net Assets / Profit after tax | | (102,564.87) | - | (11,125.26) | | 49.74 | | (11,075.52) |

^ Company was subsidiary for part of the year

As per our report of even date

For **Pathak H.D. & Associates LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No.: 107783W/W1 00593

**Jigar T. Shah**
Partner
Membership No.: 161851

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 29, 2026

For **Reliance Communications Limited**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

Company Secretary — **Rakesh Gupta**

**ANNEXURE I**

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Financial Results - Consolidated)

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026
[See Regulation 33 / 52 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

| I | Sr. No. | Particulars | Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications) (Rs in crore) | Audited Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications) (Rs in crore) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1 | Turnover / Total income | 346 | 346 |
| | 2 | Total Expenditure | 660 | 739 |
| | 3 | Exceptional Items | (179) | (179) |
| | 3 | Net Profit/(Loss) after exceptional items | (490) | (569) |
| | 4 | Net Profit/ (Loss) from Discontinued Operations after exceptional item | (10,630) | (14,586) |
| | 5 | Earnings Per Share | (40.54) | (69.88) |
| | 6 | Total Assets | 36,338 | 36,260 |
| | 7 | Total Liabilities | 1,38,909 | 1,86,657 |
| | 8 | Net worth | (1,02,571) | (1,50,398) |
| | 9 | Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management) | | |
| II | **Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):** | | | |
| | a. | Details of Audit Qualification: | (1) Non-Provision of Interest and Foreign Exchange variation (Refer Note No.2.55) &<br>(2) Bonn Matter (Refer Note No. 2.68) | |
| | b. | Type of Audit Qualification: Qualified Opinion / Disclaimer of Opinion / Adverse Opinion | Qualified Opinion | |
| | c. | Frequency of qualification: Whether appeared first time / repetitive / since how long continuing | Ninth Time | |
| | d. | For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: | Impact is not ascertainable as the Company is under IBC and CIR process initiated | |
| | e. | For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor: | (i) Impairment review of tangible and intangible assets, assets held for sale, investments, balance lying in Goods and Service Tax, liabilities and Impairment of goodwill on Consolidation (Refer Note No.2.39), Lease (Refer Note No.2.43),<br>(ii) Qualification on Going Concern in some of Subsidiaries (Refer Note No.2.39)<br>(iii) Qualification on willful defaulter & Fraud (Refer Note No. 2.65 & 2.68)<br>(iv) Search operation conducted by ED & CBI (Refer Note 2.69) | |
| | (i) | Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: | Impact is not ascertainable as the Company is under IBC and CIR process initiated | |
| | (ii) | If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: | Impact is not ascertainable as the Company is under IBC and CIR process initiated | |
| | (iii) | Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: | Refer 'Basis for Qualified Opinion' in audit report read with relevant notes in the Consolidated financial results, the same is self explanatory | |

**III Signatories:**

Resolution Professional — **Anish Niranjan Nanavaty**

Chief Financial Officer — **Srinivasan Gopalan**

- Statutory Auditor — **For Pathak H. D. & Associates LLP**
  Chartered Accountants
  Firm Registration No. 107783W/W100593

  **Jigar T. Shah**
  Partner
  Membership No. 161851
  UDIN: 26161851LYJHFQ4092

Place Mumbai
Date May 29, 2026

**Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies /joint ventures**

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub section (3) of Section 129 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

**Part "A" : Subsidiaries**

(Rs. In lakh unless otherwise stated)

| Sl. No. | Particulars | Date from which they became subsidiary companies | Share Capital | Reserves and Surplus | Total Assets | Total Liabilities | Investment | Turnover* | Profit / (Loss) before Taxation* | Provision for Taxation* | Profit / (Loss) after Taxation* | Proposed Dividend | % of Shareholding |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Reliance WiMax Limited | 1st January 2006 | 68.71 | 314.71 | 511.10 | 127.69 | - | - | (1.78) | - | (1.78) | - | 100.00 |
| 2 | Reliance Webstore Limited | 1st January 2006 | 5.00 | (64,500.46) | 20,353.49 | 84,848.95 | - | 0.14 | (42.67) | - | (42.67) | - | 100.00 |
| 3 | Campion Properties Limited | 1st January 2006 | 356.36 | (9,353.44) | 7,618.13 | 16,615.21 | - | 69.00 | (402.92) | - | (402.92) | - | 100.00 |
| 4 | Reliance Telecom Limited | 1st January 2006 | 8,500.00 | (1,676,305.00) | 380,195.00 | 2,048,000.00 | - | 64.00 | (147,813.00) | - | (147,813.00) | - | 100.00 |
| 5 | Reliance Communication Infrastructure Limited | 1st January 2006 | 93,800.00 | (351,449.69) | 367,044.27 | 624,693.96 | - | 1,421.99 | 918.94 | - | 918.94 | - | 100.00 |
| 6 | Globalcom Mobile Commerce Limited | 6th December, 2010 | 200.00 | (225.49) | 6.53 | 32.02 | - | - | (1.14) | - | (1.14) | - | 100.00 |
| 7 | Reliance BPO Private Limited | 30th April, 2012 | 1.00 | (1,202.48) | 39.79 | 1,241.27 | - | - | (122.67) | - | (122.67) | - | 100.00 |
| 8 | Reliance Communications Tamilnadu Limited | 15th November, 2013 | 5.00 | (182.06) | 26,005.44 | 26,182.50 | - | - | (4.09) | - | (4.09) | - | 100.00 |
| 9 | Globalcom Realty Limited (Formerly Reliance Infra Realty Limited) | 11th November 2014 | 5.00 | (1.14) | 4.77 | 0.91 | - | - | (1.14) | - | (1.14) | - | 100.00 |
| 10 | Internet Exchangenext.com Ltd. | 10th November 2015 | 15.07 | (18.67) | 66.27 | 69.87 | - | - | (1.64) | - | (1.64) | - | 100.00 |
| 11 | Worldtel Tamilnadu Private Limited | 10th November 2015 | 1.00 | (10,137.61) | 7.11 | 10,143.72 | - | - | (1.34) | - | (1.34) | - | 100.00 |
| 12 | Towercom Infrastructure Private Limited | 17th November, 2016 | 1.00 | 4.07 | 18.73 | 13.66 | | 0.98 | (4.08) | - | (4.08) | - | 99.52 |
| 13 | Reliance Realty Limited | 10th December, 2019 | 500.00 | (41,572.79) | 223,434.33 | 264,507.12 | | 12,954.93 | 4,144.90 | 473.19 | 3,671.71 | - | 100.00 |
| 14 | Reliance Infra Projects Limited | 10th December, 2019 | 5.00 | (10.19) | 4.67 | 9.86 | | - | (1.64) | - | (1.64) | - | 100.00 |
| 15 | Aircom Holdingco B.V | 18th July 2016 | 1.09 | (14.58) | 3.65 | 17.14 | | - | - | - | - | | 100.00 |
| | Units of currency - Euro | | 1,000 | (13,375) | 3,351 | 15,726 | | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16 | Reliance Communications (U.K.) Limited | 1st January 2006 | 19.44 | (190.31) | 6.62 | 177.49 | - | 48.58 | 29.62 | - | 29.62 | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - GBP | | 15,488 | (151,629) | 5,276 | 141,417 | - | 41,018 | 25,005 | - | 25,005 | - | |
| 17 | Reliance Communications (Hong Kong) Limited | 1st January 2006 | 0.00 | (1,770.28) | 4,691.19 | 6,461.46 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 1 | (2,003,552) | 5,309,360 | 7,312,911 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 18 | Reliance Communications (Singapore) Pte. Limited | 22th August 2006 | 64.01 | 422.72 | 629.23 | 142.50 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 72,450 | 478,419 | 712,143 | 161,274 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

(Rs. In lakh unless otherwise stated)

| Sl. No. | Particulars | Date from which they became subsidiary companies | Share Capital | Reserves and Surplus | Total Assets | Total Liabilities | Investment | Turnover* | Profit / (Loss) before Taxation* | Provision for Taxation* | Profit / (Loss) after Taxation* | Proposed Dividend | % of Shareholding |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 19 | Reliance FLAG Pacific Holdings Limited | 1st January,2006 | 10.60 | (19,458.80) | 598.91 | 20,047.11 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 12,000 | (22,022,945) | 677,832 | 22,688,777 | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 20 | Reliance Infocom Inc. | 1st January 2006 | 795.21 | (2,629.91) | 4,465.59 | 6,300.29 | - | - | (8.95) | 0.98 | (9.93) | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 900,000 | (2,976,463) | 5,054,034 | 7,130,497 | - | - | (10,125) | 1,108 | (11,233) | - | |
| 21 | Reliance Communications Inc. | 1st January 2006 | 4,417.85 | (142,441.77) | 63,359.15 | 201,383.07 | - | 356.65 | (376.59) | 2.03 | (378.63) | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 5,000,001 | (161,211,762) | 71,708,176 | 227,919,937 | - | 403,611 | (426,185) | 2,300 | (428,485) | - | |
| 22 | Reliance Communications International Inc. | 1st January 2006 | 8.84 | 6,080.83 | 13,450.69 | 7,361.03 | - | 134.01 | (138.15) | 3.47 | (141.61) | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 10,000 | 6,882,118 | 15,223,130 | 8,331,013 | - | 151,658 | (156,338) | 3,922 | (160,260) | - | |
| 23 | Reliance Communications Canada Inc. | 1st January 2006 | 8.84 | (64.48) | 287.74 | 343.39 | - | 2.63 | (0.60) | 0.05 | (0.65) | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 10,000 | (72,978) | 325,658 | 388,636 | - | 2,979 | (675) | 58 | (733) | - | |
| 24 | Bonn Investment Inc. | 1st January 2006 | 8.84 | 530.63 | 7,304.27 | 6,764.81 | - | - | (41.40) | 0.78 | (42.17) | - | 100.00 |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 10,000 | 600,550 | 8,266,781 | 7,656,230 | - | - | (46,849) | 880 | (47,729) | - | |
| 25 | Reliance Telecom Infrastructure (Cyprus) Holdings Limited | 15th June,2007 | 1.98 | (493.74) | - | 491.76 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Unit of Currency - USD | | 2,246 | (558,807) | - | 556,561 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

**Notes**

1 The Financial Year of the Subsidiaries is for 12 months from April 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026

2 Investment exclude investment in Subsidiaries

3 Exchange rate as of March 31, 2026 1 USD = ₹ 88.357 1 GBP = ₹ 125.510 1 EUR = ₹108.995 1 AUD = ₹ 65.023 1 NZD = ₹ 54.250 1 Ushs = ₹ 0.0269 (* converted at average rate)

Name of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations

1 Gobalcom Mobile Commerce Limited

2 Globalcom Realty Limited

3 Reliance Infra Projects Limited

**Part "B" : Associates**

(₹ in lakh otherwise stated )

| Sr.No. | Name of Associates | Date from which they became associate | Latest audited Balance Sheet Date | Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end | | | Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet | Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to shareholders | | Description of how there is significant infuence | Reason why the associate is not consolidated |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | No. | Amount of Investment in Associates | Extend of Holding % | | Considered in Consolidation | Not Considered in Consolidation | | |
| 1 | Mumbai Metro Transport Private Limited | 18th January, 2010 | 31.03.2025 | 13000 | - | 26% | (633.74) | - | 0.02 | - | - |
| 2 | Warf Telecom International Private Limited | 1st January, 2006 | 31.12.2024 | 65025000 | 2,230.00 | 20% | 3,298.48 | 13.97 | - | - | - |

**Name of associates which are yet to commence operations - Nil**

**Name of associates which have been liquidated or sold during the year - Nil**

**Notes :**

A) There is significate influence due to percentage (%) of share Capital.

B) The Company does not have any Joint Venture during the year.